## UNIT 13 ELK STACK DEPLOYMENT - LINUX COMMANDS TO CREATE THE DEPLOYMENT

12.1			INTRO TO CLOUD COMPUTING	
12.1	3	LINUX	Generate an SSH public/private key pair using terminal on the local host machine.  Set the SSH password for the JumpBox and Web VMs in Azure using the SSH public key.	<pre>myterminal:~\$ ssh-keygen myterminal:~\$ cat .ssh/id_rsa.pub myterminal:~\$ cp .ssh/id_rsa.pub</pre>
12.2			CLOUD SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT	
12.2	2	LINUX	Connect from local host machine to the JumpBox VM using SSH on port 22.  Once connected to the JumpBox VM, check sudo permissions.	<pre>myterminal:~\$ ssh azadmin@52.187.237.72  azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ sudo -1</pre>
12.2	3	LINUX	Install Docker onto the Jumpbox VM.	<pre>azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ sudo apt update azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ sudo apt install docker.io</pre>
12.2	3	LINUX	Once Docker is installed, pull the cyberxsecurity/ansi	<pre>azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ sudo docker pull cyberxsecurity/ansible.</pre>

			ble container onto the Jumpbox VM.	
12.2	3	LINUX	Launch the Ansible container in a bash shell and connect to it.	<pre>azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker run -ti cyberxsecurity/ansible:latest bash</pre>
12.2	3	LINUX	One it has been successfully launched, exit the container.	root@79af822c5787:~# exit
12.2	3	AZURE	Create a new Network Security Group Rule for the RedTeam which allows the JumpBox full access to the Vnet	
12.2	4	LINUX	Find the previously installed cyberxsecurity/ansi ble container and connect with it.  Note – the image for the cyberxsecurity/ansi ble container is cool_saha	<pre>azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ sudo docker container list -a azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker run -it cyberxsecurity/ansible /bin/bash</pre>
12.2	4	LINUX	Generate a new SSH public/private key pair from inside the Ansible container and reset the VM passwords with the new public key.	<pre>root@79af822c5787:~# ssh-keygen root@79af822c5787:~# cat .ssh/id_rsa.pub root@79af822c5787:~# cp .ssh/id_rsa.pub</pre>

12.2	4	LINUX	Test connection from the Ansible container to the Web-VMs using ping.  Access the Web-VMs from the Ansible container using SSH.	<pre>Web-1:     root@79af822c5787:~# ping 10.1.0.5     root@79af822c5787:~# ssh azadmin@10.1.0.5  Web-2:     root@79af822c5787:~# ping 10.1.0.6     root@79af822c5787:~# ssh azadmin@10.1.0.6</pre>
12.2	4	LINUX	Locate the Ansible hosts file	root@79af822c5787:~# ls /etc/ansible/ hosts
12.2	4	LINUX	Update the Ansible hosts file to include IPs for the Web-VMs.  Note – the python line needs to be included with each IP: ansible_python_inte rpreter=/usr/bin/py thon3	root@79af822c5787:~# nano /etc/ansible/hosts  Uncomment the [webservers] header line  Add the Web-VM IPs:  10.1.0.5 ansible_python_interpreter=/usr/bin/python3  10.1.0.6 ansible_python_interpreter=/usr/bin/python3  Save changes and exit the nano file:  ^C > Y > enter
12.2	4	LINUX	Locate the Ansible config file	root@79af822c5787:~# ls /etc/ansible/ ansible.config
12.2	4	LINUX	Update the remote_user in the Ansible config file to include azadmin, the	<pre>root@79af822c5787:~# nano /etc/ansible/ansible.cfg  Uncomment the remote_user line and replace root with azadmin: remote_user = azadmin</pre>

			admin username for the JumpBox and Web VMs.	Save changes and exit the nano file:  ^C > Y > enter
12.2	4	LINUX	Check updates to the hosts and config files by testing connections to the VMs from the Ansible container.	root@79af822c5787:~# ansible all -m ping
12.3			LOAD BALANCING & REDUNDANCY	
12.3	1	LINUX	Connect to the Jump Box VM using terminal on the host machine .	myterminal:~\$ ssh azadmin@52.187.237.72
12.3	1	LINUX	Once in the JumpBox VM, in the previously installed Ansible container find the image. Start it and then connect with it.	<pre>azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker container list -a azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker start cool_saha azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker attach cool_saha</pre>
12.3	1	YAML FILE	Create an Ansible playbook named pentest.yml to install Docker and configure the Web-VMs with the DVWA web app.  - Use apt module to install docker.io and python3 Update the cache	root@79af822c5787:~# nano /etc/ansible/pentest.yml  INSERT LINK TO ANSIBLE PLAYBOOK pentest.yml - 12.3  ACTIVITY 1

