

Quantitative Management Modeling

Assignment - 1

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1. Given in the problem,

	S2	Time(min)	Profit/unit
Collegiate	3	45	32\$
Mini	2	40	24\$

35 labours \rightarrow 40 hrs for each

a. Decision variables

$$\text{Collegiate} = x_c$$

$$\text{Mini} = x_m$$

b. Objective function

$$\text{Maximize [Profit]} \quad Z = 32x_c + 24x_m$$

c. Constraints

$$\text{Labour constraints: } 45x_c + 40x_m \leq (35)(40)(60)$$

$$\text{Material Constraints: } 3x_c + 2x_m \leq 5000$$

Non Negativity.

$$x_c, x_m \geq 0$$

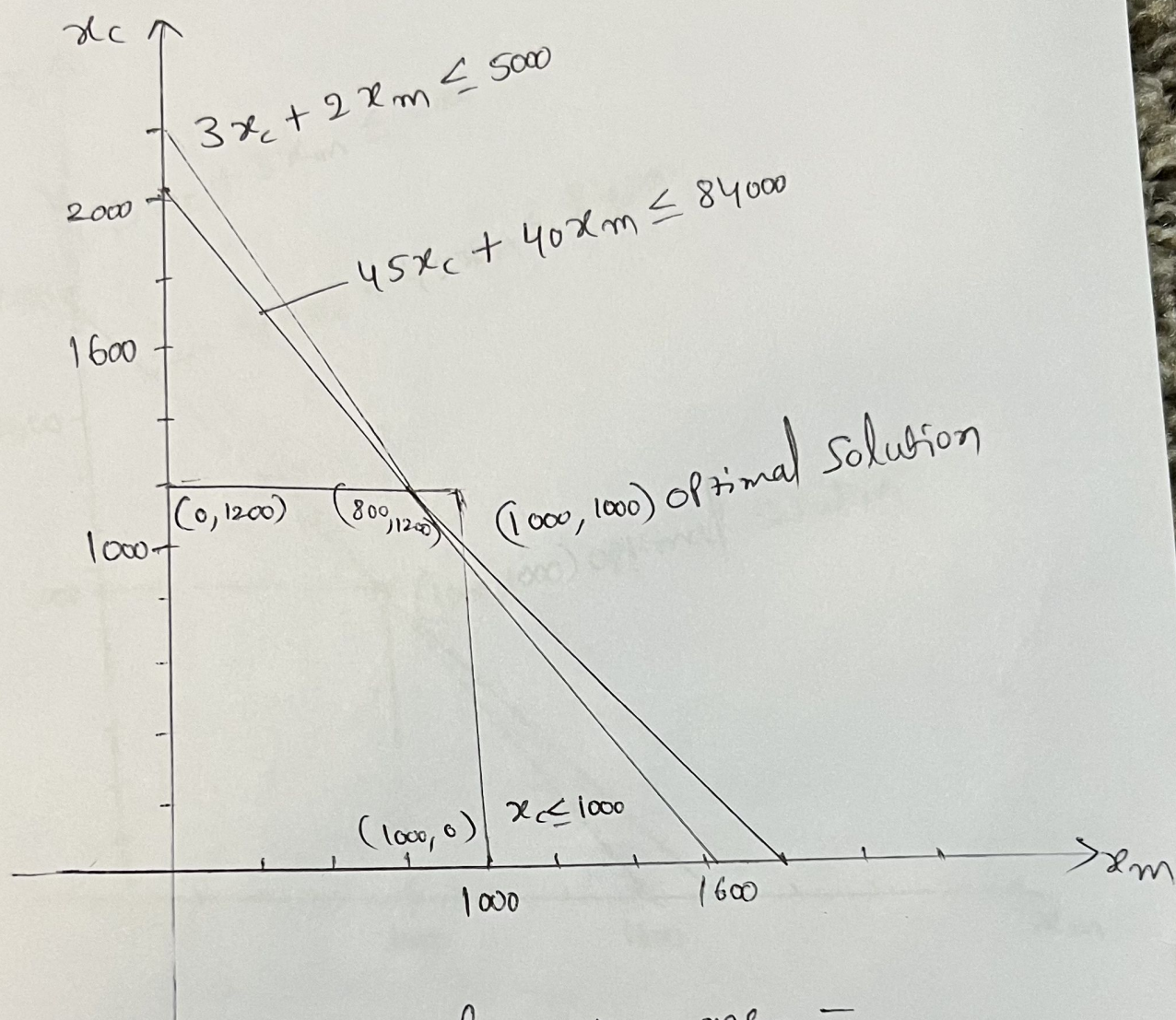
$$x_c \leq 1000$$

$$x_m \leq 1200$$

d. $Z = 32x_c + 24x_m$ (maximize)

$$45x_c + 40x_m \leq (35)(40)(60)$$

$$3x_c + 2x_m \leq 5000$$



Corner points of region one -

$(0, 0)$ $(1000, 0)$ $(0, 1200)$ $(800, 1200)$ $(1000, 1000)$

Merge the value in objective function -

$$Z = 32x_c + 24x_m$$

$(0, 0)$ Then $Z = 0$

$(1000, 0)$ Then $Z = 32,000$

$(0, 1200)$ Then $Z = 28,800$

$(800, 1200)$ Then $Z = 54,400$

$(1000, 1000)$ Then $Z = 56,000$

The optimal solution for this problem is

\Rightarrow 1000 collegiate backpacks per week, 975 minibackpacks / week

2.

a. Decision variables

L = No. of large shirts

M = Number of medium shirts

S = Number of small shirts

b. LP models:

objective function.

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 420L + 360M + 300S$$

$$\because L = L_1 + L_2 + L_3$$

$$M = M_1 + M_2 + M_3$$

$$S = S_1 + S_2 + S_3$$

constraints:

capacity constraint

$$L_1 + M_1 + S_1 \leq 750$$

$$L_2 + M_2 + S_2 \leq 900$$

$$L_3 + M_3 + S_3 \leq 450$$

storage constraint

$$20L_1 + 15M_1 + 12S_1 \leq 13000$$

$$20L_2 + 15M_2 + 12S_2 \leq 12000$$

$$20L_3 + 15M_3 + 12S_3 \leq 5000$$

same capacity percentage constraint

$$900(L_1 + M_1 + S_1) - 750(L_2 + M_2 + S_2) = 0$$

$$450(L_2 + M_2 + S_2) - 900(L_3 + M_3 + S_3) = 0$$

Non Negativity

$$L_1, L_2, L_3 \geq 0$$

$$M_1, M_2, M_3 \geq 0$$

$$S_1, S_2, S_3 \geq 0$$