

IS4102 - Advanced Software Quality Assurance Final Assignment Report

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Nov 09, 2021

Bachelor of Science (Hons.) in Information Systems

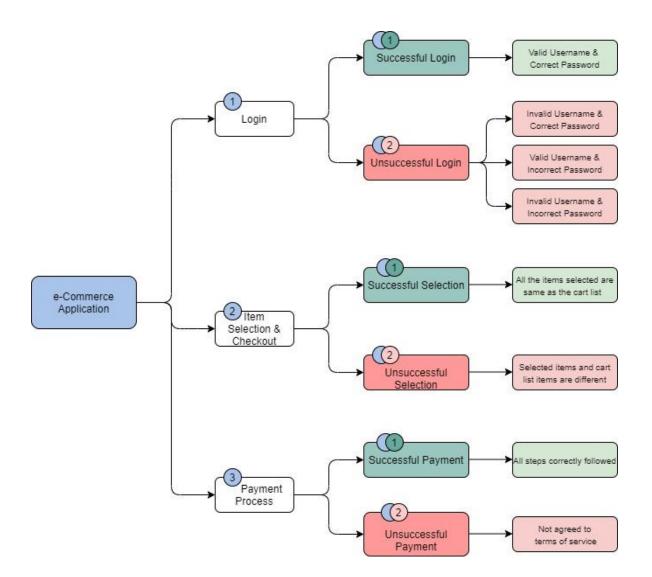
1.Introduction

This report is based on the implementation of a hybrid test framework using Selenium with regard to the final assignment of IS4102. For this assignment we have chosen the second question, which is the e-Commerce Application. Since the requirement mentioned in the question is to start with the login, registration of a user is not included. The GitHub link to the project and the youtube link to the video presenting the project are as below.

Github link -Youtube link -

2. Mind Map

According to the requirement of the assignment, this automation is based on three tasks as login, item selection & checkout and the payment process. The mind map below clearly depicts the successful and unsuccessful scenarios of these three tasks.



3. Test Cases

This section describes the test cases of each of the above mentioned scenarios.

3.1. Test Cae 1 - Login

| Test step ID | Test Case | Pre Condition | Test Steps | Test Data | Expected Result | Post Conditi on | Status |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--------------|---|--|--------|
| 1.1 | Enter Valid Username & Correct Password | Need an already registered email to login | 1.Enter username 2.Enter password 3.Click on 'Sign in' button | | Successful login | Navigate to 'My Account' Page | Pass |
| 1.2.1 | Enter Invalid Username & Correct Password | Need an already registered email to login | 1.Enter username 2.Enter password 3.Click on 'Sign in' button | | A message "There is 1 error Authentication failed." is shown | | Fail |
| 1.2.2 | Enter Valid Username & Incorrect Password | Need an already registered email to login | 1.Enter username 2.Enter password 3.Click on 'Sign in' button | | A message "There is 1 error Authentication failed." is shown | | Fail |
| 1.2.3 | Enter Invalid Username & Incorrect Password | Need an already registered email to login | 1.Enter username 2.Enter password 3.Click on 'Sign in' button | | A message "There is 1 error Authentication failed." is shown | | Fail |

3.2 Test Cae 2 - Item Selection & Checkout

| Test step ID | Test Step | Pre Condition | Test Steps | Test Data | Expected Result | Post Conditi on | Status |
|--------------------|--|----------------------|--|-----------|--|------------------------------------|--------|
| 2.1 | Click on 'Add to Cart' | Need to be logged in | 1.Select the item 2.Click on 'Add to Cart' | | Successful item selection | Can see the pop up window | Pass |
| 1.2.1 | Enter Invalid Username & Correct Password | Need to be logged in | 1.Enter username 2.Enter password 3.Click | | A message "Item not found" is shown | | Fail |

