Adopting Agile



Learning Objectives

By the end of this lesson, you will be able to:

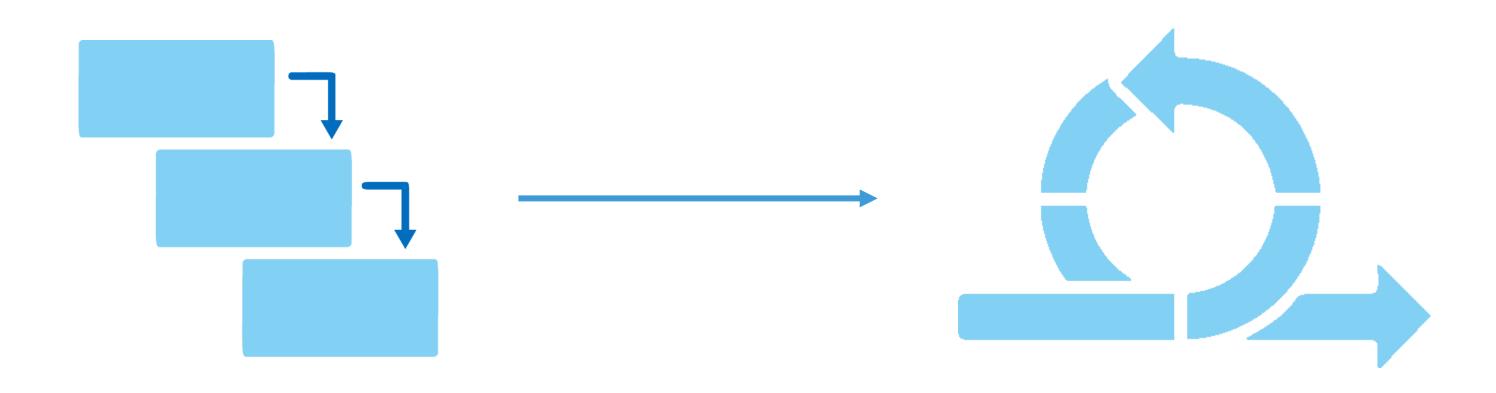
- Explain various approaches of Agile adoption for enhancing team efficiency and project success
- Outline the essentials of Agile adoption for achieving smooth and effective Agile transformations
- Identify challenges during the transition to Scrum for effective adoption of the framework
- Analyze different levels of the maturity model to assess the team's effectiveness



Introduction to Agile Adoption

What Is Agile Adoption?

It is the process where an organization shifts from traditional project management practices to Agile methodologies.



Approaches for Agile Adoption

Start small (Pilot)

It involves applying Agile methods to a single team or a small project.

All in

In this approach, the entire organization embraces Agile practices at once.

Approaches for Agile Adoption

There is no single right path to Agile adoption; choose between the start small or all in approaches

Start small (Pilot)

- Less risky
- Chance to pick suitable teams
- Almost guarantees early success
- Initial resistance reduction
- Radical change can defer



All in

- Quicker transition
- Lower cost of transition
- Opportunity to learn from each other
- Requirement for strong top-down buy-in and change management

