

SQL

Create Table



Employee

| empid | name | age | salary |
|-------|------|-----|--------|
|-------|------|-----|--------|

each row in a table is called a record

table definition can be described with columns in a table and associated data type (also, constraints) → Schema

Create Table

```
CREATE TABLE tablename (  
    column1    datatype constraint ,  
    column2    datatype constraint ,  
    column3    datatype constraint ,  
    ...  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Employee (  
    empid    int ,  
    name     varchar(255),  
    age      int ,  
    salary   float(9,2)  
);
```

Data Types

int (size)

or

integer (size)

-2147483648 to 2147483647

bigint (size)

-9223372036854775808 to
9223372036854775807

mediumint (size)

-8388608 to 8388607

smallint (size)

-32768 to 32767

Datatypes

bool
or
boolean

0 → false
Non-Zero → true

float(p)

p = 0 to 24 → float
p = 25 to 53 → double

double(size, d)

Data Types

char(size)

Fixed length size \rightarrow 0 to 255

varchar(size)

variable length size \rightarrow 0 to 65535

text(size)

max length 65535

tinytext

max length 255

mediumtext

max length 16 777 215

longtext

max length 4 294 967 295

Data Types

enum (val1, val2, val3, ...)

date

YYYY-MM-DD

date time

YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss

time

hh:mm:ss

year

YYYY

1901 to 2155

Drop table

```
DROP TABLE tablename;
```

```
DROP TABLE Employee;
```


How to see list of tables?

SHOW TABLES;

How to see the structure of a table?

DESCRIBE table_name;