Ex No: 5 TRANSFER LEARNING WITH CNN AND VISUALIZATION

Aim:

To build a convolutional neural network with transfer learning and perform visualization

Procedure:

- 1. Download and load the dataset.
- 2. Perform analysis and preprocessing of the dataset.
- 3. Build a convolutional neural network with transfer learning.
- 4. Compile and fit the model.
- 5. Perform prediction with the test dataset.
- 6. Calculate performance metrics.
- 7. Visualize the data, model and accuracy.

Program:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import os
import tensorflow as tf
physical devices = tf.config.list physical devices("GPU")
if len(physical devices) > 0:
 tf.config.experimental.set memory growth(physical devices[0], True)
# Load the Fashion MNIST dataset
URL = 'https://storage.googleapis.com/mledu-datasets/cats and dogs filtered.zip'
zip path = tf.keras.utils.get file('cats and dogs.zip', origin= URL, extract=True) # extracting
the dataset
PATH = os.path.join(os.path.dirname(zip path), 'cats and dogs filtered') #path of the files
train dir = os.path.join(PATH, 'train')
validation dir = os.path.join(PATH, 'validation')
BATCH SIZE = 32
```

```
IMG SIZE = (160, 160)
train dataset = tf.keras.utils.image dataset from directory(train dir,
                                   shuffle=True,
                                   batch size=BATCH SIZE,
                                   image size=IMG SIZE)
validation dataset = tf.keras.utils.image dataset from_directory(validation_dir,
                                      shuffle=True,
                                      batch size=BATCH SIZE,
                                      image size=IMG SIZE)
val batches = tf.data.experimental.cardinality(validation dataset)
test dataset = validation dataset.take(val batches // 5)
validation dataset = validation dataset.skip(val batches // 5)
print('Number of validation batches: %d' % tf.data.experimental.cardinality(validation dataset))
print('Number of test batches: %d' % tf.data.experimental.cardinality(test dataset))
AUTOTUNE = tf.data.AUTOTUNE
train dataset = train dataset.prefetch(buffer size=AUTOTUNE)
validation dataset = validation dataset.prefetch(buffer size=AUTOTUNE)
test_dataset = test_dataset.prefetch(buffer_size=AUTOTUNE)
data augmentation = tf.keras.Sequential([
tf.keras.layers.RandomFlip('horizontal'),
tf.keras.layers.RandomRotation(0.2),
])
```

```
for image, _ in train_dataset.take(1):
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
first image = image[0]
for i in range(9):
 ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
 augmented_image = data_augmentation(tf.expand_dims(first_image, 0))
 plt.imshow(augmented image[0] / 255)
 plt.axis('off')
preprocess input = tf.keras.applications.mobilenet v2.preprocess input
rescale = tf.keras.layers.Rescaling(1./127.5, offset=-1)
# Load the pre-trained MobileNetV2 model
IMG\_SHAPE = IMG\_SIZE + (3,)
base model = tf.keras.applications.MobileNetV2(input shape=IMG SHAPE,
                           include top=False,
                           weights='imagenet')
image batch, label batch = next(iter(train dataset))
feature_batch = base_model(image_batch)
print(feature batch.shape)
base model.trainable = False
base model.summary()
global average layer = tf.keras.layers.GlobalAveragePooling2D()
feature batch average = global average layer(feature batch)
```

```
print(feature batch average.shape)
prediction layer = tf.keras.layers.Dense(1)
prediction batch = prediction layer(feature batch average)
print(prediction batch.shape)
inputs = tf.keras.Input(shape=(160, 160, 3))
x = data augmentation(inputs)
x = preprocess input(x)
x = base model(x, training=False)
x = global average layer(x)
x = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(x)
outputs = prediction layer(x)
model = tf.keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
# Compile the model
base learning rate = 0.0001
model.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning rate=base learning rate),
        loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(from logits=True),
        metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the model
history = model.fit(train dataset,
           epochs=5,
           validation data=validation dataset)
```

Output:

Found 2000 files belonging to 2 classes. Found 1000 files belonging to 2 classes.

Number of validation batches: 26

Number of test batches: 6



















Model: "mobilenetv2_1.00_160"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
input_layer_1 (InputLayer)	(None, 160, 160, 3)	0	_
Conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 80, 80, 32)	864	input_layer_1[0][0]
bn_Conv1 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 80, 80, 32)	128	Conv1[0][0]
Conv1_relu (ReLU)	(None, 80, 80, 32)	0	bn_Conv1[0][0]
expanded_conv_depthwise (DepthwiseConv2D)	(None, 80, 80, 32)	288	Conv1_relu[0][0]
expanded_conv_depthwise (BatchNormalization)	(None, 80, 80, 32)	128	expanded_conv_depthwi
expanded_conv_depthwise (ReLU)	(None, 80, 80, 32)	0	expanded_conv_depthwi
expanded_conv_project (Conv2D)	(None, 80, 80, 16)	512	expanded_conv_depthwi
expanded_conv_project_BN (BatchNormalization)	(None, 80, 80, 16)	64	expanded_conv_project
block_1_expand (Conv2D)	(None, 80, 80, 96)	1,536	expanded_conv_project
block_1_expand_BN (BatchNormalization)	(None, 80, 80, 96)	384	block_1_expand[0][0]
block_1_expand_relu (ReLU)	(None, 80, 80, 96)	0	block_1_expand_BN[0][
block_1_pad (ZeroPadding2D)	(None, 81, 81, 96)	0	block_1_expand_relu[0
block_1_depthwise	(None, 40, 40, 96)	864	block_1_pad[0][0]

```
Epoch 1/5
63/63 65s 919ms/step - accuracy: 0.5219 - loss: 0.8102 - val_accuracy: 0.7030 - val_loss: 0.5759
Epoch 2/5
63/63 78s 852ms/step - accuracy: 0.6788 - loss: 0.5871 - val_accuracy: 0.8181 - val_loss: 0.4201
Epoch 3/5
63/63 60s 948ms/step - accuracy: 0.7891 - loss: 0.4316 - val_accuracy: 0.8725 - val_loss: 0.3189
Epoch 4/5
63/63 78s 881ms/step - accuracy: 0.8389 - loss: 0.3667 - val_accuracy: 0.8936 - val_loss: 0.2581
Epoch 5/5
63/63 87s 966ms/step - accuracy: 0.8458 - loss: 0.3303 - val_accuracy: 0.9134 - val_loss: 0.2138
```

Result:

Thus the convolutional neural network with transfer learning and visualization is performed successfully