Essentials to Start Agile Adoption





Adapt to Scrum



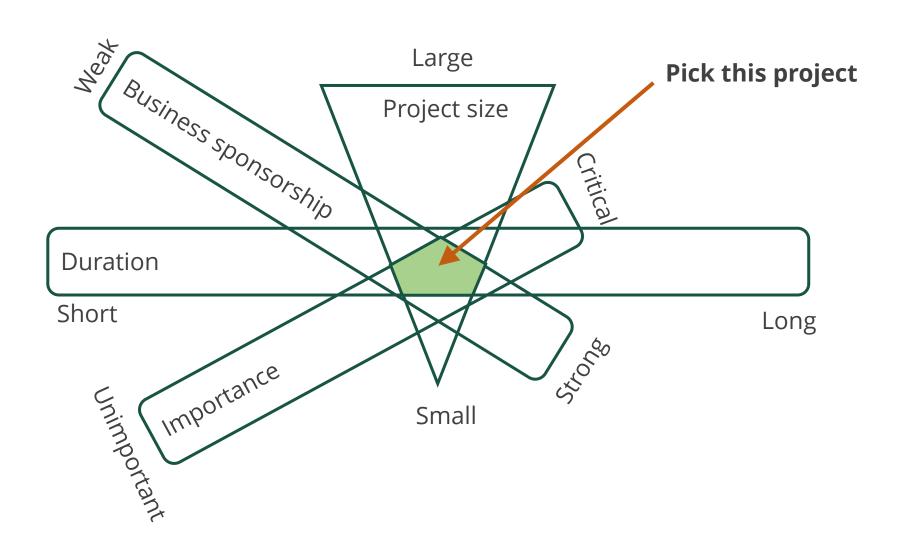
Execute transition projects iteratively

Set the clear expectations

Manage resistance to change

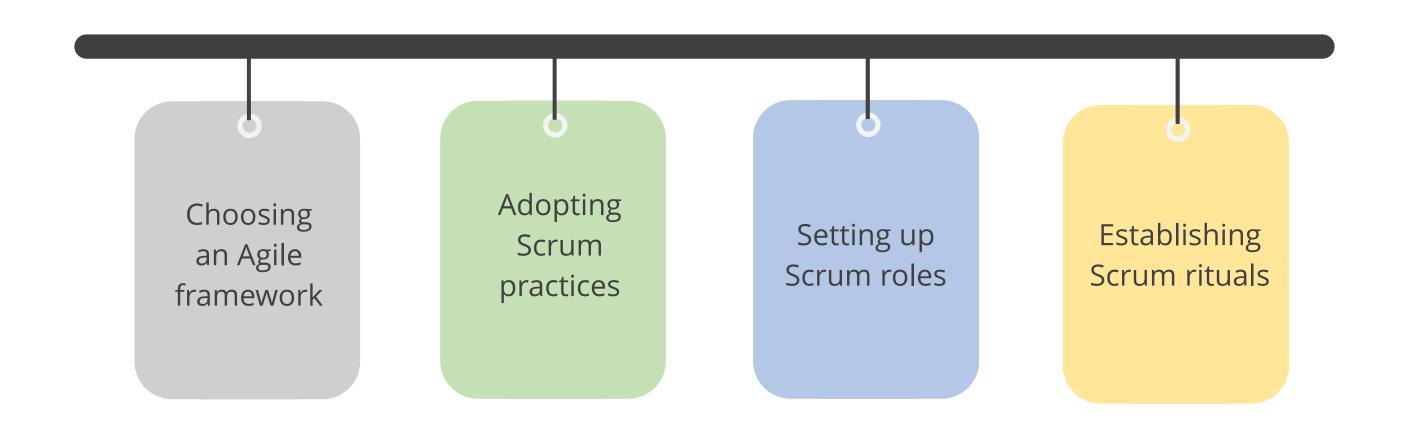
Select the Right Pilot Project Size

It is important to select the right pilot project size for the success of the Agile project.



Adapt to Scrum

It includes:



Execute Transition Projects Iteratively

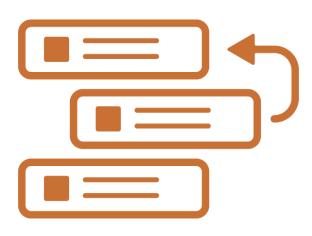
This involves using Agile methodologies to manage the transition, allowing the organization to learn and adapt its approach with each iteration or sprint. It includes:



Seeking an influential sponsor who is committed to the project



Building an
Enterprise Transition
Committee (ETC)



Creating a backlog for transitioning and executing iteratively

ETC should lead the product backlog process and identify specific milestones.

Set the Clear Expectations

This involves conveying the goals, benefits, and changes related to implementing Agile methodologies in an organization.

The various concerns from different stakeholders that need to be addressed are:

Testers

Why test unfinished work repeatedly?



Teams

Why spend too much time in meetings?

Old school Practitioner

Why there is less documentation and formality in methods?

