

# Power Prediction and Energy Arbitrage Modeling for Wind Farms Using ML

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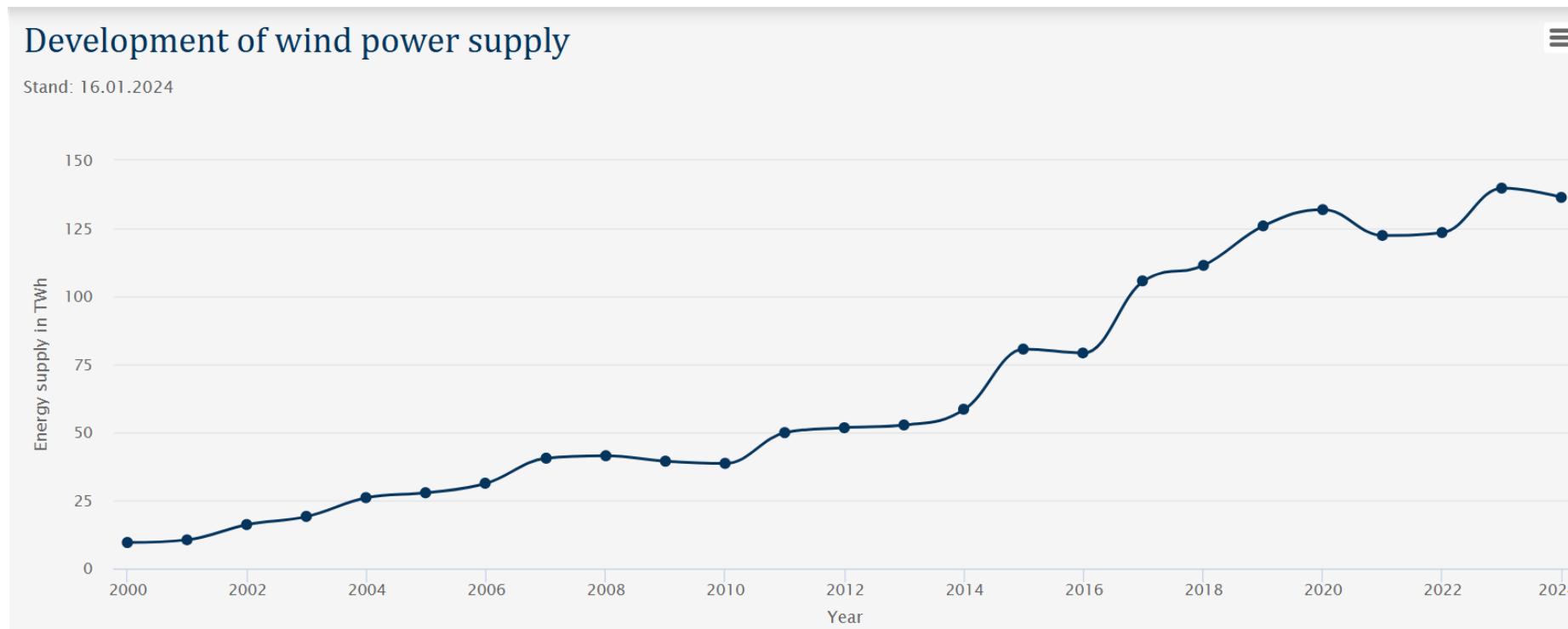
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# 1. Introduction

- **Wind Energy:** One of the fastest-growing (Germany)
- Wind power (variable) → wind speeds (change)
- Electricity markets (fluctuate) → Wind production (high)
- Modern energy systems increasingly use **data** and **machine learning**:
  - improve forecasting
  - operational decisions



## 2. Problem Statements

- Wind power output changes every hour → difficult to predict
- Electricity prices fluctuate strongly → revenue is uncertain

