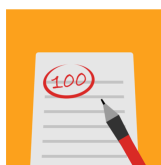


GRE 阅读机经 101 篇

分类分级解析版 2016.7.27





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写在前面的话

千呼万唤之下，解析版终于出台啦！该解析版是《考满分 * 2016 最新 GRE 阅读鸡精 * 101 分类分级版》（2016 7.14 更新版）的姊妹篇，篇目题目顺序一一对应。为节约资源，该解析版没有重复分类分级版正文文章，如果题干选项和分类分级版有文本出入，以分类分级版为准。

建议大家一定先自己独立看分类分级版，按照 **All in One** 课程双线结构阅读法，记结构化笔记，主旨题、细节题、逻辑单题分别按照不同方法做题。产生疑问困惑的时候，先自己思考再看解析版。该解析版每篇文章大致分析结构思路，主旨题依据文章结构，细节题尽量明确原文定位。同学们经常有疑问的选项，也尽可能给予解释澄清。由于文字表达的笨拙，文章结构分析不能完全体现 **All in One** 课程双线结构阅读法的要求，干扰选项辨析只能挂一漏万。恳请同学们谅解啦！

此解析版得到北京大学经管学院王晓同学的大力帮助，真诚感谢啦！很多同学，尤其是 **All in One** 班级的同学给予很多思路启发，一并感谢啦！当然，该版本问题瑕疵还有很多，欢迎大家随时和我交流反馈，班级 QQ，微信群，个人微信的方式都很方便，我的个人微信 ID: kmfhuishu

总之，勤奋加用心，你一定能迈过 GRE 阅读这个门槛，并且享受到学术英文阅读的独特魅力的！爱你的辉哥和你在一起！

考满分 辉哥
2016 年 7 月 27 日

Passage 1 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 生物 / 中等)

Although social learning (the acquisition of specific behaviors by observing.....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- A. note a flaw in a scientific finding
- B. describe a particular scientific study
- C. present an interpretation of a finding
- D. note a difference between two scientific findings
- E. contrast two conditions in which a particular phenomenon has been observed

答案: B

解析: 文章首句作为背景指出关于主题: 基于发展情景鱼社会认知研究(相对于个体研究)的不足。二句重点引入 C, W, K 的研究: 关注鱼群密度与认知学习(后续觅食成功)的关系。他们做对比实验: 小群中长大的 G 鱼比大群中的 G 鱼更快发现食物。后文进一步解释: 大群中成长的 G 鱼更少学习。总之, 该研究验证了社会环境与认知的关系。

该题问文章主旨目的, 可知 B 最准确。A 选项错在 **flaw**, C 选项忽视了对研究本身的介绍。D 错, 文章就介绍了一个研究发现。E 选项只概括了研究中的对比。

2. Regarding research on fish, it can be inferred from the passage that

- A. research studies of the acquisition of important skills by fish have only recently begun to document the role of conspecifics in the learning process
- B. research on social learning in guppies suggests that guppies differ in important ways from most other fish in the means by which they learn particular skills
- C. research on social learning in fish has generally focused on the acquisition of skills other than foraging
- D. research has established that social learning occurs in some fish species without investigating the development context in which it occurs.
- E. research to investigate social learning has been done more extensively on fish than on other aquatic animals.

答案: D

解析: 该题只能选项定位。D 选项可以定位到文章首句, 是其同义改写: Although social learning (the acquisition of specific behaviors by observing other individuals exhibiting those behaviors) is well documented among fish, few studies have investigated social learning within a developmental context in these taxa.

3. Which of the following can be inferred about the study by Chapman, Ward, and Krause?

- A. It was initially designed to investigate something other than social learning.
- B. It required researchers to observe individual guppies at multiple points in their life spans.
- C. It pointed to the possibility that population density may have little to do with guppies' social learning.
- D. It required the observation of guppies under conditions that closely mimicked the conditions of guppies in the wild.
- E. It indicated that guppies gain adaptive information from being reared with a relatively large number of conspecifics.

答案: D

解析: 根据人名定位到 2 句之后。D 选项正确。文章说, 他们的实验是针对 laboratory-housed guppies 做的, 文章最后一句总结是针对所有 G 鱼类说的(包括野生 G 鱼)可知作者默认了 D 选项正确, 否则不能得出最后一句结论。

Passage 2 (短文章 / 文学评论 / 中等)

As it was published in 1935, *Mules and Men*, Zora Neale Hurston's landmark

1. Select the sentence that suggests a possible reason why Hurston wrote the version of *Mules and Men* that was published in 1935.

解析：文章首段主要介绍一个矛盾现象：H 写了两个版本，1935 年版本和 1929 年版本。矛盾的是：35 年发表的版本不同于最初的 29 年版本。二段给出原因解释，进而作出评论。

由对矛盾现象的解释可以定位到第二段的第一句 “While we cannot know for certain why Hurston's original manuscript went unpublished during her lifetime, it may have been because publishers wanted something more than a transcription of tales.”

2. The passage suggests that Hurston may have done which of the following in preparing her original version?

A. Discussed her mode of presentation with her publisher before writing the first draft, in order to reduce the possibility of misunderstanding.

B. Shortened her presentation of the stories to the bare minimum in order to be able to present more folklore material.

C. Put it aside for several decades in order to maximize its potential audience when it was published.

D. Reluctantly agreed to reshape it in order to take out various elements with which her publisher had been dissatisfied.

E. Chose not to include editorial commentary, in order to present the stories on their own terms.

答案：E

解析：original version 指的是 1929 年未发表的版本。A 选项中与编辑交流在文中早不到依据。而且作者推测 1935 年版本才是与编辑交流的结果；B 选项中最小化 Hurston 自己的陈述以最大化材料，在文中找不到对应的依据；选项 C 说将手稿放置一边以期在将来出版时赢得最多潜在的读者，在文中也无依据。而且 1929 年版本在当时没有被出版的，因此 Hurston 自己也不可能预计以后的出版情况；选项 D 说 Hurston 不情愿的删除了一些编辑不满意的因素，文中也没有提到。只是作者推测 1935 年版本的某些内容是应编辑的要求添加的；选项 E 说 Hurston 决定不添加评论内容，还原故事本来面貌，对应文中 “This version differs from *Mules and Men* in that it simply records stories, with no descriptive or interpretive information.” 其中 this version 指的是 1929 年版，即 original version。

Passage 3 (逻辑单题 / 假设 / 难)

A decrease in face-to-face social contact can precipitate depression.....

1. Which of the following is an assumption on which the argument depends?

A. In general, the reason that the people in the studies had doubled their Internet use was not that they had earlier experienced a significant decrease in opportunities for face-to-face social contact.

B. A sharp decrease in face-to-face social contact is the only change in daily activity that can lead to an increased incidence of depression.

C. Using the Internet presents no opportunities for people to increase the amount of face-to-face social contact they experienced in their daily lives.

D. Regular Internet users who are depressed will experience an immediate improvement in mood if they sharply decrease the amount of time they spend on the Internet.

E. Before they doubled the time they spent on the Internet, the people who did so were already more prone to depression than are regular Internet users in general.

答案：C

解析：题目问文章论证基于的假设。文章中心结论是中间这句：**so psychologists have speculated that sharply increasing Internet use can cause depression** 增加上网时间会引起抑郁。文章理由以该句结论为界，分为前后两个部分：前半部分理由看起来是一个链状推理：减少面对面社交会引起抑郁。用来上网的时间不能用于面对面社交。后半部分理由是一个对比研究：最近增加两倍上网时间的常规网络用户比没有增加的常规网络用户有更高的抑郁发生率。前后两半部分理由哪一部分有漏洞呢？问题出在前半部分！它貌似一个链状推理，但它与严密支持结论的链状推理之间是有出入的。

这样一个链状推理才是严密的，无懈可击的：

理由 1：减少面对面社交会引起抑郁

理由 2：增加上网的时间会减少面对面社交时间

结论：增加上网时间会引起抑郁

问题是：即使用来上网的时间不能用于面对面社交（原文表达），但是否能增加每天其他时间的面对面社交机会呢？比如，上网用来 **dating**, 上网之后意犹未尽，相约面对面热聊啦！如果出现这种情况，原文推理就不是我们需要的严密推理啦！所以，文章推理依据的假设就是要排除这种情况。就是 C 选项。

Passage 4 (短文章 / 文学评论 (对比) / 中等)

African American drama has, until recently, been rooted in the mimetic tradition

1. Which of the following best states the central idea of the passage?

- A. African American drama has been primarily influenced by naturalism's emphasis on the materialistic.
- B. African American drama has traditionally acknowledged the relationship between the individual and the environment.
- C. African American drama, traditionally naturalistic, has been little influenced by dramatist Kennedy's spiritual and psychological approach to drama.
- D. The work of Kennedy suggests a shift away from a commitment to strict naturalism in African American drama.
- E. The work of Kennedy best exemplifies the current interest of African American artists in the spiritual and psychological worlds.

答案：D

解析：文章两段是典型的对比结构。一段是美国黑人戏剧最近之前的主导流派：自然主义。自然主义的典型特征是反映现实生活，人物命运决定于现实环境。二段是以 AK 为代表的最近变化：超现实主义，远离自然主义。塑造人物不依赖于与外部环境的联系。

该题问文章主旨，D 最准确。

A 选项只概括了首段内容。B 选项概括主题偏离，没有体现对比变化。C 选项无视二段内容。E 选项 best 概念原文无，且没有体现一段。

2. According to the passage, Kennedy is concerned with depicting the

- A. internal rather than the external life of her characters
- B. madness of reality rather than the effects of reality
- C. effects of materialism on African American minds and souls
- D. relationship between naturalism and the human spirit
- E. effects that her characters have on the environment

答案：A

解析：该题问 K 的艺术主张。A 选项定位到 2 段该句：The overall goal of her work has been to depict the world of the soul and the spirit, not to mirror concrete reality. 由此可知选 A

3. Which of the following statements, if true, would most strengthen the authors assertion that Kennedy's work marks a serious departure from the tradition described in the first paragraph?
- A. Kennedy places the action in a real-life setting that is nevertheless unfamiliar to the average viewer or reader.
 - B. Kennedy movingly portrays the lives and struggles of prominent African Americans in the United States.
 - C. Kennedy uses characters found only in ancient African legends and mythology.
 - D. Kennedy provides insights into American mimetic tradition and dramatic convention.
 - E. Kennedy depicts the events in a style reminiscent of a television documentary.

答案: C

解析: 该题问最能加强作者论断(K 的作品远离首段提及的自然主义传统)的选项。C 最合适。K 只使用古代神话传说中人物形象。意思是 K 的人物角色不依赖于周围环境。这与首段自然主义风格最相反: Naturalism sees each individual as inextricably bound to the environment and depicts each person as someone controlled by, instead of controlling, concrete reality.

Passage 5 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 生物 / 中等)

Although many hypotheses have been proposed to explain why some

1. The passage is primarily concerned with
- A. assessing the empirical success of a theory
 - B. explaining why no consistent theoretical account of a phenomenon has been possible
 - C. advocating a potential solution to a theoretical impasse
 - D. deducing testable predictions from a proposed theory
 - E. describing the difficulties involved in explaining certain empirical results

答案: C

解析: 文章首段首先介绍一个理论难题: 关于 **invisibility** 原因没有统一意见。However 后, 作者指出, 一种基于资源波动的理论能解决该理论难题。二段详细介绍该理论。该理论主要用 **resource-release mechanisms** 来解释 **invisibility**, 否定物种丰富性的解释。

这道题是典型的主旨题。选项 A 说是评价一个理论的实验观察上的成功。但原文中并没有讲到实验观察的地方, 而是理论上的推测; 选项 B 说解释了为什么某一现象没有一致的理论原因, 但文章主要讲了新理论如何解决旧理论的不一致性, 而不是“为什么”的问题; 选项 C 说支持了一种有潜力可以解决原有理论僵局的新理论, 符合题意; 选项 D 说由一个理论推测出了可以被检测的推论, 但文中并没有提到推论, 也没有提到检测问题; 选项 E 说描述了解释某些特定实验结果的困难。原文中只由第一段说某些原有假说与实验结果不一致, 并非全文都在描述困难。

2. It can be inferred that the author would most likely agree with which of the following assessments of the results from field studies
- A. Many of the results contradicted predictions of susceptibility to invasion that are based on the availability of resources unused by the community.
 - B. If fluctuating resource availability were taken into account, many of the apparent inconsistencies among the results could be explained.
 - C. The apparent inconsistencies and ambiguities in the results are caused by trying to make them fit an inadequate general theory of invasibility.
 - D. No general theory of invasibility has emerged because none of the studies has been able to assess the degree of an invasion accurately.
 - E. The results tend to show a degree of susceptibility to invasion that is lower than would be expected given the prevalence in the wild of nonnative species.

答案: B

解析: 根据 **field studies** 定位到文章首段, however 转折后, **previous studies** 仍指 **field studies**.

选项 B 是对转折后的概括。

3. According to the author, the theory based on fluctuating resource availability might resolve “**apparently conflicting and ambiguous results**” because

A. It explains how a particular circumstance can produce disparate effects.

B. It does not assume that all of the results are instances of the phenomenon that the theory is intended to explain.

C. It predicts that seemingly minor variations in research methodology can have a dramatic effect on results.

D. Its account is based on a statistical tendency rather than on the supposition that the results arise from a causal connection.

E. It indicates why a similar outcome may be preceded by very different circumstances on different occasions.

答案：E

解析：根据高亮关键词定位首段。尽管关键词出现在首段，因二段是对首段理论的详细展开，答案很可能出现在二段。E 选项定位该句 Since 原因从句：In particular, the theory predicts that there will be no necessary relationship between the species diversity of a plant community and its susceptibility to invasion, since near-complete exploitation can each occur in both species-rich and species-poor communities. 该句用来否定物种多样性的解释，因为不同的（物种丰富）情况会有一样的结果：（外来物种）的几乎彻底开发利用。

Passage 6 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 气候 / 易)

Although some skeptics points to Arctic places such as the high latitudes.....

1. Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

The passage mentions which of the following as factors that might lead to large temperature swings in Earths polar regions?

A. the amount of energy lost due to evaporation at the poles

B. soil exposure due to melting snow

C. the relatively thin atmosphere at the poles

答案：ABC

解析：文章首句指出最近研究与之前怀疑者观点的矛盾：怀疑者认为北极地区降温，最近研究发现升温。后文依次列举方式解释了几个原因：1 雪和冰的反射，2 空气稀薄，3 少蒸发损耗。

该题问可能导致地球极地温度大幅变化（swing）因素，定位到文章中 2 句：several factors lead to greater temperature swings at Earths polar regions。可知 ABC 都正确。

2. In pointing to the apparent temperature change in the high latitudes of Greenland, the skeptics mentioned in the passage intend to raise as a question whether

A. Greenland is less likely to experience extreme temperature changes than are other areas of the Arctic.

B. Those more localized temperature drops might indicate an important trend not captured by the upward trend of average Arctic temperatures.

C. There might be a reversal of the temperature trend in the high latitudes of Greenland.

D. The factors that cause temperature change in the high latitudes of Greenland are different from those that affect the rest of the Arctic.

E. Greenland has more ice and snow on the ground than do other areas of the Arctic.

答案：C

解析：该题问文章中 **skeptics**（猜疑者）指出格陵兰地区温度变化的目的，定位到首句，可知 **C** 选项：他们认为温度是向相反方向变化的（**reversal of the temperature trend**），他们认为以格陵兰为代表的整个北极地区温度是下降的，这与主流观点，**recent scientific report** 的结论是相反的。**B** 选项不准确，等于把格陵兰当作北极地区的例外特例，而不是原文表达的典型代表。

Passage 7 (短文章 / 文学评论 / 中等)

Among many historians a belief persists that Cotton Mather's biographies of some of the settlers

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to
 - A. argue against a theory universally accepted by historical researchers
 - B. call attention to an unusual approach to documenting a historical era
 - C. summarize research on a specific historical figure
 - D. counter a particular view about the work of a biographer
 - E. point out subtle differences among controversial historical reports

答案：D

解析：全文首句介绍很多历史学家对 **CM** 的传记的观点：关注虔诚性，牺牲历史准确性。**Yet** 转折后，是作者对 **CM** 传记的正面评价，反驳了对 **CM** 的指责。

该题 **A** 选项说反驳了一个历史界通行的理论，但文中并没有提到任何理论；**B** 说是一个不同寻常的记录历史时代的方法，但文中显然也没有提到任何方法；**C** 说总结了关于一个历史人物的研究，但显然文章并没有全部在说某一个历史人物的研究工作。文中提到了 **Governor John Winthrop**，目的是为了说明 **Mather** 的 **critical observations**；**D** 说反驳了关于某个传记作家某部作品的一些看法，纵观全文，作者的确是一直反驳一些历史学家对于 **Mather** 的传记的看法，正确；**E** 说指出了矛盾的历史报告的微妙不同，显然与主题已无关。

2. The author of the passage implies that an argument for the historical accuracy of Mather's works is most strongly supported by which of the following?
 - A. surviving documents that corroborate Mather's detailed descriptions of his subjects
 - B. Mather's firsthand personal acquaintance with those about whom he wrote
 - C. Mather's frank and straightforward accounts of the lives and times of people about whom he had conducted extensive research
 - D. Mather's ability to detail important historical events in the religious context of which they were a part
 - E. the quantity and nature of the sources from which Mather obtained his information.

答案：E

解析：问题问的是支持 **Mather** 传记的准确性的最有力证据，**Yet** 转折后作者评价说，**modern studies have profited both from the breadth of information that Mather provides and from his critical observations of**后文是对该评价的展开。可知选 **E** 最有力，**quantity=breadth, nature=critical observation**。

3. Information in the passage best supports which of the following statements about Mather's biographies of the settlers of the Massachusetts Bay Colony?
 - A. Annals written by Mather and others were censored by later historians, thus detracting from their value as full and accurate accounts of the period.
 - B. Mather's description of Governor Winthrop includes all of Winthrop's shortcomings, such as a tendency toward levity at inappropriate times.
 - C. Mather's descriptions of the Massachusetts Bay colonists were based primarily on firsthand experiences.
 - D. Many historians believe that Mather's biographies are poor sources of historical information because biography is an inherently unreliable genre of historical writing.

E. Mather's writings reflect an interest in the degree of economic success achieved by early Massachusetts Bay colonists.

答案: E

解析: 选项 A 中的 **annals** 在原文中找不到对应, 排除; B 中说对 **Governor Winthrop** 的描述暴露了其所有缺点, 这个在文中没有提到; C 说 **Mather** 写传记主要基于自己的亲身经历, 原文中找不到对应, 且与 **Mather amassed all sorts of published and unpublished documents as sources** 相违背; D 说 **biography is an inherently unreliable genre of historical writing** 在原文中找不到对应。而且历史学家只是批评 **Mather**, 并未涉及历史写作类型; E 选项可定位至 “**The charge also obscures Mather's concern with the settlers material, not just spiritual, prosperity.**” 正确。

Passage 8 (逻辑单题 / 加强 / 中等)

An alarming number of Mediterranean monk seals, an endangered species.....

1. Which of the following, if true, provides additional evidence to support the conclusion?

- A. Viruses are much more difficult to identify in postmortem analysis than bacteria are.
- B. Mediterranean monk seals are the only species of seal in the area where the bacterium was found.
- C. The bacterium is almost always present in the water in at least small concentrations.
- D. Nearly all the recent deaths were among adult seals, but young seals are far more susceptible to viruses than are adult seals.
- E. Several years ago, a large number of monk seals died in the same area as a result of exposure to a different bacterial toxin.

答案: D

解析: 题目要求加强文章结论。文章针对 **Mediterranean monk seals** 的大量死亡。文章提出两个可能原因: 1 是不明病毒, 2 是有毒细菌。然后根据海水样本发现的有毒细菌, 认为死亡是由有毒细菌引起的。加强结论的选项就要支持有毒细菌论, 削弱乃至否定病毒论。

D 选项支持力度最大, 用的是逆否命题的思路: 如果是病毒引起的, 应该有大量小海豹死亡。现在只有成年海豹死亡, 没有小海豹死亡, 所以不是病毒原因。从而大大支持了有毒细菌论。

Passage 9 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 社会历史 / 易)

An Irish newspaper editorial encouraging women to participate in the non-importation.....

1. The passage is primarily concerned with

- A. resolving a dispute
- B. advocating a course of action
- C. tracing the evolution of a practice
- D. citing competing views of an issue
- E. chronicling a series of events

答案: D

解析: 这是一道文章主旨题。文章开始讲主流观点: 抵制消费的政治上的利用起源于美国。

However 之后, 介绍 **Mary ODowd** 的相反观点: 爱尔兰的妇女抵制进口品的历史可以追溯到 17 世纪, 它是有自己的历史的。因此答案选 D。A 选项不准确, 作者的立场并不明确。

2. In the context of the passage, the highlighted sentence serves to

- A. qualify a point made in the preceding sentence
- B. correct an erroneous assumption
- C. provide evidence in support of a perception cited in the opening sentence

- D. provide a rationale for the view expressed in the following sentence
E. establish the popularity of a point of view

答案：A

解析：高亮的句子为 “Breen did acknowledge that a few isolated boycotts may have taken place in other countries.” 这一句的上一句是说 Breen 认为抵制消费活动起源于美国，显然高亮句是 B 做的让步。A 选项最准确。下一句是 Mary 的完全相反的观点：抵制行为起源于爱尔兰，D 选项不正确，高亮句不是为后句的观点提供合理性。

Passage 10 (逻辑单题 / 加强 / 难)

A law has been proposed requiring the cargo boxes of trucks carrying gravel to be covered.....

1. Which of the following, if true, provides the strongest support for the argument given?
A. The drivers of vehicles behind a gravel truck are more likely to remain close behind the truck if the truck's cargo box is covered than if it is uncovered.
B. Most trucks that carry gravel already carry tarpaulins that their drivers use to cover the cargo box when they are carrying sand, which can blow out of the cargo box in significant quantities.
C. Of all the damage that occurs to vehicles on the highway, debris that flies off trucks is the cause of only a very small fraction.
D. The proposed law allows open-topped trucks on the highway to have uncovered cargo boxes whenever their cargo boxes are empty.
E. Because of the great weight of a load of gravel, the driver of a gravel truck is often driving much more slowly than most of the other vehicles on the road.

答案：A

解析：该题要求加强论证。文章结论是：最近的要求运输小石子的卡车加盖帆布的法律不能减少飞溅石子对后续车辆造成的伤害，理由是，石子从车厢飞溅出来的可能性远远小于从轮胎缝隙飞溅出来的可能性。

- A 选项加强作用最强。加盖帆布，后续车辆更可能靠近运输石子的卡车，从而提高受伤害的概率（虽然盖帆布降低了从车厢飞溅石子的机率，但没有降低从轮胎缝隙飞溅的机率）
B 选项说很多司机已经携带帆布，但携带不等于加盖。
C 选项考虑的是所有伤害的问题，过于宽泛。
D 选项讨论的是空车状态，完全无关。

Passage 11 (短文章 / 文学问题解决 / 中等)

Before feminist literary criticism emerged in the 1970s, the nineteenth-century United States

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. The passage suggests which of the following about the contradiction mentioned in the highlighted sentence?
A. It was not generally addressed by critics before the 1970s.
B. It is apparent in only a small number of Ferns writings.
C. It has troubled many feminist critics who study Fern.

答案：AC

解析：文章首先说 1970 年代女权主义文学批评出现前对 FF 评价：当作维护传统价值情感主义代表。女权主义兴起后，强调 FF 非情感因素，尖锐社会批评。新问题出现：如何协调社会批评和传统价值的矛盾。H 尝试解决：用感情修辞掩饰激进变革目标。T 提出针对感情主义自身的替代解释：可以通过左右读者情感方式服务激进变革目标。

该题问这对高亮句中矛盾的正确表述。A 选项可以通过首句得知。C 选项可从 3 句 Most feminist scholars find 得知。

2. It can be inferred from the passage that Tompkins would be most likely to agree with which of the following about the **critics** mentioned in the passage?

- A. They accurately characterize the overall result Fern is aiming to achieve.
- B. They are not as dismissive of Fern as some feminist critics have suggested.
- C. They exaggerate the extent to which Fern intended her writing to serve a social purpose.
- D. They wrongly assume that sentimental must be a pejorative term.
- E. They fail to recognize the role that sentimental rhetoric plays to reader's emotions.

答案：D

解析：该题问 T 最会支持的针对文章中评论者的表述。T 的观点立场体现在最后一句：T 提出针对感情主义自身的替代解释：可以通过左右读者情感方式服务激进变革目标。DE 选项之中。D 选项更好。之前评论者有 insipid 的明显负评价。原文末句 T 的观点，等于承认之前评论者至少认识到感情主义可以服务于保守主义目标，不能等同于 E 选项，完全意识不到感情主义的作用。

Passage 12 (逻辑单题 / 假设 / 易)

A plant-based automobile fuel has just become available in Ternland.....

1. Which of the following is an assumption on which the argument relies?

- A. There is no expense associated with operating an automobile that is higher when the automobile uses the plant-based fuel than when it uses gasoline.
- B. Automobiles that have been operated using the plant-based fuel can no longer be operated using regular gasoline.
- C. The environmental damage attributable to automobiles is due almost entirely to the production and combustion of fuel automobiles use.
- D. The advantages of the plant-based fuel over gasoline will not lead those who switch to the plant-based fuel to do more driving.
- E. Most drivers in Ternland will switch from gasoline to the plant-based fuel.

