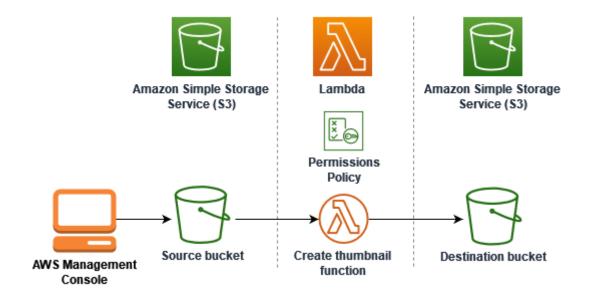
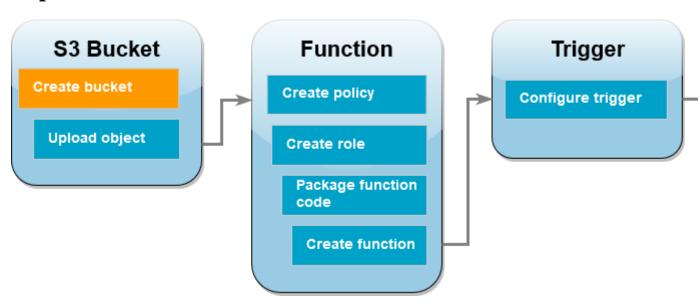
Project 1-Serverless image processing



Step 1- sign in to your aws account.

step 2-Create two Amazon S3 buckets

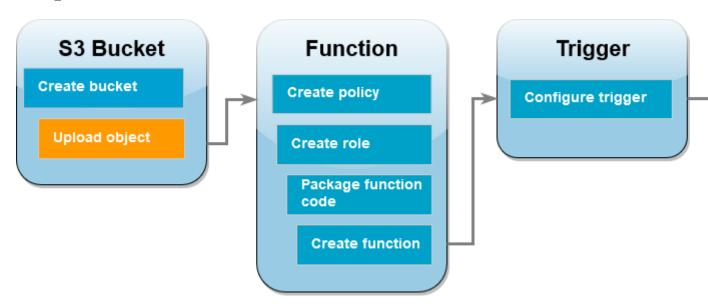


To create the Amazon S3 buckets (console)

- 1. Open the Buckets page of the Amazon S3 console.
- 2. Choose Create bucket.

- 3. Under **General configuration**, do the following:
 - 1. We create our source bucket msmainbucket.
 - 2. For AWS Region, choose the Asia Pacific (Mumbai) south-ap-1.
- 4. Leave all other options set to their default values and choose **Create bucket**.
- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 to create your destination bucket *msresizebucket*.

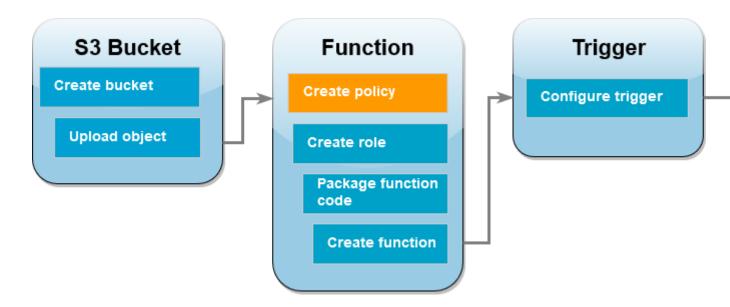
Step 3-Upload a test image to your source bucket



To upload a jpg image to your source bucket (console)

- 1. Open the Buckets page of the Amazon S3 console.
- 2. Select the source bucket you created in the previous step.
- 3. Choose **Upload**.
- 4. Choose Add files and use the file selector to choose the object you want to upload.
- 5. Choose **Open**, then choose **Upload**.

Step 4-Create a permissions policy



To create the policy (console)

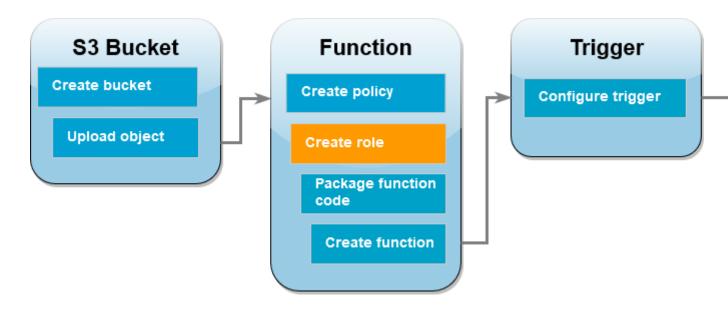
- 1. Open the Policies page of the AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) console.
- 2. Choose **Create policy**.
- 3. Choose the **JSON** tab, and then paste the following custom policy into the JSON editor.

```
4. {
5.
      "Version": "2012-10-17",
      "Statement": [
6.
7.
           {
8.
               "Effect": "Allow",
9.
               "Action": [
                     "logs:PutLogEvents",
10.
                     "logs:CreateLogGroup",
11.
12.
                     "logs:CreateLogStream"
13.
                ],
                "Resource": "arn:aws:logs:*:*:*"
14.
```

```
15.
            } ,
16.
            {
                "Effect": "Allow",
17.
18.
                "Action": [
                     "s3:GetObject"
19.
20.
                ],
                "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::msmainbucket/*"
21.
22.
            },
23.
            {
                "Effect": "Allow",
24.
25.
                "Action": [
                     "s3:PutObject"
26.
27.
                ],
                "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::msresizebucket/*"
28.
29.
            }
30.
       1
```

