

CO253 Programming Project 7195 minutes

Question - 1 CO253 Programming Project Milestone 01

Look at the complete specification given in FEeLS for the introduction and background of the project. This task is the first milestone of the project. In this milestone, you have to implement reading the input and encoding/decoding parts.

If the input is the *message*, then it has to be encoded to its equivalent binary representation, and if the input is the *bit sequence*, then the sequence has to be decoded to the corresponding message.

To get the relevant binary representation of a message, you should first get the ASCII value of each character (of the plain text) and represent that in binary with 8 bits each. You should append all these binary representations together to form one binary sequence for each plain text. You need to do the vice versa for decoding.

What we expect you to do is implement 2 functions with the following signatures.

char* encode(int n, char* msg); // n is the length of the message char* decode (int l, char* bitsq); // l is the length of the bit sequence

Input Format

- First-line contains a char[C or P] which indicates whether you are getting Message/Plain text (if P) or Bit sequence (if C)
- Next line contains an integer N that is the length of the message or the bit sequence you are receiving
- The next line contains a string.
 - It should be considered as the Message (Plain text) if you got P in the first line and you need to encode it.
 - If you got C in the first line, then the string is the encoded bit sequence that required to be decoded.

Constraints

- Length of message < 1000
- Length of bit sequence < 10000

Output Format

- If you got a plain text as the input, then you have to output the encoded bit sequence.
- If you got a bit sequence as the input, then you should output the decoded message.

Explanation

Input:

Р

11

Hello world

'H' ascii value = 72	'e' ascii value = 101	'l' ascii value	= 108	'l' ascii value = 108	'o' ascii value = 111	' <space>' ascii value = 32</space>						
0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0	0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1	0 1 1 0 1	1 0 0	0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 0 0 0						

'w' ascii value = 119										'о'	' as	sci 1	i va 11	alu	e =	•	'r' ascii value = 114								'l' ascii value = 108								'c	'd' ascii value = 100							
	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	

Output



Input:

C

88

11100100110110001100100

0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0	0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1	0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0	0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0	0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 0 0 0						
72	101	108	108	111	32						
н	e	1	1	0	<space></space>						

0 1	1	1	1	0	1		1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
119								111								114							108							100										
w									(0							ı	r				1								d										

Output:

Hello world