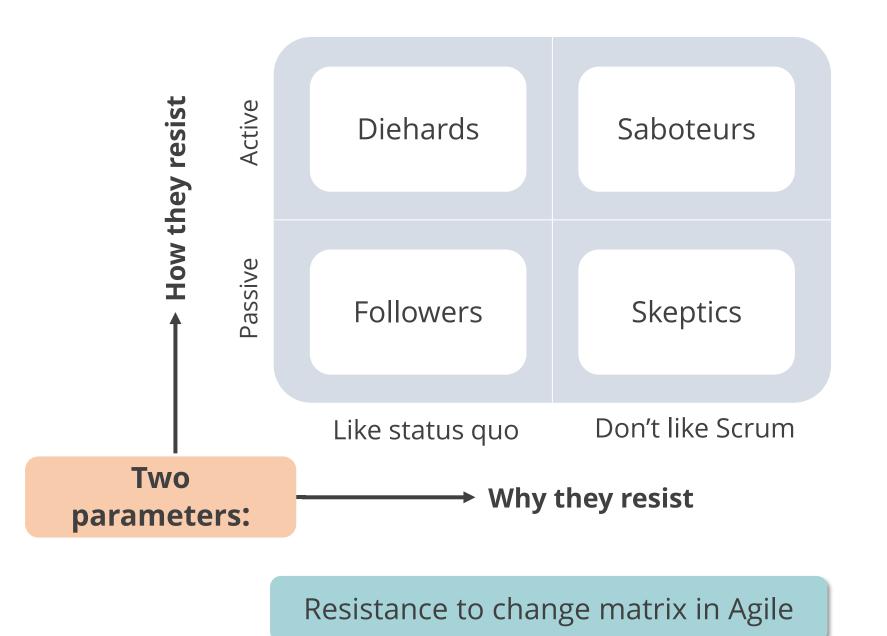


Star performers

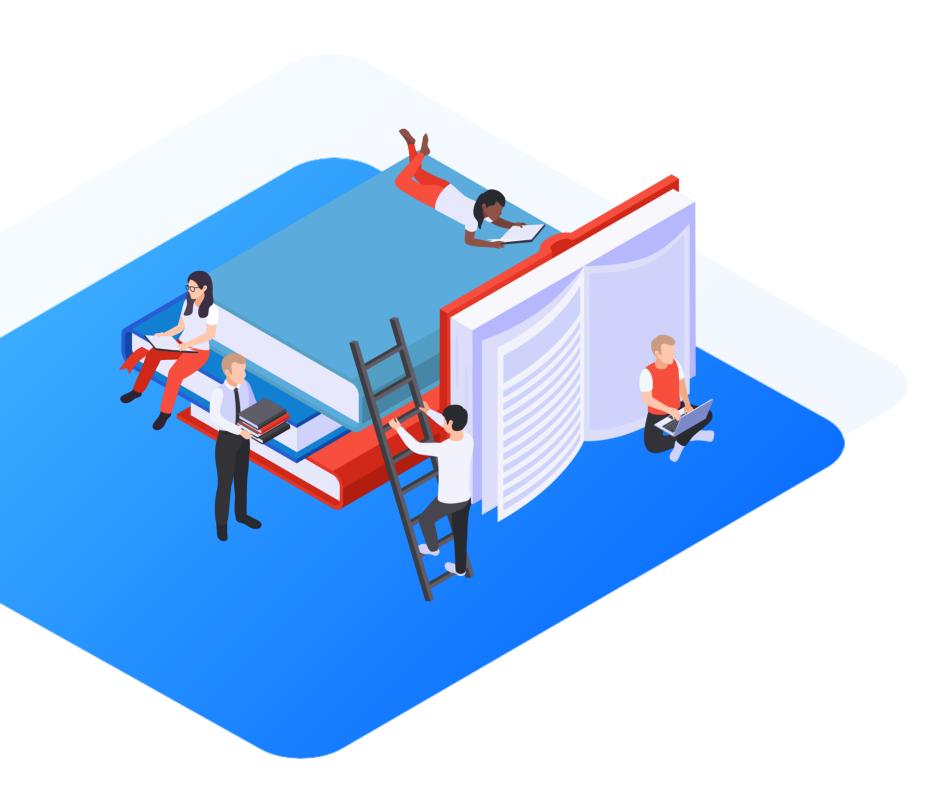
Why there is no recognition?

Manage Resistance to Change

Resistance to change can take various forms, and there are multiple approaches to address it.