答案：D

解析：题目要求找论证基于的假设。文章理由是：新型植物汽车燃料比传统汽油更高效，环境污染更少，价格也更便宜。结论是：司机转用新型植物汽油的话，能降低每年燃油花费，还能减少环境破坏。注意文章理由到结论的概念跳跃：理由讨论的是单位（例如每升）问题，结论是消耗 / 排放总量问题。作者忽略了另外的重要变量：驾驶里程的总量问题。D 选项指出该被忽略变量不应有不利变化，是文章推理基于的假设。

Passage 13 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 生物 / 易)

Biologists have long debated about whether egg production in birds is biologically.....

1. The passage suggests that biologists who say egg production in birds is biologically highly costly would agree that clutch size is determined primarily by

- A. the nutritional and energy demands of egg production
- B. the number of young that the parents can rear successfully
- C. reproductive limitations operating during chick rearing
- D. the availability of food for newly hatched chicks
- E. the differences between altricial and precocial species

答案：A

解析：文章首句介绍老观点：鸟产卵是受制于能量和营养消耗的。2 句之后，L 提出不同观点：产蛋

规模受制于父母成功饲养的能力。后续研究发现，自己觅食的种类（P）产蛋规模受制于其他因素。潜在意思是说，父母饲养的种类（A），成功饲养的能力有可能是重要的，但老观点也是有其道理的。该题问的是首句生物学家的观点，定位可知 A 选项。

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

2. The passage suggests that Lack would agree with which of the following statements about factors affecting clutch size in birds?

- A. In altricial species, clutch size is determined primarily by factors operating after eggs are laid.
- B. In precocial species, clutch size is determined primarily by factors operating after eggs are laid.
- C. In many bird species, clutch size generally remains well below the potential limit of egg production.

答案：AC

解析：该题问 L 关于产卵规模的观点，选项定位可知 A, C。

A 选项定位到：He suggested that clutch size had instead evolved in relation to the number of young that the parents could successfully rear. Subsequently, most studies focused on limitations operating during chick rearing, particularly among altricial species (species in which the parents feed their young in the nest).

C 选项定位到：Lack, however, suggested that clutch size—the number of eggs a bird lays per breeding cycle—is far below the potential limit of egg production.（文章末句发现并未否定该观点）

Passage 14 (短文章 / 文学评论 (对比) / 易)

Carla L. Peterson's *Doers of the Word* (1997), a study of African American women speakers

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. The passage indicates that Peterson identifies which of the following as obstacles faced by the women included in her study?

- A. the attitudes of Black male intellectuals toward female intellectual work
- B. the discriminatory attitudes faced by Black women in nineteenth-century America as a whole
- C. disagreements among Black women speakers and writers themselves about the impact of the Black intelligentsia

答案：AB

解析：文章首句是作者对 Peterson 的作品价值的总体评论；第二句将其研究与另一位学者 Fosters 相比较。三句之后主要强调 Peterson 和 Fosters 的区别。

本题问的是 Peterson 认为女性面临的障碍有哪些，定位到 “Peterson sees these same women as having been fundamentally estranged from the nation by a dominant culture unsympathetic to Black women, and by a Black intelligentsia whose male view of race concerns left little room for Black female intellect.” 一句，可知选 A、B。

2. It can be inferred that Peterson's study and Fosters study are similar with respect to which of the following?

- A. the writers that each takes up for examination
- B. the degree to which each has influenced other scholars
- C. the assumptions that each brings to nineteenth-century African American literature
- D. their analysis of the nineteenth-century Black intelligentsia
- E. their interpretation of nineteenth-century Americas dominant culture

答案：A

解析：此题问的是 Peterson 和 Fosters 研究的相似之处，定位到原文的 “ts scope resembles that of Frances Smith Fosters 1993 study, but its approach is quite different.” 一句，可知选 A。

Passage 15 (短文章 / 艺术评论 / 中等)

David Belasco's 1912 Broadway production of *The Governor's Lady* created a sensation

1. The author of the passage implies which of the following about Belasco's production of *The Governor's Lady*?

- A. It was dismissed by certain theater critics who misunderstood Belasco's conception of modernity.
- B. It was intended to marshal elements of the New Stagecraft to serve Belasco's predilection for realistic staging.
- C. It demonstrated that theatrical literalism could be used effectively to express a dramatic text's central ideas.
- D. It elicited responses that reflected a discrepancy between popular tastes in entertainment and the tastes of progressive theater critics.
- E. It relied on the appeal of an impressively realistic stage set to compensate for weaknesses in other aspects of the production.

答案: D

解析: 文章的结构比较简单明了, 先说 Belasco 的现实主义戏剧引起了公众轰动; 转折后说进步戏剧评论家对其负评价, 戏剧评论家拥护 New Stagecraft theories, 反对 theatrical literalism. 该题定位至原文 "While Belasco's meticulously detailed reproduction of an immediately recognizable setting impressed the public, it was derided by progressive theater critics" 一句可知答案选 D。

2. It can be inferred that the theater critics would be most likely to agree with which of the following statements about the theatrical productions?

- A. Theatrical productions that seek to eliminate the inessential also often eliminate theatrical elements that enhance the expressiveness of a play.
- B. Theatrical productions that faithfully recreate the visual details of everyday life are unlikely to do justice to a good play's central ideas.
- C. Theatrical productions that employ the minimalism characteristic of modern paintings may have greater appeal to modern audiences than productions that rely on theatrical literalism.
- D. Theatrical productions that aim to represent truths about modern life should not attempt to employ elements of the New Stagecraft.
- E. Theatrical productions that attempt to produce authentic-looking scenes of everyday reality are likely to fail in that goal because of the theater's inherent limitations.

答案: B

解析: 问题中问的是戏剧评论家的看法, 定位至原文 "The New Stagecraft rejected theatrical literalism; it drew inspiration from the subjectivity and minimalism of modern painters, advocating simplified sets designed to express a dramatic text's central ideas. a true artist eliminated the inessential to create more meaningful, expressive stage images." 可知选 B

Passage 16 (逻辑单题 / 假设 / 中等)

Currently, Sulandian television journalists are twice as likely as other workers to support

1. Which of the following is an assumption on which the argument depends?

- A. Few of the television journalists currently working in Sulandia were trained in Sulandian journalism schools.
- B. Journalists in Sulandia whose political affiliations differ from those of the general population tend to allow their political views to affect the way they report news about politics.
- C. Most of the television journalists currently working in Sulandia who support the Blue Party also supported the Blue Party when they were students.
- D. Support for the Blue party is not significantly less common among those current Sulaidan journalism students who intend to become television journalists than it is among current Sulandian journalism students as a whole.
- E. Classes in Sulandian journalism schools are not taught mainly by working Sulandian journalists.

答案: D

解析: 文章理由是: S 的电视新闻工作者是其他行业工人 B 政党支持率的两倍, S 的新闻专业学生对 B 政党的支持率比 S 的电视新闻工作者更高。

文章结论是: 假设新闻专业不改变政党支持, 随着新闻专业学生参加工作, 当前的 S 的电视新闻工作者是其他行业工人 B 政党支持率之间的显著差异会进一步扩大。

考虑否定结论的可能情况: 1 S 新闻专业学生毕业不在本地工作, 2 S 新闻专业学生大部分不从事电视新闻工作, 3 参加电视新闻工作的 S 新闻专业学生大部分不支持 B 政党, 而参加其他行业的 S 新闻专业学生大部分支持 B 政党。等等。

D 选项正确。取非 D 选项: 希望参加电视新闻工作的 S 新闻专业学生比 S 新闻专业学生作为整体有显著更低的 B 政党支持率。如果这样的话, 则破坏结论: 差异不会进一步扩大, 甚至缩小。

Passage 17 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 动物 / 易)

Early naturalists believed two species of beaver lived in North America: dam beavers and bank beavers.....

1. The passage provides support for which of the following statements about beaver dams?
- A. One important function of these dams is to protect beavers homes.
- B. Most are built prior to burrow construction.
- C. They are found mostly along deep rivers.
- D. They are routinely abandoned as nearby forests are depleted.
- E. They mainly protect beavers from rising water levels.

答案: A

解析: 文章首先介绍早期自然主义者的观点: 北美有两种 beaver, dam beavers, bank beavers, bank beavers 不会筑坝。In fact 之后, 作者指出, bank beaver 不需要筑坝, 它们会筑坝, 必要的时候才筑坝。

该题定位至原文 “In fact, dams are primarily a strategy for dealing with annual variations in water levels. If water levels fall in summer, as they do in most of North America, then beavers lodge entrances may be exposed. With stabilized water levels, their homes are much safer.” 可知答案选 A

2. The passage implies which of the following about beavers?
- A. Bank beavers are unable to successfully compete with dam beavers when resources become scarce.
- B. Differences in dam-building behavior among beavers do not necessarily imply multiple beaver species.
- C. Building dams eventually causes beavers to deplete nearby resources.
- D. When conditions permit, beavers are more likely to build dams than burrows or lodges.
- E. In beavers, dam-building is an acquired rather than an innate skill.

答案: B

解析: 从文章结构分析可知, 作者否定了用是否会筑坝作为 beaver 分类的依据, 两种 beaver 都会筑坝, 可以当作同一个物种。

Passage 18 (长文章 / 现象解释 / 天文 / 中等)

Massive projectiles striking much larger bodies create various kinds of craters, including multi-ring basins—the largest geologic features observed on planets and moons. In such collisions.....

1. According to the passage, which of the following is true of the collisions mentioned in the highlighted sentence?

- A. They occur less frequently than do titanic collisions.
- B. They occur between bodies of comparable size.
- C. They occur primarily between planet-sized bodies.
- D. They result in the complete destruction of the impacting body.
- E. They result in mass being redistributed among newly formed objects.

答案: D

解析:

首段用对比 (大小不般配的天体相撞 / 大小类似的天体相撞) 方式, 引入大碰撞对月亮起源的解释。

二段详细介绍大碰撞说对月亮起源的解释: 该理论能解释之前解释的诸多不足。

三段作者把大碰撞说引申到其他行星, 文章末尾表达了作者谨慎乐观的态度。

该题所问高亮句子是 “**Massive projectiles striking much larger bodies create various kinds of craters, including multi-ring basins—the largest geologic features observed on planets and moons**”, 下一句是 “In such collisions, the impactor is completely destroyed and its material is incorporated into the larger body.”, 由此可知选 D。

2. The author of the passage asserts which of the following about titanic collision models?

- A. Such models are conclusive with respect to certain anomalies within the solar system, but leave numerous other anomalies unexplained.
- B. Such models are more likely than are earlier models to account for the formation of multi-ring basins.
- C. Such models may be particularly useful in explaining what happens when the impacting bodies involved are of highly dissimilar mean densities.
- D. Such models have been tested to such a degree that they are quickly reaching the point where they can be considered definitive.
- E. Such models are so tempting that they run the risk of being used indiscriminately to explain unusual planetary features.

答案: E

解析: 该题问作者对 titanic collision 模型的观点, 定位至原文 “Such conjectures are tempting, but, since no early planet was immune to titanic impacts, they could be used indiscriminately to explain away in a cavalier fashion every unusual planetary characteristic ” 一句可知选 E。

3. The passage suggests that which of the following is true of the cited compounds and elements?

- A. They were created by reactions that took place during a titanic collision.
- B. They were supplied by an impactor that collided with Earth.
- C. They were once present on the Moon but were subsequently vaporized.

- D. They are rarely found on planet-size bodies in our solar system.
E. They are present on Earth but not on the Moon.

答案: E

解析: 根据问题中的关键词 **compounds and elements** 可定位至原文 “The difficulty in recondensing this vapor in Earth’s orbit, and its subsequent loss to the vacuum of outer space, might account for the observed absence in lunar rocks of certain readily vaporized compounds and elements.” 可知月球上现在已经没有某些 **compounds and elements** 了, 而这是与地球相比较的结果而言, 所以地球上是有这些物质的, 选 E。C 选项不准确, 根据原文, 这些元素从来没有在月亮存在过: The difficulty in recondensing this vapor in Earth’s orbit, and its subsequent loss to the vacuum of outer space, 含有这些元素的气体难于在月亮的旋转轨道凝固, 直接流失到太空了。

4. In the second paragraph, the author is primarily concerned with
A. arguing in favor of a particular theory about the formation of the Earth-Moon system.
B. summarizing conventional theories about the formation of the earth-Moon system.
C. anticipating and responding to criticisms of a particular theory about the formation of the Earth-Moon system.
D. explaining why the Earth-Moon system is considered scientifically perplexing.
E. questioning an assumption underlying one theory about the formation of the Earth-Moon system.

答案: A

解析: 问题针对第二段的主旨。从文章结构分析可知, 第二段是用 **Titanic collision impacts** 理论解释月亮起源, 该理论能解释之前理论无法解释的一些特殊现象。所以选 A。

Passage 19 (长文章 / 问题解决 / 社会历史 / 难)

The history of the transmission of ancient Roman texts prior to invention of the printing press.....

1. The passage is primarily concerned with which of the following?
A. tracing certain changes in the methods used to study the transmission of ancient Roman texts.
B. contrasting two types of evidence used in investigating the transmission of ancient Roman texts.
C. outlining certain difficulties associated with studying the transmission of ancient Roman texts.
D. advocating the use of one type of evidence about ancient Roman texts over the use of another type.
E. explaining the development and potential uses and drawbacks of stemmata in the study of ancient Roman texts.

答案: C

解析: 通读全文可知, 文章以分类方式介绍探究印刷术产生之前罗马文献流传历史的方法。

首段首句引入主题, 指出指出探究罗马文本流传情况的两种证据: 内部证据和外部证据。接着介绍内部证据。作者对该类证据持偏负面态度, 认为其 **may paint a distorted picture**.

二段介绍一种外部证据: 中世纪的一个文本。作者认为该类证据也不能准确表明当时的真实情况。

三段介绍另一种外部证据: 引用。作者对其也是偏负面态度: 引用的未必是一手资料。

四段总结, 警告过度概括的倾向。

该题问文章主旨。A 选项侧重于 **changes**, 然而文章中并没有相应内容。D 说提倡某一种证据, 但文中没有体现作者的偏好; E 选项是细节。BC 选项中, B 选项说 “对比” 了研究古罗马文献的证据, 文章有分类, 但对几种分类证据都是负面评价, “对比” 不准确; C 选项说列举了研究古罗马文献流传过程中的困难, 正确; 所以选 C。

2. As described in the passage, a stemma is most closely analogous to which of the following?
- A. a department store inventory list that excludes some departments
 - B. a map from which a large section has been torn off
 - C. a chronology that includes only major historical events
 - D. a family tree in which some generations are not recorded
 - E. a government organizational chart from which some agencies are omitted

答案: D

解析: 根据关键词 **stemma** 定位至原文 “Internal evidence is used to reconstruct the relationship of the surviving manuscripts of a Roman text to one another, as represented in a modern stemma codicum: a diagram depicting the genealogical relationship of surviving manuscripts and those the stemmas editor believes existed at one time.” 可知 **stemma** 是用来构建 “代际关系” 的, 所以选 D

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

3. In its discussion of external evidence, the passage suggests which of the following about manuscripts of ancient Roman texts during the Middle Ages?
- A. It is possible that fewer manuscripts were destroyed by barbarians in the early Middle Ages than scholars frequently suppose.
 - B. Additional copies of some so-called lone survivor manuscripts may have existed well into the Middle Ages.
 - C. If an ancient Roman text is quoted in a work by a medieval author, then it is likely that at least one manuscript copy of that text survived into the Middle Ages.

答案: AB

解析: 细节理解题, 主要依靠原文对应, 按照文章内容进行选择。定位到原文 “It is equally possible that the work survived far into the Middle Ages in numerous copies in monastic libraries but were unnoticed due to lack of interest.” 可知选 A、B。定位到 “Quotations from a Roman text by a medieval author are another category of external evidence: but does the appearance of a rare word or grammatical construction—or even a short passage—really indicate a medieval author’s firsthand knowledge of this or that ancient work, or does such usage instead derive from some intermediate source, such as a grammar book or a popular style manual?” 可知不选 C。

4. Click on the sentence in the first paragraph that suggests that scholars might be led to underestimate the extent of the connection between certain manuscripts.

解析: 由 “underestimate” 定位到 “Conversely, the stemma can also bestow a semblance of separation on manuscripts written within a few months of one another or even in the same room.”

Passage 20 (长文章 / 现象解释 / 天文 / 易)

In 1995 the Galileo spacecraft captured data about Jupiters atmosphere—namely, the absence of most of the predicted atmospheric water.....

1. The passage is primarily concerned with
- A. enumerating conditions that may have been necessary for a particular development
 - B. outlining the conditions under which scientists may be able to predict certain events
 - C. explaining how a particular finding affected scientists understanding of a phenomenon
 - D. suggesting reasons why a particular outcome was more likely to occur than other possible outcomes
 - E. assessing the relative significance of factors that contributed to a particular occurrence

答案: A

解析：

文章首段首先介绍一个具体发现：1995 年发现木星大气缺乏之前预测的气态水，进而指出该发现的意义：复制地球生命的条件可能性很低。

二段、三段详细展开地球生命所需的 4 种偶然条件：1 地球公转轨道不大不小。2 木星的保护作用。3 木星保护的偶尔失灵带来地球生命所需要的重要物质。4 卫星月球的稳定作用。

该题关于文章主旨。通读全文可知本文主要介绍了地球生物圈形成的四个条件，由原文 “Recently planetary scientists have suggested that the external preconditions for the development of Earth’s biosphere probably included four paramount contingencies.” 可知选 A

2. It can be inferred from the passage that the planetary scientists would be most likely to agree with which of the following statements concerning the development of complex life forms on Earth?

- A. It might have occurred earlier in Earth’s history if cometary impacts had been less frequent than they were.
- B. It could have occurred if Earth’s orbit were 1 percent larger than it is but not if Earth’s orbit were 5 percent smaller
- C. It probably follows a pattern common on other terrestrial planets that occupy planetary systems containing gas giants.
- D. Its dependence on the effect that Jupiter’s gravitational shield has on Earth was difficult to recognize prior to 1995.
- E. It has been contingent on conditions elsewhere in Earth’s solar system as well as on conditions on Earth itself.

答案：E

解析：这是一道综合理解题，首先是要找准原文，选择有据。定位到 “Recently planetary scientists have suggested that the external preconditions for the development of Earth’s biosphere probably included four paramount contingencies.”，概括 4 个关键条件，可知选 E。

3. The author of the passage most likely mentions Mars oscillating tilt primarily in order to

- A. provide evidence for a proposition about the potential effects of cometary impacts
- B. emphasize the absence from our solar system of normal planets
- C. contrast the rotational axis of Mars with that of Venus
- D. characterize the role of other planets in the solar system in Earth’s development
- E. emphasize the importance of the Moon to the development of life on Earth

答案：E

解析：定位到原文 “Finally, Earth’s unique and massive satellite, the Moon, plays a crucial role in stabilizing the obliquity of Earth’s rotational axis, this obliquity creates the terrestrial seasonality so important to the evolution and diversity of life. Mars, in contrast, has a wildly oscillating tilt and chaotic seasonality, while Venus, rotating slowly backward, has virtually no seasonality at all.” 通过对比有卫星和没有卫星的不同情况，可知选 E。

4. The passage suggests each of the following about water on Earth EXCEPT:

- A. It was conveyed to Earth by comets.
- B. It appeared on Earth earlier than did carbon and nitrogen.
- C. Its existence in a liquid state is contingent on Earth’s orbital parameters.
- D. Much of it came from a part of the solar system where water cannot exist in a liquid state.
- E. It is unlikely that there would be much of it available to support life if the gravitational shield of the outer planets did not limit the frequency with which comets strike Earth.

答案：B

解析：排除题。文中只有 “Thus the evolution of life has depended on a frequency of cometary impacts sufficient to convey water, as well as carbon and nitrogen” 一句，并未提到水、碳、氮的先后顺序。

Passage 21 (长文章 / 研究介绍评论 / 历史 / 中等)

Received feminist wisdom has conceived of history as a male enclave devoid of woman subjects and practitioners, particularly before the twentieth century.....

1. It can be inferred that Rosalind Miles refers to the third millennium B.C. primarily in order to
 - A. present an overview of what the practice of history once entailed
 - B. suggest that the origins of historical study are much earlier than had been previously thought
 - C. suggest why the third millennium B.C. has received so much attention from historians
 - D. establish a contrast between men and women in terms of how long they have been recording history
 - E. indicate how significantly the practice of history has changed since the third millennium B.C.

答案：D

解析：

文章首段主要介绍女权主义的历史观：建立独立于传统男权主义的女权主义历史。文章二段是作者的评论：女权主义历史观有缺陷，主要是会贬低历史上女性作家的贡献。

该题根据关键词 Rosalind Miles 和 third millennium B.C 定位到原文 “Rosalind Miles’s description restates the popular view: Women’s history by contrast has only just begun to invent itself. Males gained entry to the business of recording, defining and interpreting events in the third millennium B.C.; for women, this process did not even begin until the nineteenth century.” 可知选 D

2. It can be inferred from the passage that the term herstory
 - A. was popular mainly in the nineteenth century
 - B. is an old term that feminist put to new uses
 - C. is controversial within the feminist community
 - D. is not especially useful to scholars
 - E. was invented to help make a particular point

答案：E

解析：由关键词 herstory 定位到首次出现位置：“Feminist accounts of the 1970s and 1980s viewed historiography (the writing of history) as overwhelmingly his, coining the term herstory and presenting it as a compensatory feminist practice” 可知选 E

3. Mary Astell is discussed by the author as an example of an eighteenth-century feminist historian
 - A. who was representative of the intellectual interests of the woman historians of her time
 - B. who inspired many practitioners of herstory in the twentieth century
 - C. who shared with modern herstory’s a mistaken assumption regarding the writing of history
 - D. whose major work aroused much controversy at the time of its publication
 - E. whose major work still has not received the attention from scholars that it deserves

答案：C

解析：根据关键词 Mary Astell 定位到原文二段：“Astell, like those who echoed her sentiments two and a half centuries later, must be credited for admirable zeal in setting out to right scholarly wrongs, but her supposition that historians were only male is inaccurate.” 可知选 C

4. The author implies which of the following about Astell's supposition?

- A. It is likely to have arisen because of Astell's unawareness of much of the historical work written by women.
- B. It was one that Astell reconsidered after she wrote her own historical work.
- C. It was one that was not shared by other feminist historians of Astell's time.
- D. It was one that inspired Astell to write her own historical work.
- E. It directly contradicts one of the basic claims of herstory.

答案: A

解析: 根据关键词 Astell's supposition 定位到原文 "Astell's judgment is at the same time understandable, given that much historical writing by women of the late seventeenth century was not published until the nineteenth century." 可知选 A

Passage 22 (长文章 / 研究介绍评论 / 历史 / 难)

Until around 1930 few United States Civil War historians paid much attention to Southerners who opposed.....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- A. summarize a particular debate among historians
- B. trace the evolution of a particular area of historical study
- C. challenge a common misconception about a particular historical period
- D. identify flaws in a particular approach to the study of a historical subject
- E. explain why a particular historical question has received little scholarly attention

答案: B

解析:

通读全文可知文章主要介绍了历史学家们对忠诚于联邦的南方人的研究的演变过程。

首段, 1930 年之前, 很少有人注意到这一研究议题, 30 年代开创此研究领域, 但有诸多不足; 重复南部政府观点, 忽略个人特定身份和经验等。

二段, 介绍 60—70 年代该研究领域进展, 主要是从政治、经济角度理解南部反叛者。

三段, 最近的研究进展, 开始关注地方特点, 个人经验。

该题问文章主要目的, 从文章结构分析可知答案选 B。

2. The passage suggests that "some Civil War historians" (Paragraph 3) would probably agree with which of the following statements about Southern Unionists?

- A. Their economic circumstances were more significant than their social and cultural identities in determining their dissent from the Confederate cause.
- B. Their significant to historians lies mainly in what their actions reveal about the mainstream of Confederate nationalism from which they departed
- C. Their political allegiance must be understood in relation to specific local factors that affected their lives during the Civil War period
- D. They were more likely to be from areas outside the upper South and Appalachia than were supporter of the Confederate cause
- E. They were more likely to be from economically privileged groups than were supporters of the Confederate cause.

答案: C

解析: 根据关键词定位到文章三段。通过三段主旨和之前段落的区别可以确定 C 选项, 只有该选项最能体现三段最新研究的特点: 地方性、个人性。

3. The passage suggests which of the following about histories of the Civil War written before 1930?
- A. Some took a fairly sympathetic view of Southern Unionists.
 - B. Interest in these histories has been revived by the work of recent historians
 - C. Most offered little analysis of the lives and motives of Southern Unionists.
 - D. Many tended to group Southern Unionists into broad categories that obscured their differences.
 - E. Few accepted the idea that the South was politically unified during the Civil War.

