



要你命3000

新GRE核心词汇考法精析

陈琦

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》(再要你命 3000)

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第 1 版

2011 年 6 月

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西语在美国

西班牙语被誉为“与上帝对话的语言”，是继汉语、英语之后的世界第三大语言。目前，全球约有4亿人使用西班牙语。在美国，以西班牙语为母语的人约有四千万，它广泛通行于纽约、德克萨斯、新墨西哥、亚利桑那和加利福尼亚。在新墨西哥州，西语和英语并列为官方语言。以下是维基百科对西班牙语在美国使用情况的介绍。

Spanish is the second most-common language in the United States after English. There are more Spanish speakers in the U.S. than there are speakers of Chinese, French, Italian, Hawaiian, and the Native American languages combined. According to the 2009 American Community Survey conducted by the United States Census Bureau, Spanish is the primary language spoken at home by over 35.5 million people aged 5 or older. There are 45 million Hispanics who speak Spanish as a first or second language and there are 6 million Spanish students, making it the world's second-largest Spanish-speaking community, only after Mexico and ahead of Spain, Colombia and Argentina.

法语在美国

在美国，法国是继英语、西班牙语、中文之后的第四种语言。在Louisiana, Maine, Vermont 和 New Hampshire州，法语则是仅次于英语的最常用语言。历史上，法语是贵族的语言，是精英的语言，直到现在，在英语世界中，会说法语依然是被看视为有修养的标志。在美国，法语被上层社会看成是高雅与高贵的象征。加之美国与加拿大接壤，法语文化的吸引力等因素，法语是美国学校里大多数学生选择的第二外语。作为一个中国孩子，即能讲一口流利的英文，又能在母语之外流利地使用优雅的法语，将会为其打破语言的樊篱，进入美国主流社会，进而为将来以世界为其舞台提供最坚实的基础。

多语种部美国留学二外班

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使用说明:

新 GRE 更加关注单词在语境中的考查, 取消了以前的类比反义, 增加了填空 6 选 2, 填空 3 空题。《要你命 3000》在原书上的改动如下:

1. 将原书的类比部分取消, 以 Thesaurus 里的同义词进行替换。编者根据单词在以往 GRE 考试中出现的频率进行同义词筛选。
2. 将只能在类反中考查的单词删除; 补充在填空, 阅读中容易涉及到的同义重复、反义重复词条。
3. 丰富单词的例句, 更好地帮助考生在语境下把握单词的内涵。
4. 借助 Collegiate 和 Thesaurus 拓展单词考法的含义, 与新 GRE Official Guide 中考查单词的丰富含义, 尤其是引申义保持一致。

整书单词依然强调单词的考法, 即把握单词的深度。在新 GRE 考试中, 记忆单词的深度远比拥有大量单词的广度针对考试有价值的多。本书是各位考生在冲刺阶段必备的复习资料。

电子版更新每周更新 2 个 list。更新请关注我们的微博通告: <http://weibo.com/jasonandfranklin> 或者琦叔的校内公共主页: <http://page.renren.com/600098688>

单词示例:

abstract ['æbstrækt]

【考法 1】 vt. 做总结, 概括: to make an abstract of, **summarize**

【例】 abstracted the 135-page report in three short paragraphs 将一份 135 页的报告概括为三段话

【近】 digest, recapitulate, synopsise, sum up, boil down

【反】 elaborate 详细描述

【考法 2】 vt. 使分心: to draw away the **attention** of

【例】 personal problems abstracted him 私人问题让他分心

【近】 detract, divert, call off, throw off

【派】 abstraction n. 心不在焉

【反】 attention 关注

【考法 1】——中文和英文解释

【例】——英文例句及中文解释

【近】——近义词

【反】——反义词及中文解释

【派】——派生词及中文解释

“**summarize**”、“**attention**”——英文解释中以粗体并下划线标示出的单词短语为该词汇的考法特征

List 24

Unit 1

SPENT	SPINDLY	SPINY	SPLEEN	SPLICE
SPONTANEOUS	SPOOF	SPORADIC	SPRAWL	SPRIGHTLY

spent [spɛnt]

【考法 1】 adj. 精疲力竭的: **drained of energy** or effectiveness

【例】 After all that exertion, we were completely spent. 在完成所有的锻炼之后我们已是筋疲力尽。

【近】 beaten, bleary, done, drained, enervate, exhausted, fatigued, jaded, prostrate, tired, wearied, worn-out

【反】 active, energetic, invigorated, peppy, strengthened, strong, tireless, vitalized, weariless 充满活力的

spindly ['spɪndli]

【考法 1】 adj. 细长纤弱的: **frail or flimsy** in appearance or structure

【例】 I prefer having rather spindly legs. 我更希望有一双细腿。

【近】 gangling, gangly, lanky, spindling

【反】 squat 矮胖的

spiny ['spaini]

【考法 1】 adj. 多刺的: **bearing spines**, prickles, or thorns

【例】 low spiny bushes of sage 低矮多刺的长满鼠尾草的灌木丛

【近】 brambly, prickly, thorny

【反】 even, flat, plane, smooth 平滑的

【考法 2】 adj. 棘手的, 麻烦的: **requiring exceptional skill** or caution in performance or handling

【例】 This promises to be a spiny problem to negotiate. 这有可能成为谈判过程中棘手的问题。

【近】 catchy, delicate, difficult, knotty, problematic, sensitive, sticky, ticklish, thorny, tough, troublesome

【反】 easy, effortless, manageable, painless, simple, straightforward, uncomplicated, undemanding 简单的

spleen [spli:n]

【考法 1】 n. 怒气, 怨恨: feelings of **anger or ill will** often suppressed

【例】 She vented her spleen on her boyfriend and felt much better for having done so. 在她把怒气一股脑地倾泻到她男朋友身上之后, 她感觉好多了。

【近】 angeriness, choler, furor, fury, indignation, ire, madness, outrage, rage, wrath

【反】 delight, pleasure 高兴, 愉悦

splice [splais]

【考法 1】 vt. 接合, 叠接: to **unite** (as two ropes) by interweaving the strands, or to join (as two pieces of film) at the ends

【例】 He taught me to edit and splice film. 他教会我如何剪辑和叠合胶卷。

【近】 associate, coalesce, combine, conjoin, conjugate, connect, couple, fuse, interfuse, join, link, marry, unify

【反】 disassociate, disconnect, disjoin, divide, sever, split, sunder 分开

spontaneous [spɒn'teɪniəs]

【考法 1】adj. 自发的，不经思索的：acting or activated **without apparent thought** or deliberation

【例】Hugging a crying child is simply a spontaneous reaction. 去抱一个哭泣的小孩是很自然而然的反应。

【近】automatic, impulsive, instinctive, involuntary, mechanical, natural

【反】calculated, deliberate, intentional, planned, predetermined, premeditated, studied 有计划的，蓄意的

spoof [spu:f]

【考法 1】n. 轻松幽默的模仿，小恶搞：a work that imitates and **exaggerates** another work **for comic effect**

【例】Many viewers thought that the spoof of a television newscast was the real thing. 许多观众认为这则新闻报道被恶搞之后的作品才是真实的东西。

【近】burlesque, caricature, mimicking, parody, travesty

【考法 2】v. 诱骗，诱使相信：to cause to **believe what is untrue**

【例】The public was spoofed by a supposedly plausible report of a UFO encounter. 一个听起来真实的 UFO 遭遇报告欺骗了大众。

