

Sri Krishna College of Engineering and Technology

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2021_25_IV_JAVA Programming (ECE/EEE)_IRC

IRC_Java_D4_Java Looping_KQ_MCQ

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 30
Marks Obtained : 28

Section 1 : MCQ

1. What is the output of the code?

```
class Main
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int sum = 14;
        if ( sum < 20 )
            System.out.print("Under ");
        else
            System.out.print("Over ");
        System.out.println("the limit.");
    }
}
```

Answer

Under the limit.

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

2. Choose the options that can replace the text "abc" in the below code to

print the contents of the array.

```
public class Whizlabs
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] testData = {1,2,3};
        for(abc)
        {
            // Some Print logic to print the array element for each iteration
        }
    }
}
```

Answer

```
int i : testData
int i=0 ;i<3 ;i++
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

3. Which of the following can loop through an array without referring to the elements by index?

Answer

for-each

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

4. Which of the following statements is/are true?

- I. A traditional for loop can iterate through an array starting from index 0.
- II. A traditional for loop can iterate through an array starting from the end.

Answer

Both statements

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

5. What does the following code output?

```
class Solution
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        byte x = 127;
        x++;
        x++;
        System.out.print(x);
    }
}
```

Answer

-127

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

6. What is the result of the following code?

```
class Main
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        do
        {
            int count = 0;
            do {
                count++;
            }
            while (count < 2);
            System.out.println(count);
            break;
        } while (true);
    }
}
```

Answer

2

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

7. How many of the loop types (while, do while, traditional for, and enhanced for) allow you to write code that creates an infinite loop?

Answer

Three

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

8. How many of these statements can be inserted after the println to have the code flow follow the arrow in this diagram?

break;

break label1;

break label2;

Answer

Two

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

9. What is the output of the following Java code?

```
class Main
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        boolean balloonInflated = false;
        do
        {
            if (!balloonInflated)
            {
                balloonInflated = true;
                System.out.print("inflate-");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }  
    } while (! balloonInflated);  
    System.out.println("done");  
  }  
}
```

Answer

inflate-done

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

10. What describes the order in which the three expressions appear in a for loop?

Answer

initialization expression, boolean conditional, update statement

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

11. Which of the following iterates a different number of times than the others?

Answer

int k=0; do { } while(k++ < 7)

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

12. What will be the output of this program?

```
class Main  
{  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        int []a = {3,2,1,0};  
        int y = a.length;  
        int x=y-1;  
  
        while(y>=0)
```

```

    {
        System.out.println(a[--y]);
    }
}

```

Answer

0123 followed by an exception

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

13. What will be the output of this program?

```

class Main
{
    public static void main(String [ ] args)
    {
        for ( int j = 0, k = 5; j < k; k-- ) ;
        for ( int j = 0; j++ < 3; ) ;
        for ( int i = 0; i < 5; i++, System.out.print(i + ".Hi ") ) ;
    }
}

```

Answer

1.Hi 2.Hi 3.Hi 4.Hi 5.Hi

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

14. What will happen when you compile and run the following code?

```

public class Test{

    public static void main(String[] args){

        for(int i = 0 ; i < 10; i++){
        }
        System.out.println(i);

    }
}

```

```
}
```

Answer

10

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

15. What will happen when you compile and run the following code?

```
class Test
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int i = 0;
        for(; i < 10; i++){
            break;
        }
        System.out.println(i);
    }
}
```

Answer

0

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

16. What will happen when you compile and run the following code?

```
public class Test{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        int i = 0;
        for(i = 100; i <= 0; i -= 10 ){
            System.out.print(i + ", ");
        }
    }
}
```

Answer

None of the above

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

17. What will happen when you compile and run the following code?

```
public class Test{  
  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        for(char c = 'a' ; c < 'd'; c++){  
            System.out.print(c);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Answer

Code will print abc

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

18. what will be the output of the following program?

```
public class Test {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)  
            int x = 10;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Answer

Compile time error

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

19. A _____ statement allows us to execute a statement or group of statements multiple times.

Answer

loop

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

20. What does the following code print?

```
for (int i = 3; i <= 12; i++)  
{  
    System.out.print(i + " ");  
}
```

Answer

3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

21. What does the following code print?

```
int x = -5;  
while (x < 0)  
{  
    x++;  
    System.out.print(x + " ");  
}
```

Answer

-4 -3 -2 -1 0

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

22. What does the following code print?

```
int x = 0;  
while (x <= 5)
```

```
{  
    System.out.print(x + " ");  
    x++;  
}
```

Answer

0 1 2 3 4 5

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

23. What does the following code print?

```
int x = 3;  
while (x < 9)  
{  
    System.out.print(x + " ");  
}
```

Answer

It is an infinite loop

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

24. What will happen when you compile and run the following code?

```
public class Test{  
  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){  
            for(int j = 0; j < i; j++){  
                System.out.print(i + " " + j + ", ");  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

Answer

1 0, 2 0. 2 1

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

25. Will this code compile?

```
public class Test{  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        for(;;){  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Answer

Yes

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

26. What will happen when you compile and run the following code?

```
public class Test{  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        for(int a = 0, b = 3; a < 3 && b > 0; a++, b--){  
            System.out.print(a + " " + b + ", ");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Answer

0 3, 1 2, 2 1,

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

27. What will happen when you compile and run the following code?

```
public class Test{
```

```
public static void main(String[] args){  
    for(int i = 65; i < 68 ; i++){  
        System.out.print((char)i);  
    }  
}  
}
```

Answer

None of the above

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

28. What is the output of the following?

```
StringBuilder builder = new StringBuilder(); String str = new String("Leaves  
growing");  
do {  
    System.out.println(str);  
} while (builder);  
System.out.println(builder);
```

Answer

The code does not compile.

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

29. What is the output of the following?

```
List<String> drinks = Arrays.asList("can", "cup");  
for (int container = 0; container < drinks.size(); container++)  
    System.out.print(drinks.get(container) + ",");
```

Answer

can,cup

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

30. What does the following code output?

```
public static void main(String[] args)
{
    List<String> bottles = Arrays.asList("glass", "plastic");
    for (int type = 0; type < bottles.size();)
        System.out.print(bottles.get(type) + ",");
    break;
    System.out.print("end");
}
```

Answer

The code does not compile

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1