



IIT ROORKEE



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CERTIFICATION COURSE

Charging Infrastructure

Lecture-19

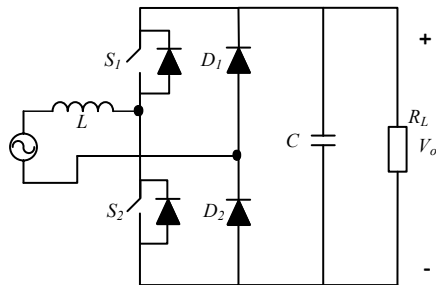
Totem pole PFC Converter-II

Dr. Apurv Kumar Yadav

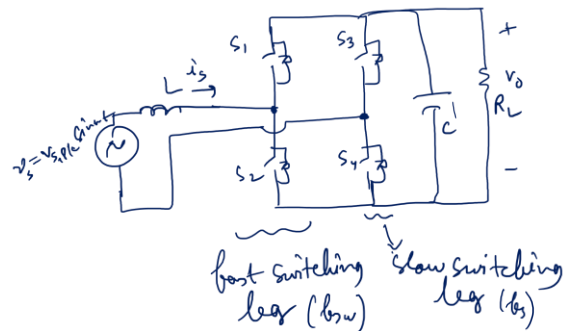
Department of Electrical Engineering



Recap



\Rightarrow



$$I_{S1,rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T} \left[\int_0^{T/2} (1-d(\theta)) i_s^2(\theta) \cdot d\theta + \int_{T/2}^T (d(\theta)) i_s^2(\theta) \cdot d\theta \right]}$$

$$I_{S2,rms} = \sqrt{\gamma_c \left[\int_0^{T/2} (d(\theta)) i_s^2(\theta) \cdot d\theta + \int_{T/2}^T ((1-d(\theta)) i_s^2(\theta)) \cdot d\theta \right]}$$

$$i_s(\theta) = I_{s,pk} \sin \omega t$$

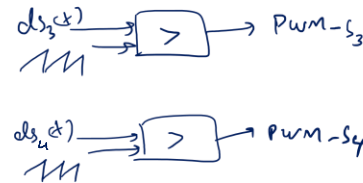
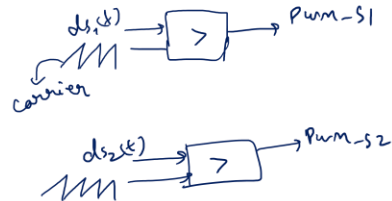
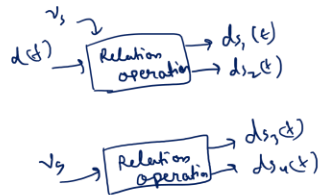
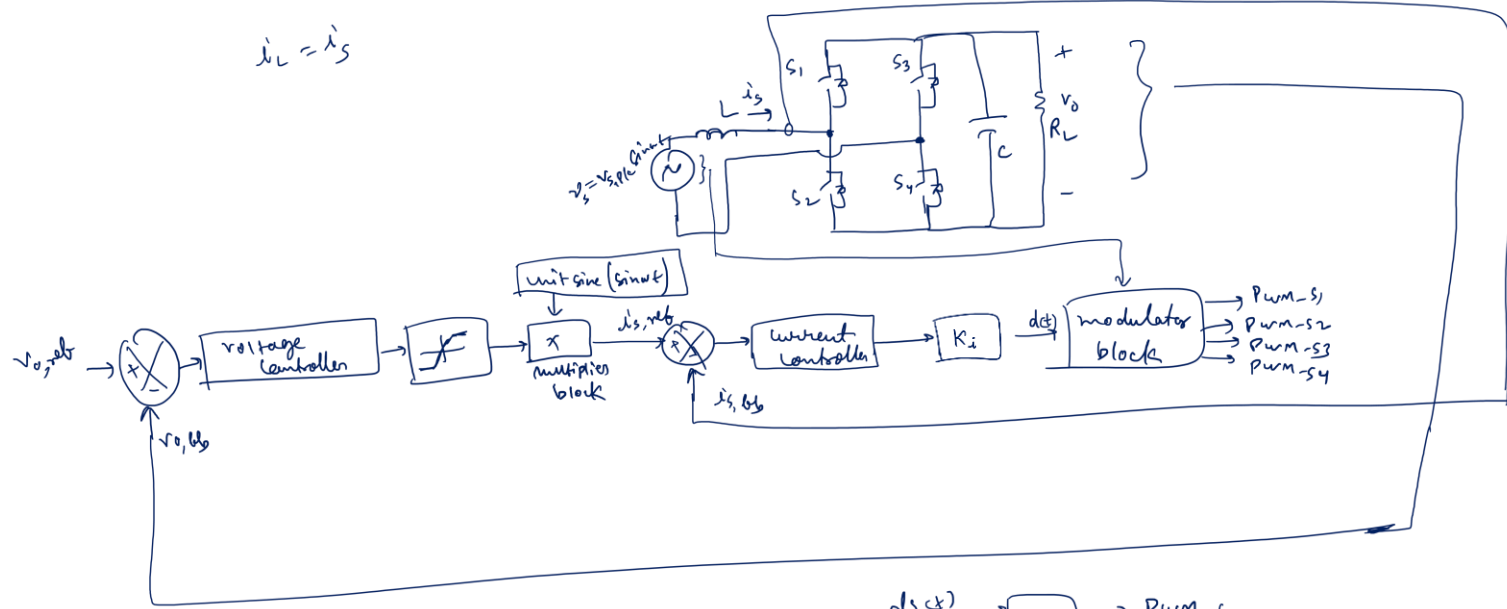
$$d(\theta) = 1 - \frac{|V_{s,pk} \sin \omega t|}{V_o}$$

