Watch later

Yes. All documents in this collection are identical except for the \_id value.

```
\[ \begin{align*} \text{"_id":"1a", \\ "pet":"cat", \\ "name":"bo" \end{align*} \] \[ \begin{align*} \text{"_id":"4c", \\ "pet":"cat", \\ "name":"bo" \end{align*} \] \[ \begin{align*} \text{"_id":"2a", \\ "pet":"cat", \\ "name":"bo" \end{align*} \] \]
```

- If we insert a new document mongodb generates new ObjectId() → Default value for the \_id field unless otherwise specified.
  - "\_id" unique identifier for a document in a collection.
  - "\_id" required in every MongoDB document .

ObjectId() is the default value for the "\_id" field unless otherwise specified.

How to insert documents into a collection using the Data Explorer.

2. Inserting new documents and errors

In this lesson we used the following commands:

```
mongoimport --
uri="mongodb+srv://<username>:<password>@<cluster>.mong
odb.net/sample_supplies" sales.json
```

Step one: Connect to the Atlas cluster

```
mongo
"mongodb+srv://<username>:<password>@<cluster>.mongodb.
net/admin
```

**Step two**: navigate to the database that we need:

```
use sample_training
```

**Step three**, get a random document from the collection:

```
db.inspections.findOne();
```

**Step four**, copy this random document, and try to insert in into the collection:

```
db.inspections.insert({
```

```
" id" : ObjectId("56d61033a378eccde8a8354f"),
      "id" : "10021-2015-ENFO",
      "certificate number" : 9278806,
      "business name" : "ATLIXCO DELI GROCERY INC.",
      "date" : "Feb 20 2015",
      "result" : "No Violation Issued",
      "sector": "Cigarette Retail Dealer - 127",
      "address" : {
              "city" : "RIDGEWOOD",
              "zip" : 11385,
              "street": "MENAHAN ST",
              "number" : 1712
  })
db.inspections.insert({
      "id" : "10021-2015-ENFO",
      "certificate number" : 9278806,
      "business name" : "ATLIXCO DELI GROCERY INC.",
      "date" : "Feb 20 2015",
      "result" : "No Violation Issued",
      "sector": "Cigarette Retail Dealer - 127",
      "address" : {
              "city" : "RIDGEWOOD",
              "zip" : 11385,
              "street": "MENAHAN ST",
              "number" : 1712
  } )
db.inspections.find({"id" : "10021-2015-ENFO",
"certificate number" : 9278806}).pretty()
```

- in last one we will remove the id so that it is inserted.
- Querying db.inspections.find({"id": "10465-2015-CMPL", "certificate\_number": "9289037"}).pretty()
- 3. Inserting Documents:
  - Insert three test documents:

```
db.inspections.insert([ { "test": 1 }, { "test": 2 },
{ "test": 3 } ])
```

• *Insert three test documents but specify the* id values:

• Find the documents with id: 1

```
db.inspections.find({ "_id": 1 })
```

• Insert multiple documents specifying the \_id values, and using the "ordered": false option.

• Insert multiple documents with \_id: 1 with the default "ordered": true setting

```
db.inspection.insert([{ "_id": 1, "test": 1 },{
   "_id": 3, "test": 3 }])
```

• *View* collections *in the active* db

```
show collections
```

• Switch the active db to training

```
use training
```

View all available databases

```
show dbs
```

Insert multiple documents by using an array:

```
db.collection.insert([{<doc1>}, {<doc2>}])
```

Insert multiple documents by using an array:

```
db.collection.insert([{<doc1>}, {<doc2>}])
```

Use { "ordered": false} to disable the default ordered insert.

Collections and databases are created when they are being used: use tools followed by db.tractors.insert({<tractor doc>}) creates the tools.tractors namespace.

- 4. Updating can be done over Atlas UI we can select object '-' symbol creates new record add the data and click update button.
- 5. MOL:
  - Connect to your Atlas Cluster.

```
mongo
"mongodb+srv://<username>:<password>@<cluster>.mongodb.
net/admin"
```

• Use the sample\_training database as your database in the following commands.

```
use sample_training
```

• Find all documents in the zips collection where the zip field is equal to "12434".

```
db.zips.find({ "zip": "12534" }).pretty()
```

• Find all documents in the zips collection where the city field is equal to "HUDSON".

```
db.zips.find({ "city": "HUDSON" }).pretty()
```

• Find how many documents in the zips collection have the city field equal to "HUDSON".

```
db.zips.find({ "city": "HUDSON" }).count()
```

• Update all documents in the zips collection where the city field is equal to "HUDSON" by adding 10 to the current value of the "pop" field.

```
db.zips.updateMany({ "city": "HUDSON" }, { "$inc": {
"pop": 10 } })
```

• Update a single document in the zips collection where the zip field is equal to "12534" by setting the value of the "pop" field to 17630.

```
db.zips.updateOne({ "zip": "12534" }, { "$set": {
"pop": 17630 } })
```

• Update a single document in the zips collection where the zip field is equal to "12534" by setting the value of the "popupation" field to 17630.

```
db.zips.updateOne({ "zip": "12534" }, { "$set": {
  "population": 17630 } })
```

• Find all documents in the grades collection where the student\_id field is 151, and the class\_id field is 339.

```
db.grades.find({ "student_id": 151, "class_id": 339
}).pretty()
```

• Find all documents in the grades collection where the student\_id field is 250, and the class\_id field is 339.

```
db.grades.find({ "student_id": 250, "class_id": 339
}).pretty()
```

• Update one document in the grades collection where the student\_id is ``250`` \*, and the class\_id field is 339, by adding a document element to the "scores" array.



{"\$inc": {"pop": 10, "<field2>": <increment value>, ... }}
increments field value by a specified amount.

{"\$set": {"pop": 17630, "<field2>": <new value>, ... }} sets field value to a new specified value.

```
{ $push: { <field1>: <value1>, ... } } adds an element to an array field.
```

## 6. Deleting Documents

use sample\_training

• Look at all the docs that have test field equal to 1.

```
db.inspections.find({ "test": 1 }).pretty()
```

• Look at all the docs that have test field equal to 3.

```
db.inspections.find({ "test": 3 }).pretty()
```

• Delete all the documents that have test field equal to 1.

```
db.inspections.deleteMany({ "test": 1 })
```

Delete one document that has test field equal to 3.

```
db.inspections.deleteOne({ "test": 3 })
```

• *Inspect what is left of the* inspection *collection*.

```
db.inspection.find().pretty()
```

• View what collections are present in the sample\_training collection.

show collections

• Drop the inspection collection.

```
db.inspection.drop()
```