【近】beguile, cozen, delude, dupe, fool, hoax, misguide, misinform, mislead, trick

【反】disabuse, disenchant, disillusion, undeceive 使醒悟

sporadic [spə'reɪdɪk]

【考法 1】adj. 偶尔的，零星发生的：**not often occurring** or repeated

【例】On the whole, situation has significantly improved with only sporadic disturbances. 总体而言，局势得到了明显的改善，现在只有偶尔发生的骚乱。

【近】few, infrequent, occasional, odd, rare, scarce, seldom, uncommon

【反】frequent, habitual, repeated 时常发生的

sprawl [sprɔ:l]

【考法 1】vt. 杂乱无序地发展：to grow, develop, or spread **irregularly and without** apparent design or **plan**

【例】The city sprawls down the whole coast. 城市顺着整条海岸线蔓延。

【近】ramble, scramble, straddle

【派】sprawling adj. 蔓延的，不规则伸展的

sprightly ['sprɪtli]

【考法 1】adj. 活泼的，充满活力的：**full of** spirit and **vitality**

【例】He was deeply impressed by the sprightly Gypsy dance. 活力四射的吉普赛舞蹈给他留下了深刻印象。

【近】active, airy, animated, brisk, energetic, frisky, gay, jaunty, kinetic, mettlesome, racy, spirited, vital, vivacious

【反】dead, inactive, inanimate, lackadaisical, languid, languishing, leaden, lifeless, listless, spiritless, vapid 没精神的

Unit 2

SPUR
SQUALL

SPURIOUS
SQUANDER

SPURN
SQUAT

SQUABBLE
SQUINT

SQUALID
SQUELCH

spur [spɜ:]

【考法 1】 n. 刺激物: something that **arouses action** or activity

【例】 The threat of losing its only sports franchise was the spur the city council needed to finally do something about the rising crime rate. 有可能失去唯一的体育赛事举办权带来的威胁，成为了刺激市政府决定就攀升的犯罪率采取相关措施的因素。

【近】 boost, catalyst, impetus, incentive, incitement, instigation, momentum, motivation, provocation, stimulus

【反】 deterrent, disincentive 阻碍物

【考法 2】 n. 支撑物: a structure that **holds up** or serves as a foundation for something else

【例】 a weak wall that might need a spur 一面或许需要支撑的墙

【近】 brace, buttress, mount, prop, reinforcement, shore, underpinning

【考法 3】 vt. 刺激，激励: to **incite** or stimulate

【例】 Appreciation spurred his ambition. 赞扬激起了他的雄心壮志。

【近】 arouse, excite, exhort, goad, instigate, prod, stir, urge

【反】 bridle, check, constrain, curb, deter, fetter, hamper, inhibit, manacle, shackle 制止，阻碍

spurious ['spjuəriəs]

【考法 1】 adj. 假的，伪造的: **lacking authenticity** or validity in essence or origin; not genuine

【例】 In statistics, a spurious relationship is a mathematical relationship in which two events or variables have no direct causal connection, but it may be wrongly inferred that they do, due to either coincidence or the presence of a certain third, unseen factor. 在统计学中，“伪相关关系”是两个不存在因果关联的事件或变量，因为巧合或是不可见的第三方因素，而被误判为存在因果联系的关系。

【近】 apocryphal, bogus, counterfeit, fake, forged, phony, sham

【反】 authentic, bona fide, genuine, real 真实的

【派】 spuriously adv. 伪造地，虚假地

spurn [spɜ:n]

【考法 1】 vt. 摒弃，拒绝: to **reject with disdain** or contempt

【例】 spurned his recommendation 拒绝了他的推荐 || Fiercely independent, the elderly couple spurned all offers of financial help. 这对老夫妻极其独立，回绝了所有经济上援助。

【近】 decline, disapprove, negative, refuse, reject, reprobate, repudiate

【反】 accede, accept, agree, approve, assent, consent, embrace 同意，接受

【派】 spurned adj. 被摒弃的，被拒绝的

squabble ['skwɒbl]

【考法 1】 n. 口角，小争吵: a noisy **quarrel**, usually about a trivial matter

【例】 a brief squabble over what to do next 关于接下来该做什么的争吵

【近】 altercation, argument, controversy, disagreement, dispute, imbroglio, quarrel, riff, spat, skirmish, wrangle

【反】 harmony 和谐

squalid ['skwɒlɪd]

【考法 1】 adj. 污秽的，肮脏的: **dirty** and wretched

【例】 The migrants have been living in squalid conditions. 移民们一直居住在肮脏的条件下。

【近】 black, dirty, filthy, foul, impure, nasty, slipshod, slovenly, unclean

【反】 clean, immaculate, spotless, unsoiled, unsullied 干净的

【考法 2】 adj. 道德败坏的: morally **repulsive**

【例】the squalid atmosphere of intrigue and betrayal 充满了阴谋与背叛的不正之风

【近】base, despicable, ignoble, scurvy, sordid, vile, wretched

【反】moral, noble 品格高尚的

squall [skwɔ:l]

【考法 1】n. (通常伴随着雨或雪的) 风暴, 暴风雪: a brief, sudden, **violent windstorm**, often accompanied by rain or snow

【例】A snow squall is expected tonight. 今晚预计有暴风雪。

【近】blizzard, hailstorm, snowstorm, tempest

【考法 2】vt. 尖叫: to **scream** or cry loudly and harshly

【例】The baby squalled in pain. 婴儿因为疼痛而大叫。

【近】cry, howl, screech, shout, shriek, shrill, squeal, thunder, yell, yell

【反】murmur, mutter, whisper 低声细语

squander ['skwɒndə]

【考法 1】vt. 使分散: to cause (members of a group) to move widely **apart**

【例】A single blast of the shotgun squandered the herd of deer. 猎枪的一声枪响让鹿群四处逃窜。

【近】disband, dispel, disperse

【反】assemble, cluster, collect, concentrate, congregate, gather, ingather 使聚集, 使集中

【考法 2】vt. 浪费: to **spend wastefully** or extravagantly

【例】He squandered his inheritance on women and gambling. 他把他继承的遗产浪费在女人和赌博上。

【近】blow, dissipate, fritter, lavish, misspend, waste

【反】conserve, husband 节约, 节俭

【派】squandering adj. 浪费的

squat [skwɒt]

【考法 1】adj. 又矮又胖的: being compact and **broad in build** and often **short in stature**

【例】a squat but adroit craftsman 一个又胖又矮, 但是手艺灵巧的工匠

【近】chunky, dumpy, heavyset, squatty, stocky, stout, stubby, stumpy, thickset

【反】gangling, lanky 瘦高的

squint [skwɪnt]

【考法 1】vt. 斜视, 睥睨: to look or **glance sideways**

【例】The driver squinted as the sun hit his windshield. 阳光使得驾驶员不得不把眼睛偏向一边

【近】leer

【反】gaze, goggle 直视

squelch [skweltʃ]

【考法 1】vt. 压制, 镇压 (运动): to put a **stop** to (something) **by** the use of **force**