答案: C

解析: 锁定关键词 before 1930 可知定位到原文 “Until around 1930 few United States Civil War historians paid much attention to Southerners who opposed the 1861-1865 secession from the United States by a confederacy of Southern states.” 选 C

4. Which of the following best describes the function of the highlighted sentence?
- A. It challenges a common misconception about the motives driving an influential group of Civil War historians.
 - B. It describes a major contribution of the Civil War historians of the 1960s and 1970s that inspired the next generation of scholars.
 - C. It calls attention to aspects of the Confederate cause that were alienating to those Southerners who remained loyal to the Union.
 - D. It identifies a tendency in Civil War scholarship that more recent scholarship has moved away from.
 - E. It explains how ideological and political aspects of the Confederacy loyalist Southerners to reject the Confederate cause.

答案: D

解析: 高亮句 “**emphasis has been placed on the ways loyalist Southerners diverged from the political and economic mainstream of Confederate nationalism.**” 是二段最后一句。它的功能既要考虑和前文，尤其是二段的关系，也要考虑和后文三段的关系。三段首句 “Only recently have **some Civil War historians** begun to make Unionists and their experiences, rather than the Confederate state, the center of inquiry” 说明后来的研究者已经将研究的重心转移到了别的方面，因此选 D。

Passage 23 (长文章 / 观点介绍评论 / 历史 / 中等)

In his recent book, Louis Gerteis argues that nineteenth-century Northern reformers in the United States attacked slavery.....

1. The passage is primarily concerned with
- A. criticizing adherents of a traditional view for overlooking important data
 - B. reconciling two different explanations for the same phenomenon
 - C. describing a reformulation of a traditional interpretation
 - D. advocating a traditional approach to a controversial subject
 - E. suggesting that a new interpretation is based on faulty assumptions

答案: C

解析: 文章是典型新书内容介绍加评论。

第一段先介绍了 Louis Gerteis 新书中的观点，北部改革者从 1803 年代就攻击南部奴隶制，用的是功利自由主义价值观：个人应该有实现个人最大利益的自由。

第二段把 Louis Gerteis 的观点置入大的理论框架：Growth of a Dissenting Minority interpretation, 然后讲述了历史学家对该理论框架的反驳理由。

最后一段则主要是作者的评论，认为是 Gerteis 为 Growth interpretation 赋予新的活力，主要理由是强调 Gerteis 和之前该观点阵营的区别。

本题考察文章大意，通过文章结构分析，可知 C 选项最准确。

2. The author would be most likely to agree with which of the following about Gerteis formulation of the Growth interpretation?

- A. It is too similar to the traditional version of the Growth interpretation.
- B. It is of dubious validity and does not expand research on the antislavery movement.
- C. It is strongly supported by recent research on the nineteenth-century South.
- D. It is more convincing than the traditional version of the Growth interpretation.
- E. It is seminal work that will be highly influential on future research.

答案：D

解析：第二段中历史学家批评 Growth interpretation 会 “homogenize the political diversity of Northern reformers”，而第三段中的 Gerteis “does not reduce the Northern reformers to a homogeneous group or try to argue that the reformers shared views undermined their differing party loyalties” 因此 Gerteis formulation of the Growth interpretation 可能会比传统的解释更为可信。所以选 D。

3. The passage supports which of the following statements about the Growth interpretation?

- A. It had been dismissed by earlier historians but has recently come to dominate antislavery historiography.
- B. It has recently received support from emerging scholarship on the nineteenth-century South.
- C. It was once very influential in antislavery historiography and has recently been reformulated.
- D. It has always been highly controversial and is still widely debated by historians.
- E. It has recently been discounted by emerging scholarship on utilitarian values in the nineteenth-century South.

答案：C

解析：由第二段中的 “this interpretive framework, which once dominated antislavery historiography” 可知这一理论原本非常有影响力；第三段中 “Gerteis revives the Growth interpretation” 可知它被赋予新的解释，所以选 C。

4. Which of the following, if true, would provide the LEAST support for Gerteis arguments as they are discussed in the passage?

- A. In the 1870s, following the abolition of slavery, many Northerners remained unified in their desire to see an effective free-labor system implemented in the South.
- B. As early as the 1830s, Northern abolitionists and Northern reformers with a commitment to utilitarian values began to agree that the United States Constitution was an important antislavery document.
- C. Many Northern reformers who disagreed about political policies argued that abolishing slavery should be a central goal of the United States government.
- D. As early as 1836, many Northern reformers argued that slavery destroyed individuals ability to pursue their self-interests and thwarted the free pursuit of material gain.
- E. Owing to their different party allegiances, Northern reformers who shared utilitarian values did not join together in important collective actions against slavery.

答案：E

解析：本题是选择最不能支持 Gerteis 理论的情况，重点找和原文陈述矛盾的选项。定位到原文第三段：Nevertheless, Gerteis argues, these disparate party affiliations did not diminish the actuality of reformer unity, most prominent in the 1830s. Gerteis differs from traditional adherents of the Growth framework by asserting that the basic elements in the antislavery coalition were firmly in

place and accepted by all elements in the Northern reform community as early as the late 1830s.。
可知 E 选项和原文矛盾。

Passage 24 (长文章 / 研究介绍评论 / 历史社会 / 难)

Historian E.H Carr's thesis that all debates concerning the explanation of historical phenomena revolve around.....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- A. compare two prominent models of historical explanation
- B. undermine non-Marxist objections to the historical-materialist explanatory model of historical causation
- C. analyze ways in which the question of historical causation can be illuminated by Weberian sociology
- D. challenge an orthodox position concerning historical explanation
- E. argue that historical analysis should rely more on empirical investigation than on philosophical reflection

答案: D

解析:

文章首段从 E.H Carr 的论文引入历史学界的一个关键问题: 历史事件是否存在原因的主次顺序。马克思主义者认为存在, 坚持经济因素是所有事件的首要原因。经典的韦伯社会学派认为特定事件有特定原因, 但仍认为存在主因。作者引用韦伯本人反驳了主因说。

第二段介绍 Runciman 的与作者立场殊途同归的研究思路: 很难区分事件主因和背景条件, 从而很难确定事件主因。

该题问文章主要目的, 从文章结构分析, 可知选项 D 最准确, 文章主要是对传统观念提出了挑战。

2. According to the passage, most historians share the assumption that

- A. The most useful current model of historical causation is the historical-materialist model.
- B. Explaining a historical event requires ranking its causes by importance.
- C. The same hierarchy of causes underlies every historical event.
- D. Philosophical debates have limited utility for historical practice.
- E. Different causes of the same historical event sometimes have the same importance.

答案: B

解析: 抓住关键点 “most historians share the assumption”, 定位到原文开头 “Historian E.H Carr's thesis that all debates concerning the explanation of historical phenomena revolve around the question of the priority of causes is so familiar to historians as to constitute orthodoxy within their profession……”, 可知选 B

3. In the second paragraph of the passage, the author uses the concept of an indispensable cause primarily in order to question which of the following claims?

- A. Generalizations about the origins of capitalist societies are defensible.
- B. The study of history is largely independent of philosophical concerns.
- C. A universal model of historical causation is indefensible.
- D. A historical event is caused by many factors.
- E. A hierarchy of the causes of a historical event can be determined.

答案: E

解析: 由关键词 “indispensable cause” 定位到首段: If any historical event is the product of a number of factors, then each of these factor is indispensable to the occurrence of the event. But how can one cause be more indispensable than another? And if it cannot, how can there be a hierarchy of indispensable causes? 由首段结构关系可知 E 选项最准确。

4. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?
- A. An assumption is identified and called into question.
 - B. Opposing views are compared, contrasted, and shown to be compatible.
 - C. An argument is advanced, criticized, and then revised.
 - D. A theory is shown to be superior to its chief rival.
 - E. Similar arguments are shown to lead to different conclusions.

答案: A

解析: 本问考查文章结构。由文章结构分析可知 A 选项最准确。

Passage 25 (长文章 / 文学介绍评论 / 难)

Modern feminism has brought the reputation of the English writer Mary Wollstonecraft (1759-1797) to.....

1. By quoting Burke's defender in the highlighted phrase, the author of the passage most clearly succeeds in
- A. providing a context for the political turbulence that unseated the French monarchy
 - B. emphasizing the way in which Wollstonecraft's philosophy divided men and women
 - C. explaining why Wollstonecraft's work has won more acceptance in the twentieth century than in the nineteenth
 - D. illustrating the nature of the appeal of Burke's argument
 - E. demonstrating the degree of hostility aroused by Wollstonecraft's work

答案: E

解析:

本文是典型的人物成就介绍加评论。

首段上来说, 现代女权主义给予 MW 她本人值得的评价。尽管一度被人低估, MW 关于性别道德的立场现在仍有价值。

二段详细介绍 MW 的性别道德立场: 男女应该真正平等, 反对当时流行的感伤主义文学的性别立场。

三段从一个特定角度展开 MW 的思想: 对 Edmund Burke 的评论。作者认为, Edmund Burke 把传统上对女性的态度应用到贵族, MW 正确地反对了该做法。

本题问高亮句作用, 高亮句子为三段 “**A defender of Burke called Wollstonecraft's book an incoherent mass of treacherous candour, interested generosity, and, if not false, at least unnecessary accusation.**” 主要是 Burke 的支持者对 MW 的批评, 所以选 E。

2. The author of the passage quotes Burke's description of the queen of France most probably in order to
- A. provide a specific illustration of a position with which Wollstonecraft took issue
 - B. provide a specific example of Burke's already archaic prose style
 - C. balance the quotation from Burke's anonymous defender
 - D. provide evidence of why Burke's position was more widely accepted than Wollstonecraft's
 - E. provide an example of what Wollstonecraft perceived as Burke's lack of political astuteness

答案: A

解析: 此问考察了 Burke 描述法国王后的句子的作用, 定位到 3 段上下文 “Burke's rhapsody on the queen of France (glittering like the morning star, full of life, and splendor, and joy) was, for Wollstonecraft, an example of the argument that beauty and instinct must often prevail over reason, the argument on which Burke took his stand as a defender of the old order.” 结合 3 段结构, 该内容出现的位置是 MW 和 Edmund Burke 的支持者的分歧争论。可知 A 选项最准确, 为 MW 争论的一个立场提供例证。

3. The passage suggests that which of the following is true concerning Virginia Woolf's appraisal of *A Vindication of the Rights of Men* and *A Vindication of the Rights of Woman*?
- A. Woolf was defending Wollstonecraft's theories against attacks by nineteenth-century critics who concentrated only on Wollstonecraft's notoriety.
 - B. Woolf favored the advances proposed by Wollstonecraft and mistakenly assumed that they had become self-evident in the twentieth century.
 - C. Woolf miscalculated the practical effects that the advances proposed by Wollstonecraft would have on society.
 - D. Woolf decried the loss in the twentieth-century of social progress made in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries.
 - E. Woolf was reacting against what she considered a lack of originality on Wollstonecraft's part while calling for more sweeping changes than Wollstonecraft had proposed.

答案: B

解析: 问题针对作者对于 Virginia Woolf 对 *A Vindication of the Rights of Men* and *A Vindication of the Rights of Woman* 的评论的看法。对应原文 “Virginia Woolf wrote in 1925 of Wollstonecraft's *A Vindication of the Rights of Men* and *A Vindication of the Rights of Woman* that they felt like books so true that they seem now to contain nothing new in them, it was more a wishful than an accurate statement of the case. “可知 Virginia Woolf 非常赞赏这本书的观点, 但是作者评论说 it was more a wishful than an accurate, 即作者并不认同 self-evident 的说法, 所以选 B。

4. The author of the passage suggests that modern feminism has treated the writings of Mary Wollstonecraft in which of the following ways?
- A. Modern feminism has emphasized the progressive aspects of Wollstonecraft's writings, while separating her work from her personal reputation.
 - B. Modern feminism has emphasized Wollstonecraft's importance as a theorist, while deemphasizing her effect on the daily life of her times.
 - C. Modern feminism has worked toward a synthesis of Wollstonecraft's philosophical advances with those of her contemporaries.
 - D. Modern feminism has embraced Wollstonecraft's relative importance as a theorist, while rejecting certain elements of her theories of gender-based morality.
 - E. Modern feminism has equated Wollstonecraft's ideas about the popular sentimentalization of women with her view of monarchist systems of government.

答案: A

解析: 问题考察现代女权主义对于 MW 作品的态度, 定位原文首段首句 “Modern feminism has brought the reputation of the English writer Mary Wollstonecraft (1759-1797) to something approaching the luster it deserves. 首段后文说, ...beginning in the nineteenth century her fame as a writer was hidden by disproportionate attention to her unconventional and, at the time, shocking personal life.” 即现代女权主义者高度认可 MW, 区分开之前对 MW 私人生活的负面评价。所以 A 最准确。

Passage 26 (逻辑单题 / 高亮句作用 / 易)

Cuts that need to be held closed in order to heal properly have generally been held closed with stitches. However.....

1. In the argument given, the two highlighted portions play which of the following roles?
- A. The first is a claim that the argument disputes; the second provides evidence against that disputed claim.
 - B. The first is a claim that is used as supporting evidence for the main conclusion of the argument; the second is that main conclusion.

- C. The first is a claim that is used as supporting evidence for the main conclusion of the argument; the second is a conclusion that is drawn in order to support that main conclusion.
- D. The first introduces a practice about which the argument makes a prediction, the second is a conclusion based on that prediction.
- E. The first introduces a practice about which the argument makes a prediction; the second is an assessment that is used to support that prediction.

答案：E

解析：高亮句句功能题

理清文章结构思路：文章开头介绍传统实践（首句高亮句），需要闭合愈合的伤口通常需要缝针。

However 转折后说，降低医疗费用的压力不断增大，**Consequently** 句是作者的核心结论：针对新实践的预测：一种帮助伤口愈合的黏合剂会成为新的常规实践。文章后文（包括第 2 句高亮句）是对核心结论（预测）的论述：由于黏合剂价格不比缝针贵，也不需要拆线，所以对于粘合剂也可以闭合的伤口，还是使用黏合剂更合算。

由文章结构思路分析，可知 E 选项最准确。D 选项后半部分错误地判断了文章的主要结论。

Passage 27 (长文章 / 研究介绍 / 地质 / 易)

Based on evidence from tree rings, pollen samples and other records, scientists have for.....

1. The passage is primarily concerned with
- A. refuting certain scientific theories about Earth's climatic history
- B. outlining new findings concerning Earth's climate during ice ages
- C. discussing new research that may challenge a long-held scientific assumption about Earth's climatic history
- D. describing the climatic changes that occurred when Earth moved from an ice age into an interglacial period
- E. reconciling conflicting evidence concerning climatic changes.

答案：C

解析：

首段切入主题：新研究质疑旧观点。旧观点是：冰川间期是一贯地温暖的。

二段展开新研究情况：GRIP, GISP2, 两个通过研究格陵兰深层冰川了解当时气候的项目。

三段详细介绍 GRIP 研究的机制。气候温暖，积雪中 O-18 多于 O-16。气候寒冷，风更强，更多 dust and calcium ions.

四段，尽管两个项目有矛盾之处，GRIP 被认为更可靠。

该题问文章主旨。从文章结构分析可确定选 C

2. Which of the following describes research that is most clearly analogous to the testing done by GRIP scientists?
- A. Scientists studying the formation of the Sahara desert measure the rate of topsoil erosion in the region
- B. Scientists seeking to determine the age of a particular fossil measure the percentage of its carbon atoms that have decayed
- C. Scientists researching vision in flies measure and compare the amounts of vitamin A found in the retinas of several fly species.
- D. Scientists investigating the development of life on Earth measure and compare the amount of oxygen used by various organisms along the evolutionary scale.
- E. Scientists plotting the fluctuations in rainfall in the early rain forests measure the presence of certain gases trapped in tree rings of older trees.

答案：E

解析：通过三段对 GRIP 项目的机制描述，可知其主要特征为：通过对现在能发现的古代冰层中的物质构成分析推知当时的气候状况。E 选项最相似：通过现在能发现的证据推知早期情况，所以选 E

3. According to the passage, which of the following is the most accurate statement of what scientists believed, prior to the GRIP findings, about Earth's climate?
- A. Over the course of Earth's history, interglacials have become progressively milder
 - B. Earth's overall climate has been generally mild since the planet's formation
 - C. During both interglacials and ice ages, Earth's climate has fluctuated violently.
 - D. During ice ages, Earth's climate has been highly variable, whereas during interglacials it has been mild and stable.
 - E. During interglacials, Earth's climate has been highly variable, whereas during ice ages it has been uniformly cold and icy.

答案：D

解析：注意关键点“prior to the GRIP findings”可以定位到原文的第一段“Based on evidence from tree rings, pollen samples and other records, scientists have for a long time assumed that interglacials—warm interludes between ice ages—were as mild and uniform as the Holocene, the present interglacial, has been for all of its 8,000 to 10,000 years.”和第三段“Findings from the upper sections of the cores have confirmed what scientists already knew climate during the last ice age fluctuated rapidly.”从而选 D

4. The passage suggests that which of the following is most likely to have been true of the oxygen-16 and oxygen-18 isotopes found in the lower sections of the GRIP core?
- A. There was significantly more isotope oxygen-18 than isotope oxygen-16 in the ice layers.
 - B. There was significantly more isotope oxygen-16 than isotope oxygen-18 in the ice layers.
 - C. Ratios of isotopes oxygen-18 and oxygen-16 varied in the ice layers.
 - D. Layers containing isotope oxygen-18 placed stress on the layers containing isotope oxygen-16, possibly distorting them.
 - E. Isotope oxygen-16, being lighter, was located mainly in the upper layers, whereas oxygen-18 had settled into the lower layers.

答案：C

解析：根据关键词 oxygen-16 and oxygen-18 定位到原文“When the air was warm, vapor containing the heavier isotope, oxygen-18, condensed and formed precipitation, in the form of snow, more readily than did vapor containing oxygen-16. Thus, snow that fell during warmer periods contains proportionally more oxygen-18 than snow deposited during cold spells.”可知 oxygen-16 and oxygen-18 含量会随冷暖波动，热，O-18 多，冷，O-16 多。又知：Data from GRIP seem to indicate that the Eemian climate swung at least as wildly as the climate of ice age periods. 气候冷热有波动。选 C。

Passage 28 (短文章 / 问题解决 / 社会 / 易)

Early life insurers in the United States found themselves facing the problem of obtaining

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- A. explain the original function of life insurance agents
 - B. evaluate the effectiveness of early life insurance agents
 - C. describe how life insurance was first introduced
 - D. illustrate how the life insurance agency system changed over time
 - E. compare the strategies used by life insurance in cities and in small towns

答案：A

解析：文章首先之处早期寿险公司面临的问题，之后介绍解决该问题的方法：选取了解当地情况，的德高望重人士担任经纪人。末句总结纠正误解：经纪制度的首要功能不是拉客，而是复制“熟人社会心态”。

通过全文结构分析可知 A 最准确。

2. The author suggests which of the following about “city neighborhoods”?

- A. They were places where family histories were difficult to establish.
- B. They were places where unhealthy behaviors had been successfully addressed.
- C. They were locations that were well suited for recruiting insurance agents.
- D. They offered a high degree of transparency about a resident's personal history and character.
- E. They offered potentially fruitful markets for the life insurance industry.

答案：D

解析：根据关键词 city neighborhoods 定位到原文末句：“...but, rather, to recreate the glass-bowl mentality associated with small towns or city neighborhoods.” 可知选 D。

Passage 29 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 地质 / 易)

For years, the leading theory for what caused the Younger Dryas (a dramatic reversal, about 12,900 years ago.....

1. The author of the passage implies which of the following about the release of water from glacial Lake Agassiz?

- A. The notion that the release occurred has been challenged by more recent findings.
- B. The release probably occurred much earlier than scientists have generally assumed.
- C. The release would not have been sufficient to cause any temperature change in the North Atlantic.
- D. The timing of the release is such that it probably did not trigger the onset of the Younger Dryas.
- E. The release was probably unrelated to the global warming trend that was taking place.

答案：D

解析：文章先介绍了传统的关于 Younger Dryas 成因的理论解释：the release of water from glacial Lake Agassiz 导致全球气温变低。However 转折后，作者阐述了新发现对于这一结论的挑战，该题根据关键词 “the release of water from glacial Lake Agassiz” 定位到原文 “For years, the leading theory for what caused the Younger Dryas was a release of water from Glacial Lake Agassiz……However, evidence has emerged that the Younger Dryas began long before freshwater flooded the North Atlantic.” 可知选 D

2. The passage is primarily concerned with

- A. presenting evidence that undermines an explanation
- B. explaining the nature of a climatological phenomenon
- C. questioning the timing of a particular event
- D. discussing a new explanation for a phenomenon
- E. suggesting revisions to a popular theory

答案：A

解析：问题考察文章大意，根据文章结构可知应该选 A。

Passage 30 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 天文 / 易)

One reason researchers have long believed that Mars never enjoyed an extensive period of warm

1. According to the passage, scientists are able to discover weathered material on the Martian surface because they have benefited from which of the following?

- A. a new method to analyze volcanic craters created on the Martian surface.
- B. an improved ability to detect hydrated materials on the Martian surface
- C. a more sophisticated understanding of the effect of wind-borne dust on the Martian surface
- D. a decision to look for water primarily in heavily cratered highland regions.
- E. a better understanding of how erosion might affect clay deposits.

答案: B

解析: 文章首段首先介绍研究者认为火星从来没有湿热期的观点及理由: 火星大部分表面是由未风化材料组成的。黑体句是研究者用来支持自己观点的假设推理。文章二段是作者的质疑: 科学家看不仔细, 新证据表明火星表面是有风化材料的。

该题问科学家们通过什么发现了火星表面的 weathered material。回到原文 “New high-resolution mapping data and close-up surface studies have revealed clays and other hydrated minerals in many regions” 可知选 B。A 选项不如 B 准确, 文章二段提到 craters, 但数据研究针对 many regions, 不仅仅 volcanic craters.

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

2. It can be inferred from the passage that the author would agree with which of the following statements regarding the reasoning discussed in the **highlighted sentence**?

- A. It provides the basis for an explanation of why water on Mars has been difficult to find until recently.
- B. It correctly identifies a consequence of water flowing on the Martian surface.
- C. It depends on a false assumption about how water and volcanic materials interact on Mars.

答案: B

解析: 高亮的句子是 “**If water flowed for an extended period, researchers reasoned, it should have altered and weathered the volcanic minerals, creating clays or other oxidized, hydrated phases (minerals that incorporate water molecules in their crystal structure)**” 科学家推测如果水流经过, 会形成泥土或其他水相关物质。A 说揭示了为什么火星上找水很困难, 显然不符合; B 说成功的指出了水流经火星表面的结果, 正确; C 说这是基于水和火山矿物质相互反应的错误的假设, 文中没有提到。所以选 B

Passage 31 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 气候 / 易)

Scientific consensus is that humans first began to have a warming effect on Earth's climate within the past century.....

1. Which of the following best describes the function of the highlighted sentence?

- A. It undermines the assumption that human activity has had a significant impact on Earth's climate
- B. It supports the assumption that Earth's temperatures have risen appreciably over the past 100 years
- C. It questions the assumption that greenhouse gases have had a warming effect on Earth's climate

- D. It challenges the assumption that human activity began to affect Earth's climate after the advent of industrialization
- E. It supports the assumption that greenhouse gases are a direct by-product of industrial activities

答案: D

解析:

文章是典型驳论结构。首句是科学家共识: 人类影响气候变化是最近的工业革命后才有的。

However 转折后, 作者论证说: 8000 年前人类农业活动就已经开始影响气候。

本句提问高亮句子是 “**However, evidence suggests that human agricultural activities may have had such an effect much earlier**” 是相对于前一句 “Scientific consensus is that humans first began to have a warming effect on Earth's climate within the past century, after coal-burning factories, power plants, and motor vehicles began releasing carbon dioxide (CO₂) and other greenhouse gases in significant quantities into the air” 而言的。虽然科学共识认为人类对气候变暖的影响从上世纪才开始, 但实际上证据表明农业活动在很久以前就有相同的效果。所以选 D

2. The author mentions “**natural trends**” most likely in order to

- A. propose a possible explanation for why current temperatures in North America and Europe are not as low as they might otherwise be
- B. explain why levels of methane in Earth's atmosphere began to rise approximately 5,000 years ago
- C. suggest that Earth's climate would have become even warmer without the advent of human agricultural activities
- D. identify factors that may have contributed to the rise of greenhouse gases in Earth's atmosphere approximately 8,000 years ago and again some 3,000 years later
- E. support the claim that human activity may have played a role in the rise in CO₂ and methane levels in the atmosphere thousands of years ago

答案: E

解析: 定位到原文 “concentrations of CO₂ started rising about 8000 years ago, even though natural trends indicate they should have been dropping” 可知虽然根据 natural trends CO₂ 的浓度应该下降, 但实际上它的浓度在 8000 年前开始上升。这一上升的效果是人类农业活动造成的, 所以选 E

Passage 32 (逻辑单题 / 削弱 / 易)

Princessfish are a species of coral-reef fish that are captured alive by divers who first stun.....

1. Which of the following, if true, most seriously weaken the argument given?

- A. Princessfish cannot be captured alive by traditional methods of fishing.
- B. The poison used to stun the princessfish has no effect on humans who eat them.
- C. Demand for princessfish has remained steady during the last decade.
- D. Traces of the poison that remain in the seawater damage the Corals that create and maintain the reefs on which princessfish depend.
- E. Fish that have been stunned but have selected for capture by the divers soon recover from the temporary effect of the poison.