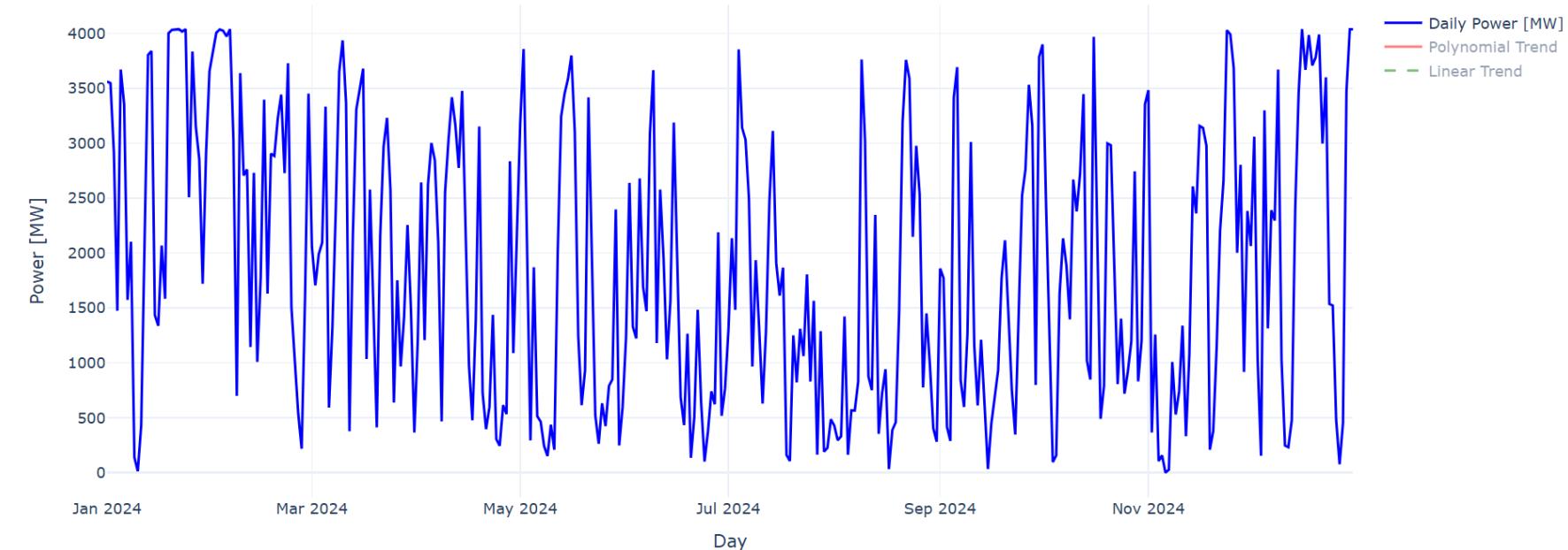


Fig 2.1: Day Vs Power generation (MW) ([Own](#)).

- Selling at the wrong time reduces profit for wind-farm operators
- Hard to know when storing energy will be more profitable than selling
- **A data-driven ML model** is needed to support STORE vs SELL decisions

# 3. Data and Preprocessing

## 1. Wind Data (ERA5):

- Reference:
- Used ERA5 reanalysis dataset for wind components (**u100, v100**)
- Calculated wind speed at **100m**
- Converted to a clean CSV file (**wind\_speed.csv**)