【例】The authority tried to squelch the workers' protest. 政府试图镇压工人的游行。

【近】crush, muffle, quell, repress, squash, subdue, suppress, crack down

【反】abet, aid, assist, back, help, support, prop up 支持, 帮助

【考法 2】vt. 击溃, 使无言以对: to **put down or silence**, as with a crushing retort

【例】His irritated glare squelched any other potential objectors. 他怒目而视, 使得其他的反对者都不敢说话。

【近】dumb, extinguish, mute, quiet, settle, still, shut up

【反】foment, incite, instigate, provoke, stir 激发, 激起

【派】 squelcher n. 镇压者

Unit 3

STABILIZE
STATIC

STALWART
STATURE

STAMINA
STEADFAST

STAMMER
STEALTH

STARTLE
STEEP

stabilize ['steɪbalaɪz]

【考法 1】 vt./vi. 使稳定；变得稳定： to **make stable**, steadfast, or firm; to **become stable**, steadfast, or fixed

【例】 a policy that intended to stabilize the situation in Iraq 一项旨在维护伊拉克局势稳定的政策 || The country's population has stabilized at 3.2 million. 这个国家的人口维持在三百二十万。

【近】 ballast, poise, steady

【反】 destabilize 使不稳定； overthrow, overturn, subvert 推翻，颠覆

【派】 stability n. 稳定性

stalwart ['stɔ:lwɜ:t]

【考法 1】 adj. 无所畏惧的： feeling or displaying **no fear** by temperament

【例】 the stalwart soldiers in the army of Alexander the Great, who willingly followed him to the ends of the known world 亚历山大大帝军队中无所畏惧的士兵们，他们愿意跟随亚历山大奔赴世界的尽头

【近】 bold, courageous, dauntless, fearless, gallant, intrepid, manful, stout, stouthearted, valiant, valorous

【反】 cowardly, craven, fearful, gutless, nerveless, pusillanimous, spineless, spiritless, timorous 怯懦的

【考法 2】 adj. （体魄等）强健的： marked by outstanding **strength** and **vigor** of body, mind, or spirit

【例】 a stalwart supporter of the UN 联合国的坚定支持者 || a lithe yet stalwart athlete 瘦小但结实的运动员

【近】 brawny, firm, muscular, rugged, sinewy, sound, stout, strong, sturdy

【反】 delicate, feeble, frail, weak, wimpy 脆弱的

stamina ['stæmɪnə]

【考法 1】 n. 耐力： physical or **moral strength** to resist or withstand illness, fatigue, or hardship

【例】 A marathon challenges a runner's stamina. 马拉松挑战参赛者的耐力。

【近】 endurance, tolerance

【反】 frailty 脆弱

stammer ['stæmə]

【考法 1】 vi. 口吃，结巴： to **speak with** involuntary **pauses** or repetitions

【例】 The frightened child started to stammer. 受惊吓的小孩开始结巴地说话。

【近】 falter, stutter

【反】 articulate 清楚地说话

startle ['stɑ:təl]

【考法 1】 vt. 使吓了一跳，使大吃一惊： to **frighten or surprise** suddenly and usually not seriously

【例】 They were startled at the prohibitive price. 他们被高得离谱的价格吓到了

【近】 amaze, astonish, astound, dumbfound, rock, scare, shock, stun, stupefy

【反】reassure 消除恐惧或疑虑

【派】startling adj. 惊人惊奇的

static ['stætɪk]

【考法 1】adj. 静态的，停滞的：characterized by a **lack of movement**, animation, or progression

【例】Both your pictures are of static subjects. 你的两张照片都是静物。|| a static economy 停滞不前的经济

【近】inactive, fixed, immobile, immotile, immovable, inert, stable, stagnant, stationary, still

【反】active, dynamic, lively, vibrant 充满活力的；mobile, movable 可移动的

【考法 2】adj. 无改变的：showing **little change**

【例】a static population 没有变化的人口

【近】inflexible, invariable, rigid, stiff, steadfast

【反】capricious, changeful, fluid, mercurial, temperamental, versatile, volatile 容易变化的

【派】stasis n. 静止不变

stature ['stætjə]

【考法 1】n. 高度，身高：natural **height** (as of a person) in an upright position

【例】a man of surprisingly great stature 拥有惊人身高的人

【近】altitude, elevation, inches

【考法 2】n. 才干，水平：**quality** or **status** gained by growth, development, or achievement

【例】This club has grown in stature over the last 20 years. 二十年间这家俱乐部的水平得到了提升。

【近】merit, quality, value, virtue, worth

steadfast ['stedfɑ:st]

【考法 1】adj. 坚定的，忠诚的：**firm in belief**, determination, or adherence

【例】Her comrades remained steadfast despite brutal tortures. 尽管有残酷的折磨，她的同志们都保持了忠诚。

【近】constant, dedicated, devoted, devout, loyal, pious, staunch, steady, true-blue

【反】disloyal, perfidious, recreant, traitorous, treacherous, unfaithful 不忠的

stealth [stelθ]

【考法 1】n. 秘密行动：the act or action of **proceeding furtively**, secretly, or imperceptibly

【例】Both sides advanced by stealth. 双方都隐秘地行军。

【考法 2】adj. 秘密的：intended **not to attract attention**

【例】The SWAT team carried out a stealth raid on the house, which was believed to be harboring a terrorist cell.
特警们对这间被认为是恐怖分子老巢的房屋进行了秘密的突袭。

【近】backstairs, clandestine, covert, furtive, private, sneak, stealthy, surreptitious, undercover, underground

【反】open, overt, public 公开的，光明正大的

【派】stealthy adj. 秘密的，隐秘的

steep [sti:p]

【考法 1】vt. 浸泡：to **make** thoroughly **wet**

【例】steep the tea for five minutes 浸泡茶叶五分钟

【近】drench, drown, impregnate, macerate, saturate, sodden, sop, souse

【反】desiccate, dry, parch, sear 烘烤，烤干；wring 拧干

【考法 2】adj. 陡峭的：having an incline **approaching** the **perpendicular**

【例】a very steep rock face that is nearly impossible to climb 一面非常陡峭以至于不可能攀爬的岩石

【近】abrupt, precipitate, sheer

【反】 gradual 逐渐变化的；flat 平坦的

【考法 3】 adj. 过分的，过高的： going **beyond** a normal or acceptable **limit** in degree or amount

【例】 We would like to hire him, but his salary demands are just too steep. 我们很想雇用他，可是他对于薪水的要求实在是太高了。

【近】 exorbitant, extravagant, extreme, immoderate, inordinate, insane, lavish, overdue, overweening, plethoric, stiff

【反】 moderate, modest, reasonable, temperate 适度的

Unit 4

STENCH
STIFLE

STENTORIAN
STIGMA

STERILE
STINT

STICKLER
STINGY

STIFF
STIPPLE

stench [stentʃ]

【考法 1】 n. 臭气，恶臭： a strong, **foul odor**

【例】 We finally discovered the dead rat that was causing the stench in the living room. 我们终于发现死老鼠带来了卧室里的恶臭。

【近】 fetor, funk, malodor, reek, stink

【反】 aroma, fragrance, perfume, scent 香气

stentorian [sten'tɔːriən]

【考法 1】 adj. 声音洪亮的： extremely **loud**

【例】 an tenor with a stentorian voice 拥有洪亮声音的男高音 || The professor's stentorian voice was enough to keep even the drowsiest student awake. 教授洪亮的声音足以使最困的学生保持清醒。

