# IoT Based Smart Energy Theft Detection and Monitoring System for Smart Home

Aswini R
Associate professor
IFET College of Engineering
Department of Computer Science and Engineering
ashwi.raja55@gmail.com

Keerthihaa V
UG student
IFET College of Engineering
Department of Computer Science and Engineering
keerthihav@gmail.com

Abstract-- In the developing nations, the attempt of gathering electricity usage and recognizing illicit usage of power is a troublesome and tedious undertaking which requires abundant human resources. The network of smart home system is powerless against theft. The goals of undertaking is the measure of energy being utilized by the business ,industry, home, hospital etc just as giving suggestion through IOT. The intention is to quantify power utilization in the family unit and produce its bill naturally utilizing IoT. The knowledge about the electricity usage can be updated automatically to reduce the human work. The microcontroller is utilized to enable the exercises with advanced meter framework and to interface the framework to the Internet and Server. A latent infrared sensor is locked in with the framework to identify when any illicit adjustment occur in the metering framework. Proposed framework can effectively recognize the amount of energy consumed and it upgrades the smart home security

#### I.INTRODUCTION

IoT gadgets are a piece of the bigger idea of home computerization, which can incorporate lighting, warming and cooling, media and security systems. Long-term advantages could incorporate energy saving via naturally guaranteeing lights. A brilliant home or computerized home could be founded on a stage or centre points that control smart gadgets and apparatuses. Power is a fundamental piece of present day to day world. Every one use it for lighting, running different devices and gadgets, more regularly. Almost all purchasers don't contemplate their power until a force blackout happens or when they get a high power bill. As power is produced from consuming non-renewable energy sources, increment in utilization of power is one of the main components for a worldwide temperature alteration and enormous atmosphere changes. The significant difficulties for electric service is utilization of the smart energy meter information past its centre capacity of estimating the interim information for client charging. This will enable electric service for better deal with their capacity matrix and empower shoppers to all the more likely manage the utilization. Smart energy meters are crucial

parts of lattice innovation, equipped for catching client utilization at visit interims (and potentially different parameters) utilizing correspondence systems. With the selection of cutting edge metering foundation (AMI), a torrential slide of new vitality utilizes data got accessible. The encouraging pertinence for this recently accessible information is to progress swamp gauging precision. Ordinarily, theft detection will make the utilizing framework level information with little or even no data in regards to control utilization profile at lower levels. Then again, load determining using smart meter information is as yet constrained because of the past absence of family unit level burden information. In the ongoing years with the approach of the internet and wireless technology, the techniques to achieve Energy Management have expanded multi fold. Works have been finished with the assistance of remote system innovations like Zig Bee, PLC, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, GSM and 3G. With the assistance of microcontrollers, it has gotten simpler to screen parameters, arrange and deal with the vitality utilization in any premises utilizing remote sensor systems. The executives can be combined with the Internet of Things (IoT) for better observing of vitality use and the board of machines in a savvy home condition. Energy utilization can be observed occasionally through IoT stage empowering the client to productively deal with his utilization. The proposed framework comprises of Smart Energy Theft System that utilizations Wireless Fidelity innovation for correspondence between the hubs and IoT based vitality observing. The framework performs different parameters utilizing the Fuzzy rationale calculation.

A fuzzy based model for energy management scheme is based on the data usable in past. The fuzzy based model framework is utilized along with the heap determining model as the choices taken by the heap anticipating model is subject to the principles which are as of now shaped in the standard bases. The standard base of the fuzzy frameworks can be shaped by the master information in the area. The principles are first

**IEEE ICSCAN 2020** 

shaped and are used along with fuzzy logic derivation. At that point the standards are tried for every single imaginable estimation of the information. On the off chance that the yield got isn't attractive, the inference engine is used to refresh the principles

#### II.LITERATURE SURVEY

#### A. A Novel Energy Theft System For IoT Based Smart Home

The author developed an energy theft detection system based on recognition framework dependent on AI idea and factual idea. The decision making modules can be classified into three types, the first module is the multi model forecasting system which is called prediction. The main aim is to consolidate different AI methods into a framework called forecast to predict the amount of energy used. The following module is the essential dynamic model that utilizes Simple Moving Average for screening the framework dependent on the vitality level utilized. The last module is the optional dynamic model that is utilized for recognizing the vitality robbery

## B. Development Of Smart Energy Meter Reading And Monitoring System

The author has proposed a system capable of monitoring the system at a certain interval of time and alerting the provider and customer of how many units consumed by the user. The power consumptions are monitored automatically with the help of server

# C .Energy Theft Issues For Advanced-Metering Infrastructure In Smart Grid

The author described Energy theft as one of the serious issue implemented using smart grid. It is found that the country may suffer from lot of energy theft. It is estimated that many companies have faced billions of loss during the energy theft. To overcome this Automated Metered Infrastructure is used. Here a tree based model is used . The behaviour of automated metered reading is monitored regularly. The infrastructure is classified into three different categories.