- 31. Choose Next.
- 32. Under Policy details, for Policy name, enter resizepolicy.
- 33. Choose Create policy.

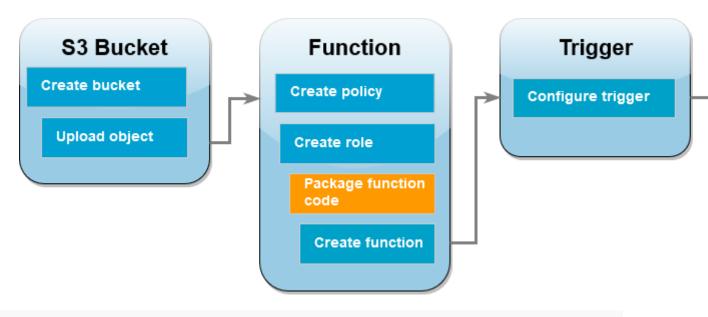
Step 5-Create an execution role



To create an execution role and attach your permissions policy (console)

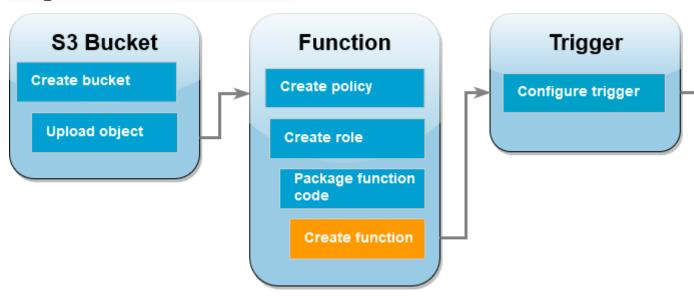
- 1. Open the Roles page of the (IAM) console.
- 2. Choose **Create role**.
- 3. select AWS service, and for Use case, select Lambda.
- 4. Choose **Next**.
- 5. Add the permissions policy you created in the previous step by doing the following:
 - 1. In the policy search box, enter **resize policy** and choose it.
 - 2. Choose Next.
- 6. Under Role details, for the Role name enter resizerole.
- 7. Choose **Create role**.

Step 6-Create the function deployment package



1. We create function.zip file.

Step 7-Create the Lambda function



To create the function (console)

- 1. 1. Open the Functions page of the Lambda console.
- 2. 2. Choose **Create function**.
- 3. 3. Choose **Author from scratch**.
- 4. 4. Under **Basic information**, do the following:
- a. 5. For **Function name**, enter **resizelambda**.
- b. 6. For **Runtime**choose either **Node.js 18.x**.
- c. 7. For **Architecture**, choose **x86_64**.
- 5. 8. In the **Change default execution role** tab, do the following:
- a. 9. Expand the tab, then choose **Use an existing role**.

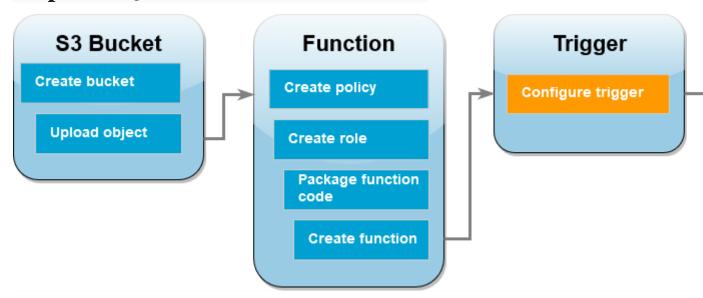
- b. 10. Select the *resizerole* you created earlier.
- 6. 11. Choose **Create function**.

7.

Step 8-To upload the function code (console)

- 1. 1. In the Code source pane, choose Upload from.
- 2. 2. Choose .zip file.
- 3. 3. Choose **Upload**.
- 4. 4. In the file selector, select your .zip file and choose **Open**.
- 5. 5. Choose Save.