【近】 blaring, blasting, clamorous, deafening, earsplitting, plangent, resounding, roaring, sonorous, thunderous

【反】 gentle, low, soft 声音轻柔的

sterile [s'terəl]

【考法 1】 adj. 贫瘠的： **not productive** or effective

【例】 a sterile land which used to be a forest 曾经是森林的一块贫瘠土地

【近】 barren, effete, fruitless, impotent, infertile

【反】 verdant (因长满植物而) 青翠的；fat, fertile, fruitful 肥沃的

【考法 2】 adj. 无菌的： **free from** live **bacteria** or other microorganisms

【例】 The hospitals in the war-torn city often lack necessary drugs and sterile surgical supplies. 在这个被战争所蹂躏的城市中的医院通常缺乏必需的药物和无菌的手术用品。

【近】 aseptic, germfree, hygienic

【反】 insanitary, unhygienic 不卫生的；contaminated, polluted 受污染的

【派】 sterilize v. 消毒，杀菌

stickler ['stɪklə]

【考法 1】 n. 坚持细节的人，一丝不苟的人： one who **insists on exactness** or completeness in the observance

of something

【例】 a stickler for perfection 完美主义者 || a stickler for neatness 有洁癖的人

【近】 disciplinarian, pedant, purist, martinet

stiff [stɪf]

【考法 1】 adj. 僵硬的, 无法弯曲的: **lacking** in **suppleness** or flexibility

【例】 a stiff cardboard packing box 不易弯折的硬纸板盒 || When I got out of bed this morning my back was stiff as a board. 今早起床时我的背和木板一样僵硬。

【近】 immalleable, impliable, inflexible, petrified, rigid, unbending, unyielding

【反】 flexible, floppy, pliable, pliant, supple, yielding 柔软的

【考法 2】 adj. (在社交场合) 缺乏优雅的, 不自在的: **lacking social grace** and assurance

【例】 She always felt stiff and ill-at-ease whenever she was introduced to her father's friends. 只要她被介绍给父亲的朋友, 她就会感到不自在和浑身不舒服。

【近】 clumsy, gauche, graceless, inelegant, rustic, stilted, uncomfortable, uneasy, wooden

【反】 graceful, suave, urbane 风度翩翩的

【考法 3】 adj. 过分的, 过高的: going **beyond** a normal or acceptable **limit** in degree or amount

【例】 Don't you think that's a pretty stiff fine for such a minor infraction? 你难道不觉得对于这么小的一个错误, 罚款实在太高了么?

【近】 exorbitant, extravagant, extreme, immoderate, inordinate, insane, lavish, overdue, overweening, plethoric, steep

【反】 moderate, modest, reasonable, temperate 适度的

【考法 4】 adj. 艰苦的, 费力的: **requiring** considerable physical or mental **effort**

【例】 We'll have a stiff climb to actually reach the summit. 我们还有一段艰苦的征途才能登顶。

【近】 arduous, challenging, difficult, formidable, grueling, laborious, strenuous, sweaty, testing, toilsome, tough

【反】 easy, effortless, facile, light, mindless, simple, soft, undemanding 容易的

stifle ['stɪfl]

【考法 1】 vt. 抑制 (声音、呼吸等): to keep in or **hold back**

【例】 to stifle free expression 限制言论自由

【近】 choke, muffle, mute, repress, smother, strangle, suffocate, suppress

【反】 foment, incite, instigate, provoke, stir 激发, 激起

【派】 stifling adj. 抑制的

stigma ['stɪgmə]

【考法 1】 n. 耻辱, 污名: a **mark of shame** or discredit

【例】 the stigma of cowardice 由懦弱而带来的污点 || There's a social stigma attached to receiving welfare. 伴随着社会福利有一种社会耻辱感。

【近】 blemish, brand, onus, slur, smirch, smudge, spot, stain, taint

【反】 award, credit, honor 荣誉; fame, glory, renown, reputé 好名声

stint [stɪnt]

【考法 1】 vi. 吝惜, 节省: to **be** sparing or **frugal**

【例】 They never stint with their praise. 他们从不吝惜他们的赞美之词。

【近】 scrimp, skimp

【近】 blow, dissipate, fritter, lavish, mispend, squander, waste 浪费

stingy ['stɪndʒɪ]

【考法 1】adj. 小气的，吝啬的：being **unwilling** or showing unwillingness **to share** with others

【例】too stingy to tip the waiter 小气到不肯给小费

【近】closefisted, mean, stingy, miserly, niggardly, parsimonious, penurious, sparing, stinting, tightfisted

【反】bountiful, charitable, freehanded, generous, liberal, munificent, openhanded 慷慨的

【考法 2】adj. 极少量的： **less plentiful** than what is normal, necessary, or desirable

【例】Many people may consider this a rather stingy amount of food. 很多人都会认为这是分量比较少少的食物。

【近】exiguous, poor, scant, scanty, scarce, skimpy, sparse

【反】abundant, ample, bounteous, copious, plentiful, plentiful 大量的

【派】stinginess n. 小气

stipple ['stɪpəl]

【考法 1】vt. 点刻，用点标记： to **mark with small spots** especially unevenly

【例】They crossed a field stippled with purple lavender. 他们穿越了一片有紫色薰衣草点缀的田野。

【近】blotch, dapple, dot, freckle, marble, mottle, speckle, splotch, sprinkle, spot

Unit 5

STIPULATE
STOKE

STITCH
STOIC

STOCK
STOLID

STOCKADE
STOMACH

STODGY
STONEWALL

stipulate ['stɪpjʊleɪt]

【考法 1】vt. 规定，特定要求： to **specify** or arrange in an **agreement**

【例】Total disarmament was stipulated in the peace treaty. 和平协议中要求彻底解除武装。

【近】claim, designate, detail, particularize, qualify

【反】relinquish, surrender, yield, waive 放弃（权力等）

【派】stipulation n. 规范，要求

stitch [stɪtʃ]

【考法 1】n. 突然剧痛： a **sharp unpleasant sensation** usually felt in some specific part of the body

【例】He had to drop out of the race when the stitch in his side became too painful. 因为他突然感到剧痛，所以不得不放弃比赛。

【近】ache, pang, prick, shoot, smart, sting, throe, tingle, twinge

【反】comfort, ease, easiness 舒适的感觉

stock [stɒk]

【考法 1】n. 库存，储备： the **inventory** of goods of a merchant or manufacturer

【例】 This type of product is currently out of stock. 这种商品已经脱销。

【近】 inventory, pool, repertoire, reserve, reservoir

【考法 2】 adj. 普通的, 常备的: **commonly used** or brought forward

【例】 the stock answers to sensitive questions 对于敏感问题的常备回答

【近】 common, conventional, general, ordinary, prosaic, routine, standard, universal

【反】 unique 独特的

stockade [stə'keɪd]

【考法 1】 n. 栅栏, 围栏: an **enclosure** or pen made with posts and stakes

【例】 a heavy stockade that protected the troops 保护驻扎部队的厚厚的栅栏

【近】 barricade, barrier, blockade, fence, wall

【考法 2】 n. 监狱: a place of **confinement** for persons held in lawful custody

【例】 All POWs were kept in a remote stockade. 所有的战俘都被关在一个遥远的监狱里。

【近】 bastille, coop, jail, pen, prison

stodgy ['stɒdʒɪ]

