```
Script started on 2021-02-24 12:08:10-0600
m sadaf1@ares:~$ pwd
/home/students/m sadaf1
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat map.info
Name: Madiha Sadaf
Class: CSC122 W01
Project: "Map it out"
Option: Added a third class to manage the city list.
Level: 4
Level: +2
Total Level: 6
Description:
This program allows a user to to enter a city's name and
coordinates to calculate the distance between them on a map.
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat city main.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <cmath>
#include <vector>
#include "citv.h"
#include "city list.h"
#include "input prot.h"
#include "point.h"
using namespace std;
// Strings
const string prompt = "Select an option: ";
const string error prompt = "Invalid input.";
const string menu =
        " Choose your option: \n\n"
        "1: Enter city information \n"
        "2: Calculate distance between two cities \n"
        "3: Print all cities \n"
        "4: Quit \n";
const string menu choices =
        "1Fe"
                  // Enter city
        "2Cc"
                  // Calculate distance
        "3Pp"
                  // Print cities
        "40a";
                  // Quit program
int main()
    cout << "\t\t\tWelcome to the Distance Calc Program! \n";</pre>
    char choice:
    bool done = false;
    vector<char> input list;
```

```
vector<char> yes no;
input char("YyNn", yes no);
input char(menu choices, input list);
City list city list;
while (!done)
    cout << menu << endl;</pre>
    input prot(choice, input list, prompt, error prompt);
    switch (choice)
        case '1': case 'E': case 'e':
            Point location;
            string name;
            cout << "Enter city name: ";</pre>
            cin.clear();
            cin.ignore();
            getline(cin, name);
            cout << "Enter coordinates ([x-coordinate],"</pre>
                     "[y-coordinate]): ";
            location.input();
            City c(location, name);
            bool added = city list.add city(c);
            if (added)
                 cout << "'" << name << " added.":</pre>
            else
                 cout << "List is complete.\n";</pre>
                 input prot(choice, yes no,
                         "Would you like to overwrite"
                         " a city? Y/N: ", error prompt);
                 if (choice == 'n' || choice == 'N')
                     cout << " Cancelled.\n";</pre>
                 else
                     city list.list cities("");
                     long pos;
                     input prot(pos, 1, city list.
                              get list length(), "Choose "
                              "a city to overwite: ",
                              error prompt);
                     pos - - ;
                     cout << city list.get city(pos)</pre>
                              .get name() <<</pre>
                              " overwritten.";
                     city list.set city(pos, c);
```

```
}
    break;
case '2': case 'C': case 'c':
    if ((city list.get list length()) < 2)</pre>
        cout << "You need at least two cities to "</pre>
                 "calculate the distance.\n";
    else if ((city list.get list length()) == 2)
        cout << "Distance between the two cities "
                 "is: ";
        cout << city list.get city(0)</pre>
                 .get distance(city list.get city
                 (1));
    else
        city list.list cities("");
        long pos 1;
        input prot(pos 1, 1, city list
                 .get list length(), "Enter the "
                 "POSITION (not coordinates) of "
                 "the first city: ",
                error prompt);
        // bool done = false:
        long pos 2;
        while (!done)
            input prot(pos 2, 1, city list
                 .get list length(), "Enter the "
                 "POSITION (not coordinates) of "
                 "the second city: ",
                 error prompt);
            if (pos 2 == pos 1)
                cout << "You cannot input the "</pre>
                         "same position.\n";
            else
                done = true;
        cout << "Distance: ";</pre>
        cout << (city list.get city(pos 1 - 1))</pre>
                 .get distance(city list.get city
                 (pos 2 - 1));
    break;
```

```
case '3': case'P': case'p':
                city list.list cities("No cities inputted.");
                break;
            case '4': case '0': case'q':
                    cout << "Bye!\n";</pre>
                    done = true;
                    break;
                default:
                    cout << error prompt;</pre>
            } // switch end
        } // while (!done) end
        return 0;
    }
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat city.cpp
#include "point.h"
#include "citv.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
// Accessors
Point City::get location() const
    return location;
string City::get name() const
    return name;
}
double City::get distance(const City & other) const
    return location.distance(other.location);
// Mutators
void City::set location(Point c loc)
```

```
location = c loc;
void City::set name(string c name)
   name = c name;
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat input prot.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include "input prot.h"
#include <vector>
#include <cmath>
#include <limits>
using namespace std;
void input prot(long & input, const string & prompt,
        const string & error prompt)
    bool complete = false;
   while (complete == false)
        cout << prompt;</pre>
        cin >> input;
        if (cin.peek() != '\n') //Any extra character
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
            cin.clear();
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                    max(), '\n');
            complete = false;
        else if (cin.fail())
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
            cin.clear();
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                    max(), '\n');
            complete = false;
        }
        else
            complete = true;
void input prot(long & input, const long & bounce,
