| n. | | | C 11 | | A1 | L | ١ |
|--------|-------|------|--------|------|-----|------|---|
| Please | write | your | EULOII | ment | Num | per, | 1 |

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| | 47 |
| Enrollment No. | 1 |
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END TERM EXAMINATION End-Semester, December 2015

| Subject Code: MCA 101 | Subject: Fundamental of IT |
|--|--|
| Time: 3 Hours | Maximum Marks : 60 |
| Note: Attempt Five questions in all. | |
| Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt one | e question from each of the Units I, II, III & IV. |
| 1. Answer the following: | (2x10=20) |
| Lat What do you understand by Microcomput | A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR |
| (A) Differentiate between system software an | |
| Hey How does internet differ from intranet? | |
| What are signed and unsigned numbers? | |
| Write a note on World Wide Web. | |
| What is CMOS memory? What is its use? | |
| (g) How do you differentiate between plotters | |
| (h) Differentiate between syntax error and log | |
| What do you understand by the term firm | ware? |
| Briefly explain different network types. | |
| LII. | NIT - I |
| 2 | (6,4) |
| (a) What is the purpose of binary coding syste | em? Briefly explain the terms BCD, ASCII and EBCDIC. |
| (b) Discuss the applications of IT in education? | ? |
| | |
| 3. | it and the same an |
| (a) What is information technology? Describe | |
| (b) Perform the following operations: | (3x2=6) |
| (i) Convert (103) ₁₀ to hexadecimal, octal an | nd binary number |
| (ii) Add 143 and 23 in binary | |
| (iii) Show how 48.63 would be represented | 1. un octal |
| LIN | NIT - II |
| <u>s.</u> | (4,3,3) |
| (a) What are optical input devices? Where are | |
| (b) Briefly discuss the importance of cache me | |
| (c) Differentiate between static RAM and dyna | amic RAM. |
| | |
| | (3,3,4) |
| (a) Explain in detail how a touch screen works. | |
| (b) Can a program written in a high-level langu | |
| (c) What are language processors? Explain brie | eny. |
| | |

UNIT - III

(5,5)

(a) In what way are virtual memory and paging used in memory management of multi-programmed operating system? (b) What is a process? Discuss its various states. (4,4,2)Q7. (a) Why is a time sharing operating system used? (b) What do you understand by DBMS? (c) What does the boot sector in a DOS disk contain? UNIT - IV (4,6)Q8. (a) Can extranet be implemented using leased private lines? If yes, what are the problems of doing (b) What are the layers in the TCP/IP protocol? Explain the function of each layer. (5x2=10) Q9. Write notes on the following: (a) Firewall