【考法 1】 adj. 平庸的, 乏味的: **dull**, unimaginative, and commonplace

【例】 The sitcom was offbeat and interesting in its first season, but has since become predictable and stodgy.
这部情景喜剧在第一季是离奇而有趣的, 但是近来变得老套和乏味。

【近】 arid, dreary, dull, flat, jading, jejune, monochromatic, monotonous, pedestrian, stale, tedious, wearisome

【反】 absorbing, engaging, engrossing, gripping, interesting, intriguing, involving, riveting 吸引人的

【考法 2】 adj. 非常守旧的: extremely **old-fashioned**

【例】 Without notice she received a letter from his stodgy father. 她毫无征兆地收到了一封来自她保守父亲的信。

【近】 conservative, hidebound, intolerant

【反】 avant-guard 先锋派的; radical 激进的

【派】 stodginess n. 乏味, 无趣

stoke [stəʊk]

【考法 1】 vt. 添加燃料: **supply** with **fuel**

【例】 She was stoking the furnace. 她正用给火炉添木头。

【近】 fuel, rekindle

【考法 2】 vt. 增大, 促进: to **make greater** in size, amount, or number

【例】 stoke workers' commitment to the company by raising their salaries 通过加薪来提升员工对公司的忠诚度

【近】 aggrandize, amplify, augment, boost, enlarge, escalate, expand, extend, multiply, raise

【反】 abate, decrease, diminish, downsize, dwindle, lessen, lower, minify, reduce, subtract 减少

stoic ['stəʊɪk]

【考法 1】 adj. 隐忍的, 冷静的: seemingly indifferent to or **unaffected by pleasure or pain**

【例】 stoic resignation in the face of hunger 默默忍受着饥饿

【近】 aloof, apathetic, detached, forbearing, indifferent, impassive, phlegmatic, stolid, tolerant, unemotional

【反】 demonstrative, emotional, fervent, fervid, impassioned, passionate, vehement 充满热情的

stolid ['stɒlɪd]

【考法 1】 adj. 无动于衷的, 感情麻木的: having or revealing **little emotion** or sensibility

- 【例】 Her face showed nothing but stolid indifference. 她的脸上只露出了麻木和冷漠。
【近】 apathetic, catatonic, deadpan, emotionless, impassive, indifferent, numb, phlegmatic, stoic
【反】 demonstrative, emotional, fervent, fervid, impassioned, passionate, vehement 充满热情的
【派】 stolidity n. 麻木，无动于衷

stomach ['stʌmək]

【考法 1】 v. 容忍： to **bear** without overt reaction or resentment

- 【例】 I can't stomach his bragging. 我受不了他自吹自擂了。
【近】 abide, brook, countenance, endure, handle, stand, tolerate
【反】 decline, refuse, reject, repudiate, spurn 拒绝

stonewall ['stəʊn.wɔ:l]

【考法 1】 v. 拒绝（合作），阻挠： to be **uncooperative**, **obstructive**, or evasive

- 【例】 lobbying efforts to stonewall passage of the legislation 意在阻止法律通过的游说行动
【近】 blockade, filibuster, hinder, impede, obstruct
【反】 collaborate, cooperate 合作

Unit 6

STOUTHEARTED STRAY

STRATAGEM STRENGTH

STRAIT STRIATE

STRAND STRICTURE

STRATIFY STRIDE

stouthearted ['staunt'hətid]

【考法 1】 adj. 勇敢的： having a **stout** heart or **spirit**

- 【例】 a stouthearted army officer who risked his life to save his men 为了拯救部下宁愿牺牲自己的勇敢军官
【近】 bold, brave, courageous, dauntless, fearless, gallant, intrepid, stalwart, stout, valiant, valorous
【反】 cowardly, craven, fearful, gutless, nerveless, pusillanimous, spineless, spiritless, timorous 怯懦的

stratagem ['strætɪdʒəm]

【考法 1】 n. 谋略，策略： an artifice or trick in war for **deceiving** and outwitting the enemy

- 【例】 a stratagem to secure customer loyalty 用来稳固客户忠诚度的计谋
【近】 artifice, device, gambit, gimmick, intrigue, maneuver, ruse, scheme, trick, wile

strait [streɪt]

【考法 1】 n. 海峡： a narrow channel **joining** two larger bodies of **water**

- 【例】 Thousands of vessels pass through the straits annually. 每年数以千计的货轮要通过这个海峡。
【近】 channel, narrow, neck
【反】 isthmus 地峡

【考法 2】 n. 痛苦： a state of great **suffering** of body or mind

- 【例】 in dire straits over the loss of her mother's cherished necklace 因为丢失了母亲最珍贵的项链而陷入了极端的痛苦之中
【近】 affliction, agony, anguish, excruciation, misery, pain, torment, torture, travail, tribulation, woe

strand [strænd]

【考法 1】 n. 绳、线之一股： a **single filament**, such as a fiber or thread, of a woven or braided material

【例】 a strand of DNA DNA 中的一条链

【近】 thread

【考法 2】 v. 遗弃，使置于困境： to **leave in a** strange or an **unfavorable place** especially without funds or means to depart

【例】 The convoy was stranded in the desert. 车队被困在了沙漠之中。

【近】 abandon, desert, forsake, maroon, quit

【反】 evacuate, reclaim, rescue 救出

stratify ['strætɪfaɪ]

【考法 1】 vt. 使分成各种等级： to **divide into classes**, castes, or social strata

【例】 Income distribution often stratifies a society. 收入分配往往将社会分层

【近】 assort, categorize, classify, differentiate, distinguish, separate

【反】 homogenize 使均匀；commingle, mingle 混合

【派】 stratification n. 分层化

stray [streɪ]

【考法 1】 adj. 漫无目的的： **lacking** a definite plan, **purpose**, or pattern

【例】 No stray sighting of UFO's has been rigorously analyzed by scientists. 在无规律出现的 UFO 事件之中，尚未有被科学家严谨分析的案例。

【近】 aimless, arbitrary, desultory, erratic, haphazard, scattered, slapdash

【反】 methodical, orderly, organized, regular 有条理的，有组织的；systematic, systematized 系统性的

【考法 2】 vi. 离群，迷途，偏离： to **move away** from a group, **deviate** from the correct course, or go beyond established limits

【例】 to stray from the main road 偏离了主干道

【近】 deviate, digress, err, wander

strength [streŋθ]

【考法 1】 n. 力量： the **ability to exert effort** for the accomplishment of a task

【例】 We are facing an army of great strength. 我们面对的是一支强大的军队。

【近】 energy, force, might, potency, power, puissance, sinew, vigor

【反】 impotence, impotency, powerlessness, weakness 无力

【考法 2】 n. （抵抗攻击、压力的）强度： the **ability to withstand force** or stress without being distorted, dislodged, or damaged

【例】 This cheap shelf unit doesn't have the strength to hold all those books. 这个廉价的书架不足以支撑所有的书本。

【近】 firmness, soundness, sturdiness

【反】 insecurity, instability, precariousness, shakiness, unstableness, unsteadiness 不稳固

【派】 strengthen vt. 增强

striate ['straɪt]

【考法 1】 vt. 加条纹： to **mark with striations** or striae

【例】 The inner surface of the bark is smooth, of a pale, yellowish brown and very finely striated. 树皮的内部十分光滑，显着偏暗偏黄的棕色，并且有着十分精细的条纹。