答案: D

解析: 逻辑单题削弱题。文章理由是, 潜水者通过喷射毒素的方式捕捉 princessfish。潜水者小心控制捕捞数量, 文章结论是: 潜水者的活动对于 princessfish 族群没有危害。

D 选项说毒素会危害到 princessfish 赖以生存的珊瑚礁, 而珊瑚礁是 princessfish 生存的生态系统, 那么潜水者的捕捞活动对于 princessfish 就有可能产生有害影响, 从而破坏结论。

Passage 33 (长文章 / 艺术评论 / 对比 / 难)

A primary value in early twentieth-century Modernist architectural theory was that of

1. The passage is primarily concerned with

- A. explaining the differences in quality among different kinds of building materials
- B. discussing the differences among Etruscan, Florentine Renaissance, and Roman Baroque architecture
- C. describing how different materials influenced architecture in different cities
- D. describing the manner in which Renaissance architects often resorted to artificial materials and illusionistic effects
- E. demonstrating the attitude of sixteenth- and seventeenth-century Italian architects toward the use of building materials

答案: E

解析:

文章的首段通过和现代艺术理论的对比, 突出文艺复兴时期建筑特色: 艺术风格不拘泥于建材本身的性质, 并用 **Etruscans** 和 **Florentine Renaissance builders** 对 **Tuscan stone** 的运用做了对比: 用来表达宏大主题的材料, 文艺复兴建筑师用来表达精致优雅风格。

第二段, 前半段延续首段, 通过另一案例, **Baroque architects** 和 **Renaissance architecture** 对 **travertine marble** 的运用的对比, 说明同样材料用于不同风格。后半段介绍不同艺术种类之间风格的一致性, 探究文艺复兴建筑风格的解释。

第三段, 介绍 **Renaissance architects** 的“创造性”不仅局限于材料的使用方面。

该题问文章主旨, E 选项相对最准确本文的主旨是介绍意大利建筑师对于建筑材料的态度, 对比时提到巴洛克建筑。A 选项 **quality** 概念偏离主题, B 选项 **architecture** 的概念太大, C 选项 **different cities** 偏离主题, D 选项 仅仅针对末段内容。

2. It can be inferred from the passage that the author believes that which of the following is true of painting and architecture of the Baroque era?

- A. Both emphasize the “natural” use of materials.
- B. Both are derived from the Florentine Renaissance style.
- C. Both have been overlooked by twentieth-century Modernists.
- D. They have certain visual features in common.
- E. They illustrate the degeneration of a style.

答案: D

解析: 根据 **painting and architecture of the Baroque era** 定位到原文二段末: Similarly, in the next century, the emphasis on shading and corporeal density in Baroque painting mirrored the use of Roman travertine marble in Baroque architecture to create broad shadow and powerful masses. 该句直接表达的就是绘画和建筑风格的一致性, 通过 **similar** 结合前句文艺复兴时期绘画与建筑风格的一致性, 可以确定 D 选项。

3. The author's mention of **Florentine Renaissance painting** serves in the context of the passage to support which of the following assertions?

- A. The constraints that operate in architecture are different from those that operate in painting
- B. Florentine architectural style was not determined by the nature of the available marble.
- C. The Florentine Renaissance period was a period in which the other arts achieved the same distinction as did architecture.
- D. Technical advances in all of the arts of the Florentine Renaissance determined the stylistic qualities of those arts.
- E. Native preferences of style do not manifest themselves in the same ways in different arts.

答案: C

解析：通过关键词定位到原文 While Roman travertine marble may have lent itself to fine carving, the Florentine passion for fine detail is no less marked in **Florentine Renaissance painting** than in Florentine Renaissance architecture. 可确定 C 选项。B 选项有干扰性，但原文 Italian Renaissance architecture was shaped less by the “nature” of the materials at hand than by the artistic milieu of Renaissance Italy, which included painting and sculpture as well as architecture 表达的“被艺术氛围影响比被建筑材料影响更多”不能理解为“完全不受建筑材料影响”。

4. The passage suggests which of the following about the cited “scholars”?

- A. They believe that a decadent phase is characteristic of any significant artistic movement.
- B. They reject the popular view of the Renaissance as the apex of architectural achievement.
- C. They believe that a vigorous and healthy architecture would not usually employ false surfaces or imitation building materials.
- D. They represent the mainstream in critical and historical thought about the Florentine Renaissance.
- E. They have focused on such technical matters as the cost of building materials rather than on artistic concerns.

答案：C

解析：根据 “scholars”定位到原文 “Nor were these practices confined, as some scholars insist, to the later and supposedly decadent phases of the art Material, then, was utterly subservient to style”，取非，可得 C 选项。

Passage 34 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 考古 / 易)

Archaeologists studying Bonito phase (ca. A.D. 900-1140) Native American ceramics from.....

1. The author of the passage mentions **Crown and Wills** primarily in order to

- A. Distinguish among different factors that might have caused Chaco potters to alter their pots’ decorative designs.
- B. Introduce new evidence related to the question of why Chaco potters altered their pots’ decorative designs.
- C. Show how one potential explanation for the alteration of Chaco pots has been discounted.
- D. Present a hypothesis about why Chaco pots were altered to revise their decorative designs.
- E. Explain how archaeologists discerned the method by which Chaco pots were originally decorated.

答案：C

解析：文章首先提出观察到的现象：C 文化 B 时期的陶瓷制品有烧制后修改的痕迹。C 和 W 两人提出质疑，质疑修改是针对设计错误。理由：1 很多设计错误未改。2 烧制前改正更方便。该题问作者提到 C 和 W 两人的目的。C 最准确，one potential explanation 就是潜在的“修改是针对设计错误”的解释，C 和 W 质疑该解释。D 选项不准确，文章没有提出正面的原因解释。

2. According to the passage, which of the following is true of Bonito phase Chaco pots?

- A. Relatively few of them have original designs concealed beneath white surfaces.
- B. Relatively few of them were altered after firing.
- C. Many of their alterations increased the intricacy of their painted designs.
- D. Many of them have some flaw in their shape or structure.
- E. Many of them were altered more than once.

答案：A

解析：A 选项根据原文：usually, intricate geometric patterns painted in black on white slipped surfaces..... less often, the original design was simply covered with white slip. 可知，更少设计被白色覆盖。

Passage 35 (长文章 / 现象解释 / 建筑历史 / 易)

Architectural morphology is the study of how shifting cultural and environmental conditions.....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- A. correct some misinterpretations about the development of an architectural form
- B. compare the traditional church architectures of two different cultures
- C. examine the influence of a religious architectural style on secular buildings
- D. explain the nature of the contrast between two different architectural styles
- E. trace the European roots of an architectural style used in the United States

答案：A

解析：

首段，首先介绍 **Architectural morphology** 概念，接着引入主题：建筑形态学应用到新墨西哥教会建筑，体现本土印第安文化对传统欧洲建筑的影响。

二段，首先介绍很多研究的重点：强调气候、建筑技术等客观因素。**However** 转折后，作者强调文化因素的重要性。

三段，用 **kiva** 的例子，支持二段转折后自己的观点：文化因素更重要。

四段，纠正很多历史学家的错误认识，把 **kiva** 放在教会建筑群中间，不是历史学家理解的 **superposition**, 而是 **conciliatory attitude**。

问题考察文章大意。体会首段和四段，可以确定选 A。

2. The passage suggests that the indicated **historians** regarded the placement of kivas in the midst of Christian buildings as which of the following?

- A. exemplary of an arrangement of religious buildings typical of a kind of Native American architecture common prior to the arrival of the Spanish
- B. largely responsible for the evolution of a distinctive Spanish mission architectural style
- C. indicative of the Spanish missionaries' desire to display an attitude of acceptance toward the kiva
- D. symbolic of the controversy among Spanish missionaries in New Mexico regarding their treatment of the indigenous population
- E. reflective of the Spanish missionary's desire to diminish the kiva's importance

答案：E

解析：回到原文最后一段，“Freestanding kivas discovered in the ruins of European-style missionary communities have been explained by some historians as examples of “superposition”。Under this theory, Christian domination over indigenous faiths is dramatized by surrounding the kiva with Christian buildings” 可知选 E。

3. Which of the following, if true, would most strengthen the argument about the Spanish missionaries' attitude toward the kiva?

- A. The period of most intensive settlement by Spanish missionaries in the Southwest occurred before the period in which the mission churches of New Mexico were built.
- B. There are no traces of kivas in Spanish mission settlements that were protected by a large military presence.
- C. Little of the secular Spanish colonial architecture of the Southwest of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries is predominantly European in style.
- D. Some Spanish missionary communities of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries were attached to Spanish military installations.

E. New Mexico contains by far the largest concentration of Spanish mission-style church architecture in the United States.

答案: B

解析: 问题要求的是能够强化传教士对 kiva 的态度的论述。由文中可知 most Spanish missionaries, arriving in the Southwest with little or no military support, wisely adopted a somewhat conciliatory attitude toward the use of the kiva at least initially. This fact, and the careful, solitary placement of the kiva in the center of the mission-complex courtyards, suggests an intention to highlight the importance of the kiva rather than to diminish it, 让 kiva 位于教会建筑中间, 体现传教士采取了和解的态度, 主要是因为传教区没有军事力量保护。求异法对比: 有军事保护, 没有 kiva 放在教会建筑中间。B 选项体现求异法对比思路。

4. According to the passage, the building techniques prevailing in the Southwest during the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries played a role in which of the following?

- A. preventing missionaries in the Southwest from duplicating traditional European churches
- B. influencing missionaries in the Southwest to incorporate a freestanding kiva into certain mission settlements
- C. causing missionaries in the Southwest to limit the building of churches to New Mexico only
- D. jeopardizing the viability of Spanish religious settlements throughout the Southwest
- E. encouraging many missionaries in the Southwest to reexamine the continued viability of a highly ceremonial European religious tradition

答案: A

解析: 定位到原文 “Certainly, the limitations imposed by manual labor and the locally available materials of mud-brick and timber necessitated a divergence from the original European church model” 说明建筑技术是导致这些教堂不同于欧式教堂的一个原因。所以选 A。

Passage 36 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 天文 / 中等)

Astronomers have had difficulty accounting for certain planets discovered outside our solar system.....

1. The author of the passage mentions “Earth” primarily in order to

- A. stress the massive size of a hot Jupiter
- B. emphasize the proximity of a hot Jupiter to its parent star
- C. imply that hot Jupiters are unlikely to harbor extraterrestrial life
- D. point out differences between Earth and Jupiter with regard to their orbital distance from the Sun
- E. illustrate how hot Jupiters might fit into the standard theory of planetary formation

答案: B

解析:

文章首先引入 hot Jupiters 巨行星的特殊天文现象, 标准的基于 solar-system 的理论认为 hot Jupiters 不可能直接产生于靠近恒星的位置, 试图将其解释为: 产生于距离恒星距离远的地方, 迁移到靠近恒星的位置。一种解释为: 该巨行星的引力场作用于其出身的前行星盘, 前行星盘和该行星的相互引力使其失去动力, 从而旋转向恒星。另一解释认为: 该巨行星的引力场如此强大, 以至于该行星在其出身的前行星盘上刻出凹槽 groove, 并把前行星盘分割成内外分区。该巨行星和内外分区的交互作用使得其失去动力, 旋转向恒星。问题: 是何力量阻止该巨行星继续旋转撞向恒星?

该题问细节目的, 由关键词 Earth 定位到 “They are called hot Jupiters because each is similar in mass to Jupiter, the largest solar-system planet, but orbits its parent star at a fraction of the distance at which Earth, let alone Jupiter, orbits the Sun” 可知 hot Jupiters 得名于它们和木星的质量相似, 同时它们与母恒星的距离较近。提到地球主要是强调与母星的距离很近, 选 B

2. Which of the following elements is part of one but not both of the hypotheses discussed in the passage?

- A. an interplay of gravitational forces
- B. a loss of orbital momentum
- C. a protoplanetary disk composed of dust and gas
- D. a protoplanetary disk divided into two regions

答案: D

解析: 问题要求选择一项两个解释中只有一种解释讨论过的要素。由两种解释区别可知选 D。

3. It can be inferred from the passage that the “**attempts**” share which of the following goals?

- A. to explain how a Jupiter-sized planet could form so close to its parent star.
- B. to explain what prevents a hot Jupiter from colliding with its parent star.
- C. to determine whether a hot Jupiter is formed from a protoplanetary disk of dust and gas.
- D. to determine whether a hot Jupiter’s gravitational field is strong enough to create a groove in its protoplanetary disk
- E. to account for hot Jupiters in a way that is not inconsistent with the standard theory of planetary formation

答案: E

解析: 根据“attempts”定位到 “In the standard, solar-system-based theory of planetary formation, such as a massive planet could not form so close to a star. So most attempts to explain a hot Jupiter’s existence envision it forming farther away, then migrating inward”，根据文章结构和后文内容可知之后解释都符合 standard theory of planetary formation，所以选 E。

Passage 37 (短文章 / 文学评论 / 中等)

Because the subject matter was so personal, the work of several prominent mid-twentieth century

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. The author of the passage suggests that applying the term “confessional” to the work of the poets discussed

- A. is mistaken in what it seems to imply about the poets’ motivation
- B. might seem superficially appropriate given the subject matter of the poems
- C. is an error arising from the absence of any other convenient term

答案: AB

解析:

文章是典型的转折结构。二句 but 转折前，几位二十世纪中期杰出诗人被冠以 confessional 标签。转折后，作者质疑该标签，认为这些诗人是艺术的，不是 confessional 的。

该题需要选项定位。定位到原文 “The motive for confession is penitential or therapeutic……But these poets always approached their writing as artists, and their motive was aesthetic” 可知 A 对；B 说 superficially appropriate 是对的，因为作者转折后部分认可转折前称谓：Writing from experiences like madness, despair, and lust, their aim；C 说是由于 absence of any other convenient term 导致的错误，文中没有体现。

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

2. The passage implies that the poets discussed did NOT

- A. think that a poet’s motivation for writing was relevant in evaluating that poet’s work

- B. experience any relief of their personal suffering as a result of writing
- C. apply to their own work the label by which it has subsequently been know

答案: C

解析: 定位到原文 “But these poets always approached their writing as artists, and their motive was aesthetic. Writing from experiences like madness, despair, and lust, their aim was to make effective art” 可知诗人的动机对于诗歌的价值是有影响的, A 错; “Writing from experiences like madness, despair, and lust, their aim was to make effective art, not to cure themselves”, 该句是作者认为的诗人的创作意图, 不能理解为 B 选项: 诗人在实际经验上没有任何完成后感受到的解脱, B 错; “……to ignore their unanimous disdain for the idea of confessional poetry” 说明这些诗人并不希望自己的是做被标上 confessional poetry 的标签, C 对。

Passage 38 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 天文 / 中等)

Astronomers who study planet formation once believed that comets—because they remain mostly in the distant Oort cloud……

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. According to the passage, astronomers recognize which of the following as being liable to cause changes to comets?
- A. cosmic rays
 - B. radioactive decay
 - C. ultraviolet radiation

答案: ABC

解析:

文章是典型的多层转折结构。文章开头介绍老观点: 彗星曾经被认为是纯粹的形成外部行星的残留物。然后说 1970 年开始的新认识: 紫外线放射足以使其表面不纯。Nevertheless 转折后, 说, 太阳的热量足以剥除彗星表面的不纯物质, 意思是彗星仍然可是是纯粹的。文章最后说, 彗星本身的放射性同位素足以使其内部演化, 意思是彗星更可能是不纯的。

该题需要选项定位。定位到原文 “laboratory simulations revealed there was sufficient ultraviolet radiation reaching comets to darken their surfaces and there were sufficient cosmic rays to alter chemical bonds or even molecular structure near the surface” 可知选 AC 选项, 根据原文 comets might contain decaying radioactive isotopes that could have warmed cometary interiors to temperatures that caused the interiors to evolve 可知 B 选项。

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

2. According to the passage, astronomers' belief that comets are pristine relics was
- A. overturned by analysis of what happens when comets approach the Sun
 - B. supported by what observations revealed about the composition of the outer planets
 - C. based on consideration of the conditions that prevail where comets are located

答案: C

解析:

该题需要结合题干选项定位。

A 选项说, overturned by analysis of what happens when… 要求原文说的是实地研究证据, 原文是 laboratory simulation 实验室模拟, A 错

B 选项, 原文…… must be pristine relics of the material that formed the outer planets 中, 关于外部行星的物质组成, 并不明确是否是观察揭示的, B 错。

C 选项, 原文 “Astronomers who study planet formation once believed that comets—because they remain mostly in the distant Oort cloud, where temperatures are close to absolute zero—must be

pristine relics of the material that formed the outer planets”是对星系外围物质的主观表述，是一种 consideration, 可知 C 选项正确。

Passage 39 (逻辑单题 / 假设 / 中等)

Biologists studying wild monkeys sometimes need the genetic material DNA from a particular monkey.....

1. Which of the following is an assumption on which the argument depends?

- A. The places in which monkeys sleep are easily accessible to researchers.
- B. Information about a particular monkey's parentage is the only kind of information that can be determined from DNA that has been extracted from that monkey's hair.
- C. For at least some samples of hair collected from monkey habitat it will be possible to associate hairs with the individual monkeys from which they came.
- D. Examining DNA is the only way to determine the parentage of wild monkeys.
- E. It will be necessary to obtain any hair samples used in determining a monkey's parentage from a place where the monkey has slept

答案: C

解析: 假设题。传统方法需要麻醉猴子采集血样判定 DNA, 确定个体猴子亲属关系, 新方法可以通过毛发判定 DNA, 文章结论是, 就能确定个体猴子亲属关系了(新方法好使)。C 选项取非, 不能确定毛发的个体猴子归属, 破坏文章结论。所以选 C。

Passage 40 (短文章 / 文学评论 / 对比 / 中等)

Buell' study of village sketches (a type of fiction popular in the United States in the 1830s and 1840s).....

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. According to the passage, village sketches written by women in the United States in the 1830s and 1840s typically reflected
- A. the negotiations that characterized trade relationships between villages
 - B. the fact that these women did not often travel very far beyond their own village
 - C. the plurality of experiences and ideas that existed among the residents of a village

答案: BC

解析:

文章是典型的研究评论: 作者认为 B 的 village sketches 把社区描画成单质固定的, 认为 B 忽略了女性作家的 village sketches. 女性作家把社区描画成动态活跃的。

根据关键词 village sketches written by women 定位到原文 “These women's geographical mobility was restricted (although women writers of the time were not uniformly circumscribed in this way), and their subject matter reflected this fact” 和 “These writers represent community as dynamic, as something that must be negotiated and renegotiated because of its members' divergent histories, positions, expectations, and beliefs” 可知选 B、C 选项。

2. Select the sentence in the passage that contrasts how men and women depicted life in village communities.

解析: 文章第一句。问题要求选出男性作家和女性作家描述乡村社区不同之处的句子, 对应到原文首句: “Buell' study of village sketches (a type of fiction popular in the United States in the 1830s and 1840s) provides a valuable summary of sketches that portray the community as homogeneous

and fixed, but it ignores those by women writers, which typically depicted the diversity that increasingly characterized actual village communities at that time.”

3. The passage indicates that when Gilligan spoke of “the ability to attend to voices other than one’s own,” she

- A. did not consider that ability to be a desirable psychological characteristic
- B. did not believe that individuals differ greatly with respect to that ability
- C. was implying that that ability enhances a sense of belonging in communities
- D. was assuming that good writers are able to depict diverse characters
- E. was not discussing the women who wrote village sketches

答案：E

解析：根据人名定位到原文 “Yet their texts were enriched by what Gilligan, writing in a different context, has called the ability to attend to voices other than one’s own”，根据 “writing in a different context”，可知选 E。

Passage 41 (长文章 / 文学介绍评论 / 对比 / 难)

By far the most popular United States literature of its time was a body of now-neglected novels written between 1820 and 1870

1. The passage is primarily concerned with

- A. summarizing the major contributions of two influential writers
- B. describing and commenting on a group of literary works
- C. summarizing the major events of a period of literary history
- D. contrasting two types of literary works from the same era
- E. arguing for the adopting of several neglected literary works into university curriculums

答案：B

解析：

文章首段首先引入主题：1820—1870 的女性小说。作者借 Nina Baym 之口，给予正评价，指出其流行性。但与社会大众相反，评论界对其是 mixed 评价。Theoretical opposition 认为其腐化堕落。Clerical opponents 认为其是道德说教上的竞争者，攻击更加猛烈。男性作家同样也贬低女性作家。二段首先转折一段。出版商对该时期女性小说热情欢迎。少数评论者对其重视，关注到个人作家独特价值。但 On the whole, however 之后，作者认为，评论界总体上对该时期女性小说还是偏负评价。Baym 承认女性小说主题单一，但为其辩护：认为女性作家其实并不把自己当作艺术家，而是职业写手。对女性作家而盐，娱乐性和教育性并不矛盾。该题目问文章主旨。从文章结构分析可知选 B。

2. The author of the passage cites Susan Warner’s Wide, Wide World most probably as an example of a woman’s novel that

- A. had more advanced artistic elements than many of its type
- B. attracted an excessive amount of critical attention
- C. was found to be inappropriately moralistic by many members of the clergy
- D. was significant as an indicator of the genre’s popularity
- E. signaled the gradual decline of the size of the genre’s audience

答案：D

解析：回到原文 “According to Baym, the genre began with Catharine Sedgwick’s New-England Tale (1822), manifested itself as the best-selling reading matter of the American public in the unprecedented sales of Susan Warner’s Wide, Wide World (1850), and remained a dominant

fictional type until after 1870” 作者提到 Wide, Wide World 主要想以此为例证明女性小说非常受欢迎，所以选 D

3. The author of the passage implies which of the following about the members of the clergy mentioned in the first paragraph?

- A. They also opposed works of fiction that were outside the genre of woman's fiction.
- B. They opposed journalism as well as imaginative writing.
- C. Their influence reached its pinnacle in the mid-nineteenth century.
- D. They were unable to obtain the support of other critics for their views.
- E. Their attacks on the genre of the novel did not extend to novels written by male writers

答案：D

解析：定位到原文 “The critical, as opposed to popular, reception of these novels in their own time was mixed.”，可知评论界观点矛盾。Theoretical opposition 认为女性小说腐化堕落。而 clerical opponents 认为女性作家是潜在的道德说教角色的竞争者，他们攻击女性作家的角度和理论派不同：两者不可能相互支持（后文开始说评论界之外的男性作家、出版家或正评价的评论者）。所以选 D

4. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage concerning the majority of the nineteenth-century reviewers of woman's fiction?

- A. They considered the position taken by the clergy in regard to woman's fiction self-serving.
- B. They did not make fine distinctions between different authors.
- C. They placed a higher value on plot than on social significance.
- D. They subscribed to the view of writers as purveyors of popular entertainment rather than as artists
- E. They regarded woman's fiction as high as publishers did

答案：B

解析：回到原文 “Some few reviewers wrote about these works with attention and respect, distinguishing between the works of the different authors and identifying individual strengths and weaknesses” 说明只有很少数的 reviewers 才能区分不同的作家，大多数 reviewers 是不能很好地区分这些女作家的，选 B

Passage 42 (短文章 / 文学评论 / 易)

Carolina Hospital notes that Cuban-American writers who write primarily in English.....

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. Hospital, as presented in the passage, would probably agree with which of the following statements about Cuban-American writing?

- A. For Cuban-American writers, writing in English is not irreconcilable with Cuban identity.
- B. All Cuban-American writers are generally recognized as contributing to Cuban exile literature.
- C. It is appropriate for anthologies of Cuban exile literature to include works written both in Spanish and in English

答案：AC

解析：

文章关于对 Cuban-American 作家的评论。Carolina Hospital 认为用英语写作的古巴裔作家不应该被忽略。另一评论者注意到：英语载体和西班牙语载体同样重要，但强调重点不同。

该题需要选项定位。

回到原文 “they represent a new phase of Cubanness, one that is expressed in the language comfortable to its writers--- English” 可知 A 正确；“Cuban-American writers who write primarily in English are dismissed from anthologies and analyses of Cuban exile literature on that account” 可知 B 错误；“She argues that since these writers were born in Cuba and consider themselves

Cuban writers, they should not be ignored, and maintains that they represent a new phase of Cubanness, one that is expressed in the language comfortable to its writers--- English” 可知 C 正确

2. In the context in which it appears, “comfortable” most nearly means

- A. prosperous
- B. sufficient
- C. agreeable
- D. restful
- E. painless

答案: C

解析: 词汇题。回到原文 “Cuban-American writers who write primarily in English……they represent a new phase of Cubanness, one that is expressed in the language comfortable to its writers--- English” 可知上下文要求词义为: 表达流畅的, 运用熟练的, 选 C。

Passage 43 (短文章 / 对比 / 物理 / 中等)

Constant variations in the amount of sunlight available on Earth at any given location make energy storage.....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to discuss which of the following?

