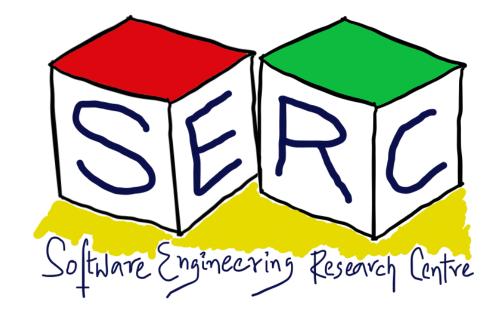
# Designing Microservices

**CS6.401 Software Engineering** 

Dr. Karthik Vaidhyanthan

karthik.vaidhyanathan@iiit.ac.in

https://karthikvaidhyanathan.com





# Acknowledgements

The materials used in this presentation have been gathered/adapted/generate from various sources as well as based on my own experiences and knowledge -- Karthik Vaidhyanathan

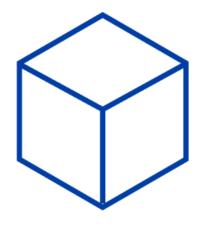
### Sources:

- 1. Building Microservices, Sam Newman, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition
- 2. Various sources from the web that has been duly credited in the respective slide

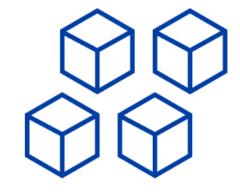


Microservices: Quick Recap

# Moving Towards Microservices



**MONOLITHIC**Single unit



**SOA**Coarse-grained



**MICROSERVICES**Fine-grained



### Microservices: What does it Mean?

"Small autonomous services that work together" -- Sam Newman

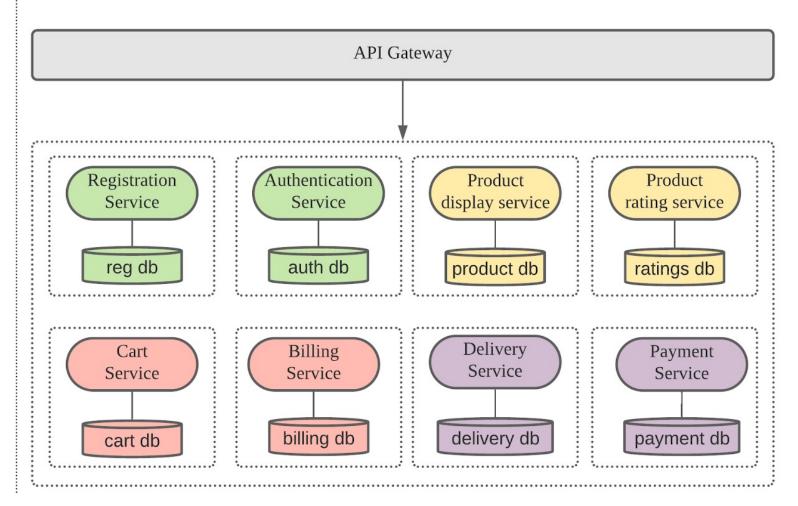
"It is an approach to developing a single application as a suite of small services, each running in its own process and communicating with lightweight mechanisms, often an HTTP resource API" -- Martin Fowler



### Microservices: What does it Mean?

### Monolithic Version HTML/CSS and JS Java/.NET/ User Manager Catalog Order Payment manager manager manager Oracle/MySQL/.. Payment Catalog Order User

### Microservices Version



# Microservices: Key Advantages

### Scaling is Easy

- Scale only the required microservices
- Adding a new feature can be just adding one another microservice

### Heterogeneity

- Each microservice can be developed in different technologies
- Experimenting with new technology is easy

### Resilience

- Only specific microservices goes down
- Grouping microservices as critical and non-critical can be done to add more resilience



# Microservices: Key Advantages

### Organizational Alignment

- Easily distribute teams around microservices eg: Amazon 2 pizza rule
- Minimize people working on one less codebase

### Composability

Easily compose microservices to get new functionality

### Replaceability

- Cost of replacement is small should not take more than 2 weeks
- Imagine replacing a 25 year old legacy system!!

### Ease of Deployment

- Check and rollback easily
- Continuous integration and deployment is easier DevOps!!!



How to identify
Microservices? – Lets go
back to NdR Case

# NdR Case Study









# NdR Case Study

Goal: Develop a microservice based AI-powered event management system for NdR

**Features:** User registration, book venues, book parking lots, provide venue and parking lot recommendation, priority booking based on small payment, check weather

### **Data Sources:**

- Parking mats at entrances and exits of parking lot to get count of cars
- Handheld RFID readers to capture the count of people entering venue
- Cameras at different locations to provide real-time video feed
- People counter at venue exits to count people exiting venue



Microservices – How to Design?