        const string & prompt, const string & error prompt,
        const bool & bounce max)
{
```

```
bool complete = false;
    while (complete == false)
        cout << prompt;</pre>
        cin >> input;
        if (cin.peek() != '\n')
             cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
             cin.clear();
             cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                     max(), '\n');
             complete = false;
        else if (cin.fail())
             cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
             cin.clear();
             cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                     max(), '\n');
                     complete = false;
        else if (!bounce max) // Value is min
            if (input < bounce)</pre>
                 cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
                 cin.clear();
                 cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                     max(), '\n');
                 complete = false;
            else
                 complete = true;
        else // Value is max
            if (input > bounce)
                 cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
                 cin.clear();
                 cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                     max(), '\n');
                 complete = false;
            else
                 complete = true;
    }
}
```

```
void input prot(long & input, const long & min,
        const long & max, const string & prompt,
        const string & error prompt)
    bool complete = false;
    while (complete == false)
        cout << prompt;</pre>
        cin >> input;
        if (cin.peek() != '\n')
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
            cin.clear();
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                    max(), '\n');
            complete = false;
        else if (cin.fail())
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
            cin.clear();
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                    max(), '\n');
                    complete = false;
        else if (input < min || input > max)
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
            cin.clear():
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                    max(), '\n');
            complete = false;
        }
        else
            complete = true;
void input prot(long & input, const vector<long> & list,
        const string & prompt, const string & error prompt)
    bool complete = false;
    while (!complete)
        input prot(input, prompt, error prompt);
        for (vector<long>::size type pos = 0; pos <</pre>
                list.size(); pos++)
            if (input == list[pos]) // If found in list, search is over
                complete = true:
```

```
if (!complete)
             cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
}
void input prot(double & input, const string & prompt,
        const string & error prompt)
{
    bool complete = false:
    while (complete == false)
        cout << prompt;</pre>
        cin >> input;
        if (cin.peek() != '\n')
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
             cin.clear();
             cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                     max(), '\n');
             complete = false;
        else if (cin.fail())
             cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
             cin.clear();
             cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                     \max(), ' n');
             complete = false;
        else
             complete = true;
    }
void input prot(double & input, const double & bounce,
        const string & prompt, const string & error prompt,
        const bool & bounce max)
{
    bool complete = false;
    while (complete == false)
        cout << prompt;</pre>
        cin >> input;
        if (cin.peek() != '\n')
             cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
             cin.clear();
             cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                     max(), '\n');
```

```
complete = false;
        else if (cin.fail())
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
            cin.clear();
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                     max(), '\n');
            complete = false;
        else if (!bounce max)
            if(input < bounce)</pre>
                 cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
                 cin.clear();
                 cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::
                     max(), '\n');
                 complete = false;
            else
                 complete = true;
        else //Value is max
            if (input > bounce)
                 cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
                 cin.clear();
                 cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                     max(), '\n');
                 complete = false;
            }
            else
                 complete = true;
void input prot(double & input, const double & min,
        const double max, const string & prompt,
        const string & error prompt)
    bool complete = false;
    while (complete == false)
        cout << prompt;</pre>
        cin >> input;
        if (cin.peek() != '\n')
```

```
cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
            cin.clear();
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                    max(), '\n');
            complete = false;
        else if (cin.fail())
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
            cin.clear();
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                    \max(), ' n');
            complete = false;
        else if (input < min || input > max)
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
            cin.clear();
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                    max(), '\n');
            complete = false;
        else
            complete = true;
    }
void input prot(double & input, const vector<double> & list,
