

## **Implementation of Round Robin Task Scheduling in Both Time Shared and Space Shared CPU**

### **AIM:**

To implement the round robin task scheduling in both time shared and space shared CPU using CloudSim.

### **PROCEDURE:**

1. Create a new project by selecting java console lineapplication template and JDK 18.
2. Open project settings from the file menu of the optionswindow.
3. Navigate to project dependencies and select on add externaljars and then click on 'Browse' to open the path where you have unzipped the Cloudsim Jars and click on apply.
4. Create a java file with the cloudsim code to implement the round robin scheduling algorithm.
5. Run the application as a java file to see the output in the console below.

### **CODE:**

```
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.*;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.core.CloudSim;import java.util.*;

public class RoundRobinScheduler { public static
    void main(String[] args) {
```

```

try {
    int numUser = 1; // number of cloud users
    Calendar calendar =
    Calendar.getInstance(); boolean traceFlag = false; // mean trace
    events

    CloudSim.init(numUser, calendar, traceFlag);
    Datacenter

    datacenter0 =
    createDatacenter("Datacenter_0");

    DatacenterBroker broker = createBroker();
    int brokerId =
    broker.getId();

    List<Vm> vmList = new ArrayList<>();
    int vmId =
    0;
    int mips = 1000;
    long size = 10000; // image size (MB)
    int ram =
    512; // vm memory (MB)
    long bw = 1000;
    int pesNumber = 1; // number of CPUs
    String
    vmm = "Xen"; // VMM name

    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        vmList.add(new Vm(vmId++, brokerId, mips, pesNumber, ram, bw, size, vmm,
        new CloudletSchedulerTimeShared()));
    }

    broker.submitVmList(vmList);

```

```

List<Cloudlet> cloudletList = new ArrayList<>();int cloudletId =
0;
long length = 40000; long
fileSize = 300; long
outputSize = 300;
UtilizationModel utilizationModel = new UtilizationModelFull();

for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
    Cloudlet cloudlet = new Cloudlet(cloudletId++, length, pesNumber, fileSize,
outputSize, utilizationModel, utilizationModel,utilizationModel);
    cloudlet.setUserId(brokerId);
    cloudletList.add(cloudlet);
}

broker.submitCloudletList(cloudletList); CloudSim.startSimulation();

List<Cloudlet> newList = broker.getCloudletReceivedList();

CloudSim.stopSimulation();

printCloudletList(newList);

} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}

```

```

private static Datacenter createDatacenter(String name) {List<Host> hostList =
    new ArrayList<>();

    int mips = 1000;
    int ram = 2048; // host memory (MB) long storage =
    1000000; // host storage int bw = 10000;

    for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
        List<Pe> peList = new ArrayList<>();
        peList.add(new Pe(0, new PeProvisionerSimple(mips)));

        hostList.add(new Host(i, new RamProvisionerSimple(ram), new
BwProvisionerSimple(bw), storage, peList, new
VmSchedulerTimeShared(peList)));
    }

    String arch = "x86"; String os =
    "Linux"; String vmm = "Xen";
    double time_zone = 10.0; double
    cost = 3.0;
    double costPerMem = 0.05; double
    costPerStorage = 0.001; double
    costPerBw = 0.0;