# How to design?

### Follow the principle of bounded contexts

- Identify different contexts inside the main domain [organizational boundary]
- Only share what is important rest remains within context

### Ensure loose coupling

- Minimize coupling between microservices
- Should be easy to change and deploy one without affecting others
- Each microservice needs to know as little as possible about others

### Maintain high cohesion

- Bundle one end to end feature or complete part of it inside one microservice
- Promotes robustness and reliability
- One change should never require change in 10 different places



What are the contexts in NdR?

# Contexts within NdR

IoT

User

Booking

Weather

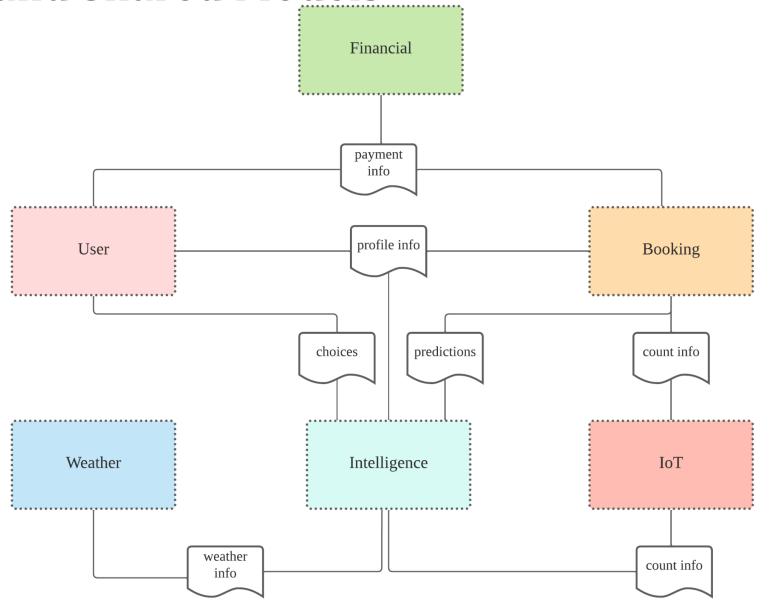
Intelligence

Financial



# Hidden and Shared Models

# Hidden and Shared Models





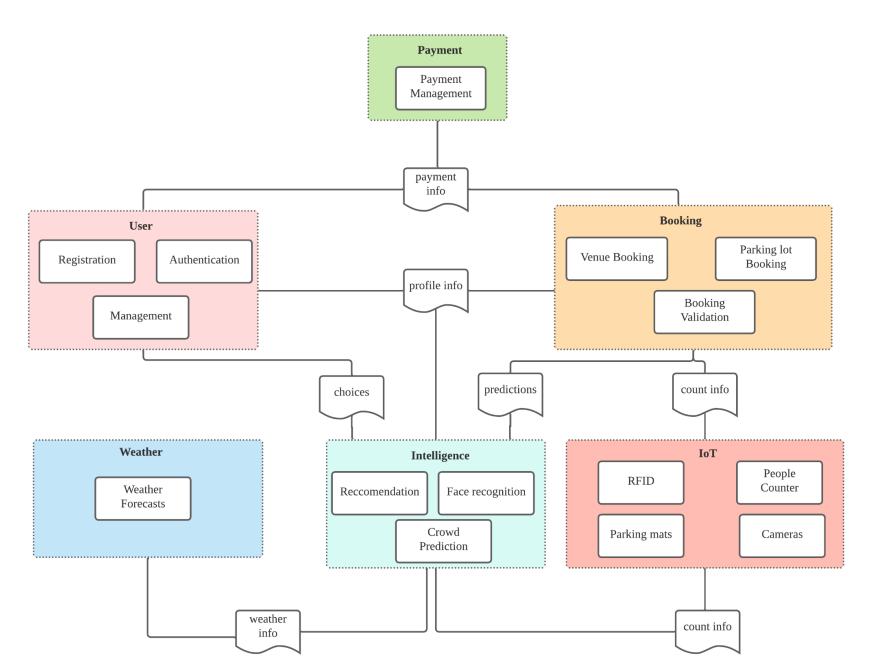
### Shared and Hidden Models

- Identify what needs to be shared
  - Eg: Sharing of information on people and car count to booking context
- Same things may have different meaning in different contexts
  - Eg: Sensor data in IoT context and booking context
- This process will facilitate avoiding of high coupling (Pitfall !!)
- Microservices should never be chatty!
  - Adds to performance issues
  - Lack of cohesion
  - Eg: too many back and forth communication between two microservices