			- Use the Ansible pip module to install docker - Install the cyberxsecurity/dv wa container. Use port 80 on the container to port 80 on the host Set the restart policy so that the container always restarts with the VM Use the systemd module to restart the docker service when the machine reboots.  NB. To check syntax of YAML files, use YAMLlint: www.yamllint.com	
12.3	1	LINUX	Run the Ansible pentest.yml playbook.	root@79af822c5787:~# ansible-playbook /etc/ansible/pentest.yml
12.3	1	LINUX	Test that DVWA is running on the new VMs.  Use SSH to connect with each of the Web VMs from the Ansible container.	root@79af822c5787:~# ssh <u>azadmin@10.1.0.5</u> Then run:  azadmin@Web-1:~\$ curl localhost/setup.php  To yield the following HTML result:

			Run curl localhost/setup.php to test the connection to the DVWA container is working.	Database Stup:  Database Stup:  Database Stup:  Step Check  Stup:  Stup:
12.3	4	AZURE	Set up an additional Web- VM (Web-3) in Azure.	
12.3	4	LINUX	In order to complete setup, connect to the JumpBox from terminal on the host machine and then start the existing Ansible container to access the public SSH key.	<pre>myterminal:~\$ ssh azadmin@52.187.237.72  azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker start cool_saha azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker attach cool_saha root@79af822c5787:~# cat .ssh/id_rsa.pub root@79af822c5787:~# cp .ssh/id_rsa.pub</pre>
12.3	4	LINUX	Once the new Web-VM with internal IP 10.1.0.7 is set up in Azure, test the connection using SSH.  Once the connection is established, exit the Web-VM.	root@79af822c5787:~# ssh azadmin@10.1.0.7  azadmin@Web-3:~\$ exit
12.3	4	LINUX	Update the Ansible hosts file to include the IP for the new Web-VM.  This needs to include the python line: ansible_python_inte	root@79af822c5787:~# nano /etc/ansible/hosts  Add the Web-VM IP underneath IPs for the existing Web-VMs:  10.1.0.7 ansible_python_interpreter=/usr/bin/python3  Save changes and exit the nano file:

			rpreter=/usr/bin/py thon3	^C > Y > enter
12.3	4	LINUX	Check update to the Ansible hosts file using ping.	root@79af822c5787:~# ansible all -m ping
12.3	4	LINUX	Run the Ansible playbook named pentest.yml to install Docker and configure the new Web-VM with the DVWA web app.	<pre>root@79af822c5787:~# ansible-playbook /etc/ansible/pentest.yml</pre>
12.3	4	LINUX	Test that DVWA is running on the new VM.  Use SSH to connect to the new Web VM from the Ansible container, then run the curl command to test the connection to the DVWA container.  Exit the Web-3 VM.	root@79af822c5787:~# ssh azadin@10.1.0.7  Then run:  azadmin@Web-3:~\$ curl localhost/setup.php  To yield the following HTML result:     Dalabase Stup   Dalaba
12.4			TESTING REDUNDANT SYSTEMS	
12.4	2	LINUX	Gather the hostname of each of the DVWA containers running on the Web-VMs.  Results:	For each Web-VM:  azadmin@Web-1:~\$ sudo docker container list-a  azadmin@Web-1:~\$ sudo docker start <container>  azadmin@Web-1:~\$ sudo docker attach <container></container></container>