# D. Smart Home Energy Management System Using Fuzzy Logic For Continuous Power Supply With Economic Utilization Of Electrical Energy

The author built up a energy theft identification framework dependent on AI idea and factual idea. The dynamic modules can be arranged into three kinds, the first module is the multimodal gauging framework which is called expectation. The principle point is to join different AI procedures into a solitary anticipating framework to foresee the measure of power utilized. The following module is the essential dynamic model that utilizes Simple Moving Average

(SMA) for filtering the framework dependent on the energy level utilized. The last module is the auxiliary dynamic model that is utilized for identifying the power theft

E.A Machine Learning Decision Support System Improves The Internet Of Things Smart Meter Operations

The creator showed the effectiveness of approach with a total Bayesian Network expectation model and contrast and three AI forecast model classifiers: Naïve Bayes, Random Forest and Decision Tree. Results exhibit that these methodologies produces factually forecast and that the Decision Support System will improve the cost effectiveness of the system and the system upkeep.

### F.Using Smart Meter Data To Improve The Accuracy Of Intraday Load Forecasting Considering Customer Behaviour Similarities

The creator tended to the endeavours associated with improving the framework level intraday load anticipating by applying bunching to recognize gatherings of clients with comparative burden utilization designs from shrewd meters before performing load gauging. Not at all like conventional accumulated framework level burden gauging, the AMI information acquaints a crisp point of view with the manner in which burden anticipating is performed, going from transient burden determining to long haul load estimating at the framework level, territorial level, feeder level, or even down to the shopper level.

#### G.Problem that is untouched

The goals of our undertaking is to screen the measure of energy being utilized by the business ,industry, home, hospital etc just as giving suggestion through IOT.

The intention is to quantify power utilization in the family unit and produce its bill naturally utilizing IoT by giving mobile alert to the customer.

#### **III.EXISTING SYSTEM**

A Smart energy theft detection system(SETS)

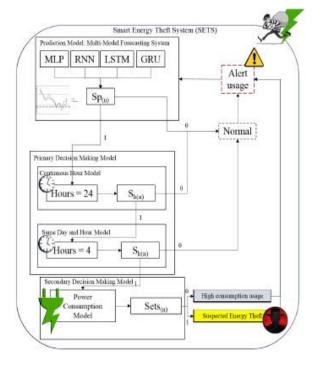
- Presently we are using manual monitoring (forecasting system)and intimating method to detect the energy theft
- Forecasting system=total number of units producedtotal number of units consumed
- The existing system uses the machine learning algorithms like LSTM,GRU to monitor the energy level in smart home
- There is no system to intimate the energy level through mobile phone

ISBN 978-1-7281-6202-7

The existing system consist of different modules

- Desire model
- Dynamic model

#### Discretionary dynamic model



The information assortment module accumulates the information for SETS. The primary stage is the desire model. This model uses Multi-Model Forecasting System that has particular AI techniques: Multi-Layer Perception, Recurrent Neural Network, Long Short Term Memory, and Gated Recurrent Unit. It predicts, also contemplates the important data to acknowledge anomalous. Second phase of SETS is that the basic dynamic model. This orchestrate utilizes a real model called Simple Moving Average to filter the anomalous from the essential stage. Third phase of SETS is that discretionary dynamic model. This stage further filter from the following stage and picks whether power theft had happened. Beyond taking the final choice, the complete procedure are going to be rehashed for the subsequent approaching information. SETS is best actualized with a free equipment framework legitimately at the keen meters, this is on the grounds that any impedances for power theft paying little heed to altering equipment or control of data may be recognized. It's progressively exact contrasted with simply checking the knowledge from cloud or administrator's database the identical number of various elements may influence the examination

#### Drawbacks In The Existing System

#### I. No cost decrease instrument

In the current electrical framework, there is no influence over the expense applied towards power and the day by day utilization isn't known. Accordingly, the chunk rates are multiplied and this prompts a high bill sum. A force cut off is the main answer for the cost decrease.

#### II. Power usage isn't checked

There is no mindfulness for the power use in our everyday life. Just an all out utilization can be estimated right now. Chunk rate changes can't be resolved and estimated in the current vitality meters. Just the Bi-month to month utilization is resolved.