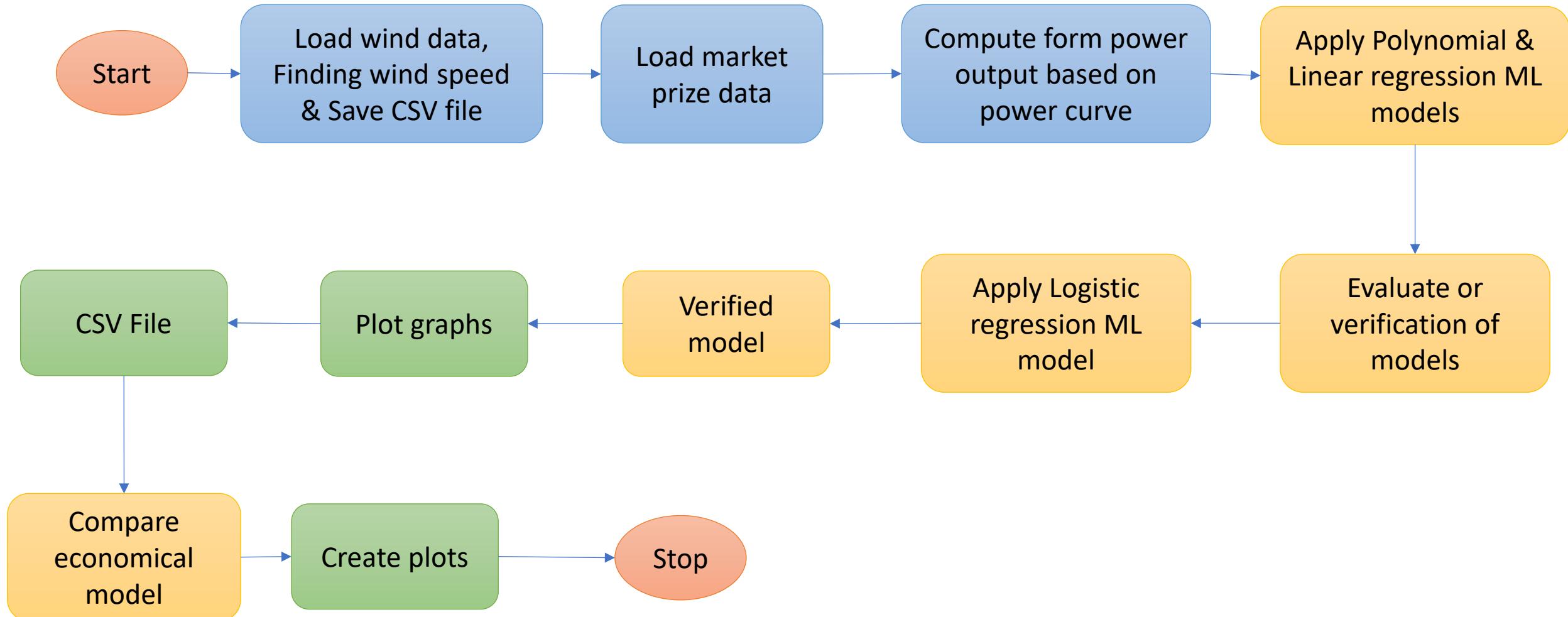
## 2. Electricity Price Data:

- Reference:
- Imported **sport market prices** (EUR/MW)
- Cleaned timestamps and extracted **hour** and **month**

## 3. Power Curve Processing:

- Location: **Reusenkoog, Germany**
- Scaled for **51 turbines** (total farm capacity) **(1)**
- Used **Vestas V112-3.3 MW** turbine power curve **(2)**
- Converted wind speed → power output

# 4. Flowchart



# 5. Machine Learning Models

## Why ML?

1

Fast growing and widely used field

2

ML helps automate STORE vs SELL decisions

3

Gives a more mathematical and accurate solution

4

Patterns are **non-linear** and difficult to capture manually

5

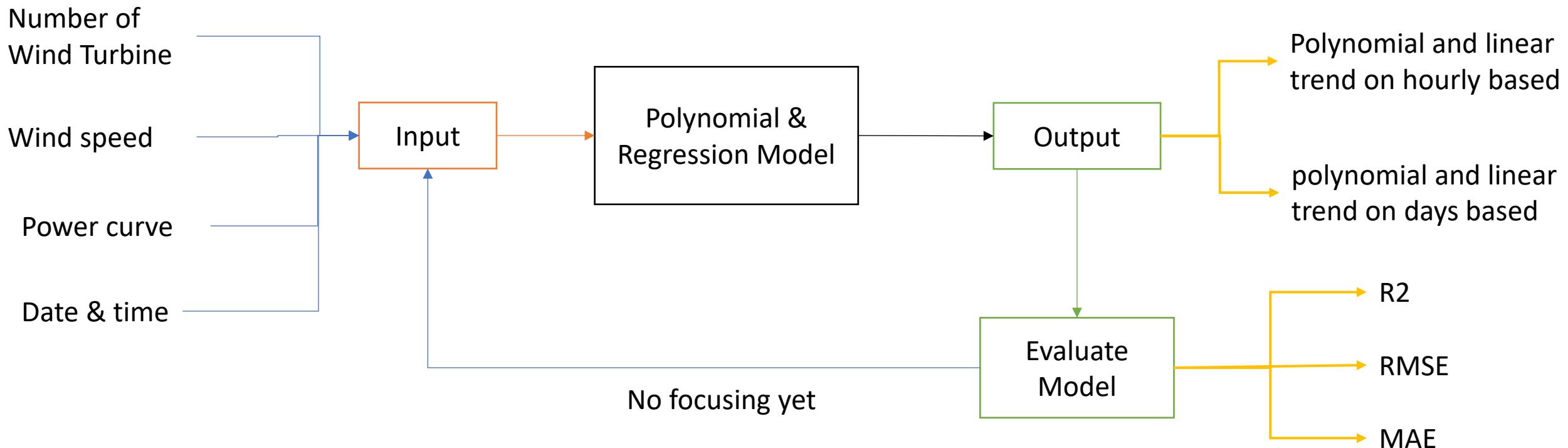
ML learns from historical data and improves decision accuracy