$$\omega T = 2\pi$$

$$L = \frac{V_o}{4 \Delta i_{L,max} f_{sw}} ; \quad C = \frac{P_L}{2\pi f_s \Delta V_o \cdot V_o} \rightarrow \text{Same as that of Boost PFC Converter}$$



$$i_L = i_s$$

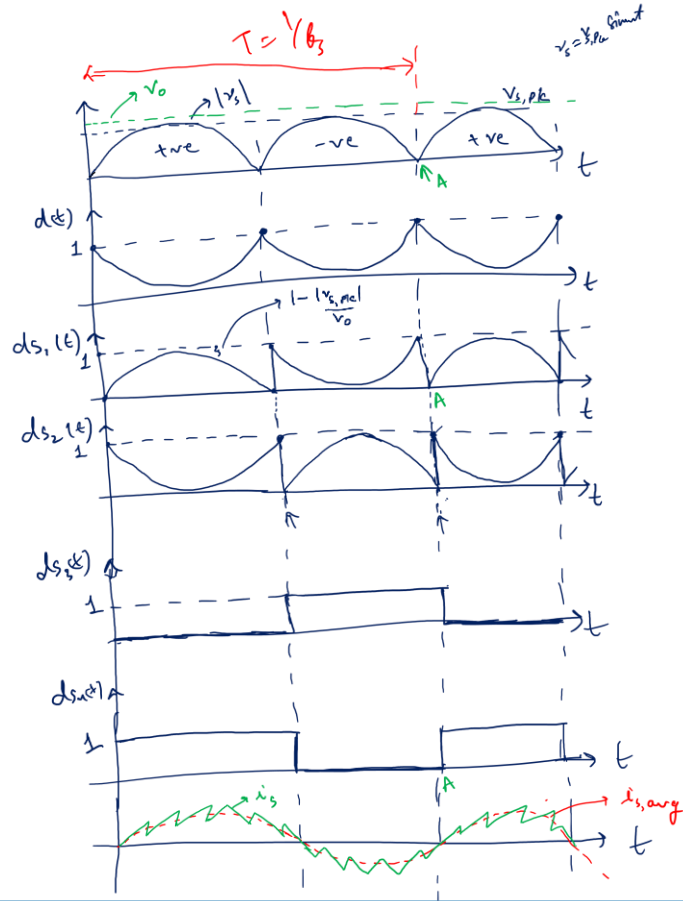


$$d_{s1}(t) = 1 - d(t), v_s > 0 \\ = d(t), v_s < 0$$

$$d_{s2}(t) = 1 - d(t), v_s > 0 \\ = d(t), v_s < 0$$

$$d_{s3}(t) = 0, v_s > 0 \\ = 1, v_s < 0$$

$$d_{s4}(t) = 1, v_s > 0 \\ = 0, v_s < 0$$



Scenario-1 (point A) ($v_s \rightarrow -ve$ to $+ve$)

