

→ Fourier series

→ Fourier Transform

$$1. \mathcal{F}\{f(t)\} = F(\mu)$$

$$F(\mu) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-j2\pi\mu t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) [\cos 2\pi\mu t - j \sin 2\pi\mu t]$$

Inverse F.T.,

$$f(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(\mu) e^{j2\pi\mu t} d\mu$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(\mu) [\cos 2\pi\mu t + j \sin 2\pi\mu t]$$

$$f(t) = \mathcal{F}^{-1}(F(\mu)) \quad \text{I.D}$$

2D. FT

$$F(\mu, \nu) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t, z) e^{-j2\pi(\mu t + \nu z)} dt \cdot dz$$

Inverse,

$$f(t, z) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(\mu, \nu) e^{j2\pi(\mu t + \nu z)} d\mu d\nu$$

⇒ Relationship b/w spatial & Frequency

⇒ Translation & Rotation:

$$f(x, y) e^{j2\pi (u_0 x/M + v_0 y/N)} \Leftrightarrow F(u - u_0, v - v_0) \quad \text{--- (5)}$$

$$f(x - x_0, y - y_0) \Leftrightarrow F(u, v) e^{-j2\pi (x_0 u/M + y_0 v/N)} \quad \text{--- (6)}$$

$f(x - y)$ by the exponential shown shifts the origin of the DFT to

$$x = r \cos \theta, \quad y = r \sin \theta$$

⇒ Periodicity:

In 1D case, 2-D FT & its inv are infinitely periodic

⇒ Unsharp masking, High-boost Filtering 10-4-21
and High frequency-emphasis filtering

$$g_{\text{mask}}(x,y) = f(x,y) - f_{\text{LP}}(x,y)$$

$$f_{\text{LP}}(x,y) =$$

→ Homomorphic filtering:

$$f(x,y) = i(x,y) \cdot r(x,y)$$

$$J[f(x,y)] \neq J[i(x,y)] \cdot J[r(x,y)]$$

$$z_1(x,y) = \ln f(x,y)$$

$$= \ln i(x,y) + \ln r(x,y)$$

$$= J[\ln i(x,y)] + J[\ln r(x,y)]$$

$$Z(u,v) = F_i(u,v) + F_r(u,v)$$

using $H(u,v)$

$$S(u,v) = H(u,v) Z(u,v)$$

$$= H F_i(u,v) + H F_r(u,v)$$

in spatial domain

$$s(x,y) = T^{-1}[s(u,v)]$$

$$= T^{-1}[H F_i] + T^{-1}[H F_r]$$

$$i'(x,y) = T^{-1}[H F_i]$$

$$r'(x,y) = T^{-1}[H F_r]$$

reverse the process

$$g(x,y) = e^{s(x,y)}$$

$$= e^{i'(x,y)} e^{r'(x,y)}$$

$$= i_o(x,y) r_o(x,y)$$