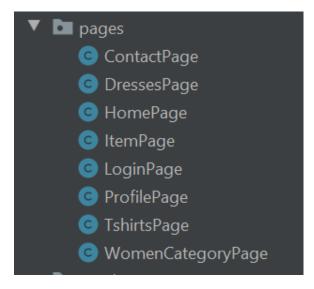
3.3. Test Cae 3 - Payment Process

| Test step ID | Test Step | Pre Condition | Test Steps | Test Data | Expected Result | Post Conditio n | Status |
|--------------------|--|----------------------|--|-----------|---|------------------------------------|--------|
| 3.1 | Click on 'Add to Cart' | Need to be logged in | 1.Select the item 2.Click on 'Add to Cart' | | Successful item selection | Can see the pop up window | Pass |
| 3.2 | Enter Invalid Username & Correct Password | Need to be logged in | 1.Enter username 2.Enter password 3.Click | | A message "Item not found" is shown | | Fail |

4. Page Object Model Architecture

This section takes you through the Page Object Model architecture of our project.

4.1 Page Layer



For each and every page of the application, a separate java class is created. These separate pages are used to define and store the test object description (Web objects/Web elements) using Page Factory. Actions/Methods for features of each page are defined in the respective file in the java class. The images below depict the page layer of the application, the Page Factory of the login page and some methods of the login Page.

```
//Page Factory - Object Repository
@FindBy(name="email")
WebElement email;
@FindBy(name="passwd")
WebElement password;
@FindBy(name="email_create")
WebElement registerEmail;
@FindBy(name= "SubmitLogin")
WebElement loginBtn;
@FindBy(xpath= "//input[@name='SubmitCreate']")
WebElement signUpBtn;
```

The page factory or the object repository contains the locators for different web elements such as buttons, input fields, etc. present on the page so that they can be easily used in the methods defined for that particular page. As it is shown in this image, the page factory uses @FindBy annotation which is more readable than the regular approach of initializing web page elements using FindElement or FindElements.

```
//Initializing the page objects using Driver
public ProfilePage(){
    PageFactory.initElements(driver, page: this);
}

public String verifyProfilePageTitle(){
    return driver.getTitle();
}

public boolean verifyUsernameLabel(){
    return usernameLabel.isDisplayed();
}

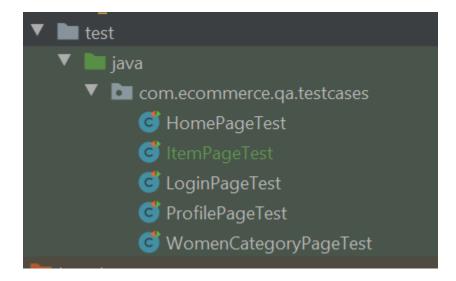
public WomenCategoryPage GoToWomensCategory(){
    womenCategory.click();
    return new WomenCategoryPage();
}

public DressesPage GoToDressesCategory(){
    dressCategory_click();
    dressCategory_click();
    return new WomenCategoryPage();
}
```

This image is an example for methods written for a particular page to perform actions on the web elements defined before. First the page objects are initialized using *initElements()* and then methods are written for features of that page. It should be highlighted that method names are written in a way that it gives an idea about the function.

4.2 Test Layer

The test layer in the POM architecture holds the test cases of the Application and its verification part. The test cases in the test layer are defined using TestNG and separate test files are used to call the methods of a particular page.



4.3 Test Base

Test Base or the base class is the main class that handles browser configuration, loading configuration files, and other reusable methods.

```
public class TestBase {
   public static WebDriver driver;
   public static Properties prop;

public TestBase(){
    try{
        prop = new Properties();
        FiteInputStream ip = new FiteInputStream( s: "src/main/java/com/ecommerce/qa/croprop.load(ip);
   } catch(FiteNotFoundException e){
        e.printStackTrace();
   } catch(IOException e){
        e.printStackTrace();
   }
}

public static void initialization(){
   String browserName = prop.getProperty("browser");

if(browserName.equals("chrome")){
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "libs/chromedriver.exe");
        driver = new ChromeDriver();
```

This helps to eliminate the duplication of code because when the TestCases extend this base class, all the methods of the base class can be used.

```
public class LoginPageTest extends TestBase {
  LoginPage loginPage;
  ProfilePage profilePage;

public LoginPageTest() {
    super();
  }
  @BeforeMethod
  public void setUp() {
    initialization();
    loginPage = new LoginPage();
  }
```

4.4 Configuration Files

The config.properties file contains the URL, username, password and the browser instance.