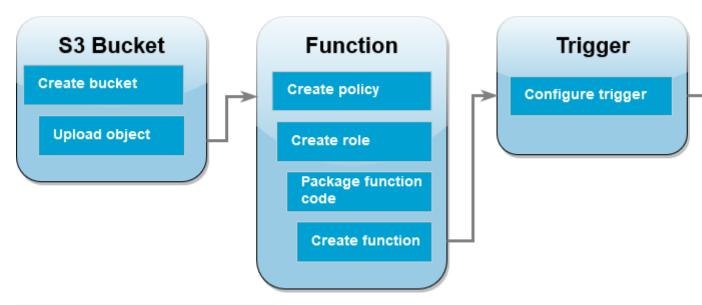
Step 9-Configure Amazon S3 to invoke the function



To configure the Amazon S3 trigger (console)

- 1. Open the Functions page of the Lambda console and choose your function (CreateThumbnail).
- 2. Choose **Add trigger**.
- 3. Select **S3**.
- 4. Under **Bucket**, select your source bucket.
- 5. Set all options are as default.
- 6. Choose save.

Test your Lambda function with a dummy event



To test your Lambda function with a dummy event (console)

- Open the Functions page of the Lambda console and choose your function (resizelambda).
- Choose the **Test** tab.
- To create your test event, in the **Test event** pane, do the following:
 - o Under Test event action, select Create new event.
 - o For Template, select S3 Put.
 - o Replace the values for the following parameters with your own values.
 - For awsRegion, replace us-east-1 with the AWS Region you created your Amazon S3 buckets in.
 - For name, replace DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET with the name of your own Amazon S3 source bucket.
 - For key, replace test%2Fkey with the filename of the test object you uploaded to your source bucket in the step Upload a test image to your source bucket.

```
a. "Records": [
b. {
c. "eventVersion": "2.0",
d. "eventSource": "aws:s3",
e. "awsRegion": "south-ap-1",
```

```
f.
          "eventTime": "1970-01-01T00:00:00.000Z",
          "eventName": "ObjectCreated:Put",
g.
          "userIdentity": {
h.
            "principalId": "EXAMPLE"
i.
j.
          },
k.
          "requestParameters": {
            "sourceIPAddress": "127.0.0.1"
1.
m.
          },
          "responseElements": {
n.
            "x-amz-request-id": "EXAMPLE123456789",
ο.
            "x-amz-id-2":
р.
   "EXAMPLE123/5678abcdefghijklambdaisawesome/mnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGH"
q.
          },
          "s3": {
r.
            "s3SchemaVersion": "1.0",
s.
            "configurationId": "testConfigRule",
t.
            "bucket": {
u.
               "name": "msmainbucket",
٧.
               "ownerIdentity": {
W.
                 "principalId": "EXAMPLE"
х.
у.
               },
               "arn": "arn:aws:s3:::msmainbucket"
z.
                     },
aa.
                     "object": {
bb.
```

```
cc. "key": "SampleJPGImage_100kbmb.jpg",

dd. "size": 1024,

ee. "eTag": "0123456789abcdef0123456789abcdef",

ff. "sequencer": "0A1B2C3D4E5F678901"

gg. }

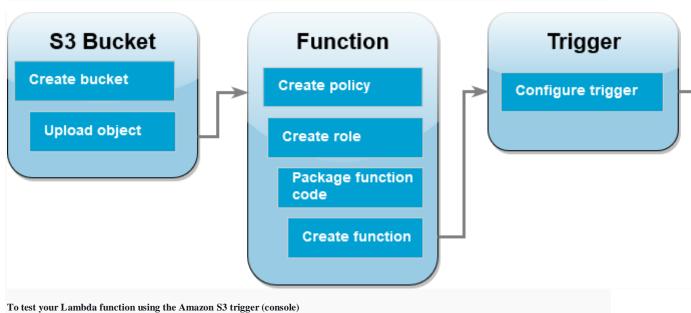
hh. }

ii. }

jj. ]
```

- o Choose Save.
- In the **Test event** pane, choose **Test**.
- To check the your function has created a resized verison of your image and stored it in your target Amazon S3 bucket, do the following:
 - o Open the Buckets page of the Amazon S3 console.
 - Choose your target bucket and confirm that your resized file is listed in the **Objects** pane.

Step 10-Test your function using the Amazon S3 trigger



- 1. To upload an image to your Amazon S3 bucket, do the following:
- 2. Open the Buckets page of the Amazon S3 console and choose your source bucket.
- 3. Choose **Upload**.
- 4. Choose **Add files** and use the file selector to choose the image file you want to upload. Your image object can be any .jpg or .png file.
- 5. Choose **Open**, then choose **Upload**.
- 6. Verify that Lambda has saved a resized version of your image file in your target bucket by doing the following:
- 7. Navigate back to the Buckets page of the Amazon S3 console and choose your destination bucket.
- 8. In the **Objects** pane, you should now see two resized image files, one from each test of your Lambda function. To download your resized image, select the file, then choose **Download**.