#### III. Energy utilization isn't informed

Client isn't informed in regards to the use of current. Regardless of whether the client expends higher units of current, there is no notice message or ready given which is a significant detriment. On the off chance that the client is informed in earlier about the power use the utilization can be marked down which thus will definitely decrease the cost too.

#### IV.PROPOSED SYSTEM

- The proposed system is designed based on the fuzzy logic
- The system is capable of continuously monitoring and notifying number of units consumed by the customer
- The energy consumption are automatically calculated and the bill is generated using Internet of Things
- The ultimate goal is to consume the energy
- If illegal alteration occurs, mobile alert is sent to the customers

#### A. Smart Home

The internet of things plays a vital role in the implementation of smart homes. It permits clients to helpfully direct their brilliant machines inside the home zone by utilizing cell phones. Further developed and created frameworks could additionally investigate the information gathered and settle on its own choice for the smart homes to work in a profitable and power efficient strategy dependent on clients' utilization designs

#### B. Theft Detection

Power theft is becoming a major problem. It has caused gigantic misfortunes for some nations that makes loss in lakhs and lakhs of money. Now a days smart energy meter can be used to monitor and capture amount of power used Energy theft techniques include hacking brilliant home machine and most normally direct snaring on different family units power supplies.

**IEEE ICSCAN 2020** 

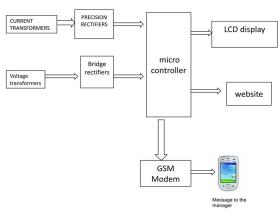
#### C. Fuzzy Logic

The symbolic logic framework which contains all the modules required for getting a bearing of a particular framework. The information sources and therefore the yields of the framework are constantly fresh information sources, however for handling inside the fuzzy deduction motor the qualities are changed over into the fuzzy data sources utilizing fuzzification interface and defuzzification blocks

#### D. Block Diagram

The framework is basically a Microcontroller based framework. Microchip PIC16F877 microcontroller was chosen.

The various segments of the framework are constrained by pic microcontroller. Our undertaking is being planned by GSM and inserted innovation. Right now board gives the IOT vitality meter to each home, this vitality meter will send the vitality meter perusing and charging subtleties to the buyer. An AC source is given to the vitality meter and from this the load is identified with microcontroller through a hand-off switch. The fourth LED of the essentialness meter is given to one of the propelled pins of microcontroller. This can be done with the assistance of an Opto coupler IC so on to ensure prosperity to both the circuits. The microcontroller in this way is identified with Wi-Fi module and accordingly the GSM module. This will be invigorated and saw in graphical associations. The GSM module is utilized to send and secure messages through an adaptable framework to surrender a day alerts.



#### E. Modules

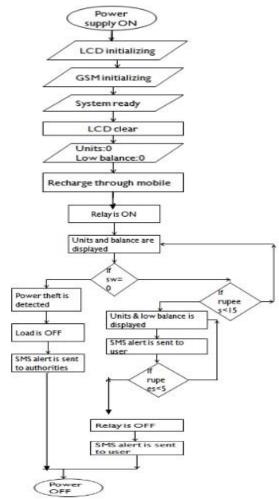
#### Energy Meter Reading

The watt-hour LED inside the smart energy meter gleams on various occasions for each Kilo Watt Per Hour. The LED sign is utilized to evaluate the office that is being exhausted. This LED squints using the electrical inspiration that rises when force is consumed. This drive is given as commitment to the Opto coupler IC. The yield of the IC is given on the grounds that the commitment to the automated pin 13 of

microcontroller. With the assistance of a counter, the quantity of main thrusts might be resolved and hereafter the proportion of vitality exhausted might be evaluated. The beat from the meter is utilized to interface it with the microcontroller. Further, the deferral between the beat is utilized to work the charge per unit. After each cycle, the imperativeness meter glimmers the LED only once. Thusly, if a 100 watt bulb is utilized for a blaze, around then the beat will glimmer on numerous occasions during a minute

#### Mobile Alert

The GSM module is related to the microcontroller and fills in as a medium to send SMS with reference to the day by day utilization esteems. The message may be sent toward the finish of each day to the versatile number that has been registered on the smart meter



V.HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

#### A,Energy Meter

A power meter box is be a device which is used to quantify the measure of power vitality devoured in a arrangement, financial, or any house hold devices. Electro mechanical and electronic meters are the two types of meter available. The first typically used force meter is that electromechanical