Reference: <https://www.vecteezy.com/free-photos/machine-learning>

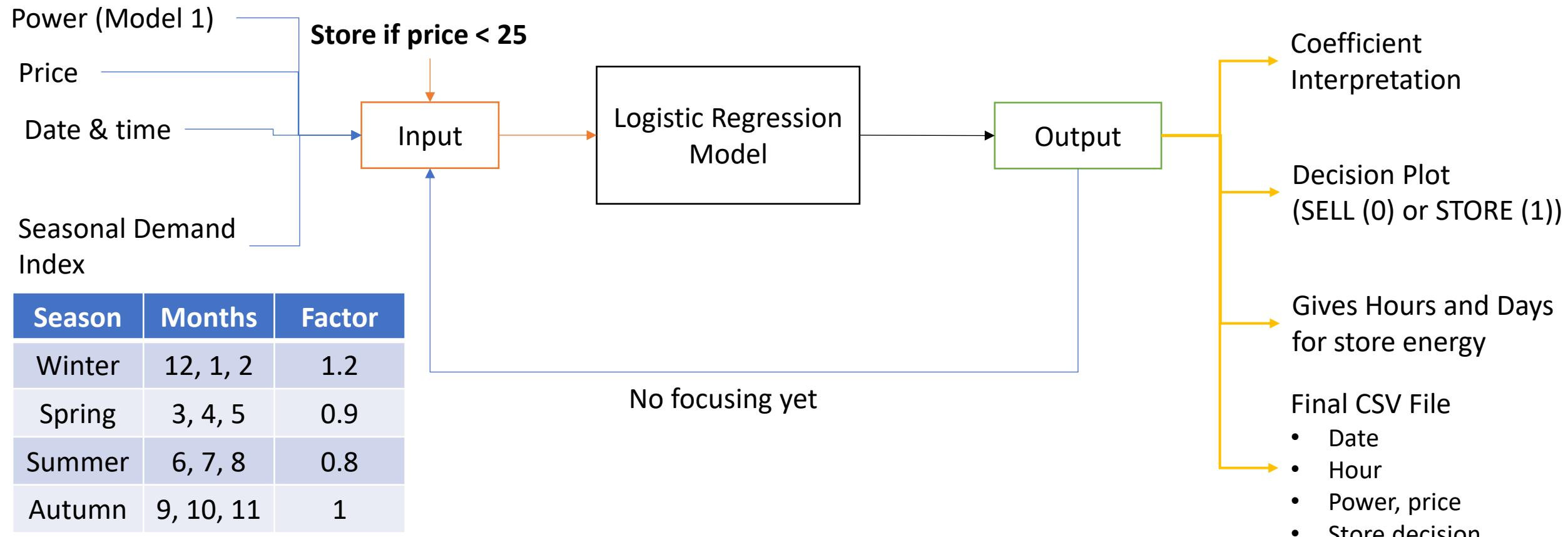
# 5. Machine Learning Models

## Block Diagram of Wind Farm Model:



# 5. Machine Learning Models

## Decision Arbitrage Model:



# 6. Hydrogen Storage Concept

# 7. Economic analysis

# 8. Results

# 9. Conclusion

# 10. Future Tasks

- Add more feature of wind (air density, wind direction, turbulence)
- Improve power curve for better outputs
- Try higher order polynomial regression
- Use some other ML models
- Improve data cleaning
- Possible to use more years of data
- Add more economic features (forecasted prices, market demand, so on)
- Optimize the decision threshold
- Use real seasonal power demands data



Reference: [Wind Farm Layout Design at NAYXA || We're Wind Energy Experts](#)

# References

1. <https://www.nsenergybusiness.com/projects/reusenkoge-wind-farm-expansion/?cf-view>
2. <https://en.wind-turbine-models.com/turbines/693-vestas-v112-3.3>