【近】 furrow, streak, stripe

【派】 striated adj. 有条纹的

stricture ['striktʃə]

【考法 1】 n. 责难，批评： an adverse **criticism**

【例】 The reviewer made several strictures upon the author's style. 评论家就作者的文风发出了不少责难。

【近】 censure, condemnation, denunciation, excoriation, obloquy, rebuke, reprimand, reproach, reproof

【反】 commendation, eulogy 表扬，颂词

stride [straɪd]

【考法 1】 vi. 迈大步走： to move with or as if with **long steps**

【例】 strode to the door and slammed it 大步走向门口，狠狠地把门摔上

【近】 march, pace, parade

【反】 mince 碎步走

Unit 7

STRIDENT
STUDIO

STRIKE
STULTIFY

STRINGENT
STUPOR

STRIP
STUNT

STRUT
STURDY

strident ['straɪdənt]

【考法 1】 adj. 刺耳的： characterized by **harsh**, insistent, and discordant **sound**

【例】 plagued by the strident noise 被刺耳的噪声所折磨

【近】 grating, harsh, hoarse, jarring, rasping, raucous, squawky

【反】 mellifluous (声音) 甜美的; harmonious 和谐的

【派】 stridence n. 喧闹，刺耳

strike [straɪk]

【考法 1】 n. 攻击： the act or action of setting upon with **force or violence**

【例】 The first strike was directed at a munitions warehouse. 第一轮攻击的目标是军火仓库。

【近】 aggression, assault, charge, offense, onset, onslaught, raid, rush

【考法 2】 vt. 铸造（奖牌）： to **form by stamping**, printing, or punching

【近】 build, fabricate, forge, form, make, mold, shape

【考法 3】 vt. 击打： to aim and usually **deliver a blow**, stroke, or thrust (as with the hand, a weapon, or a tool)

【例】 angrily struck the security guard 愤怒地殴打保安

【近】 bat, beat, hammer, hit, knock, nail, punch, swat

【考法 4】 vt. 袭击，攻击： to take sudden, **violent action** against

【例】 A rattlesnake strikes its prey with lightning speed. 响尾蛇以惊人的速度攻击了它的猎物。

【近】 assail, beset, storm, set on

【考法 5】 vt. 撞击： to come into usually **forceful contact** with something

【例】 One bullet-train struck the other one which had been forced to stop on a viaduct due to lightning strike, resulting in huge casualties. 一辆动车撞向了另一辆因雷击而停在高架桥上的动车，造成了巨大的人员伤亡。

【近】 bang, bash, bump, collide, crash, impact, impinge, ram, slam, smash, swipe, thud

【派】 striking adj. 引人注目的

stringent ['strɪndʒənt]

【考法 1】 adj. 紧绷的: **tight**, constricted

【近】 inflexible, rigid, taut

【反】 lax, loose, slack 松弛的

【考法 2】 adj. 严格的: **marked by rigor**, strictness, or severity especially with regard to rule or standard

【例】 Its drug-testing procedures are the most stringent in the world. 它的药检程序是世界上最严格的

【近】 draconian, exacting, ironhanded, rigorous, severe, strict, uncompromising

【反】 lenient 宽大的, 仁慈的

strip [stri:p]

【考法 1】 vt. 脱衣, 剥去: to **remove clothing**, covering, or surface matter from

【例】 Guards stripped and start to search the prisoners. 守卫剥光了犯人, 开始搜身。

【近】 denude, disrobe, doff, unclothe, undress

【反】 dress, gown, robe 穿衣; bedeck 穿衣打扮

strut [strʌt]

【考法 1】 vi. 趾高气扬地走: to **walk** with a **pompous** and affected air

【例】 A pompous general strutted off the parade ground. 盛气凌人的将军从阅兵场上趾高气扬的走过

【近】 parade, prance, stalk, swagger

【考法 2】 n. 支柱, 压杆: a structural element used to brace or **strengthen a framework** by resisting longitudinal compression

【近】 brace, buttress, column, girder, support, underpinning

studio ['stju:diəʊ]

【考法 1】 n. 工作室, 画室, 摄影室: the **working place of a painter**, sculptor, or photographer

【例】 moved to a larger studio 搬进了更大的工作室

【近】 workshop

stultify ['stʌltɪfaɪ]

【考法 1】 vt. 使无效, 抑制: to deprive of vitality and **render futile** especially by enfeebling or repressive influences

【例】 The accident stultified his previous efforts. 这场意外使他过去的努力都白费了。

【近】 constipate, stagnate, stifle, trammel

【反】 encourage, foster, nourish 鼓励, 培养

【派】 stultifying adj. 抑制的

stupor ['stju:pə]

【考法 1】 n. 迟钝, 麻痹, 无知觉: a condition of greatly dulled or completely **suspended sense** or sensibility

【例】 lapsed into an alcoholic stupor 陷入了无知觉的酒醉状态

【近】 coma, dullness, languor, lethargy, lassitude, listlessness, torpidity, torpor

【反】 alertness, vigilance 警惕, 警戒; vigor, vim, vitality, vivacity 活力, 精力

stunt [stʌnt]

【考法 1】 vt. 阻碍（成长）： to **hinder** the normal **growth**, development, or progress of

【例】 The inhospitable climate had stunted all vegetation. 不佳的气候条件抑制了所有植物的生长。

【近】 check, curb, dwarf, suppress

【反】 advance, boost, foster, nourish, nurture, promote 培养，促进

sturdy ['stɜːdɪ]

【考法 1】 adj. 强健的，结实的： marked by or reflecting physical **strength** or vigor; substantially made or built

【例】 sturdy young athletes 年轻有力的运动员 || Remember to wear sturdy boots because we will be going over sharp rocks and uneven terrain. 别忘了穿一双靠谱的靴子，因为我们要在锋利的岩石和不平的地形上行走。

【近】 durable, firm, robust, rugged, stalwart, stout, strong, sound, tough, vigorous

【反】 delicate, feeble, frail, weak, wimpy 脆弱的；rickety, unsound, unstable, unsteady 不稳固的

【派】 sturdiness n. 强健

Unit 8

STYGIAN
SUBLIME

STYMIE
SUBLIMINAL

SUBDUE
SUBMERGE

SUBJECT
SUBMISSIVE

SUBJUGATE
SUBORDINATE

stygian ['stɪdʒiən]

【考法 1】 adj. 极黑暗的： **extremely dark**, gloomy, or forbidding

【例】 the stygian blackness of the cave 山洞里令人恐惧的黑暗

【近】 black, caliginous, dark, dim, gloomy, pitch-black

【反】 bright, brilliant, illuminated, illumined, light, lightsome, lucent, lucid, luminous 明亮的

stymie ['staɪmɪ]

【考法 1】 vt. 阻碍： to **present an obstacle to**

【例】 stymied by red tape 被冗长的政策条款所阻碍

【近】 encumber, fetter, handcuff, handicap, hinder, impede, inhibit, manacle, obstruct, shackle, trammel

【反】 aid, assist, facilitate, help 帮助，促进

【派】 stymieing adj. 阻碍的

subdue [səb'djuː]

【考法 1】 vt. 征服；使顺从： to **conquer** and bring into subjection; to bring under one's control by force of arms

