

Ex. NO: 3

24.7.25

Experiments on CISCO Packet tracer (simulation tool)

AIM:

To study the packet tracer tool installation and user interface overview.

To understand environment of CISCO Packet Tracer to design simple network

INTRODUCTION:

A Simulator, as the name suggests, simulates network devices and its environment. packet tracer is an exciting network design, simulation and modelling tool.

1. It allows you to model complex system without the need for dedicated equipment.

2. It helps you to practice your network configuration and troubleshooting skills via computer or an android for Ios based mobile device.

3. It is available for both the linux and windows desktop environment.

4. Protocols in packet traces are coded to work and behave in the same way as they would on real hardware.

Analyse the behaviour of network device using CISCO packet tracer simulator.

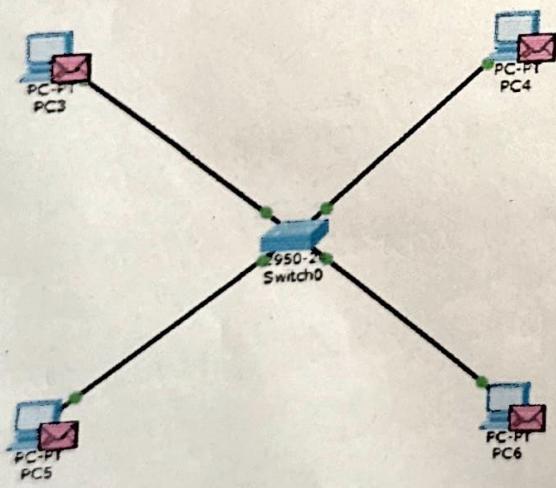
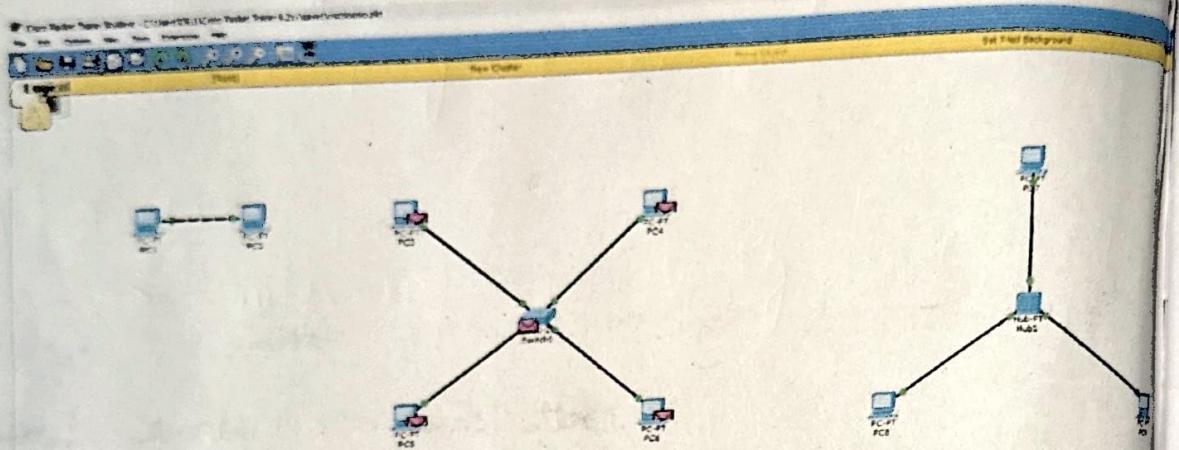
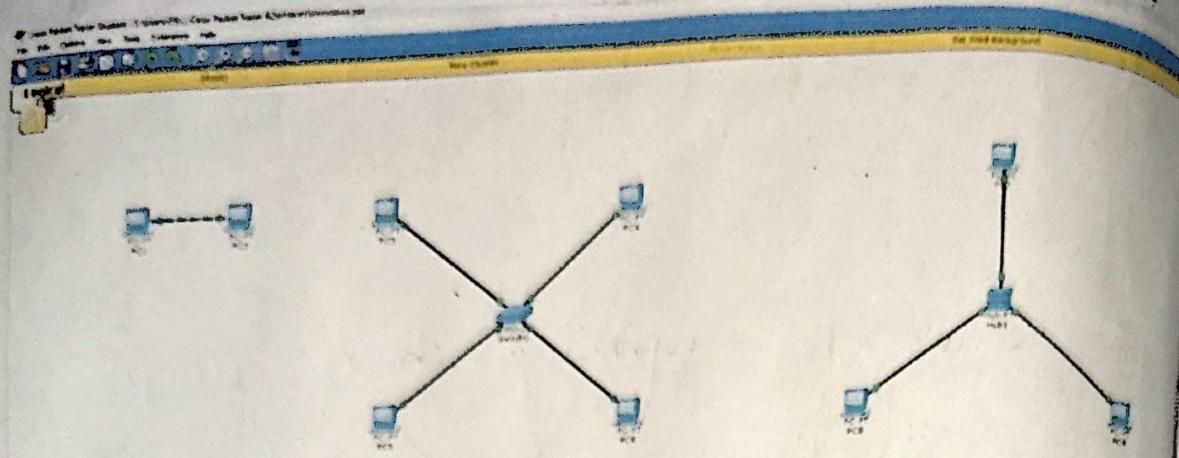
(root volume)

- 1) From the network component box, click and drag and drop the below component
 - a) 4 generic PCs and one HUB
 - b) 4 generic PCs and Switch
- 2) Click on connections
 - a) Click on copper, straight-through cable.
 - b) Select one of the PC and connect to HUB using the cable. The link LED should glow in green, indicating that the link is up. Similarly connect remaining 3 PCs to the HUB.
 - c) Similarly connect 4 PCs to the switch using copper straight-through cable.
- 3) Click on the PCs connected to hub; go to the desktop tab, click on IP configuration and enter an IP address and subnet mask. Here, the default gateway, and DNS server information.

is not needed as there are only two end device in the network.

click on the PDU (message icon) from the common tool bar

- a) Drag and drop it on on PC (source machine) and then drop in on another (destination machine) connected to the HUB
- 4) observe the flow on PDU from source to destination PC by selecting the relationship mode of simulation.
- 5). Repeat step # 3 to step # 5 for the PCs connected to the switch.
- 6) observe how HUB and switch are forwarding the PDU and write your observation and conclusion about the behaviour of switch HUB.



STUDENT OBSERVATION:

a) Form your observation write down the

behaviour of switch and HUB in terms of forwarding the packet received by them.

A switch forwards packets only to the specific device (port) based on MAC address, while a hub broadcast packets to all connected devices.

b) Find out the network topology implements in your college and draw and label that topology in your observation book.

The network Topology commonly used in colleges is star topology, where all devices connected to a central switch or hub.

Switches forward the packet to the destination device based on MAC address.

It is a bus topology where all the nodes connected to a single backbone.

It is a tree topology which is a hierarchical structure.

RESULT:

The packet tracer tool installation and user interface overview is studied.