- **Diehards**: Actively resist and prefer the status quo
- **Saboteurs**: Actively resist and dislike Scrum
- Followers: Passively resist and prefer the status quo
- **Skeptics**: Passively resist and are unsure about Scrum



Activity: Creating a Strategy for Managing Resistance to Change

Activity

Hi-Tec Learning is experiencing a lot of resistance to changes brought in through Agile methods. The person leading the transformation program is seeking help to deal with people resisting change. Pick a suitable resistance pattern for the approaches given below:

Instructions:

Approaches:

- Explain what is wrong with the current system
- Reaffirm commitment to Scrum
- Involve in the processes
- Appoint a champion and address issues

Resistance patterns:

- Follower
- Skeptic
- Diehard
- Saboteur

Challenges in Transitioning to Scrum

Challenges in Transitioning to Scrum

Overcoming resistance to change



Misunderstanding the process

Failing to adapt to changing roles

Overcoming Resistance to Change

Transitioning to Scrum often faces resistance, especially from those used to traditional management approaches.



Involving employees in the transition process helps ease concerns and builds a sense of ownership.

Misunderstanding the Process

Misconceptions about Scrum practices, such as the purpose of sprints or the role of the product owner, can lead to ineffective implementation.



Ensuring all team members clearly understand their roles and responsibilities builds a unified approach to the Scrum framework.

Failing to Adapt to Changing Roles

The shift to Scrum redefines traditional roles, with managers needing to adopt a more supportive, less directive role and team members taking on greater responsibility.

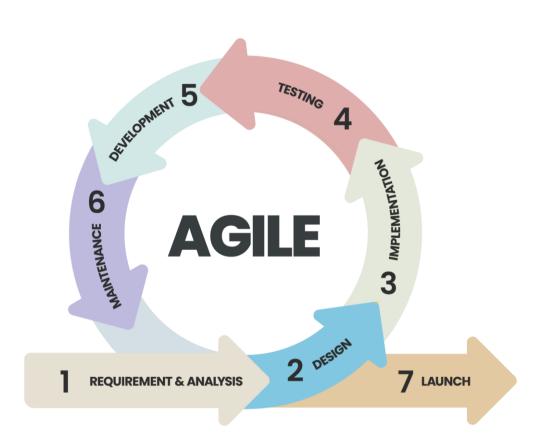


Providing targeted coaching and ongoing support can help teams adjust to their new roles, leading to a more successful adoption of Scrum practices.

Agile Requirements

Introduction to Agile Requirements

This defines the specific needs and conditions a project must meet when following the Agile methodologies.



It ensures that projects stay flexible and concentrate on providing maximum value to stakeholders throughout the development process.

Self-Organization and Cross-Functional Scrum Teams

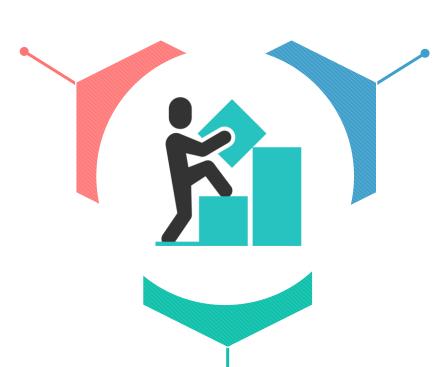
Self-Organization Teams

The team members collaborate autonomously, adapt to changing requirements, and continuously improve their work processes.

Three ways to guide teams while encouraging self-organization are:

Set up containers

Establish the boundaries within which the team will operate



Manage exchanges

Create forums and mechanisms for the teams to engage with the world outside

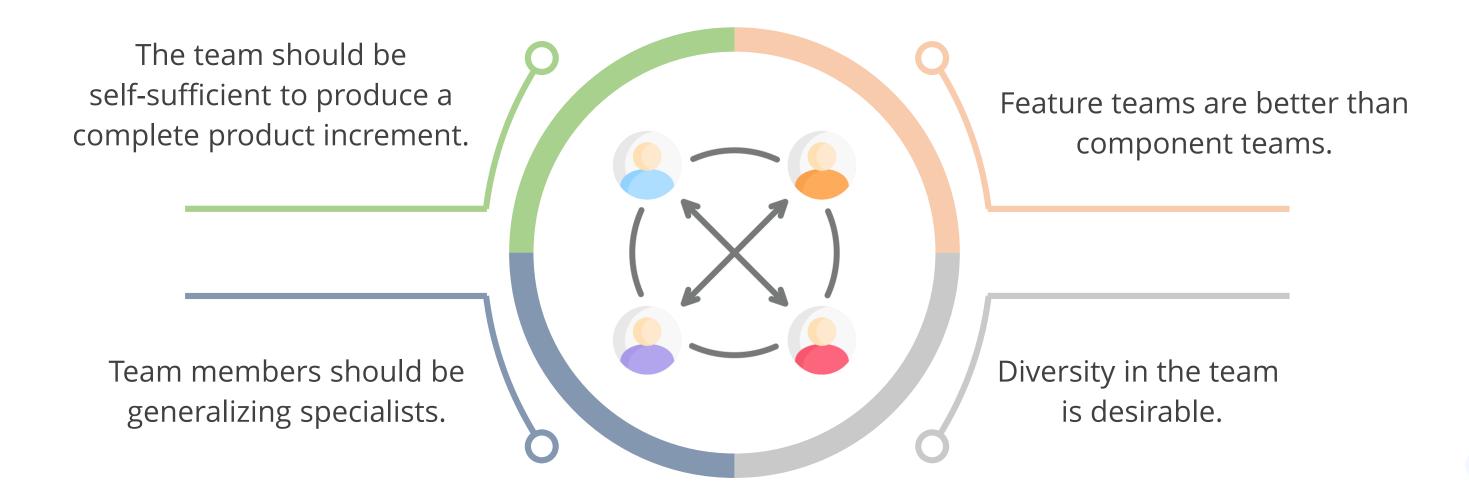
Amplify or dampen differences

Distinguish itself so that there is healthy debate but no analysis paralysis

Cross-Functional Scrum Teams

These are teams with members drawn from different functions and having diverse skill sets.

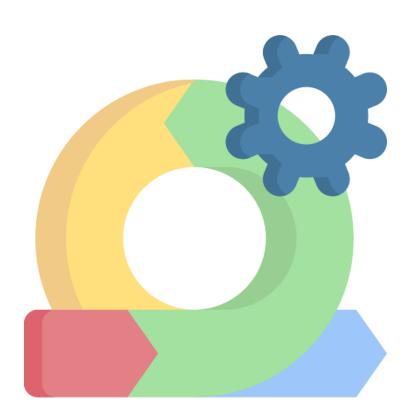
The features of cross-functional Scrum teams are:



Maturity Model

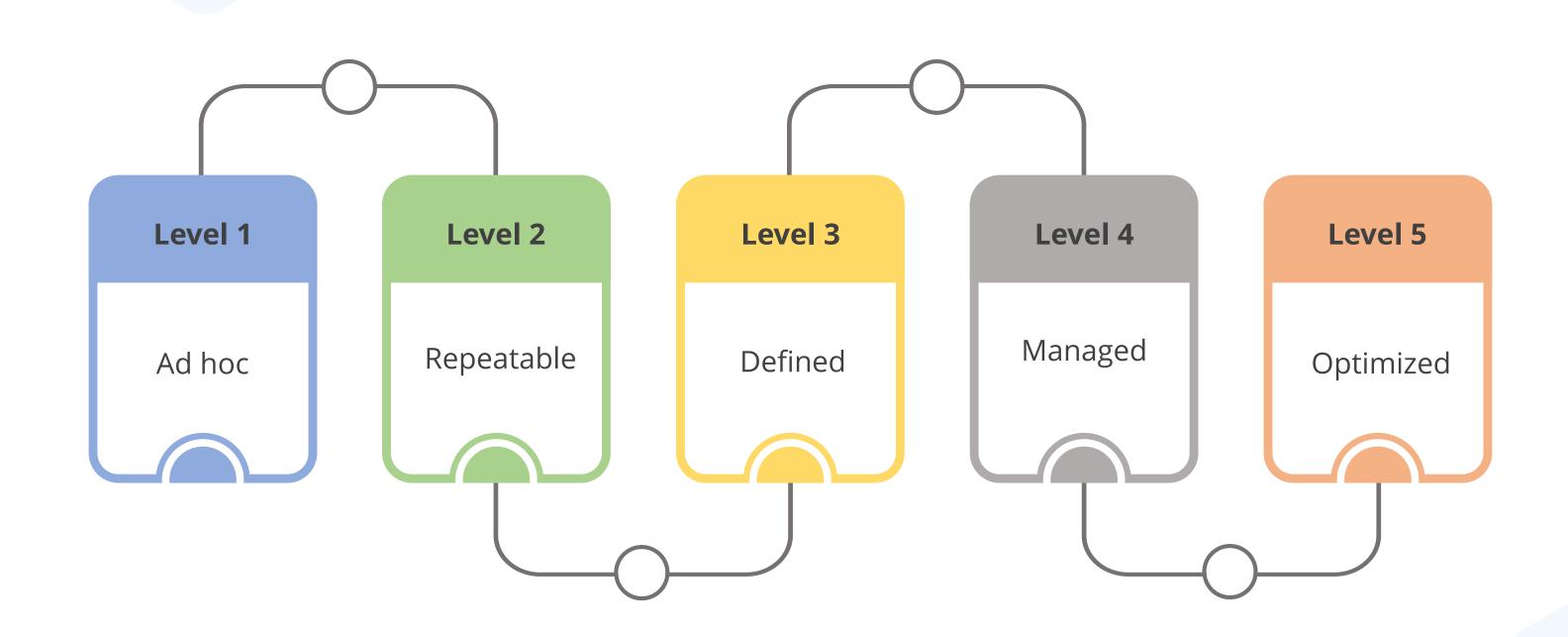
Maturity Model

It helps people assess the effectiveness of a team and identify areas for improvement in terms of Agile practices.



Maturity models typically outline a series of levels that represent the evolution from initial Agile adoption to a fully optimized Agile environment.

Levels of Maturity Model



Why Maturity Model?

It assesses the current state of Agile practices, guides continuous improvement, and ensures alignment across teams for effective scaling.

At regular intervals, the team reflects on how to become more effective, then tunes and adjusts its behavior accordingly.

- Agile Manifesto, Principle 12

Choose a model that allows for flexibility in terms of actual practices applied but focuses on the above principle of Agile methods

