Linear programming Problem(LPP)

15 January 2021 18:48 To Solve Problems with linear obsective and Constraints. (Obsective and Constraints are Linear equations) - Greneral mathematical model of LPP is of the form Maximize / Minimize $Z = C_1 \times 1 + C_2 \times 2 + \cdots + C_n \times_n$ C, Lz, .. cn - Cot/Profit Coefficient x1, x2, ... xn - decision Variables xi's are non negative S.L. ti - available resources aii - Requiremen $\begin{pmatrix} i = 1, = 1, \cdots \\ J = 1, 2, \cdots \end{pmatrix}$ Maximize Z=2x,+3x22 06) ective for. $2x_1 + x_2 \le 5$ Constraint $2x_1 - x_2 \le 3$ Constraint $x_{11} \times x_2 > 0$ Non negativity Constraint

Feasible solution

- The Values which satisfies the Constraints are Called Seasible Solution.

Optimal Solution

Feasible Solution which maximized or minimizes the objective function is called optimal Solution.

Steps in LPP

- 1) Formulation of LPP
- 2) Solution methods of LPP model.

Formulation of LPP

Example 1: (Reddy Mikks Product mix Problem)

Reddy Mikks Produces both Interior and Exterior Paints from two raw materials M, & M2. The following table provides the basic data of the problem.

Ext-Paint Int-Paint maildit

A market Survey Indicates that the daily demand for interior Paint Cannot exceed that of exterior Paint by more than meton. Also the maximum daily demand for interior paint is 2 tons. Reddy Mikks wants to determine the optimum Product mix of interior and exterior paints that maximizen the total daily Profit.

LPP Model Formulation

Step1: Decision Variables

X1: Tons Produced of exterior

pant daily.

DC2: Tons Produced of Interior Point daily.

Step 2: Objective function

Profit Per ton (in \$ 1000) for exterior paint to 5 and interior Paint is 4. We want to Maximize Profit

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Step 3: Constraints

Two resources: MI & MZ

Total Max availability/day = 24 Requirement: 6 tom of exterior 4 tons of Interior

(a) 6x, +4x2 <24

For MZ: 21+2x2 < 6

Based on Daily Demand

(i) $x_2 - x_1 \leq 1$ $(\omega) - x_1 + x_2 \leq 1$ (ii) $\alpha_1 \leq 2$

Step 4: Non negativity Constraints

X1, X2 >0

: LPP model is

Max $Z = 5x_1 + 4x_2$ S.t. $6x_1 + 4x_2 \le 24$ $3(1 + 2x_2) \le 6$

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