# Modules and Services

## Modules and Services in NdR





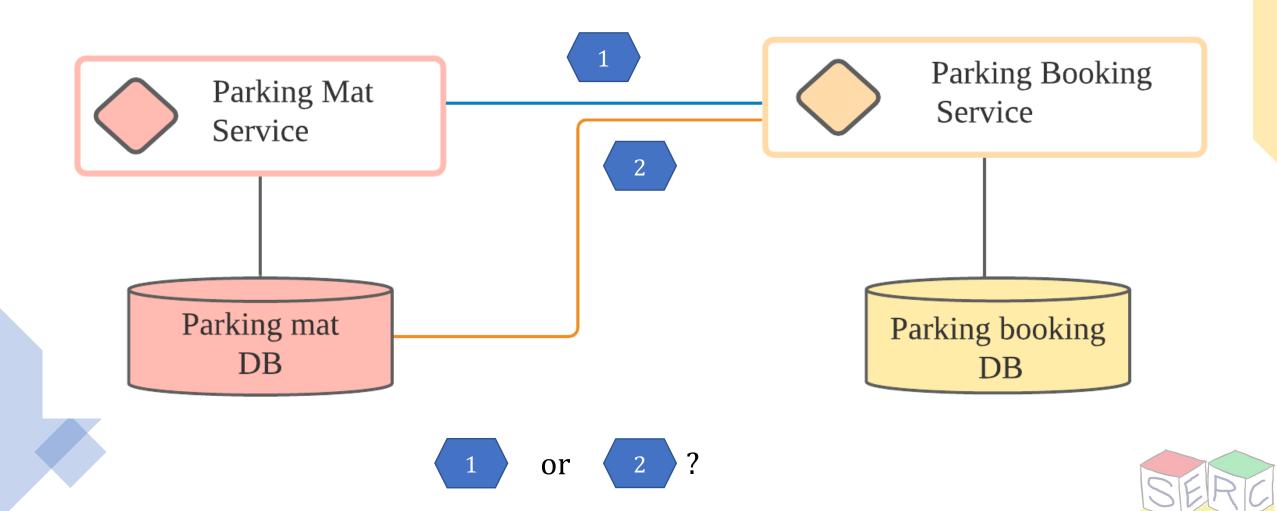
### Shared and Hidden Models

- Seperate the contexts into modules
  - Eg: Recommendation and prediction inside intelligence
- Use the help of hidden and shared models
  - Shared becomes the bridge and hidden becomes the separation points
- The modules becomes candidates for microservices
  - High Cohesion Everything stays within context and modules are independent
  - Loose Coupling Only what is needed is shared
- Avoid premature decomposition
  - Early decisions can be costly (eg: entire IoT as one module)
  - · Re-decomposition may take time, effort and expenditure



# Microservices Integration: Overview

# Integration with Shared DB?



# Shared DB Integration?

### Avoid integration with shared db as much as possible:

- Changing DB schema based on one microservice need affects others
- Affects evolution of system eg: changing from relational to non-relational
- Choice of DB might constrain the choice of language for implementing microservice eg: Java might have more db driver available for MySQL
- Goodbye high cohesion and loose coupling !!!



# Microservices Communication

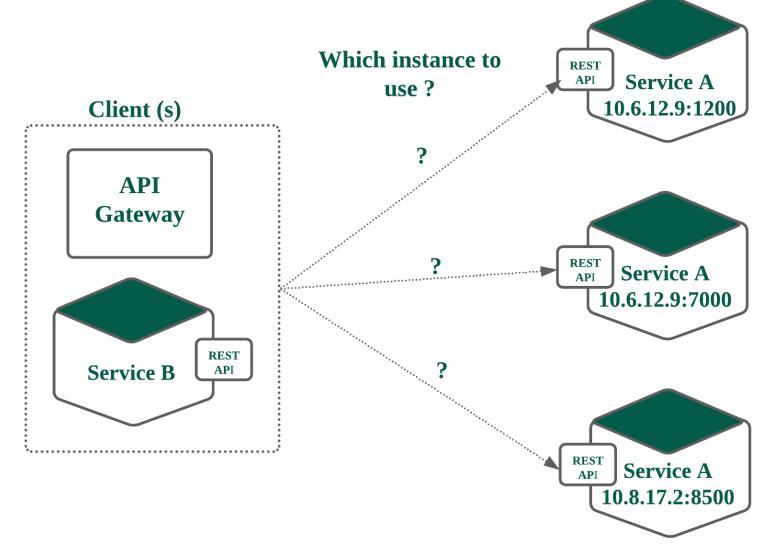
# Many things to Consider

- Synchronous Vs Asynchronous
- Orchestration v Choreography
- REST vs GraphQL
  - JSON vs XML vs Protobuf
- Communication Patterns exist

How do services discover other service instances?