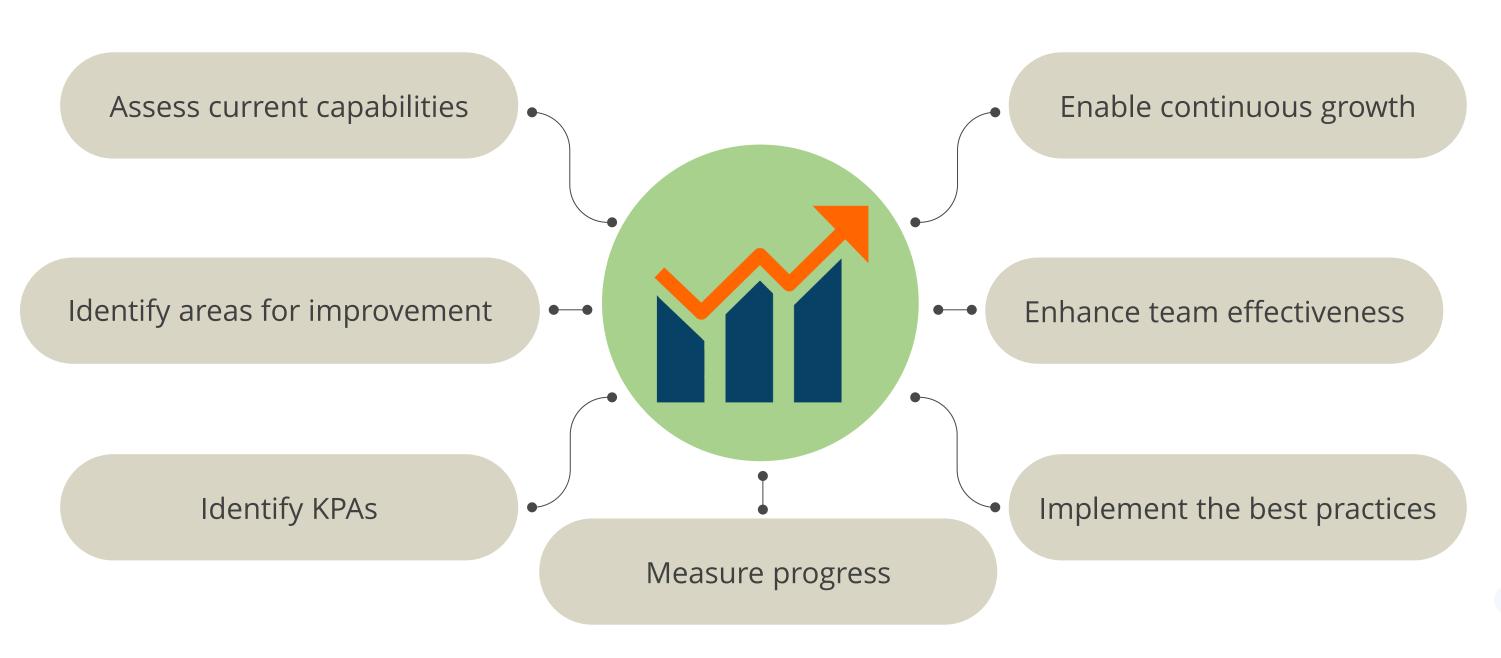
Use of Maturity Model

It helps assess a team's effectiveness and identify areas for improvement in Agile practices, enabling structured and continuous growth.



Use of Maturity Model

The right use of maturity models should:



Different Maturity Models

Some examples of maturity models are:

Model	Levels	Key assessment areas
Generic Agile	L-1: Initial (Ad hoc)	Agile adoption
maturity model	L-2: Emerging (Learning) L-3: Defined (Established) L-4: Managed (Measured) L-5: Optimized (Sustained)	• Consistency
		Measurement
		• Optimization
		 Continuous improvement
Scrum maturity model	L-1: Ad hoc L-2: Doing L-3: Being L-4: Thinking L-5: Excel	Consistency of Scrum practices
		Team collaboration
		 Process standardization
		 Continuous improvement
Agile fluency model	L-1: Ad hoc L-2: Doing L-3: Being L-4: Thinking L-5: Excel	 Fluency in Agile practices
		Business value delivery
		Alignment with business goals
		Continuous improvement

Key Takeaways

- Agile adoption is the process where an organization shifts from traditional project management practices to Agile methodologies.
- Selecting the right pilot project size is important for the success of the Agile project.
- Agile requirements define the specific needs and conditions that a project must meet when following Agile methodologies.
- The maturity model helps people assess the effectiveness of a team and identify areas for improvement in terms of Agile practices.





Knowledge Check

Which of the following is essential in adopting Agile?

- A. Avoiding stakeholder involvement
- B. Emphasizing comprehensive documentation
- C. Selecting the right pilot project size
- D. Maintaining rigid project timelines



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- A. Avoiding stakeholder involvement
- B. Emphasizing comprehensive documentation
- C. Selecting the right pilot project size
- D. Maintaining rigid project timelines



The correct answer is **C**

Choosing the right pilot project size for Agile adoption is important because it allows an organization to test Agile practices on a smaller, manageable scale before expanding them across the organization.

Which of the following actions is crucial for encouraging self-organization within an Agile team?

- A. Imposing strict control over the team's daily activities
- B. Setting up clear boundaries within which the team can operate autonomously
- C. Limiting communication with external stakeholders to avoid distractions
- D. Assigning specialized roles with no overlap in responsibilities



Knowledge Check

2

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- C. Limiting communication with external stakeholders to avoid distractions
- D. Assigning specialized roles with no overlap in responsibilities



The correct answer are **B**

Encouraging self-organization within an Agile team involves establishing clear boundaries that guide the team's operations while allowing them the freedom to decide how to achieve their goals.

What is the primary purpose of using the maturity model in Agile adoption?

- A. To assess and improve an organization's Agile practices over time
- B. To evaluate the financial performance of Agile projects
- C. To provide a detailed project timeline
- D. To establish a fixed project scope



Knowledge Check

3

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- B. To evaluate the financial performance of Agile projects
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- D. To establish a fixed project scope



The correct answer are A

The primary purpose of using the maturity model in Agile adoption is to assess and improve an organization's Agile practices over time.