4.5 Test Data Files

4.6 Utilities

```
TestUtil.java ×

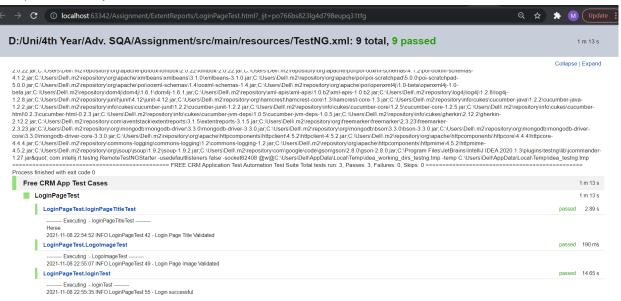
package com.ecommerce.qa.util;

public class TestUtil {

public static long PAGE_LOAD_TIMEOUT = 20;
public static long IMPLICIT_WAIT = 10;
}
```

4.7 Reports

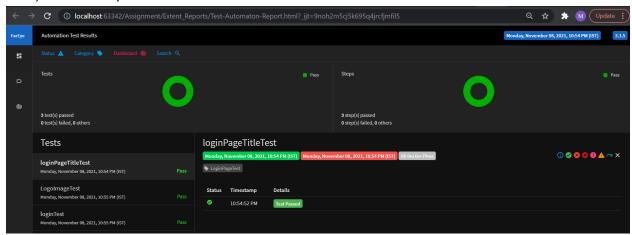
a) HTML Reports



b) XML Reports



c) Extent Reports



5. Log4j

Log4j Properties

```
# Redirect log messages to console

| dog4j.appender.stdout=org.apache.log4j.ConsoleAppender
| log4j.appender.stdout=layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout
| log4j.appender.stdout.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout
| log4j.appender.stdout.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout
| log4j.appender.stdout.layout.ConversionPattern=%d{yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss} %-5p %c{1}:%L - %m%n

| Redirect log messages to a log file, support file rolling.
| log4j.appender.file=org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender
| log4j.appender.file.File= D:/Uni/4th Year/Adv. SQA/Assignment/src/logs.log
| log4j.appender.file.MaxFileSize=5MB | log4j.appender.file.MaxBackupIndex=10 | log4j.appender.file.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout | log4j.appender.file.layout=conversionPattern=%d{yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss} %-5p %c{1}:%L - %m%n | log4j.appender.file.layout.ConversionPattern=%d{yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss} %-5p %c{1}:%L - %m%n | log4j.appender.file.layout.ConversionPattern=%d
```

The image below shows how log4j is initialized, and how it is used to create logs within methods.

And the logs are created in the logs log file as shown below.

6. Jenkins

7. Cucumber

7.1 Feature File using Gherkin Language

The feature file uses Gherkin language and contains Gherkin scenarios & requirements.

```
Feature: Test the login functionality

Scenario: Check whether user logs in successfully

Given navigated to the login page
And login page title validated
And login image validated
When login credentials provided

Then navigate to profile
```

7.2 Step Definition file using cucumber Gherkin annotations

The step definition file which is shown below maps the Test Case Steps in the feature file to code.

```
package StepDefinitions;

package StepDefinitions;

public class Login extends TestBase {
    LoginPage loginPage;
    ProfilePage profilePage;

deiven("Anavigated to the login page$")
    public void navigated_to_the_login_page() throws Throwable {
    System.out.println("Inside Step : navigated to the login page");
    initialization();
    loginPage = new LoginPage();
}

@And("Alogin page title validated$")
    public void login_page_title_validated() throws Throwable {
    System.out.println("Inside Step : login page title validated");
    String title = loginPage.validateLoginPageTitle();
    Assert.assertEguals(title, expected: "Login - My Store");
}
```

