PART-B

Program 14

Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16-bits).

Code :

```
def xor(a, b):
    # XOR operation between two binary strings
    result = []
    for i in range(1, len(b)):
        result.append('0' if a[i] == b[i] else '1') return
    ''.join(result)

def mod2div(dividend, divisor): #
    Performs Modulo-2 division
    pick = len(divisor)
    tmp = dividend[:pick]

    while pick < len(dividend): if
        tmp[0] == '1':
            tmp = xor(divisor, tmp) + dividend[pick]
        else:
            tmp = xor('0' * pick, tmp) + dividend[pick] pick
        += 1

    # For the last set of bits if
    tmp[0] == '1':
        tmp = xor(divisor, tmp)
    else:
        tmp = xor('0' * pick, tmp)

    return tmp

def encode_data(data, key): #
    Encode data with CRC
    l_key = len(key)
    padded_data = data + '0' * (l_key - 1)
    remainder = mod2div(padded_data, key)
    codeword = data + remainder
    return codeword, remainder

def check_data(received_data, key): #
    Check received data for errors
    remainder = mod2div(received_data, key)
    return '0' * (len(key) - 1) == remainder

# Main program
```

```
    if __name__== "__main__":
        print("Error Detection using CRC-CCITT (8-bits)")

# Transmitter
        data = input("Enter data to be transmitted: ").strip()
        key = input("Enter the Generating polynomial: ").strip()

        print("\n----------                    ")
        padded_data = data + '0' * (len(key) - 1) print("Data
        padded with n-1 zeros:", padded_data)

        encoded_data, crc = encode_data(data, key)
        print("CRC or Check value is:", crc)
        print("Final data to be sent:", encoded_data)
        print("----------                    ")

        # Receiver
        received_data = input("\nEnter the received data: ").strip()
        print("\n----------                    ")
        print("Data received:", received_data)

        if check_data(received_data, key): print("No
            error detected")
        else:
            print("Error detected")
        print("----------                    ")
```

Output

```
Enter data to be transmitted: 1001100
Enter the Generating polynomial: 100001011

---------------------------------------
Data padded with n-1 zeros: 100110000000000
CRC or Check value is: 0100010
Final data to be sent: 10011000100010
---------------------------------------

Enter the received data: 10011000100011

-----------------------------
Data received: 10011000100011
Error detected
```

```
Error Detection using CRC-CCITT (8-bits)
Enter data to be transmitted: 1001100
cell output actions rating polynomial: 100001011

---------------------------------------
Data padded with n-1 zeros: 100110000000000
CRC or Check value is: 10100010
Final data to be sent: 100110010100010
---------------------------------------

Enter the received data: 100110010100010

-----------------------------
Data received: 100110010100010
No error detected
-----------------------------
```

(36)

2. AIM:- Implementation of CRC.

(37)

Code:-

```
def xor(a,b):
    result = []
    for i in range(1, len(b)):
        if a[i] == b[i]:
            result.append('0')
        else:
            result.append('1')
    return ''.join('result')

def modDiv(dividend, divisor):
    pick = len(divisor)
    temp = dividend[0:pick]
    while pick < len(dividend):
        if temp[0] == '1':
            temp = xor(divisor, temp) +
                dividend[pick]
        else:
            temp = xor('0'*pick, temp) +
            dividend[pick]
        pick += 1

    if temp[0] == '1':
        temp = xor(divisor, temp)

    else:
        temp = xor('0'*pick, temp)

    checkword = temp
    return checkword

def encodeData(data, key):
    l_key = len(key)
    append_data = data + '0'*(l_key-1)
    remainder = mod2div(append_data, key)
    codeword = data + remainder
    print("Remainder :", remainder)
    print("Encode Data (Data + Remainder) :"
          , codeword)
```

data = "1001000"
key = "1101"
encodeData (data, key)

Output :-

Sender Side ----
Remainder : 001
Encode Data (Data + Remainder) : 1001000 1

Receiver Side
correct message Received .