- A. reasons for the necessity for developing solar-energy systems
- B. different ways of storing solar energy as heat
- C. new designs for devices that collect solar energy
- D. procedures for transferring thermal energy between materials
- E. differences between capacities of solids and liquids to store sensible heat

答案: B

解析:

文章首先介绍地球任何地点阳光照射的变化性导致热能储存的重要性。然后, 文章把热能储存分类为两种: **latent heat**, **sensible heat**. 后文给予详细介绍 (主要针对 **latent heat** 缺点)。

该题问文章主旨, 通读全文可知选 B。

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

2. According to the passage, solar-energy systems located on Earth must store energy for which of the following reasons?

- A. At any given location on Earth, the amount of sunlight available frequently changes.
- B. The operation of such systems depends on devices that require a power source other than solar energy
- C. Demand for the energy produced by such systems varies in unpredictable ways

答案: A

解析:

选项定位。原文首句: “Constant variations in the amount of sunlight available on Earth at any given location make energy storage a necessary design feature of terrestrial solar-energy systems” 在地球上的任意一个地方, 光照量总在变化, 使得储存能量成为 **solar-energy systems** 的一个特征。

可知选 A

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

3. The author suggests that which of the following constitutes a potential disadvantage of using latent heat for energy storage?

- A. The circumstances under which phase transitions occur would limit the versatility of latent heat as a storage method.
- B. The supply of substances that possess the properties that are needed in a medium for latent heat storage is dwindling.
- C. The properties that are needed in a medium for latent heat storage are found in substances that have other undesirable properties

答案: AC

解析: A 定位原文 “but in any substance this storage is available only at the unique fixed temperature at which the particular phase transition occurs in that substance. ”

C 定位原文 “Moreover, materials that have transitions at the temperatures that terrestrial solar-energy systems are likely to encounter are usually destructively corrosive at those temperatures”

Passage 44 (短文章 / 现象描述 / 生物 / 易)

Exotic insect pests can produce both short-and long-term effects on forest ecosystems.....

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. The passage mentions which of the following as effects of exotic pests on forest ecosystems?

- A. decreased vitality in trees
- B. defoliation of trees
- C. changes in forest structure

答案: ABC

解析:

文章针对 **exotic insect pests** 对森林生态系统的影响: 短线影响和长线影响。之后, 文章解释为何外来物种造成长线影响的原因。

选项丁文。回到原文 “Short-term effects include the disturbances directly associated with the action of the pest, which may cause the defoliation, loss of vigor, or death of trees. Long-term effects are primarily mediated by changes in tree species composition and the consequent alterations of forest structure, productivity, and nutrient uptake” 可知选 A、B、C。

2. The author of the passage mentions the “**unique properties**” of tree species primarily in order to help explain

- A. why pests tend to target specific tree species
- B. why pests can have long-term effects on entire ecosystems
- C. how pests contribute to shifts in forest species composition
- D. how pests are able to become established in an ecosystem
- E. how some tree species are able to withstand the effects of pests

答案: C

解析: 定位到原文 “Shifts in forest species composition ramify through the ecosystem in many ways because tree species have different, often unique properties” 可知选 C。

Passage 45 (短文章 / 现象描述 / 植物 / 易)

For centuries, oak was the wood of choice for European shipbuilders. However, toward.....

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. It can be inferred from the passage that an advantage of teak over mahogany is that teak is:

- A. more compatible with the materials in existing ships.
- B. less susceptible to rot and pests
- C. available in greater quantities in inland jungles

答案: AB

解析: 本文解释 teak 代替 oak 成为造船木料的原因: 唯一膨胀率相同的木料, 抵制腐蚀和虫害, 适合大规模运输。

题目问的是 teak 相比 mahogany 的优点, 回到原文 “Only teak matches oak’s expansion coefficient and stays watertight. It is unmatched in its resistance to rot and pests.....” 可知选 A、B。

2. In the context in which it appears, “turned to” most nearly means

- A. rotated
- B. resorted to
- C. deflected from
- D. reverted to
- E. revolved around

答案: B

解析: 回到原文 “as British oak supplies grew scarce, shipbuilders there turned to teak and found in it an ideal substitute” 可知上下文要求的义项是: 求助于, 寻求。选 B。

Passage 46 (逻辑单题 / 填空 / 难)

For the first time, funding for designing experiments to be conducted during space flights.....

1. Which of the following most logically completes the argument given?

- A. relatively few of the biologists already employed by the space program have ever held university positions
- B. there are more research biologists in industry than at universities
- C. biologists are not the only scientists interested in research that could be furthered by the opportunity to conduct experiments in space
- D. the space program employs only a small percentage of the research biologists employed by the government
- E. much of the biological research currently funded by the government’s space program is concerned with the biological effects of a weightless environment

答案: B

解析:

原文结论 “it cannot be concluded that virtually the only biologists interested in research that such experiments could address are those biologists already employed by the space program” 是双重否定句, 正面理解是: 政府太空实验项目已经雇用的生物学家之外应该还有其他生物学家对太空实验项目感兴趣。空格要求支持该结论。根据文章理由, 区分理解三个概念范畴: 1 生物学家, 2 大学生物学家, 3 政府太空实验项目已经雇用的生物学家。画维恩图可知, 选项 B 最支持结论。

Passage 47 (短文章 / 研究方法对比 / 历史 / 易)

From the 1880s to the 1930s, the textile industry in Japan employed over half of all workers.....

1. Which of the following does the passage cite as an explanation for historians’ traditional analysis of the Japanese textile industry?

- A. a common workforce population across all branches of textile manufacturing
- B. similarities in the skills required for silk reeling, cotton spinning, and weaving
- C. the importance of the textile industry to the Japanese economy as a whole
- D. the high number of female factory workers employed within the textile industry
- E. differences in the technology used in the three major branches of textile production

答案：E

解析：

文章首先介绍传统历史学家对特定对象（日本 1880—1930 的纺织工业）的研究方法：分开研究。

However 转折后，Hunter 倡导新的研究方法：关注共性，当作整体研究。

该题定位题干中的关键词 historians' traditional analysis，回到原文 “Because the branches were highly diverse—in scale, skill requirements, and technology—historians traditionally have analyzed them separately” 可知选 E。

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

2. It can be inferred that Hunter regards which of the following to be a shortcoming of historians' traditional analyses discussed in the passage?

- A. their failure to examine factors common to the three different branches of Japanese textile production
- B. their separation of the Japanese textile industry into three major branches based on differences in scale, skill requirements, and technology
- C. their failure to acknowledge the contribution made by rural women to the different branches of the textile industry

答案：A

解析：定位题干中的关键词 historians' traditional analysis，However 之后，是 Hunter 对其反驳：the workforces of all three were drawn primarily from the same population: young, mostly rural women aged 10 to 25. Noting this commonality, Hunter argues that a consideration of the three branches of production together is long overdue: examining elements common to the different branches of textile production may, she asserts, permit the identification of gender-based factors that may have influenced the operation of the Japanese female labor market as a whole” 可知选 A。B 选项是 historians' traditional analysis 分开研究的原因，但不是 Hunter 的反驳点。

Passage 48 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 生物 / 易)

When studying shrimp feeding from hydro-thermal vents at the bottom of the ocean.....

1. Which of the following best describes the function of the highlighted sentence?

- A. It casts doubt on the accuracy of earlier observations of seasonal breeding among shrimp species living near hydro-thermal vents.
- B. It undermines the explanation proposed for seasonal breeding among some shrimp species living near hydro-thermal vents.
- C. It suggests that alternative theories are needed to explain seasonal breeding among shrimp species living near hydro-thermal vents.
- D. It describes the survival benefits to shrimp of mating in parts of the ocean where algae blooms rain down abundantly.
- E. It supports the explanation proffered for the seasonal breeding observed among some shrimp species living near hydro-thermal vents.

答案：E

解析：

文章是典型的现象解释结构。首先引入特殊现象：生物学家发现居住在海底、不依赖太阳光源的虾的繁殖有季节性规律。可能性解释：和它们的后代繁殖有关，因为后代迁移的时候需要食物，而作为食物的海藻的供给量是有季节性的。

本题问高亮句作用。从文章结构分析可知，高亮句提供研究证据：研究者发现为后代提供食物的物种并没有季节性繁殖的现象，并且居住在有非季节性开花的海藻的区域的物种也没有季节性繁殖的特征。很显然，作者研究者用的是求异法思路，从反面论证了前文结论的正确性。选 E。

Passage 49 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 地质 / 中等)

There is mounting evidence that the frequency and magnitude of landsliding is changing.....

1. The author of the passage cites “**evidence from the past**” in order to

- A. support a partial explanation
- B. concede a potential objection
- C. dismiss an apparent counterexample
- D. highlight a scientific consensus
- E. account for a historical anomaly

答案：D

解析：

首段首先明确塌方（landsliding）和气候变化之间的关系。作者认为不惊讶，因为降水（气候因素）是两种导致塌方的机制之一，另一为地震活动。

二段表明，当前变化与之前区别就是人类活动。人类活动单独或与气候因素一起影响塌方变化。其中，森林砍伐和土地使用变化是有直接影响的人类活动。

该题，根据关键词“**evidence from the past**”定位到原文，原文所在句支持前句共识（This is not surprising），D 最准确。

2. The passage makes which of the following claims?

- A. A rise in precipitation resulting from human factors has increased the frequency and magnitude of landsliding.
- B. Human factors have led to greater changes in landsliding activity than have cyclical climate fluctuations.
- C. Decreases in landsliding activity have historically been accompanied by changes in climate.
- D. Slope stability is more influenced by seismic activity than it is by human factors
- E. Changes in land-use patterns in mountain ecosystems are generally correlated with changes in climate

答案：C

解析：C 选项能定位到原文“Evidence from the past clearly indicates that cycles of elevated landslide activity have been followed by cycles of low activity, and that these are correlated with climate fluctuations over a variety of timescales”，其中，low activity = decrease.

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

3. The author of the passage suggests which of the following about the role of human factors in landsliding activity?

- A. Human factors can intensify or alter the effects of climate change on landsliding activity.
- B. It is likely that human factors affect landsliding activity more than climate change does.
- C. Until recently, human factors did not have much impact on landsliding activity

答案：AC

解析：

A 选项定位到原文 “What sets current changes in landslide activity apart is the likely influence of anthropogenic [i.e., human-caused] factors, either acting alone or in concert with climate, which can further modify the process of landsliding and the nature of ecosystem responses”。

C 选项定位到原文二段首句: What sets current changes in landslide activity apart is the likely influence of anthropogenic [i.e., human-caused] factors.....

Passage 50 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 生物 / 易)

There have been numerous well-documented extinctions of indigenous species caused.....

1. The passage is concerned primarily with

- A. pointing out that a particular type of species extinction is rarely known to occur.
- B. proposing a possible explanation for conflicting data about a particular type of species extinction.
- C. resolving a debate about the frequency of a particular type of species extinction.
- D. comparing two theories regarding possible causes of a particular type of species extinction.
- E. refuting a proposed explanation for the increasingly rare occurrence of a particular type of species extinction.

答案: A

解析:

文章开头是一个对比转折: extinctions of indigenous species caused by the introduction of non-indigenous predators and pathogens, 由非本地捕食者或病原体引起的本地动物灭绝很多, 但是 surprisingly few extinctions of indigenous species can be attributed to competition from introduced species, 即物种竞争引起的灭绝其实是很少的。作者然后北美的证据。但是, 作者认为, 从该证据可能得出两种替代性解释。

该题问文章主旨, 从文章结构分析可知 A 选项最准确。

B 选项, conflicting data 没有提到。

C 选项, resolving a debate 原文没有。

D 选项, comparing two theories 原文没有

E 选项, refuting a proposed explanation 不准确。

2. The author introduces statistics about North America's non-indigenous plant species primarily in order to

- A. undermine a proposed explanation for the absence of any evidence for the occurrence of a particular phenomenon
- B. contrast the effect of introduced plant species in North America with the effect that introduced animal species have had
- C. suggest that North America's indigenous plants are a domain in which there has been ample scope for a particular effect to have occurred
- D. emphasize how much the ecology of North America has been affected over the past 400 years by the introduction of non-indigenous species
- E. substantiate a claim about the overall effect that the introduction of non-indigenous species tends to have on indigenous populations

答案: E

解析: 问题考察作者举北美非本地植物例子的作用。根据文章结构, 该例子为上位句服务:

However, surprisingly few extinctions of indigenous species can be attributed to competition from introduced species., 可知选 E。

Passage 51 (短文章 / 文学理论 / 对比 / 中等)

The relevance of the literary personality—a writer’s distinctive attitudes, concerns, and artistic choices.....

1. The passage is primarily concerned with
- A. discussing attitudes toward a particular focus for literary analysis
 - B. describing the limitations of two contemporary approaches to literary analysis
 - C. pointing out the similarities among seemingly contrasting approaches to literary analysis
 - D. defending the resurgence of a particular focus for literary analysis
 - E. defining a set of related terms employed in literary criticism

答案：A

解析：

文章作者围绕对于 the literary personality 的观点，介绍不同学派的学者对其看法，并表明自己的态度。多种当代批评流派重视。解构主义（Deconstructionists）轻视，认为 intertextuality, subtext, metatexts 更重要。新历史主义者（New historicists）也轻视，认为作家生活年代的思想潮流更重要。However 转折后是作者立场，作者认为，literary personality 有其关键价值。该题考察文章主旨，由文章结构分析可知 A 最合适。

For the following question, consider each of the choice separately and select all that apply.

2. It can be inferred from the passage that on the issue of how to analyze a literary work, the new historicists would most likely agree with the deconstructionists that
- A. The writer’s insights and ideas should be understood in terms of the writer’s historical context.
 - B. The writer’s literary personality has little or no relevance.
 - C. The critic should primarily focus on intertextuality, subtexts and metatexts.

答案：B

解析：问题要求选择 new historicists 和 deconstructionists 观点的共同之处，回到原文 Deconstructionists view the literary personality, like the writer’s biographical personality, as irrelevant……New historicists also devalue the literary personality 可知二者都否认 literary personality 的价值，所以选 B。

A 选项是新历史主义观点，解构主义没有提到。

C 选项是解构主义观点，新历史主义没有提到。

3. In the context in which it appears, “credit writer with” most nearly means

- A. trust a writer with
- B. applaud a writer for
- C. believe a writer created
- D. presume a writer had
- E. accept a writer for

答案：B

解析：词义理解题。根据上下文：New historicists also devalue the literary personality, since, in their emphasis on a work’s historical contexts, they credit a writer with only those insights and ideas that were generally available when the writer lived. 知其对应 devalue, 是 devalue 反义词，选项 B 最准确。

Passage 52 (短文章 / 问题解决 / 物理 / 易)

The physicist Wallace Sabine pioneered the scientific study of architectural acoustics.....

1. Which of the following can be inferred about the ‘university lecture hall’ mentioned in the passage?
- A. It was not originally designed to be used for lecture.
 - B. It was more suitable for listening to music than for listening to the spoken word.
 - C. Its walls had surfaces made of material with very poor sound-absorbing properties.
 - D. Its poor acoustics resulted from its being designed to accommodate a large audience.
 - E. It was constructed at a time when sound-absorbing building materials were not readily available

答案：C

解析：

文章通过一个实际问题的解决介绍 WS 的研究。WS 被邀请解决一个大学讲堂的回声问题。WS 发现了回声问题的原因，成功解决了问题，并且形成数学公式。

该题问细节功能，根据关键词定位到原文 “a university lecture hall in which the echo of a speaker’s words rendered them unintelligible” 和 “By hanging panels of sound-absorbing felt on the walls, Sabine reduced the echo enough to make the hall usable” 可知 C 选项最准确。

2. The passage suggests that Sabine’s work made which of the following possible for the first time?
- A. to make a room soundproof
 - B. to build an auditorium out of sound-absorbing materials
 - C. to construct an enclosed space in which sound would not echo
 - D. to design a building to meet predetermined specifications with regard to echo duration
 - E. to render any large room usable for public lectures and performances

答案：D

解析：该题目需要概括 WS 的工作，结合文章结构分析可知 D 最准确。

Passage 53 (短文章 / 问题解决 / 历史 / 难)

The manuscripts of the eight extant Latin tragedies identify the plays as the Marci Lucii Annei Senecae Tragoediae.....

1. The author mentions Medea primarily in order to
- A. give an example of a play in which references to certain authors can be used to determine when the Marci Lucii Annei Senecae Tragoediae were composed
 - B. acknowledge the possibility that the Marci Lucii Annei Senecae Tragoediae may have been written by Quintilian rather than Seneca
 - C. suggest that certain of the Marci Lucii Annei Senecae Tragoediae may have been written near the end of Seneca’s lifetime
 - D. argue that Marci may have been one of the last of the eight plays in the Marci Lucii Annei Senecae Tragoediae to be written
 - E. indicate how the latest possible date for the time period during which the Marci Lucii Annei Senecae Tragoediae were composed might be established

答案：E

解析：

文章针对 8 个现存悲剧的作者确认问题。首段介绍一些现代学者的观点：作者应该是 Lucius Annaeus Seneca the Younger。从年代相关的证据上，Lucius Annaeus Seneca the Younger 符合要求。

二段针对首段作者确认的疑问：Lucius Annaeus Seneca the Younger 本人为何没有提及这些作品？作者介绍了两个可能解释之一：Lucius Annaeus Seneca the Younger 的谨慎态度。But 转折后，作者提出自己的质疑：Lucius Annaeus Seneca the Younger 作为皇帝的辅导老师，不应该谨慎呀！Lucius Annaeus Seneca the Younger 不应该是这些悲剧的作者。

根据关键词定位到原文 “...and the plays must have been written by 96C.C., when Quintilian quotes Medea, one of the tragedies”, Medea 被别人 Q 引用, 自然应该现有 Medea. 可知 E 选项, 该时间是悲剧被创作的最晚可能时间。

2. The author of the passage makes which of the following claims about the eight extant Latin tragedies?

- A. There is only circumstantial evidence that the plays were all written by the same author.
- B. Scholars have persistently attributed the plays to Seneca despite evidence that some of them may have been composed prior to his lifetime.
- C. Evidence in the manuscripts of the plays identifies them as having been written by Lucius Annaeus Seneca the Younger.
- D. The plays contain some lines that have been construed as being directed against the emperor.
- E. The plays contain material that could illustrate certain aspects of Seneca's philosophy.

答案 : E

解析: 该题需要选项定位。E 选项可定位到原文二段首句: “It is remarkably, however, that Seneca himself never mentions the plays, since **there are certainly passages in them that could be used to illustrate points of his philosophy**”。

3. The author of the passage would most likely agree that if Seneca had in fact written the tragedies, then Seneca probably would have

- A. used the plays as platforms for his philosophical ideas
- B. referred to the plays in some of his other writings
- C. been in danger of exile or execution for certain line in the plays
- D. avoided attaching his name to be the plays out of modesty
- E. written the plays during the latter portion of his lifetime

答案 : B

解析: 根据文章结构定位到原文二段末: “But if anyone could safely attach his name to dramas, surely it would be Seneca, the emperor's tutor. And although Herrmann offers Seneca's modesty as an explanation, Seneca is not averse to referring to his other writings. The evidence for equating Seneca with the author of the tragedies seems circumstantial.”, 由作者因为 Seneca 没有在其他作品中提到这些 plays 而对 Seneca 是不是真正的作者感到怀疑, 可知 B 选项, 作者认为, 如果 Seneca 真是作者, 他应该提到这些悲剧作品。

Passage 54 (短文章 / 新发现分析 / 生物 / 易)

The discovery of subsurface life on Earth, surviving independently from surface life.....

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply

1. Life on Europa in the form suggested in the passage would be dependent on
 - A. the protection Europa's icy crust gives against the harmful components of sunlight
 - B. the existence of water on Europa
 - C. the motion of Europa around Jupiter

答案 : BC

解析:

文章围绕地球深处新发现 (独立于太阳光, 只依赖液态水的生命) 展开, 说明对于太空生命探索的意义。作者用 Europa 举例, 说其地下可能存在液态水, 从而有可能存在独立于阳光的生命。题目针对 Europa 存在生命的条件, 定位原文 “As Europa orbits its planet, however, it flexes due to the gravitational tug-of-war between it, its sister moons, and Jupiter. Through friction, this flexing produces heat in the moon's interior capable of melting ice” 可知选项 B、C。

2. The highlighted sentence “**take Jupiter’s moon Europa**” serves to introduce
- A. an instance that allows a hypothesis to be tested
 - B. speculation grounded in empirical discovery
 - C. a deduction from a newly advanced hypothesis
 - D. a large-scale effect of an apparently insignificant contingency
 - E. the derivation of a contradiction to refute a claim

答案：B

解析：该题问高亮句子功能，由文章结构分析可知 B 选项最准确。Europa 例子主要用来推测。A 选项不准确，后文没有说对 Europa 的猜测能够被核实。

Passage 55 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 历史 / 中等)

Some historians have recently challenged the “party period paradigm,” the view, advanced by McCormick and others.....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- A. correct a common misconception about a historical period
 - B. identify a feature of a historical period that has often been overlooked
 - C. challenge the validity of evidence used to support a claim
 - D. discuss certain challenges to a particular view
 - E. account for a particular feature of historical period

答案：D

解析：

文章首先介绍一些历史学家对于以 McCormick 为主倡导的 “party period paradigm” 的质疑。Voss-Hubbard 主要引用第三党的存在作为证据。Formisano 主要强调该时期 nonpartisan and anti-party governance 的证据。Yet 转折后，作者为 McCormick 进行了辩护：作者认为 “party period paradigm” 仍然是合理的观点。

根据文章结构分析，可知 D 选项最准确。A 选项 “common” 概念不准确。C 选项，challenge the validity of evidence 不准确。

2. Select the sentence in the passage that describes how a historian might reply to attempts to call his theory into question.

解析：问题要求选择体现一位历史学家对于质疑的反应，由文章结构分析，可知原文该句 “Yet McCormick would deny that the existence of antiparty sentiment during the period undermined the paradigm, since he has always acknowledged the residual strength of such sentiment during the nineteenth century.” 最体现此功能。

3. In the context in which it appears, “**evoked**” most nearly means
- A. elicited
 - B. recalled
 - C. cited
 - D. suggested
 - E. Elaborated

答案：A

解析：词义理解。定位原文 “that political parties—especially the two major parties—in the United States between the years 1835 and 1900 **evoked** extraordinary loyalty from voters and dominated political life.”，根据上下文句义要求，可知 A 最准确：“引起，诱发” 某种情感态度。

Passage 56 (短文章 / 现象描述 / 生物 / 易)

Soil communities are dependent on plants for organic matter.....

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. According to the passage, plants supply resources to soil communities by which of the following methods?

- A. Some plants supply resources to soil communities by promoting diversity of above-ground flora and fauna.
- B. Some plants supply resources to soil communities by oozing nutrients from their roots.
- C. Some plants supply resources to soil communities by depositing leaf litter.

答案: BC

解析:

文章首先介绍地面植物对于土壤结构 (soil composition) 的重要影响, 以其作为理由说明外来植物物种的入侵对于土壤结构的影响。

题目问植物为土壤提供资源的方式, 根据关键词定位到原文二句: “Plants provide organic matter for soil communities through the decomposition of leaf litter, by oozing nutrients from roots, or through other methods of deposition of organic compounds into the soil environments”。可知选择 BC 选项。A 选项原文没有提及。

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

2. Which of the following statements about the connection between above-ground plants and below-ground soil communities can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Because of the nature of the link between above-and below-ground communities, many soil communities are deficient in nutrients.
- B. The extent to which soil communities are dependent on above-ground plants is extremely variable from one soil community to another.
- C. Because different plants supply resources to soil communities in different ways, distinctive soil communities form under different plant communities.

答案: C

解析:

该题需要选项定位。答案 AB 在原文中找不到依据。根据原文 “As a result of these diverse methods by which plants supply resources, unique soil communities form under different plant species and under plant communities that differ in composition” 可知 C 正确。

Passage 57 (短文章 / 新发现分析 / 生物 / 中等)

Recent studies of the Philippine fruit bat fauna have confirmed some previous hypotheses

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- A. draw on studies of the Philippine fruit bat in proposing a new theory regarding bats on oceanic islands
- B. show how recent research on the Philippine fruit bat reflects debates about bats on oceanic islands
- C. argue for the relevance of certain new evidence pertaining to the Philippine fruit bat or the study of bats on oceanic islands
- D. discuss recent investigations of Philippines fruit bat in light of conventional wisdom regarding bats on oceanic islands
- E. explain why the Philippine fruit bat is atypical among bats on oceanic islands in terms of genetic variation

答案：D

解析：

文章针对新研究成果之前观点的关系展开。

开头介绍的是被新研究成果核实的老观点：1 物种丰富性和海拔负相关。2 本地物种和地理因素（海岛分隔）相关。3 基因区分演化（genetic differentiation）受物种所在生态环境影响。However 转折后是被新证据推翻的老观点，新证据表明：1 一些本地物种能象外来物种一样适应利用不规则生态栖息地（disturbed habitat）2 所有物种（本地 / 外地）基因变化程度都高 3 （本地 / 外地）都能在小区域延续独立种系（independent lineages）4 本地物种分化对物种丰富性贡献大。

该题目针对文章主旨从全文整体结构分析可知选 D 选项最合适。

A 选项, a new theory 文章无。

B 选项, 文章没有 debates.

C 选项, 文章没有讨论证据是否具有相关性（relevance）

E 选项, 文章没有说菲律宾果蝇 atypical.