(b) Inter-networking devices

END TERM EXAMINATION MCA End-Semester, December-2014

| | | Subject: Computer Organization Maximum Marks: 60 |
|---------|---------|--|
| Subject | Code: N | VICA-107 |
| Time: 3 | Hours | Five questions in all. Question No. 1 is compulsory. |
| Note: A | ttempt | (2x10=20) |
| | | (ana) |
| Q1 | 2 | What is the data transfer rate of PCI bus? |
| (; | , | instruction and fidily first detroit |
| (| b) | Distinguish between microllistruction and virtual memory? What is the difference between real memory and virtual memory? |
| (| (c) | What is the difference between real interrupt? |
| (| (d) | What is the difference between Combinational Logic and Sequential Logic? What is the difference between Combinational Logic and Sequential Logic? |
| | (e) | What is the difference between combinational Egyl Why does increasing the capacity of cache tend to increase its hit rate? Why does increasing the capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many |
| | (f) | Why does increasing the capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many |
| | (g) | Why does increasing the capacity of cache tend to increase its increase its memory of 32 bytes, how many In direct-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a capacity of 16KB and a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of 32 bytes, how many Indirect-mapped cache with a line length of |
| | | In direct-mapped cache with a capacity of 16kB and a line length of 16 |
| | | line, and how many bits are used to select the line in the |
| | | data?. |
| | (h) | What is Auxiliary Memory? |
| | (i) | Laturan RISC and CISC. |
| | (i) | Define the terms: Seek time, Rotational Delay, Access time. |
| | (1) | (5,5) |
| Q2 | | Verify whether the expression given below is valid using algebraic method only. |
| | (a) | Verify whether the expression given below |
| | | ab' + bc' + ca' = a'b + b'c + c'a Design a two bit comparator that compares two 2-bit values in whole, rather than one Design a two bit comparator that $X_1 X_0$ and $Y_1 Y_0$, and outputs $X > Y$, $X = Y$, and $X < Y$? |
| | (b) | Design a two bit comparator that compares two 2-bit values in whole, Yes $X = Y$, and $X < Y$? bit at a time. The circuit has inputs $X_1 X_0$ and $Y_1 Y_0$, and outputs $X > Y$, $X = Y$, and $X < Y$? |
| | | bit at a time. The circuit result (5,5) |
| | | |
| Q3 | (a) | Show the hardware including logic gates for the control function that implements the |
| | (a) | Show the flat water instance in the statement $xy^1 T_0 + T_1 + x^1 y T_2 : A \leftarrow A + 1$. RTL statement $xy^1 T_0 + T_1 + x^1 y T_2 : A \leftarrow A + 1$. |
| | (b) | Write and explain types of parallel processor system |
| | 17 | (5,5) |
| Q4 | | Describe the mechanism of an instruction fetching, decoding and execution using flow |
| ٠. | (a) | Describe the mechanism of an instruction reterms, |
| | | chart? What are the functions performed by an I/O interface? Explain with an example. |
| | (b) | What are the functions performed by the function by the functio |
| | | |
| Q! | | Compare and contrast isolated I/O and memory mapped I/O. |
| | (a) | L/O interrupt make more efficient doc of |
| | (b) | (2.5x4=10 |
| | c \\/. | eita a short note on any four of the following: |
| Q | (a) | |
| | (b) | ting |
| | (c) | Gosshar switching. |
| | (d | ' the multiprocessor! |
| | (e | Cook |

END TERM EXAMINATION End-Semester, December 2015

| Subject Code: MCA 103 | | Subject: Problem Solving using C Maximum Marks: 60 | |
|-----------------------|---|--|---------|
| | 3 Hours | ividalii uldi i | .5.00 |
| Note: | Attempt Five questions in all. | question from each of the Units I, II, III & IV. | 1 |
| | Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt one | question from each of the office i, ii, iii & iii | |
| | | | |
| Q1. | Attempt any five | (4 | ×5=20) |
| L 1. | (a) Differentiate between high level and | l low level programming. | |
| | (b) Who created the C programming lan | guage? List few features of C language. | |
| | (c) How linked list differs from array? | | |
| | Differentiate between while loop an | d do-while loop. Give an example also. | |
| | (e) What is Flow Chart? What is maximu | um number of outputs that any algorithm can | naver |
| | What are storage classes in C? Give i | its types. | |
| | | UNIT-I | |
| Q2. | (a) Explain Linux operating system. Give so | me commonly used commands and also stat | e usage |
| <i>X</i> 2. | of these commands. | | (5,5) |
| | (b) Discuss vim editor. | | |
| | | | /· |
| Q3. | (a) Explain various data types available in C. | | (5,5) |
| | (b) Write a programme in C to illustrate use | of get() and put() functions. | |
| | | LINIT II | |
| | | <u>UNIT-II</u> | |
| Q4. | (a) What are pointers? How are they useful? | ? Explain with example. | (5,5) |
| Q4. | (b) Write a programme using pointers to co | mpute sum of all elements stored in an array. | |
| | | * The state of the | |
| Q5. | (a) What is recursion? Write a programme | in C to implement recursion. | (5,5) |
| _ | (b) Differentiate between 'call by value' and | I 'call by reference', in tabular form. | |
| | | UNIT-III | |
| | | | |
| Q6. | (a) What are files? Explain error handling du | uring file I/O operation. | (5,5) |
| | (b) Explain two different dynamic memory a | allocation functions with example. | |
| 1 | 200 | - visting? | (5,5) |
| 97. | (a) What is algorithm? What are its charact(b) Write a flow chart for finding roots of a | eristics: | (3,3) |
| | (b) Write a flow chart for finding roots of a | quadratic equation of the form ax vax of | |
| | | UNIT-IV | |
| | | | (5,5) |
| Q8. | (a) Define structure and union. Explain with | n example. | (3,3) |
| | (b) What are C pre-processor directives? Ex | piain in decail. | |
| Q9. | (a) Explain calloc() and malloc() in detail. Gi | ive syntax also. | (5,5) |
| QJ. | (b) What is the difference between | | |
| | int size; | | |
| | int *arr; | | |
| | scanf("%i",&size); | | |
| | arr = malloc (size * size of (*arr)); | | |
| | | | |
| | and | | |
| | int size; | | |
| | scanf("% i", & size); int arr [size]; | | |
| | int arr [size]; | | |