```

```
    DatacenterCharacteristics characteristics = new
DatacenterCharacteristics(arch, os, vmm, hostList, time_zone, cost, costPerMem,
costPerStorage, costPerBw);
```

```
    Datacenter datacenter = null; try {
        datacenter = new Datacenter(name, characteristics, new
VmAllocationPolicySimple(hostList), new LinkedList<Storage>(), 0);
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }

    return datacenter;
}
```

```
private static DatacenterBroker createBroker() {
    DatacenterBroker broker = null;
    try {
        broker = new DatacenterBroker("Broker");
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace(); return
        null;
    }
    return broker;
}
```

```
private static void printCloudletList(List<Cloudlet> list) {String indent
    = "                ";
    System.out.println();
```

```

System.out.println("===== OUTPUT =====");
System.out.println("Cloudlet ID" + indent + "STATUS" + indent +
    "Data center ID" + indent + "VM ID" + indent + "Time" + indent
+ "Start Time" + indent + "Finish Time");

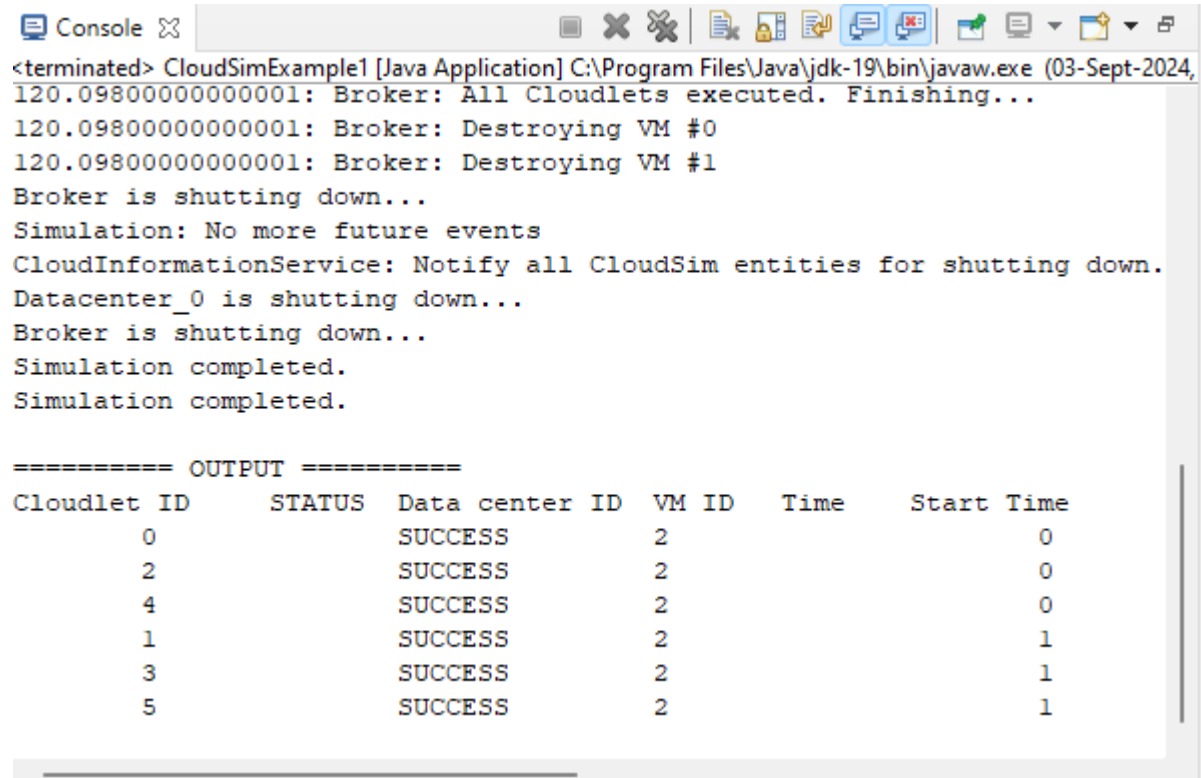
for (Cloudlet cloudlet : list) {
    System.out.print(indent + cloudlet.getCloudletId() + indent + indent);

    if (cloudlet.getStatus() == Cloudlet.SUCCESS) {
        System.out.print("SUCCESS");

        System.out.println(indent + indent + cloudlet.getResourceId()
+ indent + indent + indent + cloudlet.getVmId() +
            indent + indent + cloudlet.getActualCPUTime() + indent
+ indent + cloudlet.getExecStartTime() + indent + indent + cloudlet.getFinishTime());
    }
}
}
}

```

## OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a Java console window titled "Console" with standard Windows window controls. The text inside the console is as follows:

```
<terminated> CloudSimExample1 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\javaw.exe (03-Sept-2024,
120.098000000000001: Broker: All Cloudlets executed. Finishing...
120.098000000000001: Broker: Destroying VM #0
120.098000000000001: Broker: Destroying VM #1
Broker is shutting down...
Simulation: No more future events
CloudInformationService: Notify all CloudSim entities for shutting down.
Datacenter_0 is shutting down...
Broker is shutting down...
Simulation completed.
Simulation completed.
```

Below the text, there is a section header "===== OUTPUT =====" followed by a table with 7 columns: Cloudlet ID, STATUS, Data center ID, VM ID, Time, and Start Time. The table contains 6 rows of data, all with a STATUS of "SUCCESS".

Cloudlet ID	STATUS	Data center ID	VM ID	Time	Start Time
0	SUCCESS	2	2		0
2	SUCCESS	2	2		0
4	SUCCESS	2	2		0
1	SUCCESS	2	2		1
3	SUCCESS	2	2		1
5	SUCCESS	2	2		1

## RESULT:

Thus, to implement the round robin task scheduling using CloudSim is done successfully.