        const string & prompt, const string & error prompt)
{
    bool complete = false;
    while (complete == false)
        input prot(input, prompt, error prompt);
        for (vector<double>::size type pos = 0; pos <
                list.size(); pos++)
            if (fabs((input - list[pos])) < 1e-6) // If found in list, search is or
                complete = true;
        if (!complete)
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
}
void input prot(char & input, const string & prompt,
        const string & error prompt)
{
```

```
bool complete = false;
    while(!complete)
        cout << prompt;</pre>
        cin >> input;
        if (cin.peek() != '\n')
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
            cin.clear();
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::
                     max(), '\n');
            complete = false:
        else
            complete = true;
void input prot(char & input, const vector<char> & list,
        const string & prompt, const string & error prompt)
    bool complete = false;
    while(complete == false)
        input prot(input, prompt, error prompt);
        for (vector<char>::size type pos = 0;
                pos < list.size(); pos++)</pre>
            if (input == list[pos])
                 complete = true;
        if (!complete)
            cerr << error prompt << endl;</pre>
// Adds string to vector
void input char(const string & input,
        vector<char> & list)
    for (string::size type pos = 0; pos < input.length();</pre>
            pos++)
        list.push back(input[pos]);
   }
```

```
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat city list.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include "city.h"
#include "city list.h"
using namespace std;
City City list::get city(vector<City>::size type
        index) const
    return city list[index];
}
void City list::list cities(const string & error) const
    if (city list.size() > 0) // Checks if list is not empty
        for (vector<City>::size type pos = 0; pos <
                city list.size(); pos++)
            cout << pos + 1 << ": ";
            cout << get city(pos).get name() << " at ";</pre>
            (city list[pos].get location()).output();
            cout << ".\n";
    }
    else // List is empty
        cerr << error << endl;</pre>
}
void City list::set city(vector<City>::size type index,
        const City & other city)
    city list[index] = other city;
bool City list::add city(const City & other city)
    bool added;
    if (city list.size() < max cities)</pre>
        city list.push back(other city);
        added = true:
    else
        added = false;
    return added;
vector<City>::size type City list::get list length() const
```

```
return city list.size();
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat city point.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
#include "point.h"
using namespace std;
// Reads 2D point notation (x,y)
void Point::input(void)
    char read;
    cin >> read >> x >> read >> y >> read;
    return;
// Outputs 2D point notation (x,y)
void Point::output(void) const
    cout << '(' << x << ", " << y << ')';
    return;
// Calc distance between 2 2D points
double Point::distance(const Point & other) const
    return sqrt(pow(x - other.x, 2.0) +
            pow(other.y -y, 2.0));
// Calc midpoint between 2 2D points
Point Point::midpoint(const Point & other) const
    return Point((x + other.x) / 2.0, (other.y + y) / 2.0);
// Set coordinates to values
void Point::set x(double new x)
    x = \text{new } x; // no error checking, anything is valid
    return;
void Point::set y(double new y)
    y = new y;
```

```
return;
// Creates a point flipped (x-axis)
Point Point::flip_x(void) const
    return Point(x, -y);
}
// Creates a point flipped (y-axis)
Point Point::flip y(void) const
    return Point(-x, y);
// Creates a point shiftes along the x-axis
Point Point::shift x(double move) const
    return Point(x + move, y);
// Creates a point shiftes along the y-axis
Point Point::shift y(double move) const
    return Point(x, y + move);
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat city.h
#include <string>
#include "point.h"
#ifndef CITY C ADDED
#define CITY C ADDED
// 2D class
class City
    Point location:
    std::string name;
public:
    // Constructors
    City() : location(), name() {}
    City(Point c loc) : location(c loc), name() {}
    City(std::string c name) : location(), name(c name) {}
    City(Point c loc, std::string c name) :
            location(c loc), name(c name) {}
```

```
// Accessors
    Point get location() const;
    std::string get name() const;
    double get distance(const City & other) const;
    void display city();
    // Mutators
    void set location(Point c loc);
    void set name(std::string c name);
};
#endif // CITY C ADDED
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat input prot.h
#ifndef INPUT H
#define INPUT H
#include <string>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <vector>
// Checks to see if input is long
void input prot(long & input, const std::string & prompt,
const std::string & error prompt);
// Max or Min
void input prot(long & input, const long & bounce,
        const std::string & prompt, const std::string & error prompt,
        const bool & bounce max);
//Max and Min
void input prot(long & input, const long & min,
        const long & max, const std::string & prompt,
        const std::string & error prompt);
// Checks to see if input is in list of longs
void input prot(long & input, const std::vector<long>
        & list, const std::string & prompt.
        const std:: string & error prompt);
// Checks to see if input is double
void input prot(double & input, const std::string & prompt,
        const std::string & error prompt);
// Max or Min
```

```
void input prot(double & input, const double & bounce,
        const std::string & prompt, const std::string &
        error prompt, const bool & bounce max);
// Max and Min
void input prot(double & input, const double & min, const
        double max, const std:: string & prompt,
        const std::string & error prompt);
// Checks to see if input is in list of doubles
void input prot(double & input, const
        std::vector<double> & list input.