P.T.O

Program 15

Write a program for congestion control using Leaky bucket algorithm.

Code :

```
# Getting user inputs
storage = int(input("Enter initial packets in the bucket: "))
no_of_queries = int(input("Enter total no. of times bucket content is checked: ")) bucket_size
= int(input("Enter total no. of packets that can be accommodated in the bucket: "))
input_pkt_size = int(input("Enter no. of packets that enters the bucket at a time: "))
output_pkt_size = int(input("Enter no. of packets that exits the bucket at a time: "))

for i in range(no_of_queries):  # space left
    size_left = bucket_size - storage
    if input_pkt_size <= size_left: #
        update storage
        storage += input_pkt_size
    else:
        print("Packet loss =", input_pkt_size)

    print(f"Buffer size = {storage} out of bucket size = {bucket_size}")

    # as packets are sent out into the network, the size of the storage decreases storage
    -= output_pkt_size
```

Output

```
Enter initial packets in the bucket: 0
Enter total no. of times bucket content is checked: 4
Enter total no. of packets that can be accommodated in the bucket: 10
Enter no. of packets that enters the bucket at a time: 4
Enter no. of packets that exits the bucket at a time: 1
Buffer size = 4 out of bucket size = 10
Buffer size = 7 out of bucket size = 10
Buffer size = 10 out of bucket size = 10
Packet loss = 4
Buffer size = 9 out of bucket size = 10
```

Cycle 2

AIM:- Implementation of Leaky Bucket Algorithm :

CODE:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
    int incoming, outgoing, bucket_size, n, store=0;
    printf("Enter bucket size, outgoing rate and no. of
        input ");
    scanf("%d %d %d", &bucket_size, &outgoing, &n);
    while(n!=0){
    printf("Enter the incoming packet size: ");
    scanf("%d", &incoming);
    printf("Incoming packet size %d\n", incoming);
    if(incoming <= (bucket_size - store)){
        store += incoming;
        printf("Bucket buffer size %d out of %d\n",
         store, bucket_size);
    } else {
        printf("Dropped %d no. of packets\n",
        incoming -(bucket_size - store));
        printf("Bucket buffer size %d out of %d\n",
         store, bucket_size);
        store = bucket_size;
    }
    store = store - outgoing;
    printf("After outgoing %d bytes left out of %d in
        buffer\n", store, bucket_size);
        n--;
    }
}
```

Output :-

Enter bucketsize, outgoing rate & no. of inputs : 100 20 3.
Enter the incoming packet size : 30.
Incoming packet size 30.

Bucket buffer size 30 out of 100.
After outgoing 10 bytes left out of 100 in buffer.
Enter incoming packet size: 50.
Incoming packet size 50
Bucket buffer size 60 out of 100 -
After outgoing 40 bytes left out of 100 in buffer
Enter the incoming packet size : 80.
Incoming packet size 80.
Dropped 20 no. of packets
Bucket buffer size 40 out of 100.
After outgoing 30 bytes left of out of 100 in buffer.

P.T.O

Program 16

Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client-server program to make the client send the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

Code:

Client.py

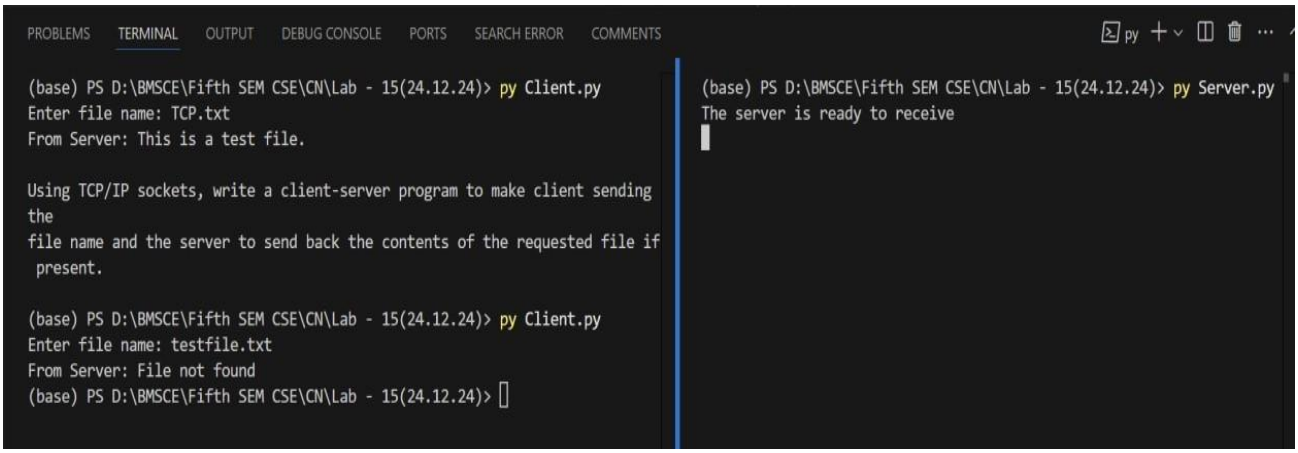
```
from socket import *
serverName = "127.0.0.1"  # Server address (localhost)
serverPort = 12000  # Port number where the server listens