2. The primary function of the highlighted text is to

A. identify a finding from the Philippine fruit bat studies that will have a significant impact on how oceanic bats generally are viewed

B. point out a hypothesis that has been the subject of considerable disagreement among researchers studying oceanic bats

C. present evidence that is difficult to reconcile with other recent findings regarding the Philippine fruit bat

D. illustrate a widely held view about oceanic bats generally that was confirmed by the Philippine fruit bat studies

E. identify a feature of the Philippine fruit bat that does not appear to apply to oceanic bats generally

答案：A

解析：根据文章结构，高亮句子 Some endemic Philippine species use disturbed habitat as extensively as nonendemic species that are widespread in Southeast Asia 本身主要是一个否定老观点的证据，其功能是服务于上一句：However, far more previous hypotheses have been overturned than supported。A 选项最准确。

3. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage about the “recent studies”?

A. They point to the need for a significantly revised perspective on oceanic island bats generally.

B. They were undertaken with the assumption that Philippine fruit bats were somewhat atypical among oceanic bats.

C. They remain somewhat controversial among researchers because of the number of standard hypotheses that they tested.

D. They have largely confirmed what scientists thought about the Philippine fruit bat.

E. They suggest that bats on oceanic islands are more vulnerable to extinction than previously thought.

答案：A

解析：

该题需要根据文章结构比较选项。

B 答案错误，原文中并没有出现 atypical 的描述；C 不准确，原文中并没有提到研究者之间的争论；D 错误，因为 far more previous hypotheses have been overturned than supported；E 错误，vulnerable 概念原文没有。

A 选项最准确，因为文章重点在于转折后：far more previous hypotheses have been overturned than supported。

Passage 58 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 历史 / 中等)

Recent studies of the gender gap in the history of United States policies tend to focus

1. Select the sentence in the passage that offers a possible explanation for a trend.

答案：第二句

解析：

文章是对最近研究趋势（关于选举政治中的性别差异）的解释：因为几个研究的发现表明选举行为的性别差异不再显著。However 转折后说，F & S 认为，南方的性别差异仍然显著。

该题要求找针对特定趋势的原因，根据文章结构可以定位到二句：This shift in focus from gender inequality in political participation may be due to the finding in several studies of voting behavior in the United States that since 1980..... “due to” 部分就是原因解释。

2. According to the passage, which of the following is true about recent studies of the gender gap in the United States politics?

- A. They accurately depict voter preference in the South prior to 1980.
- B. They have been unduly influenced by changes in voter preferences.
- C. They fail to recognize important factors affecting levels of voter participation.
- D. They do not pay sufficient attention to the effect regional differences have on voter preference.
- E. They are more concerned with the choices that male and female voters make than with the frequency with which they vote.

答案：E

解析：

该题需要选项定位。

E 选项可以定位到原文 Recent studies of the gender gap in the history of United States policies tend to focus on candidate choice rather than on registration and turnout. 其中，the frequency with which they vote 对应原文：registration and turnout.

Passage 59 (短文章 / 现象描述分析 / 历史建筑 / 易)

Recent studies of ancient Maya water management have found that the urban architecture.....

1. The author of the passage implies which of the following about the political importance of the type of urban water management system described in the passage?

- A. Because the system was centralized, it allowed political control over a widely scattered population.
- B. The knowledge required to design and maintain the system became the pretext for Maya elites' political authority.
- C. By selectively limiting access to water, Maya elites used the system to curb challenges to their authority
- D. The system is not sufficient to explain the sources of centralized political power in all parts of the Maya region
- E. The system's continued maintenance required political authorities to exert control over an increasing proportion of economic resources.

答案：D

解析：

文章围绕最近的关于古玛雅水管理的研究发现展开。水利用设施的发现被认为有利于中央集权的管理制度。文章末句，作者指出，该观点不适合于水资源丰富的地区（尽管对于缺乏水资源的地区有道理）

该题需要理解选项与文章结构的匹配程度。

- A 选项, a widely dcatered population 文章没有。
- B 选项, 原文没有强调前提必要性: pretext.
- C 选项, 原文没有提到 challenges
- E 选项, 原文没有提到 continued maintenance
- D 选项最合适地概括了文章结构。

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

2. According to the passage, which of the following is true of the water management systems in the central and southern Maya Lowlands?

- A. They were implemented in part because of the prevailing pattern of rainfall.
- B. They were an integral part of lowland cities' architecture.
- C. They were needed because of insufficient resources such as ponds, rivers and lakes in the lowlands.

答案: ABC

解析: 定位到原文 In the central and southern Maya Lowlands, this kind of water control was necessary to support large populations throughout the year due to the scarcity of perennial surface water and the seasonal availability of rainfall 可知 AC 正确。pattern of rainfall 对应于 seasonal availability of rainfall, insufficient resources such as ponds, rivers and lakes 对应于 scarcity of perennial surface water。

B 选项对应首句: Recent studies of ancient Maya water management have found that **the urban architecture of some cities was used to divert rainfall runoff into gravity-fed systems of interconnected reservoirs.**

Passage 60 (短文章 / 艺术现象描述 / 对比 / 中等)

Ralph Ellison was passionately interested in visual arts. He immersed himself in Harlem's art

1. It can be inferred that the author mentions Ellison's apprenticeship with Richmond Barthe primarily in order to

- A. show that Ellison drew upon some aspects of the visual arts in developing his ideas for Invisible Man
- B. show that Ellison's claim for the superiority of the language drive from his experience with other art forms
- C. establish that Ellison had experience with an art form that interested many leading figures of the 1930s Harlem art scene
- D. suggest that in the 1930s the Harlem art scene provided an environment in which artists were likely to work in several media
- E. qualify Ellison's reservations about visual renderings of his work by showing that he was not indifferent to visual art

答案: E

解析:

文章围绕 Ralph Ellison 对于视觉艺术的态度。Yet 转折前介绍他的认可态度, 转折后重点强调他的负面态度: 勉强接受两个对于 Invisible Man 插图版的出版, 持续拒绝电影版的改编, 坚持认为只有语言才能表达美国身份的复杂性, 认为该复杂性来自美国建国文件和当代经验的冲突。

该题针对文章细节, 根据关键词 Ellison's apprenticeship 定位到原文 Ralph Ellison was passionately interested in visual arts.....even apprenticing with sculptor Richmond Barthe for a time. Yet he was wary of projects aiming to provide a visual rendering of his novel Invisible Man.

结合文章结构，可知举这个例子是为后文他拒绝视觉艺术作出让步，他对视觉艺术不是完全负面态度。

2. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage about the “tension”?

- A. It partly resulted from social injustices that Ellison worked to alleviate.
- B. It came to Ellison’s attention partly as a result of his experience with proposed film versions of *Invisible Man*.
- C. Ellison thought that it could not be adequately represented by sculpture.
- D. Ellison believed that it arose from contradictions within the United States’ founding ideals.
- E. Ellison felt that it was an issue that could not adequately be addressed through the depiction of fictional characters.

答案：C

解析：根据关键词 **tension** 定位到原文 *This complexity consisted of the tension arising from the collision of the United States’ written ideals, as outlined in the founding documents, and the historical and contemporary experience molding the national consciousness*，结合前句：Ellison insisted that only language could capture the complexity of American identity，可知 Ellison 相信文字能比 **visual art** 更好的描述该矛盾，所以选 C。

Passage 61 (短文章 / 问题描述 / 对比 / 中等)

Our terrestrial food supply comes from ecosystems transformed to produce a few comestible

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- A. examine the impact of certain research findings regarding changes to ecosystem biodiversity.
- B. discuss a possible implication of a difference between terrestrial and marine food supply sources.
- C. describe the consequences of a certain kind of interaction between terrestrial and marine ecosystems.
- D. identify an area of ecosystem research in which there are significant uncertainties
- E. present evidence that undermines one side of a debate about biodiversity and supports the other.

答案：B

解析：

文章对比了陆地农业和海洋渔业两种食物获得方式，并重点强调了海洋渔业的问题：与陆地农业不同，海洋渔业难于同时实现两个目的：增加食物产量和保护生态系统丰富性。

该题针对文章主旨，通过结构分析可知 B 选项最合适。

2. According to the passage, increasing the food yield per unit of land can have which of the following effects?

- A. enabling more land to be used for development purposes
- B. compromising progress toward conservation goals
- C. helping protect comestible species from competition and predation
- D. helping reduce pressure on marine ecosystems
- E. helping restore the biodiversity of terrestrial ecosystems

答案：E

解析：定位到原文 *produce greater yields from less land, thereby freeing land for conservation purposes*，结合和海洋渔业的对比，可知 E 选项。

Passage 62 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 社会 / 中等)

Much recent work has examined the claim that women encounter increasing obstacles relative.....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- A. compare two explanations for a recurring problem
 - B. summarize evidence relevant to a hypothesis
 - C. point out inconsistencies in a set of findings
 - D. account for the persistence of a point of view
 - E. reconsider the origins an ongoing issue

答案: B

解析:

通读全文可知文章新发现否定老观点结构。老观点: **increasing-disadvantage model/ceiling metaphor for women**. 相关新证据: **1** 私人领域,流动机会随职位升高而增加, **2** 公共领域,无性别差异或低级别更多不利, **3** 国际研究中,多数相反证据。

该题针对文章主旨,可知 **B** 最合适。

2. Based on the passage, which of the following is true of the “limited evidence” from Sweden and Australia?
- A. It lends supports to the increasing-disadvantage model.
 - B. It correlates with findings on women’s mobility from most other counties.
 - C. It suggests important cultural similarities between these countries.
 - D. It points to a phenomenon not widely recognized in these countries.
 - E. It helps explain the persistence of the glass ceiling.

答案: A

解析: 定位到原文 **only limited evidence in Sweden and Australia, that women’s probability of being located in a higher versus a lower hierarchical level declined relative to men’s at higher levels**, 结合文章结构,可知在 **Sweden and Australia** 有证据支持老观点,所以选 **A**。

3. The author of the passage and those accepting the “proposition” would most likely agree with which of the following?
- A. Lower down on the organizational ladder, women tend to experience fewer disadvantages than they do at higher levels.
 - B. Women experience no more disadvantages in moving up the organizational ladder than do men.
 - C. The degree of disadvantage experiences by women remains constant as women move up the organizational ladder.
 - D. The obstacles to women’s advancement vary significantly from country to country.
 - E. Women face some disadvantage at each stage of the organizational ladder.

答案: E

解析: 题目问文章作者与老观点的共同之处。老观点 (**increasing-disadvantage model**) 认为女性随职位升高面对更多因素。作者引用新研究反对老观点,在文章最后又清楚表明自己立场:

Women’s scarcity in top organizational ranks may simply represent the cumulative effect of a constant-or even decreasing-disadvantage at successive hierarchical levels.

可见,虽然作者和老观点就不利因素是否随职位提高而增加有分歧,但都同意:妇女面对不利歧视因素。所以选 **E**。

Passage 63 (短文章 / 研究介绍评论 / 社会 / 中等)

In various writings from the 1940s on popular culture, George Orwell examined commercial texts

1. The passage suggests which of the following about George Orwell?
- A. He regarded commercial texts as vehicles for the views of ordinary people.
 - B. He regarded many commercial texts as having an insidious effect on readers.
 - C. He considered commercial text such as comics to be unworthy of serious analysis.
 - D. He initiated a new direction in scholarship by taking popular culture seriously.
 - E. He regarded commercial texts as inappropriate vehicles for political ideas.

答案: B

解析:

文章是研究介绍加评论结构。George Orwell 研究商业文本, 认为其抑制普通民众的本能社会主义倾向, 公众的激进本能(社会主义倾向)会被商业文本中 convert patrician conservatism 所蒙蔽。作者 George Orwell 的这些研究高评价, 但认为有早于 George Orwell 的对流行商业文化的严肃研究。

该题需要选项定位。B 选项可以定位到原文 George Orwell examined commercial textsThe public, he concluded, was often being duped by a convert patrician conservatism, conveyed through commercial culture.

A 选项无依据。在文章中, ordinary people 是商业文本的作用对象。

C 选项与原文相反。

D 选项与作者评论相反

E 选项原文无依据。

Passage 64 (短文章 / 研究介绍评论 / 对比 / 中等)

In the life of Charlotte Bronte(1857), the first and the most celebrated biography of novelist Charlotte Bronte.....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- A. consider similarities in several studies of Charlotte Bronte' s life
 - B. defend a particular view of Charlotte Bronte' life
 - C. discuss a change in perspective on Charlotte Bronte' s life
 - D. depict the social environment in which Charlotte Bronte lived
 - E. portray Charlotte Bronte as an early feminist writer

答案: C

解析:

文章是关于 Charlotte Bronte 的几个传记评论的介绍及评论, 主要按照时间顺序介绍评论。文章作者认为:

Elizabeth Gaskell 的评论强调 CB 作品受工业化时代环境影响小, 体现乡村文化, 强调 CB 思想观点的正确性。

Matthew Arnold 关注 CB 作品中隐藏的颠覆性、破坏性思想。

Winifred Gerin 还是受到 Elizabeth Gaskell 的影响。

女权主义者引入对 CB 的新解释, 但只有 Juliet Barker 考虑到周围变化的世界对 CB 的影响。

该题考察文章主旨, 根据文章时间线索结构可知选 C。

2. The passage suggest that Matthew Arnold disapproved of Charlotte Bronte' s fiction insofar as he believed that it
- A. overly romanticized the English countryside
 - B. contained dangerous ideas buried within it
 - C. perpetuated outmoded social distinctions
 - D. failed to represent industrialized society realistically
 - E. reflected an excessive concern with propriety

答案: B

解析: 根据人名定位到原文: this was at variance with the subversive spirit Matthew Arnold accurately discerned, albeit with distance, deep within Bronte's fiction 可知 Matthew Arnold 认为 Bronte 的小说包含颠覆性的精神, 是危险的, 所以选 B

3. The passage suggest that Gaskell' s biography of Charlotte Bronte advanced the idea that Bronte was
- A. one of the most celebrated of the romantic novelist
 - B. an outspoken advocate of the social change
 - C. opposed to the industrialization of England
 - D. strongly influenced by the social upheaval of the times
 - E. chiefly the product of a rustic environment

答案: E

解析: 根据人名定位原文: Elizabeth Gaskell promoted the long-persisting romantic view of Bronte as having no connection with the rest of English society at a time when industrialization was causing much turbulence, **but as having sprung naturally.....out of the English countryside** 表明 Gaskell 认为 Charlotte Bronte 深受乡村自然环境影响, 所以选 E

Passage 65 (逻辑单题 / 高亮句作用 / 易)

In the country of Seligia where asbestos has been used extensively in construction, that use is about to be banned.....

1. In the argument given, the two highlighted portions play which of the following roles?
- A. The first is a prediction that argument seeks to defend, the second presents evidence that if not supplemented would cast doubt on that judgment.
 - B. The first is a prediction that the argument seeks to defend, the second is a finding, the accuracy of which is disputed by the argument as a whole.
 - C. The first is a prediction that the argument as a whole rejects the second presents evidence on which that rejection is based
 - D. The first is a prediction that the argument as a whole seeks to defend, the second is evidence that the defense can be at best partially successful.
 - E. The first is a prediction that is cited in order to justify a stated conclusion, the second is a consideration that has been raised against that conclusion.

答案: A

解析: 文章第一段说 Seligia 石棉在建筑业有着广泛的应用。但由于这种材料会导致某种癌症, 石棉将会被禁止。第一个高亮句是作者预测, 也是作者核心结论: **the ban will result in reducing the incidence of that type of cancer in Seligia by as much as 50 percent.**

第二个黑体句(第二段开头)是作者让步承认的与核心结论矛盾的信息: **less than 30 percent of the death certificates of Seligians who have died of that cancer have "construction" listed as the deceased' s occupation.** 作者之后补充辩论说, 因为从事建筑业的人老了后会改行, 而通常死亡

证明上又只会记录最后的一个职业。所以第二个高亮句需要后文补充，如果没有补充信息，就会质疑核心结论。A 选项是对两句黑体句在全文中功能的最准确概括。

Passage 66 (短文章 / 文学研究评论 / 现象解释 / 中等)

In recent decades, scholars of American literature have skillfully revealed authors' simultaneous accommodation.....

1. As discussed in the passage, the literary scholars and the historians differ in which of the following ways?

- A. the amount of scholarship that they produce
- B. the nature of their geographic focus
- C. the extent to which they are critical of early capitalism
- D. the extent to which they are interested in interdisciplinary study
- E. The extent to which they restrict their focus to a particular time period

答案: B

解析:

文章首先指出矛盾现象: 学者关注到 19 世纪早期的作家群体, 但对该时期的文学评论研究很不充分。之后是作者对该矛盾 (文学评论研究不充分) 的解释: 行业壁垒, 缺乏批评理论训练, 研究既不够集中, 又不够具有大局观。

该题根据关键词 literary scholars, historians 定位到原文 historians study people across the nation, but much literary scholarship called "American" actually examines works produced in northeastern states, 可知 B 选项正确。

2. The passage cites which of the following as a reason for historians' failure to fully exploit literary criticism?

- A. historians' overly thematic approach to literature
- B. historians' conservative notion of what constitutes literature
- C. historian's lack of interest in critical theory
- D. the distinctive nature of much literary criticism
- E. the ahistorical quality of much literary criticism

答案: D

解析: 定位到原文对矛盾的解释: Few historians have extensive training in critical theory and **its specialized languages**, And historians usually study the operations of capitalism in its details, while **literary critics produce a generalized picture of literary commodification**. 可知文学批评的独特的性质是阻碍历史学家的研究的原因, 所以选 D 选项。

Passage 67 (短文章 / 文学评论 / 易)

In 1755 British writer Samuel Johnson published an acerbic letter to Lord Chesterfield

1. The author of the passage mentions Johnson's 1762 pension award in order to

- A. reveal that Johnson remained consistent in his rebuke of Lord Chesterfield well after 1755
- B. provide evidence for a general trend in the latter half of the eighteenth century of private patronage's being replaced by state sponsorship
- C. situate the debate over the end of patronage within the wider realm of eighteenth-century economic history
- D. suggest that Johnson's letter to Chesterfield was noticed by the Crown only years after it was published

E. emphasize that patronage still helped support Johnson's writing after his letter to Chesterfield

答案: E

解析:

文章针对一个文学现象 (Samuel Johnson 拒绝赞助) 理解的评论。However 转折后, 作者反驳旧理解观点 (a key moment in the history of publishing), 认为该事件不重要, 仅仅是一个情感表达。该题要求根据文章上下文理解题干关键词的作用。Johnson's 1762 pension award 其实支持了作者的观点: 该拒绝事件没有那么重要, 他之后仍然接受了类似的赞助。E 选项最准确。

2. Which of the following best describes the function of the highlighted phrase in the context of the passage as a whole? (**patronage had been in decline for 50 years, yet would survive, in attenuated form, for another 50**)

- A. It points out the most obvious implications of Johnson's letter to his patron.
- B. It suggests a motivation for Johnson's rejection of Chesterfield's patronage.
- C. It provides information that qualifies the assertion that Johnson's letter sharply defined the end of a publishing era.
- D. It provides a possible defense for Chesterfield's alleged neglect of Johnson.
- E. It refutes the notion the patrons are found primarily among the nobility.

答案: C

解析: 该题考察高亮句作用。根据文章结构, 可知该句用来支持作者核心观点, 否定老观点解释。C 选项最准确表述了高亮句和老观点的关系。

Passage 68 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 生物 / 易)

Historically, more cold-adapted antelope species originating in Eurasia.....

1. According to the passage, which of the following is true of an Eurasia-Africa land bridge during ice ages?

- A. It offers suitable habitats for cold-adapted species of antelope.
- B. It encourages migration from Africa to Eurasia of cold-adapted species of antelope.
- C. It allows the survival of warm-adapted species of antelope that might otherwise become extinct.
- D. It is more likely to exist early in an ice age than later in an ice age.
- E. The habitats it offers change more quickly than do those offered by land bridges during other periods.

答案: A

解析:

文章首先描述矛盾现象: 更多来自欧亚大陆的适应寒冷动物迁徙到非洲, 更少来自非洲的适应炎热气候动物迁徙到欧亚大陆。作者从大陆桥和大陆桥两边的适宜栖息地角度解释。气候寒冷期, 大陆桥存在时间更长, 适合适应寒冷气候动物迁徙到非洲。相反, 气候温暖期, 只有短暂的海水上升滞后期大陆桥才存在, 适应炎热气候动物有更少机会迁徙到欧亚大陆。

该题根据关键词 ice age 定位到原文 During periods of climatic cooling, such as the various ice ages, the land bridge is open for a long time (because sea level remains low) and is usable by cold-adapt species because cool habitats then extend across it, 结合前文可知选 A。

2. The author of the passage implies that during the "short lag", a land bridge between Africa and Eurasia would

- A. be inhabited primarily by species of antelope originating in Eurasia
- B. be characterized by areas of widely varying elevation above sea level
- C. be inhabited by a wide diversity of antelope species

- D. contain habitats that could sustain warm-adapt antelope species
- E. contain habitats similar to habitats at much higher latitudes in Eurasia

答案: D

解析: 根据关键词 **short lag** 定位原文 **intercontinental migrations require both a land bridge connecting the two continents and the suitable habitat both on and across that land bridge**, 可知选 D。

3. According to the passage, which of the following best accounts for the apparent bias in antelope-migration direction?

- A. Warm-adapted antelope species are rarely able to tolerate cool habitats, whereas cold-adapted antelope species usually can tolerate warm habitats.
- B. During global warming periods, land bridges, when present, lack habitats suitable for sustaining warm-adapted antelope species.
- C. Under most climatic conditions, Africa offers a larger number of suitable antelope habitats than does Eurasia.
- D. Many more species of antelope have originated in Eurasia than have originated in Africa.
- E. Land bridges are more likely to exist when climate change favors migration to warmer climates than when climate changes favors migration to cooler climates.

答案: E

解析: 题干所指 **the apparent bias in antelope-migration direction** 即指文章矛盾现象。综合后文解释中的比较, 可知 E 选项: 寒冷时期 (适应向热带迁徙) 比温暖时期 (适应向寒冷地区迁徙) 路桥更容易存在。

Passage 69 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 对比 / 历史 / 中等)

Historian Colin Calloway argues that in the late colonial period preceding the American Revolution (1775-1783).....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- A. suggest that two different arguments about a particular historical period are both questionable
- B. present historical evidence that undermines a widely accepted viewpoints
- C. defend a revisionist historian's thesis against traditionalist criticism
- D. outline opposing interpretations of a particular historical phenomenon
- E. resolve a dispute among historians over a controversial historical episode

答案: D

解析:

文章围绕 Colin Calloway 和 Bernard Bailyn 两人对同一现象 (美国革命前英国政府对于阿巴拉契亚山脉以西土地的封存) 的不同解释以对比的形式展开。

Colin Calloway 认为是英国政府预防贪婪的白人殖民者掠夺印地安人土地。

Bernard Bailyn 认为英国政府是出于垄断贸易、避免战争目的而封存土地。

本题针对文章主旨, 可知 D 选项最准确。

2. The reference to "**the earliest years of English settlement in North America**" serves primarily to emphasize the point that

- A. Calloway has exaggerated the ruthlessness and rapacity of White settlers in their relations with native Americans prior to the American Revolution.
- B. Seizure of Native American lands by White settlers had increased dramatically throughout the time of British Colonial rule.
- C. At one time White settlers had negotiated with Native American people as independent foreign states.

- D. White settlers had no legitimate ground for claiming title to land they seized west of the Appalachian Mountains.
- E. Aggression by White settlers against Native Americans during and after the American Revolution was not a new phenomenon.

答案：E

解析：通过高亮关键词定位到原文 White Americans seized Native American land by any available means, they were continuing a tradition dating back to the earliest years of English settlement in North America。概括该句可知 E 选项最准确。

3. It can be inferred that both Bailyn and Calloway would probably agree with which of the following assertions regarding the relations between White Americans and Native Americans concerning the trans-Appalachian west

- A. The American Revolution unleashed an unprecedented wave of expropriation of Native American land by White settlers.
- B. The British government's prewar policy towards the Native Americans was determined largely by the interests of British merchants who traded with the Native Americans.
- C. The British government tried to keep White settlers out of the trans-Appalachian west primarily in order to prevent disputes over land between those settlers and Native Americans.
- D. The new national colonial government to negotiate with Native American peoples as independent foreign states.
- E. One objective of the British government's land policy prior to the American revolution was to prevent White settlers from moving to the western side of the Appalachian Mountains.

