

Java Exam 1 Review

Total Questions: 22 Most Correct Answers: #2 Least Correct Answers: #21

1. Java files are compiled into which file type?

2/15



.java

0/15



.txt

1/15



.cls

12/15



2. Every Java class must have a main method.

0/15





13/15



3. Which of the following are true of Java?

10/15



Statements end in a semicolon.

10/15



Code blocks are defined by a pair of curly braces {}.

13/15



The assignment operator is one equals sign =.

0/15



The equals operator uses *three* equals signs ===

4. Variables must be declared with a type and a name as shown below:

int weight;

13/15



True

0/15



False

5. Which of the following are true?			
0/15	A System.out.print and System.out.println do the same thing		
2/15	B System.out.print inserts a new line.		
11/15	System.out.println inserts a new line.		
10/15	System.out.print keeps printing to the same line.		
1/15	E None of these statements are true.		
6. According to Chapter 2, things that an object "knows" about are called:			
0. 7.	cording to chapter 2, things that all object knows about are called.		
0/15 0/15			
0/15	(A) Methods		
0/15	(A) Methods		
0/15 0/15	A Methods B Class Definitions		
0/15 0/15 0/15	A Methods B Class Definitions C Objects		
0/15 0/15 0/15 12/15	A Methods B Class Definitions C Objects Instance variables		



- 12/15
- A

Methods

- 0/15
- В

Class definition

- 0/15
- C

Objects

- 0/15
- D

Instance variables

0/15



Doables

8. Assume the code snippet below is within a valid class and main method. Choose the answer that best describes the proper output.

int x = 6;
if (x <= 5) {
System.out.println("x is " + x);
} else {
System.out.println("x is big");
}</pre>

- 1/15
- A
 - 6 is big
- 8/15
- x is big
- 3/15
- C
- x is 6
- 0/15
- D

6 is 6

0/15

None of the above

9. Assume the code snippet below is within a valid class and main method. Choose the answer that best describes the proper output.

- 10. The proper way to compare two String values, myString1 and myString2, is:
- **0/15** (A) myString1 === myString2
- 1/15 (B) myString1 == myString2
- 9/15 c myString1.equals(myString2)
- **0/15** D myString1.is(myString2)
- 1/15 (E) None of the above
- 11. A program written in Java is run on a standardized hypothetical computer called an transformer.
- **1/15** (A) True
- 10/15 B False

SuperHero speedy = new SuperHero(); 2/15 SuperHero speedy 8/15 SuperHero() 1/15 new SuperHero() 0/15 None of the above 0/15 What are the two main types of variables in Java? 13. doubles and primitives 0/15 int and String 1/15 doubles and floats 0/15 primitives and complex variables 0/15 primitives and object references 10/15 A class lives in the garbage collection heap. True 3/15 False 8/15 Which of the following is the assignment operator in Java? 15. 0/15 0/15 0/15 11/15 None of the above 0/15 16. Given the following instance variable, which is the correct method to access the variable? private int age;

12. In this code snippet, what part is the object reference?

```
0/15
              public String getAge() {
              private String getAge() {
0/15
              return age;
              public int getAge() {
11/15
              return age;
              public getAge() {
0/15
              return age;
              private int getAge() {
0/15
              return age;
              }
      Which of the following snippets is the proper way to call a method named bark
 that accepts 2 parameters, a String and an int? Assume that you have an object
 reference named doggie.
4/15
            doggie.bark(String barkSound, int numberOfBarks);
            doggie.bark(String "woof", int 5);
0/15
            doggie.bark(15, "woof");
0/15
            doggie.bark(String, int);
1/15
            doggie.bark("woof", 4);
6/15
 18.
       Which of the following are true?
            Instance variables are declared in methods
0/15
            Instance variables get a default value
8/15
            Local variables get a default value
3/15
```

Local variables must be initialized before use

9/15

19. Which of the following is the proper way to determine the size of a dogs array that has been define like this: Dog[] dogs = new Dog[7];			
0/15	A	dogs.setSize.length()	
1/15	B	dogs.size	
0/15	C	dogs.getCount()	
10/15	D	dogs.length	
20.	Which	of the following is the proper way to create an array of 3 Book objects?	
10/15	A	Book[] books = new Book[3]; books[0] = new Book(); books[1] = new Book(); books[2] = new Book();	
0/15	В	Book[] books = new Book(3); books(0) = new Book(); books(1) = new Book(); books(2) = new Book();	
0/15	С	Book[] books = new Book[3]; books[1]= new Book(); books[2] = new Book(); books[3] = new Book();	
1/15	D	BookArray books = new BookArray{new Book, new Book, new Book};	
21.	Which	of the following are true about encapsulation?	
0/15	A	Setters and setters are marked private.	
9/15	ВЕ	ncapsulation is also known as data hiding.	
7/15	C	Setters and setters provide access to instance variables.	
0/15	D (Only occurs in procedural programming languages.	
9/15	E II	nstance variables are marked private.	

22. Which of the following will produce a result of 3.5?