**IEEE ICSCAN 2020** 

acknowledgment watt-hour meter. The electromechanical acknowledgment meter works by counting the changes of a nonmagnetic yet electrically conductive metal circle. The speed of rotate of the plate is comparative with the power prying the meter. The measure of unrests is thusly comparable to the imperativeness used. Electronic meters show the essentialness used on a LCD or a LED appear. Electronic meters can in like manner record parameters of the store and give prompt and most prominent pace of usage demands, voltages, power factor and open power used so forward. The imperativeness meter that is used might be a lone stage, KWH, static essentialness meter the signs used are arrange, turned current, earthed weight and watt-hour for displaying in LED

#### B.Microcontroller

Microchip PIC16F877 microcontroller was selected the various components within the system are controlled



#### C.Relay

A switch that is electrically working comprises of an electromagnet and is done by a touch electric flow which can kill a much bigger electric flow. The hand-off utilized here could be a 5V, single channel transfer and is effectively perfect with the microcontroller. It's three associations – Normally Open , Normally Closed ,general brought bent on three screw pin ports.

#### D.GSM Module

The GSM is an around the world, cell innovation that's the foremost generally utilized today. This shield permits an microcontroller to induce and alert the user through SMS, and it can make voice calls. There is a certain band limit in which the GSM module works



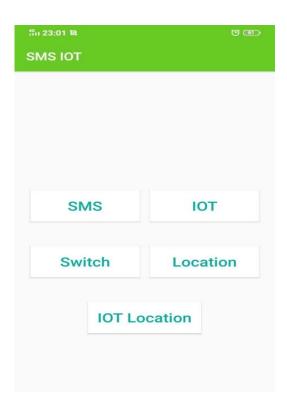
#### VI.SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

#### MICROCONTROLLER IDE

Microcontroller 8051 IDE could be a free programming incorporated improvement condition for microcontrollers captivated with 8051 IDE has its own test system and constructing agent (support for a few outside constructing agents is likewise accessible). This IDE bolsters 2 programming dialects: C (aggregating with SDCC) and low level computing construct. This product appears to run uniquely on Linux stages. Despite the actual fact that read document at source forge referenced about the windows form, no windows variant of the merchandise found.

#### VII.EXPERIMENT AND RESULT

The alert system for power consumption is employed to alert the customer about number of units consumed daily. An execution of the above proposed framework caused the accompanying outcomes. The moment message got from the ready framework looks as given beneath and is gotten each moment



**IEEE ICSCAN 2020** 



#### VIII.CONCLUSION

Electrical energy is one amongst the most precious resource. By using our project, we can only use the limited amount of energy provided by EB. Consequently, the Power Consumption Alert System is used to alarm the client with reference to regular utilization of power. This aides in sparing power and furthermore the ability charges under breaking points. A little module comprising of the Microcontroller, ESP8266 and GSM may be introduced with smart energy meter to form the ability utilization more accurate

#### REFERENCES

- [1] W. Li, T. Logenthiran, V.-T. Phan, and W. L. Woo, "Intelligent multi agent system for power grid communication," in Region 10 Conference (TENCON), 2016 IEEE. IEEE, 2016, pp. 3386–3389.
- [2] "Housing development building management system (hdbms) for optimized electricity bills," Transactions on Environment and Electrical Engineering, vol. 2, no. 2, pp. 64–71, 2017.
- [3] W. Li, T. Logenthiran, W. Woo, V. Phan, and D. Srinivasan, "Implementation of demand side management of a smart home using multi-agent system," in IEEE World Congress on Computational Intelligence. IEEE, 2016, pp. 1–8.
- [4] C. Yang, J. Yao, W. Lou, and S. Xie, "On demand response management performance optimization for micro grids under imperfect communication constraints," IEEE Internet of Things Journal, 2017
- [5] F. L. Quilumba, W.-J. Lee, H. Huang, D. Y. Wang, and R. L. Szabados, "Using smart meter data to improve the accuracy of intraday load forecasting considering customer behavior similarities," IEEE Transactions on Smart Grid, vol. 6, no. 2, pp. 911–918, 2015.
- [6] T.-C. Chiu, Y.-Y. Shih, A.-C. Pang, and C.-W. Pai, "Optimized day-ahead pricing with renewable energy demand-side management for smart grids," IEEE Internet of Things Journal, vol. 4, no. 2, pp. 374–383, 2017.

[7] T. G. Nikolaou, D. S. Kolokotsa, G. S. Stavrakakis, and I. D. Skias, "On the application of clustering techniques for office buildings' energy and thermal comfort classification," IEEE Transactions on Smart Grid, vol. 3, no. 4, pp. 2196–2210, 2012.

**IEEE ICSCAN 2020**