答案：E

解析：问题要求选择两人的共同点。E 选项针对两人同一解释对象。

Passage 70 (长文章 / 现象解释 / 对比 / 动物行为 / 中等)

The main exception to primate researchers' general pattern has been the study of male care

1. The author the passage mentions the work of Hrdy primarily to
- A. present an instance of untenable assumption
- B. illustrate a consensus by citing a representative claim
- C. provide evidence that challenges a belief
- D. highlight a corollary of a widespread view
- E. offer data that help resolve a debate

答案：C

解析：

文章首段指出特殊现象：一夫一妻制灵长类动物中存在父亲对婴儿的照顾现象。George Edwards 观察到该类现象。Kleiman 认为一夫一妻制，父亲对婴儿亲属关系的确信是该类现象的原因。Symons 为首认为一夫一妻制在哺乳动物中相当罕见（意思是父亲对婴儿照顾现象也很少见）。

二段指出最近的发现可能颠覆老观点。Hardy 认为：1 灵长类一夫一妻制远比之前认为的更普遍。2 父亲照料远比之前认为的更普遍。之前认为：一夫一妻制，父亲对婴儿亲属关系的的确信导致父亲照料婴儿。现在认为存在替代可能性：父亲照顾婴儿现象有助于（pre-adapt）一夫一妻制。作者评论认为：两种情况都可能正确。父亲婴儿照料不是局部特殊现象。父亲在婴儿照料方面发挥比之前认为更大作用。

该题可以用人名定位到二段二句。二句服务于段首主旨句：Recent findings, however, make it necessary to reverse this picture。可知 Hrdy 的发现质疑了以前的结论，所以选 C。

2. According to the passage, the evolutionary relationship between male care and monogamy is
- A. incontestable
 - B. immutable
 - C. uncommon
 - D. immaterial
 - E. uncertain

答案: E

解析: 该题考察作者对 evolutionary relationship between male care and monogamy 的总体评价。定位到二段作者评价: Either scenario could be true, 可确定 E 选项。

3. The author of the passage suggests that it is “appropriate to consider the alternative possibility” because the previous view
- A. results in a contradiction
 - B. depends on problematic data
 - C. appears less definite given certain facts
 - D. conflates two distinct phenomena
 - E. overlooks a causal relationship between correlated phenomena

答案: E

解析: 根据关键词定位到原文: Whereas previously, it was assumed that monogamy and male certainty of paternity facilitated the evolution of male care, it now seems **appropriate to consider the alternative possibility**, 其 that 从句说: that the extraordinary capacity of male primates to look out for the fates of infants did in some way pre-adapt members of this order for the sort of close, long-term relationships between males and females that, under some ecological circumstances, leads to monogamy. 该证据质疑了老观点, 可知 E 选项正确。

4. Which of the following statement, if true, would provide the greatest support to “the alternative possibility”?
- A. The number of primate species in which male care of infants is exhibited is greater than the number of primate species that practice monogamy.
 - B. Male care of infants among primates can be seen earlier in the evolutionary record than can monogamy among primates.
 - C. Monogamous relationships among primates can be found in species living in a variety of physical environments.
 - D. Most primate species that practice monogamy do not show any evidence of male care of infants.
 - E. Male care of infants can be observed in some primate species that lack male confidence of paternity.

答案: B

解析: 根据关键词定位到上下文可知 the alternative possibility 指的是 the extraordinary capacity of male primates to look out for the fates of infants did in some way pre-adapt members of this order for the sort of close, long-term relationships between males and females that, under some ecological circumstances, leads to monogamy. 即父亲照顾婴儿现象有助于 (pre-adapt) 一夫一妻制。B 选项最能支持这一结论: 父亲照顾婴儿现象早于一夫一妻制。A 现象早于 B 现象, 能够为称为 B 的原因提供支持。

Passage 71 (长文章 / 事实介绍评论 / 法律 / 难)

The Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution, ratified in 1868, prohibits state governments from.....

1. Which of the following best describes the main idea of the passage?

- A. By presenting a list of specific rights, framers of the Fourteenth Amendment were attempting to provide a constitutional basis for broad judicial protection of the principle of equal citizenship
- B. Only after the Supreme Court adopted the suspect classification approach to reviewing potentially discrimination legislation was the applicability of the Fourteenth Amendment extended to include sexual discrimination
- C. Not until after the Second World War did the Supreme Court begin to interpret the Fourteenth Amendment in a manner consistent with the principle of equal citizenship that it express.
- D. Interpreters of the Fourteenth Amendment have yet to reach consensus with regard to what its framers meant by the equal protection clause
- E. Although the reluctance of judges to extend the reach of the Fourteenth Amendment to nonracial discrimination has betrayed the principle of equal citizenship, the Supreme Court's use of the state action limitation to insulate private activity from the amendment's reach has been more harmful.

答案: C

解析:

文章首段描述第十四条修正案痛苦的出台过程: 从 1866 年的民权法案, 经过立法、司法、行政几方的权力角力, 第十四修正案 1868 年终于获得通过。

第二段介绍第十四修正案出台后, 立法机关的美好理想和司法机关的丑陋实践之间的矛盾。司法机关通过案例判定施加的影响, 背离了第十四修正案种族平等的理想。

第三段介绍第二次世界大战后, 第十四条修正案才开始真正发挥作用。司法机关通过一些关键案例的判定, 真正落实乃至扩展了第十四修正案种族平等, 反对歧视的思想。

该题针对文章主旨。所以综上可知最好的答案是 C 选项。

A 错, 所概括内容与原文矛盾: The broad language of the amendment strongly suggests that its framers were proposing to write into the Constitution not a laundry list of specific civil rights

B 选项针对三段内容, 范围过小。

D 选项与文章主旨矛盾。首段即明确指出对于起草者意图的共识。

E 选项针对三段, 概括也不准确。

2. The passage suggests that the principle effect of the state action limitation was to

- A. allow some discriminatory practices to continue unimpeded by the Fourteenth Amendment
- B. influence the Supreme Court's ruling in Brown v. Board of Education
- C. provide expanded guidelines describing prohibited actions
- D. prohibit states from enacting laws that violated the intent of the Civil Rights Act of 1866
- E. shift to state government the responsibility for enforcement of laws prohibiting discriminatory practices

答案: A

解析: 回到关键词 state action limitation 定位到原文原文第二段: In the Civil Rights Cases of 1883, for example, the Court invented the "state action" limitation, which asserts that "private" decisions by owners of public accommodations and other commercial business to segregate their facilities are insulated from the reach of the Fourteenth Amendment's guarantee of equal protection under the law。概括可知 A 选项, the state action limitation 违背了第十四条修正案的平等原则, 纵容了私人领域的种族歧视和种族隔离现象。

3. The author's position regarding the intent of the framers of the Fourteenth Amendment would be most seriously undermined if which of the following were true?
- A. The framers had anticipated state action limitations as they are described in the passage.
 - B. The framers had merely sought to prevent discriminatory acts by federal officials.
 - C. The framers were concerned that the civil rights act of 1866 would be overturned by the Supreme Court.
 - D. The framers were aware that the phrase "equal protection of the laws" had broad implications.
 - E. The framers believed that racial as well as non-racial forms of discrimination were unacceptable.

答案: B

解析: 根据关键词 **framers of the Fourteenth Amendment** 定位到原文第 1 段: all interpreters agree that the framers' immediate objective was to provide a constitutional warrant for the Civil Rights Act of 1866, which guaranteed the citizenship of all persons born in the United States and subject to United States jurisdiction. 可知作者认为起草者的意图是给所有提供平等公民权。哪个选项把起草者提供平等公民权的范围理解得最小, 哪个正确。A 选项说, 起草者预计到后文提到的 **state action limitation**, 只保护公共领域的平等权利, B 选项说 **framers had merely sought to prevent discriminatory acts by federal officials**, 只针对联邦政府官员的歧视行为。B 选项所指范围明显小于 A 选项。B 破坏力最强。

4. According to the passage, the original proponents of the Fourteenth Amendment were primarily concerned with
- A. detailing the rights afforded by the principle of equal citizenship
 - B. providing support in the Constitution for equal protection for all citizens of the United States
 - C. closing a loophole that could be used to deny individuals the right to sue for enforcement of their civil rights
 - D. asserting that the civil rights protect by the Constitution included nonracial discrimination as well as racial discrimination
 - E. granting state government broader discretion in interpreting the Civil Rights Act in 1866

答案: B

解析: 根据关键词 **the original proponents** 定位到原文: all interpreters agree that the framers' immediate objective was to provide a constitutional warrant for the Civil Rights Act of 1866, which guaranteed the citizenship of all persons born in the United States and subject to United States jurisdiction, 可知 B 选项。

5. The author implies that the Fourteenth Amendment might not have been enacted if
- A. congress' authority with regard to legislating civil rights had not been challenged
 - B. the framers has anticipated the Supreme Courts ruling in Brown v. Board of Education
 - C. the framers had believed that it would be used in deciding cases of discrimination involving non-racial groups
 - D. most state governments had been willing to protect citizens' civil rights
 - E. its essential elements had not been implicit in the Thirteenth Amendment

答案: A

解析: 虚拟取非题。问题问的是在什么情况下第十四条修正案可能不会被颁布, 回到首段第十四修正案出台的关键因素: **The act was vetoed by President Andrew Johnson, who argued that the Thirteenth Amendment, which abolished slavery, did not provide Congress with the authority to extend citizenship and equal protection to the freed slaves.** 可知是由于总统质疑 Congress, 使得 Congress 推翻了他的反对才使得这条修正案通过的。将该关键因素取非, 可知, 如果 Congress 没有受到质疑, 这条修正案也不会被通过了。A 选项。

6. According to the passage, which of the following most accurately indicates the sequence of the events listed below?

- I. civil rights act of 1866
- II. Dred Scott v. Sandford
- III. Fourteenth Amendment
- IV. Veto by President Johnson
- A. I II III IV
- B. I IV II III
- C. I IV III II
- D. II I IV III
- E. III II I IV

答案: D

解析: 由 the Civil Rights Act of 1866……was designed primarily to counter the Supreme Court's ruling in Dred Scott v. Sandford 可知 II 在 I 前; 由 Congress promptly overrode Johnson's veto, supporters of the act sought to ensure its constitutional foundations with the passage of the Fourteenth Amendment 可知 IV 在 III 前。又由于 Fourteenth Amendment 在 1868 年通过, 所以总的顺序是 II I IV III, 选 D

7. Which of the following can be inferred about the second of the two doctrines referred to in lines 39-41 of the passage?
- A. It caused some justice to rule that all types of discrimination are prohibited by the Constitution.
 - B. It shifted the focus of the Supreme Court from racial to nonracial discrimination.
 - C. It narrowed the concern of the Supreme Court to legislation that employed a suspect classification.
 - D. It caused legislators who were writing new legislation to reject language that could be construed as permitting racial discrimination.
 - E. It made it more difficult for commercial business to practice racial discrimination.

答案: E

解析: 根据关键词 the second of the two doctrines 定位到原文 Second, the Court relaxed the state action limitation on the Fourteenth Amendment, bringing new forms of private conduct within the amendment's reach。第二条 doctrine 放松了 state action limitation 对 Fourteenth Amendment 的限制, 结合二段可知将使得 private conduct 也将受到 Fourteenth Amendment 的约束, 所以对于 commercial business 来说更难进行 racial discrimination 了, 选 E

Passage 72 (长文章 / 新老观点论证 / 地质 / 中等)

Roughly 250 million years ago, in the worst series of mass extinction in Earth's history, almost all species of life simply vanished……

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- A. consider new applications for a traditional methodology
 - B. present a challenge to an established idea
 - C. question the purported severity of a particular phenomenon
 - D. discuss the implications of a controversial position
 - E. identify similarities underlying two contrasting arguments

答案: B

解析:

文章首段首先介绍传统老观念: 认为大约 250 万年前的地球生物大灭绝是一个渐进的过程, 主要由气候变化引起; Yet 之后一些学者对老观点提出了挑战: PW 等通过考古证据, 认为流星撞击地球才

是导致剧烈大灭绝的原因。二段展开新老观点的证据，相互的辩驳及此消彼长。文章最后，作者引出月球证据，支持了新观点。

该题针对文章主旨目的，通过文章结构可知选 B。

2. According to the passage, the claim that all terrestrial tillites resulted from glacial action is undermined by the

- A. surface features of most terrestrial tillites
- B. resemblance that exists between terrestrial tillites and unstratified drift
- C. number of terrestrial tillites that date from the Precambrian period
- D. facts that most terrestrial tillites are found in sedimentary deposits
- E. evidence that they resemble the drift produced by modern glaciers

答案：C

解析：题干观点是二段老观点，定位到二段原文对老观点的质疑：The problem with ascribing all tillites to glaciation, however, is that tillite deposits are widespread in Precambrian sediments, 结合后句，当时气候温暖，不应该产生如此多的 tillites, 由此推出有其他来源产生 tillites。可知 C 选项是质疑老观点、支持新观点的关键。

3. It can be inferred from the passage that author would agree that the similarity between terrestrial tillites and certain Moon rocks is significant because this similarity

- A. suggest that it is unlikely that glaciers have produced tillites on Earth
- B. suggest that the rate of meteor impacts on the Moon is much higher than previously thought
- C. provides the first compelling evidence that the Moon has experienced meteor impacts
- D. supports Rampino's explanation regarding the origin of certain terrestrial tillites
- E. supports Young's claim, regarding the periodic occurrence of glaciers throughout Earth's history

答案：D

解析：文中说 Rampino and others question one of the traditionalists' basic assumption: the periodic occurrence of glaciation throughout Earth's history. 传统观念学者认为 terrestrial tillites 是由于冰川活动引起的，而 Rampino 则认为是 meteor impacts 引起的。月球上的 certain Moon rocks 肯定是由于 meteor impacts 引起的，如果能够证明 terrestrial tillites 和 certain Moon rocks 的相似性，就支持 Rampino 的观点：terrestrial tillites 也是由 meteor impacts 导致的，也就驳斥了传统学者的观点：terrestrial tillites 是冰川引起的。D 选项正确。

4. The passage suggests that the supporters of the traditional view would be most likely to disagree with the "**scientists**" (首段第 9 行) over which of the following regarding the fossil record during the Permian period?

- A. the number of species that disappeared from the fossil record during the Permian period
- B. the significance of a species disappearance from the fossil record during the Permian period
- C. the point in time at which species began disappearing from the fossil record during the Permian period
- D. the likelihood that the fossil record during the Permian period will be supplemented by new fossil discoveries
- E. the likelihood that the fossil record during the Permian period is as accurate as the fossil records of other periods

答案：B

解析：回到原文 Supporters of the traditionalist view note that species begin disappearing from the fossil record well before the end of the Permian period. Yet, while such a pattern could have resulted from a slowly rising extinction rate, some **scientists** argue that just because a species disappears from the fossil record doesn't necessarily mean it became extinct at that point. 可以

说明双方就某种生物从化石记录中消失所代表的意义存在争论：老观点认为化石消失代表灭绝，新观点（some scientists）认为消失未必代表灭绝。B 选项最准确概括双方分歧。

Passage 73 (长文章 / 文学评论 / 难)

Jane Austen's relationship to Romanticism has long been a vexed one. Although her dates (1775-1817).....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- A. reconcile two competing positions in an ongoing critical debate
- B. develop a counterargument against a recent interpretation of a writer's work
- C. provide support for a new approach to a writer's work
- D. illustrate the contradictions experienced by women writers during a certain period
- E. explain a writer's detachment from the major intellectual currents of a period

答案：C

解析：

文章首段针对矛盾现象（Jane Austen 生活在浪漫主义时代，但被认为脱离于主流浪漫主义男性诗人）展开老观点：Jane Austen 脱离于主流浪漫主义男性诗人，即使女权主义批评兴起之后。

二段介绍相反观点：Jane Austen 和浪漫主义男性诗人是有密切关系的。

三段介绍特殊案例：the present essay，从特定角度支持二段观点。

由文章结构，尤其二段三段关系，可知 C 选项最准确。

2. The author of the passage describes Austen's relationship to Romanticism as "vexed" mainly because

- A. her novels do not follow the Augustan mode to the extent the poetry of her contemporaries did
- B. her views seem to be at odds with those of male writer whose works defined British Romanticism
- C. her novels were written during the Romantic period, yet she is not treated as a Romantic writer
- D. her novels are critical of the Romantic ideology, embracing instead an alternative ideology sometimes described as "feminine Romanticism"
- E. she achieved recognition for her novels, whereas the Romantic era is better known for its poetry

答案：C

解析：题目要求确认首段首句主旨句的主要支持理由。C 选项针对二句主要理由：Although her dates (1775-1817) place her squarely within the period, she traditionally has been studied apart from the male poets whose work defined British Romanticism for most of the twentieth century。

3. According to the passage, compared to critics trained in "historicist and feminist criticism" (首段第 4 行) earlier critics of Austen were

- A. more likely to represent her as isolated from the major intellectual currents of her period
- B. more likely to represent her as departing from Augustan modes of thought
- C. more likely to find connections between her novels and Romantic poetry
- D. less likely to neglect the influence of Romantic ideology on her work
- E. less likely to notice affinities between Austen and her female counterparts

答案：A

解析：题目针对首段"historicist and feminist criticism"和之前观点的区别，定位到原文 which challenged many previous characterizations of Austen as detached from the major social, political and aesthetic currents of her time, she continued to be可知 A 选项。

4. The author of the passage would be most likely to agree with which of the following statements about the concept of “feminine Romanticism” (首段末句) ?
- A. It bought about Austen’s vexed relationship to Romanticism by implying that Austen embraced relatively few elements of the Romantic ideology.
- B. It contributes to Austen’s vexed relationship to Romanticism by keeping her separate from the male writers whose poetry is central to the period.
- C. It ameliorates Austen’s vexed relationship to Romanticism by emphasizing affinities between he and other leading women intellectuals of the day.
- D. It ameliorates Austen’s vexed relationship to Romanticism by capturing the notion of an alternative Romantic ideology that she espoused.
- E. It resolves Austen’s vexed relationship to Romanticism by demonstrating her affinity with Romantic ideology.

答案: B

解析: 定位到原文 she continued to be distinguished from her male contemporaries……for example……Anne Mellor declares that Austen, along with other “leading women intellectuals and writers of the day” “did not”, participate in the Romantic “spirit of the age” but instead embraced an alternative ideology that Mellor labels “**feminine Romanticism**” 可知 包括末句在内的历史主义和女权主义批评没有化解, 而是加重了首段首句描述的矛盾现象。B 选项最准确。

Passage 74 (逻辑单题 / 削弱 / 中等)

The damage that trucks do to highways escalates dramatically with the weight borne per axle.....

1. The argument is open up to criticism on the grounds that it
- A. fails to establish that the level of damage done by trucks is a serious problem
- B. omits evidence about one of the two relevant factors
- C. ignores the possibility that careful driving can lessen damage to highways
- D. presumes that trucks are the only vehicles capable of causing substantial damage to highways
- E. presumes that something is bound to happen just because it is allowed to happen

答案: B

解析: 文章理由说 trucks 对公路的破坏取决于单 axle 承重量的提升, 新规定增加了允许卡车载重的总量。结论说新规定会允许能对公路造成更加严重的破坏卡车上路。从理由到结论的推理中忽略了相关重要因素, 因为: 破坏力 (单轴承重量) = 总重量 / 轴数。B 选项最准确描述逻辑漏洞。

Passage 75 (逻辑单题 / 推理 / 难)

Normally, seeds of Emmenathe penduliflora stay dormant for years and germinate only when a fire burns

1. The information given, if accurate, most strongly supports which of the following hypotheses?
- A. Fires in the habitat of E. Penduliflora do not entirely destroy the plant’s seeds even in the places where the fires burn most intensely.
- B. The nitrogen dioxide in automobile exhaust cannot harm plants of E. Penduliflora after germination.
- C. If human intervention decreases the number of fires in the habitat of E. Penduliflora, automobile exhaust can replicate the conditions the plant requires in order to thrive.
- D. Within the habitat of E. Penduliflora, natural fires are significantly more frequent in areas with heavy automobile traffic than they are in other areas.

E. Unless E. Penduliflora seeds that have germinated can survive in the shade, automobile exhausted threatens the long-term survival of the plant in areas with heavy automobile traffic.

答案: E

解析: 文章理由提到, EP 自然条件下生长需要火, 火创造两个关键条件: 1 一氧化氮使其发芽, 2 清除灌木, 使其能见阳光。人工条件提供了自然关键条件 1. E 选项是正确推理, 不满足第 2 个条件, 该植物无法长期存活。

Passage 76 (逻辑单题 / 高亮句作用 / 中等)

In most coastal regions, the level of the sea is rising in relation to the land by one to two millimeters a

1. In the passage, the two highlighted portions play which of the following roles?

- A. The first states observation the accuracy of which is challenged in the passage; the second is part of the ground on which that challenge is based.
- B. The first states observations that, according to the passage, are incompatible with a certain hypothesis; the second is part of the grounds offered in support of a revision of that hypothesis.
- C. The first states observations that, according to the passage, can be reconciled with a certain hypothesis; the second describes a phenomenon that is factual basis of that reconciliation.
- D. The first presents a phenomenon, two competing explanations of which are considered in the passage; the second is the explanation of the phenomenon that the passage argues is correct.
- E. The first provides evidence against a position; the second is that position.

答案: C

解析: 文章首先指出一个现象: 全球海平面相对陆地上升, 解释原因是: 南北极夏季融化雪多于冬季形成雪。紧接着说 **this hypothesis is not undermined by observation**: 斯堪的纳维亚的海平面相对陆地下降(首句黑体), 之后是针对该矛盾的解释原因。分析段落结构可知 C 选项。

Passage 77 (逻辑单题 / 高亮句作用 / 中等)

Editors of major United States news magazines have been criticized for reducing the amount of space these magazines.....

1. In the argument as a whole, the two highlighted portions play which of the following roles?

- A. The first is evidence that has been used to support a position that the argument opposes; the second is a point that the argument raises to cast doubt on the reasoning used to support that position.
- B. The first presents a claim, the truth of which is evaluated in the argument, the second is information introduced to cast doubt on that claim.
- C. The first presents a claim, the truth of which is evaluated in the argument, the second provides evidence in support of that claim.
- D. The first cites evidence in support of the main conclusion of the argument, the second states that conclusion.
- E. The first states an assumption that is explicitly made to support the main conclusion of the argument, the second is a position that the argument as whole opposes.

答案: A

解析: 文章首先指出现象: 编辑们因为国际新闻页面的减少而被批评。编辑关键是: 读者应该为减少担负全责, 因为读者对于国际新闻的兴趣减少导致相关报道销量减少 (首句黑体); 但是作者认

为：编辑仍然应当承担部分责任，理由是：编辑可以通过提高报道频率的方式来增加读者的兴趣。由结构分析可知，第一个高亮句是支持编辑的理由，编辑的立场是作者反对的立场；第二个高亮句是作者支持自己立场的理由，也是批评编辑辩解的理由。A 选项最准确。

Passage 78 (逻辑单题 / 假设 / 难)

Benovians set their clocks back an hour for the winter. The result is that, during winter's short days.....

1. Which of the following is an assumption on which the argument relies?
 - A. The average number of hours that Benovians drive when it is dark is greater for days during the winter than for days during other times of the year.
 - B. In Benovia, hazards to safe driving that are made worse by darkness are as likely to occur in the morning as in the evening.
 - C. The majority of cars on Benovia's roads during a given day are those of people commuting to or from work.
 - D. The majority of automobile accidents in Benovia take place when it is dark.
 - E. Driving conditions are no worse in Benovia in the winter than during the rest of the year.

答案：B

解析：文章背景信息是：B 在冬天将时间拨慢一个小时。文章理由是：冬令时调整不会增加黑暗中的驾驶数量（时间），文章的核心观点是：冬令时调整不会影响车祸概率。整理清楚文章结构后，主动考虑破坏结论的因素。如果因为早上和晚上微妙的差异，导致时间调整后早上事故率的降低大于晚上事故率的下降，那么作者的结论就会被破坏。文章推理要成立，必须假设结论被破坏的可能性不存在。B 选项否定了早上和晚上的差异。

Passage 79 (短文章 / 文学介绍评论 / 中等) 文章不完整，建议不做

Elizabeth Bishop's Complete Poems(1927-1979) has come to seem to most readers so achieved

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. The passage indicates that the small size of Bishop's body of work contributed to bringing about which of the following?
 - A. bishop's alienation from the literary culture of her generation
 - B. the favorable scholarly attention that Bishop's work has received since her death
 - C. an interest among readers regarding why Bishop wrote so slowly

答案：A B

解析：

文章首句介绍特殊 EB 作品的特殊现象：作品质量高导致大家容易忽略其低产量。二句 but 转折后说 EB 本人对此很在意抱歉。之后是作者的评论：作品数量低促成后代对她的特殊高评价，但也是导致她与当时文学界疏远关系的原因。

A 选项定位到末句：Yet the size of her work is also a sign of Bishop's alienation, that is, her uneasy, resistant relation to the literary culture that today claims her as the major poet of her generation.

B 选项定位到原文 The small, manageable size of Bishop's body of work has facilitated its extraordinary critical reception since her death.

2. In the context in which it appears, "complexion" most nearly means

- A. appearance
- B. constitution
- C. hue
- D. intricacy
- E. personality

答案：A

解析：定位到原文上下文：But the size and pace of her output were always in her own eyes a failing (vaguely moral in **complexion**) for which she apologized throughout her career. 短语

“vaguely moral in **complexion**”是对主句的解释，从主句 in her own eyes 可知 complexion 和“视觉”有关，A 选项 appearance 最合适。短语“vaguely moral in **complexion**”理解为：看起来有微弱的道德意味。

Passage 80 (逻辑单题 / 假设 / 中等)

Shoreland County recently purchased an area of wilderness land in the county to prevent it from being developed.....

1. Which of the following is an assumption on which the argument depends?

- A. The money the county would have had to expend for services to residences or industry developed on the wilderness land would have exceeded the tax revenue from the developed land.
- B. The market value of undeveloped properties in Shoreland County will not increase significantly in the foreseeable future.
- C. The property taxes received by Shoreland County from the previous owners of the wilderness area were insignificant relative to the county's overall annual tax revenue.
- D. Land near the area bought by the county will not increase significantly in market value as a result of being near wilderness that is protected from development.
- E. Shoreland County will not in the foreseeable future prevent the development of any other land in the county.