# Service Discovery

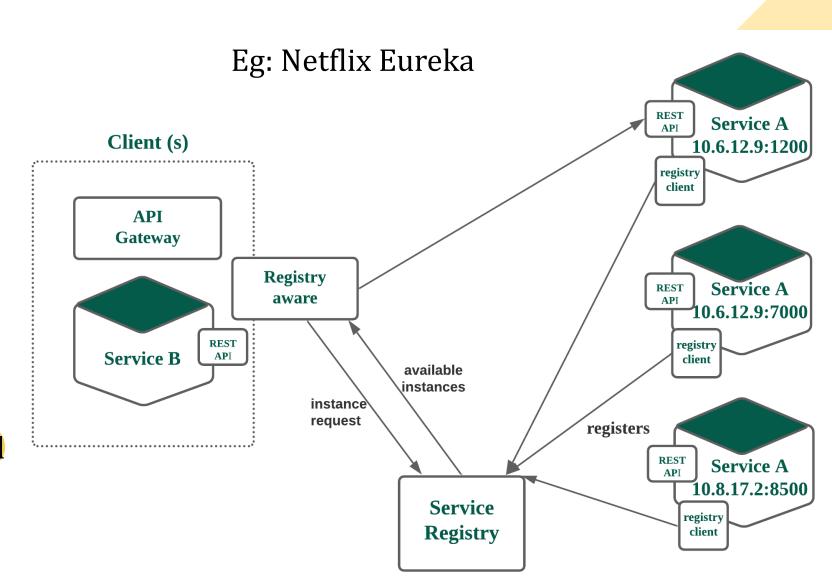






# Client-side Service Discovery

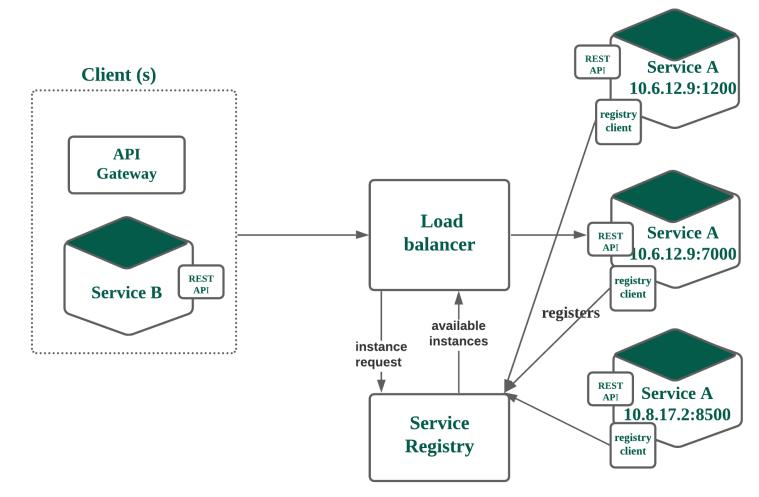
- Each microservice registers itself to service registry (as and when they are available)
- Service registry responds with the instance of the requested service to client
- Fewer network calls (just query service registry)
- Coupling between client and service registry



# Server-side Service Discovery

- Client (s) sends request to API gateway or load balancer
- The load balancer or API gateway uses Service registry to discover services
- Separation of logic from client
- Load balancer needs to be managed and replicated
- Additional network hop

Eg: Amazon ELB, Zookeeper

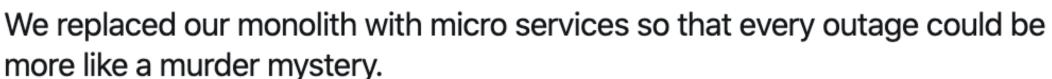


Is Microservice the holy grail?

# Some Funny Quotes but makes sense



Honest Status Page @honest\_update · Oct 8, 2015













Gert de Pagter @BackEndTea · Jan 7 Thanks to **microservices**, our JOINS are now over HTTP.

1 345

Monolith -> microservice but then we need docker, kubernetes, monitoring and what not !!!!

image source: twitter

### **Thank You**



Course website: <a href="mailto:karthikv1392.github.io/cs6401">karthikv1392.github.io/cs6401</a> se

Email: <u>karthik.vaidhyanathan@iiit.ac.in</u>

Web: <a href="https://karthikvaidhyanathan.com">https://karthikvaidhyanathan.com</a>

Twitter: @karthi\_ishere