【例】 subdued the native tribes after years of fighting 经过多年征战终于征服了当地的部落

【近】 conquer, defeat, squelch, subjugate, vanquish

【反】 capitulate, surrender 投降；lose 失败

【派】 subdued adj. 臣服的，柔和的

subject [səb'dʒekt]

【考法 1】 n. 臣民，受支配的人： one that is placed **under authority** or control

【例】 Because of the tense situation in that country, British subjects were advised to return home as soon as possible. 因为该国紧张的局势，英国公民被建议尽快返回英国国内。

【近】 citizen, national

【反】 alien 外来人; potentate 统治者

【考法 2】 adj. 取决于其他因素的: contingent on or under the influence of some later action

【例】 The price of seafood is subject to weather conditions. 海鲜的价格受天气影响。

【近】 affected, conditional, contingent, dependent, reliant, subordinate

【反】 independent, unconditional 独立的

subjugate ['sʌbdʒʊgeɪt]

【考法 1】 vt. 征服, 镇压: to bring under control and governance as a subject

【例】 I would rather die than be subjugated. 我宁死也不愿臣服。

【近】 conquer, dominate, overpower, pacify, quash, squelch, subdue, vanquish

【反】 capitulate, surrender 投降; lose 失败

【考法 2】 vt. 剥夺自由: to make subservient

【近】 enfeeble, enslave, enthrall

【反】 discharge, emancipate, enfranchise, liberate, manumit, release, unfetter 解放, 释放

【派】 subjugation n. 征服

sublime [sə'blaɪm]

【考法 1】 adj. 崇高的, 庄严的: of high spiritual, moral, or intellectual worth

【例】 the sublime virtue of having given all one's worldly goods to the poor 将所有财产都捐给穷人的崇高美德

【近】 chivalrous, elevated, gallant, greathearted, lofty, magnanimous, noble

【反】 base, debased, degenerate, degraded, ignoble, low 可鄙的

【考法 2】 adj. (因为杰出、装光、美丽等而)令人惊叹的: tending to inspire awe usually because of elevated quality (as of beauty, nobility, or grandeur) or transcendent excellence

【例】 the sublime beauty of the canyon 峡谷令人惊叹的美丽

【近】 amazing, astonishing, astounding, awesome, fabulous, miraculous, portentous, prodigious, staggering, stunning, stupendous, wonderful

【反】 common, ordinary 平常的, 普通的

【派】 sublimity n. 庄严, 壮观

subliminal [sʌb'limɪnəl]

【考法 1】 adj. 下意识的, 潜在意识的: below the threshold of conscious perception

【例】 subliminal advertising in movies 电影中的潜意识广告

【近】 concealed, hidden, subconscious

【反】 apparent, clear, evident, manifest, obvious, patent 明显的

submerge [səb'mɜ:dʒ]

【考法 1】 vt. 使淹没: to put under water

【例】 The river burst its banks, submerging an entire village. 河水冲上了堤岸, 淹没了整个村庄。

【近】 dip, douse, drench, drown, immerse, inundate, sop, submerge

【反】 emerge 显现

【派】 submerged adj. 被淹没的

submissive [səb'mɪsɪv]

【考法 1】 adj. 服从的, 顺从的, 恭顺的: submitting to others

【例】 submissive employees 恭顺的员工 || It's not in her nature to be submissive. 服从不是她的本性。

- 【近】 amenable, biddable, compliant, conformable, docile, obeisant, obsequious, servile, subservient, tractable
【反】 contumacious, defiant, intractable, obstreperous, rebellious, recalcitrant, refractory, unruly 不顺从的
【派】 submission n. 服从，顺从

subordinate [sə'bo:dɪnət]

【考法 1】 adj. 下级的，次要的： belonging to a **lower** or inferior class or **rank**

【例】 His contention is that environment plays a subordinate role to heredity in determining what we become.
他的观点就是：在决定我们成长的因素——环境和遗传之中，前者处于更次要的地位。

【近】 inferior, junior, lower, minor, secondary, subject, tributary

【反】 greater, higher, major, primary, prime, senior, superior 更优等的，更高等的

【考法 2】 vt. 征服： to bring **under one's control** by force of arms

【例】 It is one of the lessons of history that more powerful civilizations often subordinate weaker ones. 强大的文明往往征服弱势的文明，这是历史的教训之一。

【近】 conquer, dominate, overpower, pacify, subdue, subject, subjugate, vanquish

【反】 capitulate, surrender 投降；lose 失败

Unit 9

SUBSERVIENT
SUBSTANTIATE

SUBSIDE
SUBSTANTIVE

SUBSIDIARY
SUBTERFUGE

SUBSIDY
SUBTLE

SUBSTANTIAL
SUBVERT

subservient [sʌb'sɜ:vɪənt]

【考法 1】 adj. 奉承的，屈从的： **obsequiously** submissive

【近】 amenable, biddable, compliant, conformable, docile, obeisant, obsequious, servile, submissive, tractable

【反】 contumacious, defiant, intractable, obstreperous, rebellious, recalcitrant, refractory, unruly 不顺从的

【派】 subservience n. 服从

subside [səb'saɪd]

【考法 1】 vi. 下陷，下沉，减弱： to **tend downward**

【例】 Local officials say the flood waters have subsided. 当地官员表示洪水已经退去。 || As the noise of the siren subsided, I was able to fall back to sleep. 随着警笛声的减弱，我可以再次睡着了。 || The pain will subside in a couple of hours. 几个小时之内疼痛感就会退去的。

【近】 abate, decline, decrease, diminish, drop, dwindle, ebb, fall, lessen, moderate, recede, wane

【反】 balloon, burgeon, escalate, expand, grow, increase, intensify, rise, snowball, soar, wax 上升，增大

【派】 subsidence n. 下沉

subsidiary [səb'sɪdʒəri]

【考法 1】 adj. 次要的： of **secondary importance**

【例】 The river has several subsidiary streams. 这条河拥有数条支流。

【近】 minor, secondary, subordinate, tributary

【反】 capital, cardinal, central, chief, key, leading, main, paramount, predominant, primary, principal, supreme

主要的，重要的

【考法 2】adj. 起辅助作用的：furnishing **aid** or **support**

【例】Attached are subsidiary materials. 附件当中的是辅助资料。

【近】accessory, auxiliary, contributory, supplemental, supporting, upholding

subsidy ['sʌbsɪdi]

【考法 1】n. 补助金，津贴：**monetary** assistance granted by a government to a person or group in **support** of an enterprise regarded as being in the public interest

【例】a subsidy to manufacturers during the war 战争期间对制造商的补贴金

【近】allotment, allowance, appropriation, grant, subvention

【派】subsidize vt. 提供补助

substantial [səb'stænʃəl]

【考法 1】adj. 物质的：of, relating to, or **having substance**

【例】a world of dreams, even less substantial than a rainbow 一个梦想中的世界，甚至比彩虹还虚无缥缈

【近】corporeal, concrete, gross, material, objective, physical, tangible

【反】tenuous, vaporous 空洞的，空幻的；diaphanous, ethereal, immaterial 非物质的

【考法 2】adj. 有重大意义的：**considerable in importance**, value, degree, amount, or extent

【例】made a substantial progress 取得了实质性的进展

【近】consequential, considerable, earthshaking, important, meaningful, momentous, significant, weighty

【反】inconsequential, inconsiderable, insignificant, little, minor, negligible, slight, trifling, trivial 微不足道的

substantiate [səb'stænʃɪeɪt]