$d_{s2} \rightarrow 0$ to $1 \rightarrow S_2$ is ON

$d_{s1} \rightarrow 1$ to $0 \rightarrow S_1$ is OFF

If there is a delay in turning ON S_2 switch

$v_L = V_0$ (appearing across S_4 switch)

\hookrightarrow there is a +ve spike in inductor current

Scenario-2 (point A) & ($v_s \rightarrow -ve$ to $+ve$)

if S_4 is ON \Rightarrow if S_2 is ON (for longer time duration)

$v_L \approx 0$ (small quantity) \rightarrow very small +ve positive slope

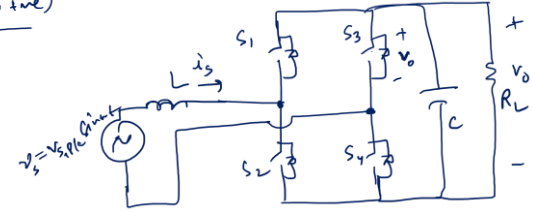
S_1 is ON for smaller duration

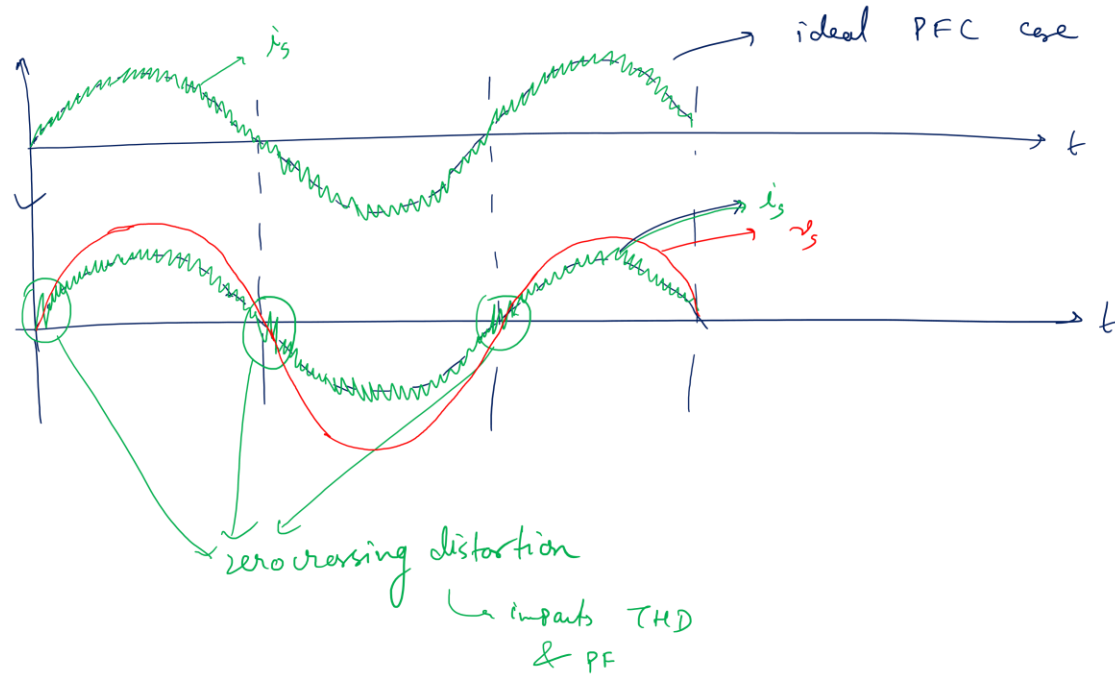
$$v_L = v_s - V_0$$

$$v_s \rightarrow 0$$

$\Rightarrow v_L \rightarrow$ very large -ve quantity

\Rightarrow there is -ve spike in inductor current





Thank You

