# PROJECT-PHASE 1

# **SMART PARKING**

Creating a smart parking project for ESP32 on the Wokwi platform involves using the ESP32 microcontroller to detect and manage parking spaces, and then visualizing the data on a virtual interface provided by wokwi.here's a step-by-step guide how to create such a project:

#### Components needed:

- 1.ESP32 development board
- 2.Ultrasonic distance sensors(HC-SR04) for each parking space
- 3.breadboard and jumper wires
- 4. Wokwi virtual simulator(<a href="http://wokwi.com/">http://wokwi.com/</a>)

#### **PROJECTS STEPS:**

#### 1. Hardware setup

a. connect the HC-SR04 ultrasonic sensors to your ESP32 board. You will need one sensor per parking space.

b.wire the HC-SR04 sensors as follows

- 1.VCC to 5V on ESP32
- 2.GND to GND on ESP32
- 3. Trig to a digital G PIO pin on ESP32
- 4. Echo to another digital G PIO pin on ESP32
- c. Connect all the sensors in same way, one for each parking space you want to monitor

### 2.Programming

 Write an Arduino sketch for the ESP32 that reads the distance data from ultrasonic sensors

```
""cpp
#include<ultrasonic.h>
Ultrasonic sensor1(GPIO_TRIGGER1,GPIO_ECHO1);
Ultrasonic sensor2(GPIO_TRIGGER2,GPIO_ECHO2);
//add more sensors if needed

Void setup(){
    Serial.begin(115200);
}
Void loop(){
    Long distance1=sensor1.read();
    Long distance2=sensor2.read();
//read distances from more sensors if needed
//process distance data manage parking spaces here
Delay(1000);
//delay for better readability
}
...
```

- b. In the loop function, process the distance data from each sensors to determine whether a parking space is occupied or vacant. you can set a threshold distance to decide when a space is occupied
- c. You may want to use data structure to keep track of parking space status

#### 3. Visualization

- a. Go to the wokwi platform (<a href="http://wowki.com/">http://wowki.com/</a>) and create an account if you haven't already.
- b. Create a new project and select the ESP32 as your target board.
- c. Import the Arduino sketch you created earlier into wowki editor.
- d. Use the virtual interface provided by wowki to display the parking space status.you can use LEDs or any other graphical elements to represents the parking space.

## 4. Testing

- a. Simulate the project on wowki and observe how the parking space status changes based on simulated distance measurements
  - b. Fine-tune your code and interface as needed to ensure it works correctly

### 5. Deployment

Once your smart parking projects works as expected in virtual machine simulator, you can deploy it to a physical ESP32 board

#### 6.Enhancements

Depending on your project requirements, you can add extra features such as mobile app integration for real-time parking updates,data logging and alerts when parking spaces are full or vacant