# Create TCP socket
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
clientSocket.connect((serverName, serverPort))  # Connect to server

# Ask user for file name to request
sentence = input("Enter file name: ")

# Send file name to server
clientSocket.send(sentence.encode())

# Receive file contents from server
filecontents = clientSocket.recv(1024).decode()
print('From Server:', filecontents)

# Close the connection
clientSocket.close()
```

Server.py

```
from socket import *
serverName = "127.0.0.1"  # Server address (localhost)
serverPort = 12000  # Port number to listen on

# Create TCP socket
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName, serverPort))  # Bind socket to the address and port
serverSocket.listen(1)  # Listen for 1 connection
print("The server is ready to receive")

while True:
    # Accept a connection
    connectionSocket, addr = serverSocket.accept()

    # Receive the file name from the client
    sentence = connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()

    # Try opening the file try:
```

```
file = open(sentence, "r")  # Open file in read mode
            fileContents = file.read(1024)  # Read file content (up to 1024 bytes)
            file.close()
        except FileNotFoundError:
            # Send error message if file not found
            connectionSocket.send("File not found".encode())

        # Close the connection
        connectionSocket.close()
```

Output



3. AIM: Implementation of TCP/IP.

code:-

client.py

```
from socket import *
serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
clientSocket.connect((serverName, serverPort))
sentence = input("Enter file name:")
clientSocket.send(sentence.encode())
fileContents = clientSocket.recv(6024).decode()
print("From Server:", fileContents)
clientSocket.close()
```

server.py

```
from socket import *
serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName, serverPort))
serverSocket.listen(1)
print("The server is ready to receive")
while 1:
    connectionSocket, addr = serverSocket.accept()
    sentence = connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()
    file = open(sentence, "r")
    l = file.read(1024)
    connectionSocket.send(l.encode())

file.close()
connectionSocket.close()
```

Output:

```
Sender side ---
Sender is ready to receive
client side ----
Enter file Name: hello.txt
From Server: Hello world.
```

Program 17

Using UDP sockets, write a client-server program to make the client send the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

Code:

ClientUDP.py

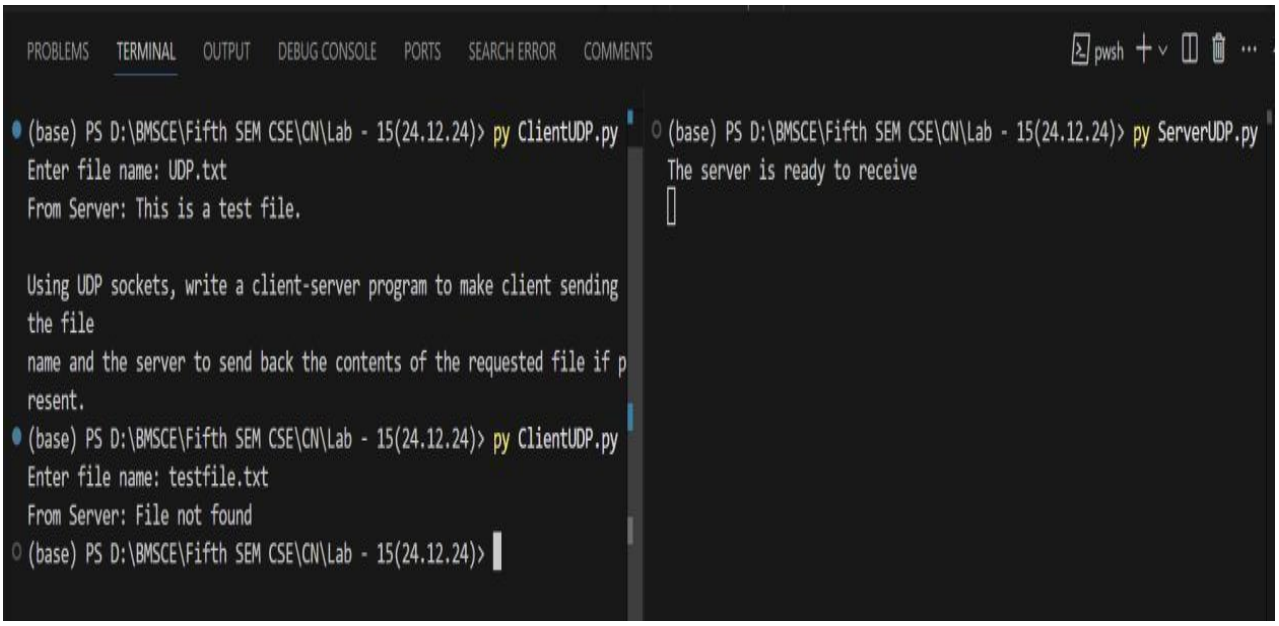
```
from socket import *

serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)

sentence = input("Enter file name: ")
clientSocket.sendto(sentence.encode(), (serverName, serverPort))

filecontents, serverAddress = clientSocket.recvfrom(2048)
print('From Server:', filecontents.decode())

clientSocket.close()
```

ServerUDP.py

```
from socket import *

serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1", serverPort))

print("The server is ready to receive")

while True:
    sentence, clientAddress = serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)
```

```
    try:
        with open(sentence.decode(), "r") as file:
            l = file.read(2048)
            serverSocket.sendto(l.encode(), clientAddress)
            print(f"Sent back to client: {l}")
    except FileNotFoundError:
        serverSocket.sendto("File not found.".encode(), clientAddress)
```

Output



4. Aim:- Implement UDP.

Code:

client UDP.py

```
from socket import *
serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
sentence = input("Enter file name:")
clientSocket.sendto(bytes(sentence, "utf-8"),
    (serverName),(serverPort))
filecontents, serverAddress = clientSocket.recvfrom(2048)
print("From Server:", filecontents)
clientSocket.close()
```

ServerUDP.py

```
from socket import *
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1", serverPort))
print("The server is ready to receive")
while 1:
    sentence, clientAddress = serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)
    file = open(sentence, "r")
    l = file.read(2048)
    serverSocket.sendto(bytes(l, "utf-8"), clientAddress)
    print("Sent back to client:", l)
file.close()
```

Output:

```
Server side . . . .
The server is ready to receive
Sent back to client : hello world

Client side . . . .
Enter file name : hello.txt
From Server : hello world
```