        const std::string & prompt,
        const std::string & error prompt);
// Checks to see if input is char
void input prot(char & input, const std::string & prompt,
        const std:: string & error prompt);
// Checks to see if input is in list of chars
void input prot(char & input, const std:: vector<char>
        & list, const std::string & prompt,
        const std:: string & error prompt);
// Adds string to vector
void input char(const std:: string & input,
        std::vector<char> & list);
#endif /*INPUT H*/
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat city list.h
#include<vector>
#include "city.h"
#ifndef city list c
#define city list c
const short max cities = 3;
class City list
    std::vector<City> city list;
public:
    // Constructors
    City list() : city list() {}
    // Accessors
    void list cities(const std::string & error) const:
    City get city(std::vector<City>::size type index) const;
```

```
std::vector<City>::size type get list length() const;
   // Mutators
   void set city(std::vector<City>::size type index, const
           City & other city);
    bool add city(const City & other city);
};
#endif /*city list c*/
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat point.h
#ifndef POINT CLASS INCLUDED
#define POINT CLASS INCLUDED
// A 2D point class
class Point
    double x, // x coordinate
          v; // v coordinate
public:
    Point(void) :x(0), y(0) {}
    Point(double new x, double new y):x(new x), y(new y) {}
    Point(const Point & p): x(p.x), y(p.y) {}
    void output(void) const:
    void input(void);
    double distance(const Point & other) const;
    Point midpoint(const Point & other) const;
    double get x(void) const { return x; } // accessors
    double get y(void) const { return y;}
    void set x(double new x); // mutators
    void set y(double new y);
    Point flip x(void) const; // New flipped point
    Point flip y(void) const; // Specified axis
    Point shift x(double move) const; // New point
   Point shift y(double move) const; // Shifted move in
                                      // the given direction
};
#endif
m sadaf1@ares:~$ cat citypwdcat citpwdCPP again input prot
cat pwdCPP again input prot
cat pwdCPP city city input prot city list city main city point
city.cpp...
```

```
city input prot.cpp...
city list.cpp...
city main.cpp***
city point.cpp...
m sadaf1@ares:~$ ./city main.out
                        Welcome to the Distance Calc Program!
Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Ouit
Select an option: 2
You need at least two cities to calculate the distance.
Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Ouit
Select an option: 3
No cities inputted.
Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Quit
Select an option: 1
Enter city name: Palatine
Enter coordinates ([x-coordinate],[y-coordinate]): (42.1103, 88.0342)
'Palatine added. Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Ouit
Select an option: 1
Enter city name: Des Plaines
Enter coordinates ([x-coordinate],[y-coordinate]): (42.0334, 87.8834)
'Des Plaines added. Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Ouit
Select an option: 1
```

```
Enter city name: Schaumburg
Enter coordinates ([x-coordinate],[y-coordinate]): (42.0334, 88.0834)
'Schaumburg added. Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Ouit
Select an option: 1
Enter city name: Palatine
Enter coordinates ([x-coordinate],[y-coordinate]): (42.1103, 88.0342)
List is complete.
Would you like to overwrite a city? Y/N: y
1: Palatine at (42.1103, 88.0342).
2: Des Plaines at (42.0334, 87.8834).
3: Schaumburg at (42.0334, 88.0834).
Choose a city to overwite: 3
Schaumburg overwritten. Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Quit
Select an option: 1
Enter city name: Schaumburg
Enter coordinates ([x-coordinate],[y-coordinate]): (42.0334, 88.0834)
List is complete.
Would you like to overwrite a city? Y/N: n
Cancelled.
Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Ouit
Select an option: 2
1: Palatine at (42.1103, 88.0342).
2: Des Plaines at (42.0334, 87.8834).
3: Palatine at (42.1103, 88.0342).
Enter the POSITION (not coordinates) of the first city: 1
Enter the POSITION (not coordinates) of the second city: 1
You cannot input the same position.
Enter the POSITION (not coordinates) of the second city: 1
You cannot input the same position.
Enter the POSITION (not coordinates) of the second city: 3
Distance: Om sadafl@ares:~$ ./city main.out
                        Welcome to the Distance Calc Program!
Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
```

```
3: Print all cities
4: Ouit
Select an option: 1
Enter city name: Palatine
Enter coordinates ([x-coordinate],[y-coordinate]): (42.1103, 88.0342)
'Palatine added. Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Ouit
Select an option: 1
Enter city name: Des Plaines
Enter coordinates ([x-coordinate],[y-coordinate]): (42.0334, 87.8834)
'Des Plaines added. Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Quit
Select an option: 2
Distance between the two cities is: 0.169276 Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Quit
Select an option: 3
1: Palatine at (42.1103, 88.0342).
2: Des Plaines at (42.0334, 87.8834).
Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Quit
Select an option: 1
Enter city name: Palatine
Enter coordinates ([x-coordinate],[y-coordinate]): 29732
(4.6)
'Palatine added. Choose your option:
1: Enter city information
2: Calculate distance between two cities
3: Print all cities
4: Ouit
Select an option: Invalid input.
Select an option: 2
```

```
1: Palatine at (42.1103, 88.0342).
2: Des Plaines at (42.0334, 87.8834).
3: Palatine at (9732, 4).
Enter the POSITION (not coordinates) of the first city: 9 Invalid input.
Enter the POSITION (not coordinates) of the first city: 3 Enter the POSITION (not coordinates) of the second city: 2 Distance: 9690.33m_sadaf1@ares:~$ exit exit

Script done on 2021-02-24 12:19:28-0600
```