【考法 1】vt. 证实：to **support with proof** or evidence

【例】There is little scientific evidence to substantiate the claims. 现在还缺乏足够的科学证据来证实这种言论。

【近】attest, authenticate, confirm, corroborate, justify, validate, verify

【反】controvert, disprove, rebut, refute 反驳

【派】substantiated adj. 经证实的

【考法 2】vt 使实体化：to **give material** form to

【例】The artist's intense feelings are substantiated by his paintings' bold colors and broad brush strokes. 画家强烈的情感通过他画作中鲜艳的色彩和很宽的笔画体现出来。

【近】embody, epitomize, externalize, incarnate, incorporate, manifest, materialize, personalize

【反】disembody 使脱离肉体

【派】substantiated adj. 已证实的

substantive ['sʌbstəntɪv]

【考法 1】adj. 本质的，关键的：of or **relating to the essence** or substance

【例】The substantive information is their political stance. 关键的信息是他们的政治立场。

【近】constitutional, elemental, essential, fundamental, substantial, vital

【反】inconsequential, inconsiderable, insignificant, insubstantial, negligible, nominal 不重要的

subterfuge ['sʌbtəfju:dʒ]

【考法 1】n. 狡计：**deception** by artifice or stratagem in order **to conceal**, escape, or evade

【例】The spy obtained the documents by subterfuge. 间谍通过狡猾的计谋获得了文件。

【近】artifice, cheat, chicanery, deception, fraud, trickery, wile

subtle ['sʌtl]

【考法 1】 adj. 微妙的，难以感知的： (so slight as to be) **difficult** to understand or **perceive**

【例】 subtle differences in meaning between the words 单词词义之间的细微差别

【近】 delicate, elusive, evasive, faint, fine, impalpable, intangible, nice, slight

【反】 blatant, conspicuous, obvious, patent, plain 明显的； open, public 公开的

【考法 2】 adj. 巧妙的，间接或带有欺骗性的： **clever** at attaining one's ends by indirect and often **deceptive means**

【例】 used subtle methods of persuasion 采用了十分巧妙的劝说方式

【近】 beguiling, crafty, cunning, cute, designing, devious, foxy, guileful, scheming, shrewd, sly, tricky, wily

【反】 artless, guileless, ingenuous, innocent, undesigning 天真纯朴的，无伪装的

【派】 subtlety n. 微妙；微妙的想法

subvert [səb'vɜ:t]

【考法 1】 vt. 颠覆： to overturn or **overthrow** from the foundation

【例】 an alleged plot to subvert the state 一个谣传的旨在推翻政权的阴谋

【近】 overthrow, overturn, topple

【反】 reinforce 加强

【派】 subversion n. 颠覆

Unit 10

SUCCINCT SULLEN

SUCCOR SUMMARY

SUFFOCATE SUMMIT

SUFFUSE SUMMON

SULK SUMPTUOUS

succinct [sək'sɪŋkt]

【考法 1】 adj. 简明的，简洁的： characterized by **clear**, **precise** expression in few words

【例】 His speech is always succinct and perspicacious. 他的发言总是简洁而一针见血。

【近】 apothegmatic, brief, compact, compendious, concise, laconic, pithy, summary, telegraphic, terse

【反】 circuitous, circumlocutory, diffuse, long-, prolix, rambling, verbose, windy, wordy 冗长的

【派】 succinctness n. 简洁，扼要

succor ['sʌkə]

【考法 1】 vt. 救援，援助： to go to the **aid** of

【例】 We see it as our duty to succor anyone in need. 我们视帮助他人为自己的职责

【近】 aid, assist, help, relieve, support

suffocate ['sʌfəkeɪt]

【考法 1】 vt. 使窒息： to **deprive of oxygen**

【例】 The law requires the owner of a discarded refrigerator to remove its door so that a child won't get trapped inside and suffocate. 法律要求废弃冰箱的所有者移除箱门，从而防止儿童被困其中而窒息致死。

【近】 asphyxiate, choke, smother, stifle, strangle

【派】 suffocating adj. 令人窒息的，压抑的

suffuse [sə'fju:z]

【考法 1】 vt. (色彩等) 弥漫, 染遍, 充满: to **spread through** or over, as with liquid, color, or light

【例】 a room suffused with warm sunlight 一个充满温暖阳光的房间

【近】 flush, fill, imbue, infuse, interpenetrate, percolate, pervade, transfuse

【派】 suffusing adj. 弥漫的

sulk [sʌlk]

【考法 1】 vi. 生气, 愠怒: to be sullenly aloof or withdrawn, as in silent **resentment** or protest

【例】 He would sulk for hours whenever he didn't get what he want. 当他的愿望没被满足时, 他会生几个小时的闷气

【近】 frown, grump, mope, pout

【反】 crow, delight, exuberate, jubilate, rejoice, triumph 感到高兴, 雀跃

【派】 sulky adj. 生气的, 不悦的

sullen ['sʌlən]

【考法 1】 adj. 闷闷不乐的: causing or marked by an atmosphere **lacking in cheer**

【例】 She remained sullen amid festivities alone. 她独自一人在喜庆的气氛中闷闷不乐。 || sullen skies that matched our mood on the day of the funeral 葬礼当天与我们很搭调的沉闷天气

【近】 bleak, cheerless, dark, depressing, dire, gloomy, glum, gray, lugubrious, morose, saturnine, sulky, surly

【反】 bright, cheerful, cheering, cordial, festive, gay 欢快的

【反】 lighthearted 高兴的

summary ['sʌməri]

【考法 1】 n. 摘要: an **abstract**, abridgment, or compendium especially of a preceding discourse

【例】 Many book reports choose to begin with a summary of the book. 许多书评以该书的摘要开始。

【近】 abstract, brief, epitome, outline, recapitulation, synopsis, summarization

【反】 elaboration 详细解释

【考法 2】 adj. 就地的, 立即的: done or executed **on the spot** and without formality

【例】 a summary trial and speedy execution 就地的判决和快速的处决

【近】 drumhead

【反】 prolonged, protracted 拖延的

summit ['sʌmɪt]

【考法 1】 n. 顶点: the **highest point**

【例】 the summit of his ambition 他雄心壮志的顶点

【近】 acme, apex, climax, crescendo, crest, crown, culmination, meridian, peak, pinnacle, top, zenith

【反】 bottom, nadir 最低点

summon ['sʌmən]

【考法 1】 vt. 召集, 召唤: to **call together**

【例】 The general summoned all his troops before the operation. 行动之前, 将军把所有的部队召集到了一起。

【近】 assemble, convene, convoke, muster, rally

【反】 dismiss 解散

【考法 2】 vt. 传唤 (出庭、出席): to **command** by service of a summons, especially **to appear in court**

【例】 was summoned to answer charges 他被传唤出庭应对起诉

【近】 call, hail

sumptuous ['sʌmptʊəs]

【考法 1】 adj. 豪华的，奢侈的: **extremely** costly, rich, **luxurious**, or magnificent

【例】 The hotel claims to offer sumptuous furnishings and exquisitely prepared cuisine. 酒店宣称有奢华的装潢和精心准备的食物。

【近】 deluxe, lavish, lush, luxurious, opulent, palatial, resplendent, splendid, superb

【反】 ascetic, austere, humble, spartan 简朴的