<b>13.1</b> 13.1	1	AZURE	Web-1: 4874702d5ba7 Web-2: 0fb1ec00aad Web-3: e60a4oc8f9b7  ELK INSTALLATION  Set up a new ELK-STACK VM in Azure in the existing Resource Group using a new region and separate Vnet.	root@4874702d5ba7:~\$ hostname
13.1	1	LINUX	In order to complete setup, connect to the JumpBox from terminal on the host machine and then start the existing Ansible container to access the public SSH key.	<pre>myterminal:~\$ ssh azadmin@52.187.237.72 azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker start cool_saha azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker attach cool_saha root@79af822c5787:~# cat .ssh/id_rsa.pub root@79af822c5787:~# cp .ssh/id_rsa.pub</pre>
13.1	2	LINUX	Update the Ansible hosts file to include the new ELK-VM.  Create a separate group heading, [elk].  Add the IP for the new ELK-VM: 10.0.0.4.  Include the python line: ansible_python_inte rpreter=/usr/bin/py thon3	<pre>root@79af822c5787:~# nano /etc/ansible/hosts  Add the ELK-VM IP underneath a new ELK group heading: [elk] 10.0.0.4 ansible_python_interpreter=/usr/bin/python3  Save changes and exit the nano file: ^C &gt; Y &gt; enter</pre>

SIBLE PLAYBOOK install-elk.yml - 13.1

			service when the machine reboots.  NB. To check syntax of YAML files, use YAMLlint: www.yamllint.com	
13.1	4	LINUX	Run the Ansible install-elk.yml playbook.	root@79af822c5787:~# ansible-playbook /etc/ansible/install-elk.yml
13.1	5	LINUX	After the playbook has run, SSH to the ELK-VM and double check that the elk-docker container is running.	root@79af822c5787:~# ssh azadmin@10.0.0.4  Then run: sudo docker ps
			Take a screenshot of the result.	Take a screenshot of the result.  INSERT LINK
13.1	6	AZURE	Create a new incoming rule for the new Network Security Group which allows TCP traffic over port 5601 from the local host address.	
13.1	7	KIBANA HOME PAGE	Test the setup is working correctly by navigating to the Kibana home page using the ELK-VM public IP.	http://40.87.108.196:5601/app/kibana#/home
13.2			FILEBEAT INSTALLATION	
13.2	1	LINUX	Navigate into the ELK-VM and start the docker container to check that the ELK server container is up and running, then exit.	<pre>myterminal:~\$ ssh azadmin@52.187.237.72 azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker start cool_saha azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker attach cool_saha root@79af822c5787:~# ssh azadmin@10.0.0.4</pre>

				azadmin@ELK-VM:~\$ docker container list -a
				azadmin@ELK-VM:~\$ exit
13.2	2	LINUX	Create a Filebeat configuration file:  - Navigate into the Jump Box - Open the Ansible container - Copy the filebeat- config.yml configuration template using curl into the etc/ansible/ folder	<pre>azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker start cool_saha azadmin@JumpBox2:~\$ docker attach cool_saha root@79af822c5787:~# curl https://gist.githubusercontent.com/slape/5cc350109583af 6cbe577bbcc0710c93/raw/eca603b72586fbe148c11f9c87bf96a6 3cb25760/Filebeat &gt;&gt; /etc/ansible/filebeat-config.yml</pre>
13.2	3	LINUX	Open the filebeat- config.yml in nano and edit it as follows: - Update line 1106 and replace the IP with the private IP of the ELK machine - Update line 1806 and replace the IP with the private IP of the ELK machine - Save the update configuration file by making a copy to the /etc/ansible/files/folder	<pre>root@79af822c5787:~# nano /etc/ansible/filebeat- config.yml  #1106 output.elasticsearch: hosts: ["10.1.0.4:9200"] username: "elastic" password: "changeme"  #1186 setup.kibana: host: "10.1.0.4:5601"  root@79af822c5787:~# cp /etc/ansible/filebeat- config.yml /etc/ansible/files/filebeat-config.yml</pre>
13.2	3	LINUX	Create a Filebeat installation playbook:  Download the .deb file from artifacts.elastic.co.and then install it using the dpkg command.	root@79af822c5787:~# dpkg -i filebeat-7.4.0-amd64.deb

13.2	3	LINUX	Update the filebeat- playbook.yml and locate it in the etc/ansible/roles/ folder	INSERT LINK TO filebeat-playbook.yml
13.2	3	LINUX	Run the playbook  To check if successfully installed, return to the ELK Stack homepage and scroll to Step5: Module to 'Check Data'. It should be receiving logs.	root@79af822c5787:~# ansible-playbook filebeat-playbook.yml