| (Please write you | Enrollment Number |) |
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| Enrollment | No. |
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END TERM EXAMINATION

| | End-Semester, Decem | ber 2015 |
|------|--|--|
| | bject Code: MCA 107 | Subject: Computer Organization |
| _ | me: 3 Hours | Maximum Marks : 60 |
| Not | ote: Attempt five questions in all. | |
| | Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt one question | from each of the Units I, II, III & IV. |
| Q.1 | | (5x4=20) |
| (a | a) Explain Von Neumann architecture of Computer Syst | em. |
| 6 (0 | b) Explain the difference between master slave and edg | ge triggered flip flop. |
| (0 | c) Discuss the advantage of parallel processing. | |
| 10 | The second secon | |
| Q. 2 | <u>Unit – I</u> | |
| (a | a) Design a 4:1 Mux using NAND gate. | (5,5) |
| | b) Explain three-state bus buffers. | |
| | | |
| Q. 3 | Explain 4-bit arithmetic circuit. | (10) |
| | Unit- II | (10) |
| 2.4 | | (5,5) |
| (a) | Discuss list of register for the basic computer systems | 5. |
| (b) | b) Explain control unit of the basic computer systems. | |
| | | |
| Q. 5 | - V NAVI - 1 - 1 - 1155 | (5,5) |
| (a) | a) What is the difference between a microprocessor an | d a microprogram? Is it possible to design a |
| | inicroprocessor without a microprogram? Are | e all microprogramed computers also |
| /h) | microprocessor? Define the following: | |
| (0) | (i) Micropoeration | |
| | (ii) Microinstruction | |
| | (iii) Microprogram | |
| | (iv) Microcode | |
| | Unit-III | |
| 1.6 | omen | (F.F.) |
| (a) |) Determine the number of clock cycles that it takes to | (5,5) Drocess 200 tasks in a six-segment pincling |
| (b) | Explain DMA controller. | process 200 tasks in a six segment pipeline. |
| | | |
| . 7 | | (5,5) |
| (a) | Explain four possible hardware schemes that can be | used in an instruction pipeline in order to |
| | minimize the performance degradation caused by inst | ruction branching. |
| (b) |) Design a parallel priority interrupt hardware for a system | em with eight interrupt sources. |
| | | |
| . 8 | <u>Unit-IV</u> | |
| | How many 120, 0 DAM I | (3,3,4) |
| (b) | How many 128x8 RAM chips are needed to provide a r | nemory capacity of 2048 bytes? |
| (5) | How many line of the address bus must be used to ac these lines will be common to all chips? | cess 2048 bytes of memory? How many of |
| (c) | How many lines must be decoded for chip select? Spec | sifutho size of the dead |
| ,-, | / mes mast be decoded for chip select? Spec | any the size of the decoders. |
| 9/ | | |
| | Describe in words and by means of a block diagram ho | (5,5) w multiple matched words can be read out |
| | from an associative memory. | w mattere matched words can be read out |
| | Draw a diagram showing the structure of a four-dimens | sional hypercube network. List all the author |
| | available from node 7 to node 9 that use the minimum | number of intermediate nodes |
| | | |