7.3 Test Runner class Cucumber

7.4 Cucumber Reports

```
Feature: Test Add items to the cart and Obtain Invoice functionality

Feature: Test Add items to the cart and Obtain Invoice functionality

Feature: Test Add items to the cart and Obtain Invoice functionality

Feature: Test Add items to the cart and Obtain Invoice functionality

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Feature: Test Add items to the cart and Obtain Invoice functionality

Feature: Test Add items to the Login page

And login image title validated

When login credentials provided

Then anytigate to the login page

And login image validated

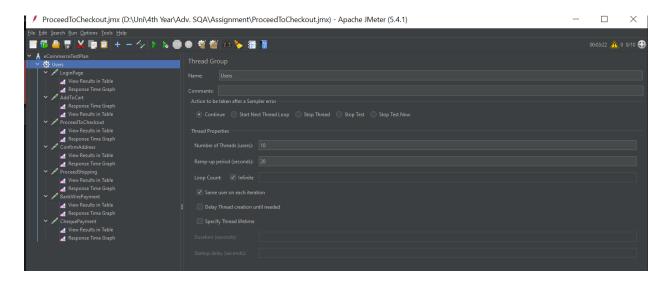
When login credentials provided

Then anytigate to profile
```

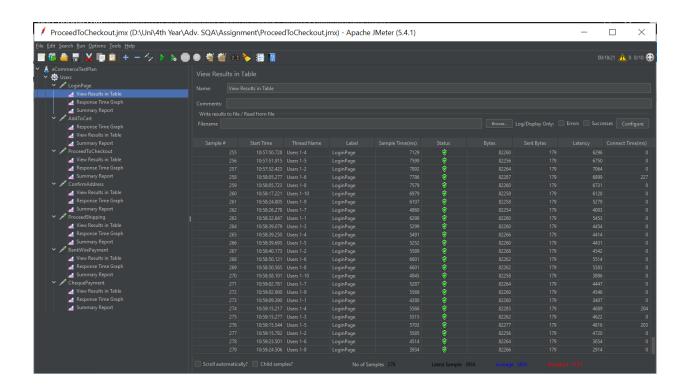
8. Testing web services using Postman

9. Performance testing using JMeter

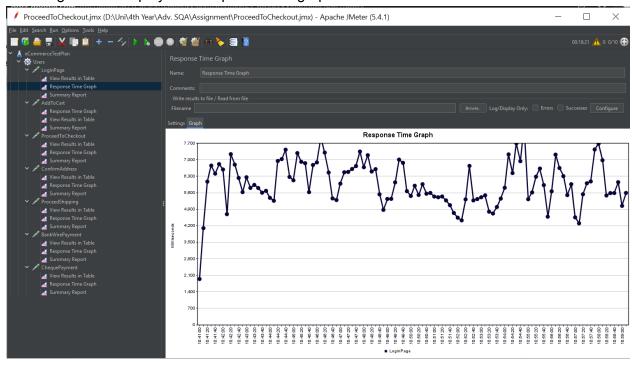
The elements of the test plan are defined in the thread group as shown below. Action to be taken after a sampler error is set default which is 'continue'. Therefore Jmeter will ignore the error, continue the execution and only the affected sampler fails in the listener. Thread count or the number of Users to be simulated for the execution is defined as 10 with a ramp up period of 20 seconds. That means the 10 users will be simulated within 20 seconds. Loop count is left as infinite which means that the performance test will be executed until it is stopped manually.



The view results in table listener gives the number of samples and the average response time as well at the bottom of the page.



The image below displays the response time graph that was created for the tests executed.



The summary report gives the number of samples, average, min, max response time and many other statistics related to the performance test executed.