答案：D

解析：假设题。背景：Shoreland County 买下了一块荒地防止其被开发，为此，Shoreland County 放弃了这块地上未来的财产税。理由：财产税基于市场价值，如果进行开发会带来巨额的税收。结论：由于这次收购拒绝开发，Shoreland County 的税收总收入会比开发少很多。

注意到理由结论之间的概念变化：理由中 overall annual tax 考虑的是待开发 land 本身，结论中 overall annual tax 潜在来源需要考虑的是整个县，不仅要考虑待开发 land 本身，还要考虑待开发 land 周围地区。D 选项弥补了理由结论间的潜在概念漏洞。

Passage 81 (短文章 / 现象描述 / 历史 / 中等)

Following the United States Civil War(1861-1865), many former slaves in the rural South became sharecroppers.....

1. The passage is primarily concerned with

- A. restoring the reputations of two reformers whose accomplishments have long been denigrated by historians
- B. refuting criticism of two reformers made by their contemporaries by demonstrating that those criticisms are baseless
- C. providing evidence to support a claim that historians' understanding of a particular phenomenon may be incomplete

- D. discussing some of the reasons that two reformers who were well-known during their lifetimes are considered by historians today to have been ineffective
- E. suggesting an alternative interpretation of the effect of the farm tenancy system on the economy of the rural South following the Civil War

答案：C

解析：文章首先描述现象：内战后，很多前奴隶成为 **sharecroppers** 或者 **tenant farmers**。二句介绍主流历史学家的观点：把两个黑人改革的代表人物（**RLS, JEC**）看作 **anti-racists**。之后是作者的评论：两人主要是务实的改革家，尽管有反种族主义的成分。文章末句总结：尽管如此认识他们的影响有争议，他们确实作出了实际的贡献。

该题针对文章主旨。通过文章结构分析可知 **C** 选项最准确：作者的评论举证反驳了主流历史学家的观点。文章并没体现历史学家对改革者的毁谤，所以也不存在恢复名誉，**A** 错；文章没有同时代人对这两个改革者的批判，**B** 错；文章没有讨论改革者为什么会出名，**D** 错；文中也没有详述 **farm tenancy system** 对南方经济的影响，**E** 错。

2. The author of the passage would most likely agree with which of the following statements concerning Smith and Clayton?

- A. More research is required to determine whether or not their organizations were typical of those established to aid African American framers in the post-Civil War rural South
- B. Their contributions to the improvement of the living conditions of African American framers were overshadowed by subsequent political controversy
- C. Their achievements as reformers have been exaggerated by many historians of the post-Civil War period
- D. There is evidence demonstrating that they were committed to aiding African American farmers in the rural South.
- E. The extent of the criticism made about them by their contemporaries is difficult to determine.

答案：D

解析：题目问作者对两位改革者的评价。文章最后一句典型体现作者对他们的评价：**While the extent of these reformers' influence requires more study, early their organizations provided a voice for African American farmers seeking to improve their positions in the agrarian South.** **D** 选项最准确。

Passage 82 (逻辑单题 / 削弱 / 易)

TEB Attorney: TEB Corporation has been accused of not doing enough to discourage its executives.....

1. Which of the following, if true, most seriously undermines the attorney's argument in defense of TEB?

- A. "Wrongdoing" is defined in TEB corporate policies as "any activity by a TEB employee that defrauds TEB."
- B. TEB has instituted what it calls "customer friendly" policies of responding to every complaint customers make
- C. The government is not TEB's sole client, nor even its major client.
- D. Defrauding the government would have to involve more than one employee of any company that did so.
- E. Those who have accused TEB of not doing enough to discourage its executives from defrauding the government have themselves been government employees.

答案：A

解析：削弱题。律师辩护理由：TEB 已经根据自己的规定奖励了举报人员，开除了 wrongdoers。律师辩护结论：TEB 做出足够的努力来防止欺诈政府的行为，指控是错误的。针对理由和结论之间可能的概念跳跃，如果说 Wrongdoing 的定义是危害 TEB 公司自身的行为，那么即使 TEB 公司开除了 Wrongdoers，也不能成为“TEB 没有做出足够的努力来防止欺诈政府的行为”辩护的理由，因为指控所定义的过错和公司所定义的过错是不一样的，因此 A 选项正确。

Passage 83 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 生物 / 易)

Throughout much of the Tertiary period(most of the past 65 million years), the Arctic supported continuous forests.....

Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply.

1. Which of the following statements about Arctic plants is supported by the passage?

- A. The decline in global temperature in the late Tertiary prevented many high-mountain plants from becoming established in the Arctic.
- B. There is not enough evidence to firmly establish the historical migration routes of present-day Arctic plants.
- C. Present-day Arctic plants are less likely to leave fossil remains than are plants outside the Arctic

答案：B

解析：文章首句二句指出特殊事实：当代北极植物是最近 65 million 年才迁移到北极的。针对该事实的一种观点解释：这些植物起源于中亚和北美高山，随气候变冷迁移到北极地区。However 转折后，作者指出支持前述观点的证据缺失。

该题需要根据选项定位原文。B 选项可定位到原文：the routes by which these plants expanded their ranges during their colonization of the Arctic remain unknown。

2. The context in which it appears, “distributed” most nearly means

- A. developed
- B. isolated
- C. dispersed
- D. divided
- E. disconnected

答案：C

解析：根据上下文：Only toward the end of that period does the fossil evidence show that certain present-day Arctic plants were established and widely **distributed** throughout the Arctic. Many Arctic plants are thought to have **originated** in the high mountain ranges of central Asia and North America, to have **spread** northward to the Arctic..... 根据下句 originated, spread 可确定 distribute 是分散、传播之义。

Passage 84 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 对比 / 社会 / 中等)

Like Germany, but unlike other European nations, Norway industrialized rather late in the nineteenth century.....

1. The passage is primarily concerned with discussing the

- A. link between poverty and equality in the preindustrial state
- B. characteristics of industrial society shared by Norway and Germany
- C. effects of industrialization on social and economic relations in Norway
- D. roots of social equality in Norway

E. emergence of social classes in Norway and Germany

答案：D

解析：

文章首先通过和德国的比较，描述挪威工业化相关的特点：历史悠久的相对平等的阶层关系。之后分析该平等的原因。

该题问文章主旨，根据文章结构分析可知 D 选项最准确。

2. According to the passage, northern and southern Norway differed in which of the following ways in the nineteenth century?

- A. a landowning class was more likely to be found in southern Norway than in northern Norway.
- B. Southern Norwegian peasants relied primarily on fishing for subsistence, while Northern Norwegians relied on forestry.
- C. agriculture was a significant activity in southern Norway but not in northern Norway
- D. Southern Norway industrialized earlier than did northern Norway
- E. foreign rule effected southern Norway more profoundly than it did northern Norway

答案：A

解析：根据关键词定位到原文：a strong aristocracy and landowner class did not emerge in most of Norway. There were some exceptions to this pattern, especially in the southern regions where a landowner class did exist, 可知 A 选项。

3. The passage suggests which of the following about egalitarianism in Norway?

- A. It was a source of social stability that helped Norway survive five centuries of foreign rule
- B. It manifested itself in the same way after industrialization as it had prior to industrialization
- C. It did not necessarily provide a high standard of living for most Norwegians
- D. It produced a Norwegian industrialization that differed qualitatively from industrialization in other European countries in that the labor movement was less radical in Norway
- E. It was more pervasive in southern than in northern Norway

答案：C

解析：

选项定位。C 选项可定位到最后一句：Norway's early social and economic history engendered egalitarianism, although, as has been pointed out by several observers, it was an equality of poverty。

Passage 85 (逻辑单题 / 削弱 / 中等)

The Rivera Art Museum recently began charging admission. The resulting decline in visitors.....

1. Which of the following, if true, most seriously undermines the proposed explanation?

- A. The fee for admission to the Rivera is no larger than that charged by other museums
- B. The Rivera does not keep track of how long individual visitors stay in the museum
- C. The decline in visitors to the Rivera has been no greater in workdays than it has been on nonworking days
- D. The museum with the smallest decline in visitors is the most popular with visitors from other countries
- E. In the period between the announcement that there would be an admissions charge and its actual introduction, there was an increase in visitors at the Rivera.

答案：C

解析：文章是现象解释结构。现象：同样开始收费，**Rivera Art Museum** 游客下降比其他本地博物馆更严重。原因解释：博物馆靠近政府办公楼，所以游客主体为政府工作人员。当博物馆收费后，这些人选择不在午餐休息时间逛博物馆导致了短时参观人流减少。

C 选项采取求异法对比思路：非工作日（周末）的长时参观数量下降一样多甚至可能更多，否定了原文针对短时参观的解释。

Passage 86 (逻辑单题 / 假设 / 难)

The surface of Venus contains calcite, a mineral that absorbs the gas sulfur dioxide.....

1. Which of the following is an assumption on which the argument depends?

A. In the recent past, the level of sulfur dioxide in Venus' atmosphere was not much higher than it is now.

B. If there is volcanic activity on the surface of Venus, it is not adequate to maintain the observed amount of sulfur dioxide in the atmosphere.

C. The sulfur dioxide in Venus' atmosphere forms clouds that prevent direct observation of the surface.

D. Sulfur dioxide produced by volcanic activity on the Earth's surface is also absorbed by minerals other than calcite.

E. The calcite on the surface of Venus is in sufficient supply to continue to absorb sulfur for millions of years to come.

答案：A

解析：文章背景信息：金星大气中二氧化硫由火山活动产生，由钙吸收。文章理由：金星当前大气中有大量二氧化硫。文章的结论是：Venus 上现在有火山之类的产生 sulfur dioxide 的源头。A 选项取非，金星过去二氧化硫比现在显著更高，意味着现在的二氧化硫有可能是过去遗留的，现在只有吸收，没有释放来源。

Passage 87 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 对比 / 地质)

What accounts for the low-lying, flat surface of Mars's north? On Earth's surface, higher- and lower-lying areas have different types of crust.....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to

A. explore an analogy between aspects of the geology of Mars and the geology of Earth

B. describe how a certain feature of Mars's surface formed

C. point out the effect that new data has had on a scientific investigation

D. summarize potential explanations of a large-scale geological feature

E. present the rationale for a scientist's theory and expose some of its weakness

答案：D

解析：文章针对火星北部低平表明讨论原因解释。首段和二段开头讨论解释 1：类似地球的不同地壳导致的板块移动最终导致该低地。二段 however 转折后，McGill 指出早于版块移动的地质构造，质疑版块解释说，提出新机制说。第三中解释是外部冲击。

该题针对文章主旨，根据文章结构分析可知 D 选项最准确。

2. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage about geological features on Earth

A. the relative elevation of the lowest-lying regions of the crust arises in part from forces generated within the planet

- B. the difference in elevation between the ocean basins and their surroundings is greater than the difference between Mars's northern basin and its surroundings
- C. the formation of low-lying areas proceeds by a different process than the one that created Mars's northern basin
- D. the weight of the oceans does not affect the depth of the ocean basins
- E. the proportions of the crust that is oceanic crust is increasing

答案：A

解析：根据关键词定位到原文首段：On Earth's surface, higher- and lower-lying areas have different types of crust: one, thin and dense, is pulled toward Earth's center more strongly by gravity, and the planet's water naturally comes to sit over it, creating oceans。板块动力来自行星内部，可知选 A 选项是最准确概括。

3. As presented in the passage, McGill's account of the formation of Mars's northern basin differs from the other mentioned in that it alone
- A. explains the formation of certain northern bedrock features
 - B. does not specify the force that caused the northern basin to be lower than its surroundings
 - C. takes the northern basin to be a landform that is not analogous to any found on Earth
 - D. denies that features around the northern basin are the result of tectonic activity
 - E. attributes the creation of the northern lowlands to processes occurring within the planet

答案：B

解析：问题考察 McGill 的理论与别人不同的地方。回到原文 McGill instead believes that through some novel mechanism the ancient surface sank to its current depth as a single unit 可知他的理论并没有明确指出到底是什么作用导致 the ancient surface sank to its current depth，只是模糊的说 through some novel mechanism，而第一种理论说 Some researchers do see signs of tectonic activity surrounding the northern basin that suggest that it was created through the formation of new crust, like ocean basins on Earth，即假设这种作用是引力，第三种理论说 The third possibility is that the northern lowlands result from impact，假设这是陨星撞击的作用。因此选 B。

Passage 88 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 生物 / 中等)

The waters east of Cape Hangklip were once the center of a lucrative wild-caught abalone fishery.....

1. According to the passage, since the early 1900s, sea urchins in the waters east of Cape Hangklip have
- A. significantly changed their feeding habits
 - B. suffered increased predation from a certain species
 - C. experienced increased competition for kelp, their main source of nourishment
 - D. seen a sharp decline in the availability for kelp, due to environmental changes
 - E. rebounded as commercial fishing in the region has declined

答案：B

解析：文章针对一种现象（CH 东部 abalone 渔业的衰败）的原因解释（过度捕捞）提出替代性解释（Rock lobster 的引入），然后描述 Rock lobster 导致 abalone 下降的生态链条机制。该题是细节题，根据时间线索和关键词 sea urchins 定位到原文 an invasion by rock lobsters during the early 1990s prey on sea urchins, and increased rock lobster densities coincided with significant decreases in urchins。可知 1900s，由于龙虾入侵，海胆数量减少，所以选 B。

2. According to the passage, which of the following is a true statement about the feeding behaviors of sea urchins
- A. They change according to the type of food available in an area.
 - B. They are responsible for the decline of abalones in some regions.
 - C. They have a significant impact on the young of another species.
 - D. They make sea urchins more vulnerable to potential predators.
 - E. They result in marked decline in certain regions.

答案：C

解析：细节定位题。C 选项能定位到原文：urchins feed largely by trapping drift kelp, and in doing so provide juvenile abalone with both protective shelter and nourishment. Without urchins' presence, juvenile abalones are less likely to survive to adulthood 可知海胆对于幼年期的 abalone 的生存和成长非常重要，所以选 C。

Passage 89（逻辑单题 / 假设 / 易）

Some conservationists, concerned about the rapid depletion through poaching of elephant

1. The conservationists' recommendation as described is based on which of the following assumptions?
- A. The capacity of any illegal channels that may exist for the sale of ivory in export markets cannot expand to meet demand in those markets
 - B. There now exist synthetic substitutes for ivory that are essentially indistinguishable from the natural product
 - C. Bans on imports of ivory need to be combined with intensified efforts to stop poaching in order to be effective
 - D. To the economies of those countries that have significant elephant herds, elephants are more valuable alive than dead
 - E. In some parts of Africa where poaching has depleted elephant herds, those herds are already beyond recovery

答案：A

解析：文章推理是典型目的手段结构。目的：阻止偷猎象牙到达市场。手段：象牙进口国家禁止进口象牙。文章必须假设手段能够实现目的。A 选项取非，非法渠道仍然能够到达出口市场，严重削弱结论：如此，则手段不能实现目的。

Passage 90 (短文章 / 现象解释 / 历史 / 易)

One of the reasons why many early British colonies in North America failed amid the New World's abundance

1. The author suggests which of the following about the early British colonies in North America that failed?

- A. Their inhabitants' worldview was deeply affected with native people and practices
- B. Their inhabitants experienced critical food shortages in part because their culture hindered their ability to exploit seasonally available resources.
- C. Their longevity would have been greater had the inhabitants adopted more of the fishing technologies used by Native Americans

答案: B

解析: 文章是典型现象解释结合对比结构。文章直接明确特定现象的原因: 早期英国殖民地失败(尽管资源丰富)的原因就是: 定居者的思维定势使得他们不能学习当地印第安人的关键生存技能——移动。后文对比展开欧洲人和印第安人不同的对居住的理解。

该题需要选项定位。

A 选项与原文信息相反。

B 选项正确。原文说:failed amid the New World's abundance was that the settlers' mindset prevented them from living like the native inhabitants.....but they did not adopt the real key to success: mobility.....changing food resources.

C 选项不能从原文得出。原文认为欧洲人学习了本地印第安人的技术: the settlers learned such skills as building brushwood weirs to trap fish....

2. The author mentions “**brushwood weirs**” primarily in order to

- A. Demonstrate that Native Americans provided certain forms of assistance to colonial settlers
- B. Identify a skill that allowed Native Americans to thrive in regions where colonies failed to
- C. Distinguish the kinds of technologies used by Native Americans from those used by colonial settlers
- D. Acknowledge that colonial settlers adopted certain American ways even though they failed in the New World
- E. Contrast the assumptions of British colonial settlers and Native Americans in the New World

答案: D

解析: 根据关键词定位到原文, 结合文章结构可知 D 选项。

Passage 91 (逻辑单题 / 评价 / 难)

A mouse's immune system generally rejects proteins different from those produced by that mouse.....

1. In order to choose between the two hypotheses, it would be most useful to determine which of the following?
- A. Whether mice sometimes produce IDO when they are not pregnant
 - B. Whether the immune systems of fetal mice are capable of attacking the tissue of the mother
 - C. Whether there are cases in which the immune system of a pregnant mouse rejects some fetuses but not others
 - D. Whether IDO is the only substance capable of suppressing the immune system produced by mice
 - E. Whether the immune systems of pregnant mice that are given a drug that inhibits IDO production subsequently reject the fetus.

答案：E

解析：针对特定现象（怀孕老鼠没有对婴儿老鼠产生通常会产生的蛋白拒绝。解释 1 是：环绕婴儿老鼠的 placenta 阻止了母亲的免疫系统。解释 2 是：placenta 产生的 IDO 起到关键的阻止作用。

题目要求比较两种解释的有效性。利用求异法，检测两种解释的关键区别(有无 IDO) 来检测是否有免疫反应的关键结果。E 选项最好体现该思路。

Passage 92 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 中等)

Most popularizations of science actually do more harm than good. Why? The single most important feature.....

1. The passage implies that most popular science writing
- A. focuses on discrete results arrived at by scientific reasoning
 - B. spends more time describing scientific personalities than scientific processes
 - C. gives readers an incomplete view of the interrelatedness of scientific discovery

答案：AC

解析：文章首句明确作者观点：科学的流行化弊大于利。之后的论证理由：科学重在现象间的联系，而流行科普总是把复杂联系的论证分解为孤立比喻。

该题需要选项定位。

AC 选项都可以定位到该句：Bad science writing splinters the most interesting feature of science, its long run of connected argumentation, into isolated metaphors。

2. The author of the passage mentions black holes in order to provide

A. an instance of a factual error to which popularizations of science are prone

B. a metaphor for the emptiness typical of most popular science writing

C. a case in which a metaphor for a scientific process leads to a misunderstanding of that process

D. an example of the metaphorical explanations the author believes are typical of bad science writing

E. an illustration of a complex phenomenon for which most readers require simplified explanations

答案：D

解析：根据关键词定位到文章末句举例，知其是 bad science 的 isolated metaphor。

Passage 93（逻辑单题 / 削弱 / 中等）

The use of nets at beach resorts to protect swimming areas from sharks has been criticized.....

Which of the following, if true, most seriously weakens the argument?

A. Many seaside resort communities where sharks have never been sighted nonetheless paid to install buried electrified cables.

B. Tourism at resorts where sharks have been sighted has suffered only slightly despite the fact that many people claim to fear sharks.

C. Because they have a strong fear of sharks, many tourists prefer to swim at beaches that are known to be well protected from sharks.

D. The buried electrified cable is not the only innovation approved by environmentalists that is known to be successful in repelling sharks without harming them

E. The marine mammals that are a major tourist attraction at many resorts do not enter areas around which there are buried electrified cables.

答案：E

解析：文章建议手段是：使用海底电缆的方法，文章结论是：该新手段能保护游泳者，保持旅游业兴旺。如 E 选项所说，作为吸引旅游者主要资源的海洋哺乳动物会因为海底电缆而被驱逐，则该手段导致主要目的不能实现，削弱论证。

Passage 94（短文章 / 观点论证 / 生物 / 中等）

In general, naive individuals appear more likely to learn from interaction with familiar rather than unfamiliar members of their species. Kaveliers and colleagues.....

1. The highlighted sentence serves to

- A. provide an example of a phenomenon described in the first sentence
- B. explain a difference described in the final sentence
- C. supplement evidence introduced in the preceding sentence

答案：A

解析：文章首句是作者核心观点：年幼个体更能从同类熟悉成员处学习（熟悉效应）。之后列举支持或矛盾的研究证据。K and colleagues(2005) 的正面证据，之前 V and colleagues（1996）的正面证据，更早 G and colleagues (1984)的反面证据，G 等人的正面证据。该题针对高亮句作用。根据文章结构分析可确定 A 选项：高亮句是支持首句主旨句的例证。C 选项不准确。高亮句和前句都是支持首句主旨句的同类同级证据，但后句不是为前句提供补充信息。

2. Which of the following can be inferred about the report by Gaief and colleagues (1984) as it is described in the passage?

- A. It introduced a concept that the report by Kaveliers and colleagues was intended to clarify.
- B. It highlighted an inaccuracy in the report by Valsecchi and colleagues
- C. It led to an incorrect supposition on the part of some scientists
- D. It played an important role in developing an understanding of social learning between members of different species.
- E. It suggested that the familiarity effect is stronger in some species than in others.

答案：C

解析：关键词定位，结合文章结构可确定 C 选项。

Passage 95 (短文章 / 观点论证 / 历史 / 中等)

Because early factory construction in New York City was inhibited by both the lack of easily harnessed.....

1. Select the sentence that describes circumstances that hindered the industrialization of New York City.

答案：首句

解析：

文章首句是老观点（JD 认为纽约只能是商业城市，不可能发展制造业）及理由：缺乏可利用水资源，零售商店开发导致的高房地产开发成本。二句是作者观点：后续变化激发了制造业。之后是理由证据：受益于当地市场的小制造业，交通改善提供的全国市场，商业对某些制造业的需求，金融市场也开始交易当地制造业股票。

该句要求选择描述阻止制造业的因素，依照文章结构分析可判断只能出现在首句。

2. According to the passage, all of the following influenced the growth of manufacturing in New York City EXCEPT

- A. a growth in the city's population and labor pool
- B. increased competition in the city's housing construction
- C. profitable national marketing of goods produced in the city
- D. the city's development of alternatives to waterpower
- E. demand for printed materials by the city's merchants

答案：D

解析：题目要求排除文章没有提到的制造业的影响因素。选项定位可排除 D 选项：原文首句提到水资源，但全文没有提到替代性水资源的开发。A 选项可以在原文找到依据：首句 real estate costs caused by the development of retail stores.....三句 growth in the local market....可作为 city's population 的证据。可能由于鸡精文章不太完整的原因，A 选项 “labor pool” 原文确实没有提到。

3. The author of the passage cites which of the following as contributing to the industrialization of New York City?

- A. Increased local demand for manufactured products
- B. A rise in real estate prices
- C. Growth in the city's labor pool

答案：A

解析：题目问促进制造业的正面因素。A 选项可由三句 growth in the local market 确定。

Passage 96（短文章 / 观点对比评论 / 难）

In the mid-1970's, historians often debated the motives of the American Revolutionaries. For neo-Progressive scholars.....

1. According to the neo-Whig scholars as described in the passage, they believe in which of the following were motives for the American Revolution?

- A The desire of elitist gentlemen to defend their inequity
- B. The desire to thwart the actions of powerful men.
- C. The desire to create an egalitarian society.

答案：B

解析：文章是针对同一现象（美国革命）解释（革命者动机）的观点对比。新进步主义学者（neo-Progressive）：革命起源于社会不平等，边缘化平民发挥主要作用。新辉格学者（neo-Whig）：共和政治理想，反对强人政治。末句是作者认为的矛盾：共和精英的出于保卫自己自由和财富的目的，释放了民主社会的平等主义冲动。

该题根据关键词 neo-Whig scholars 定位，可确定 B 选项。A 选项偷换新进步主义学者概念，C 选项是文章提到的矛盾的客观结果，不是主观动机。

2. The author of the passage would most likely agree with which of the following statements?

- A. The neo-Whig scholars suggested that powerful men reorganized the impact the American Revolution would have on ordinary people.
- B. The motivations behind the American Revolution were politically conservative for the most part.
- C. the neo-Progressive scholars underestimated the extent to which powerful men benefited from the American Revolution
- D. one result of the American Revolution was a furthering of the goal that the neo-Progressive scholars attributed to the Revolutionaries
- E. powerful men ultimately had less influence than marginalized groups did on the direction of the American Revolution.

答案：D

解析：D 选项可定位到文章末句作者认为的矛盾结果。

Passage 97（逻辑单题 / 高亮句作用 / 中等）重复第 77 篇

Editors of major United States newsmagazines have been criticized for reducing the amount of space

1. In the argument as a whole, the two highlighted portions play which of the following roles?
- A. The first is evidence that has been used to support a position that the argument opposes; the second is a point that the argument raises to cast doubt on the reasoning used to support that position.
 - B. The first presents a claim, the truth of which is evaluated in the argument; the second is information introduced to cast doubt on that claim.
 - C. The first presents a claim, the truth of which is evaluated in the argument; the second provides evidence in support of that claim.
 - D. The first cites evidence in support of the main conclusion of the argument; the second states that conclusion.
 - E. The first states an assumption that is explicitly made to support the main conclusion of the argument; the second is a position that the argument as a whole opposes.

答案：A

解析：文章首先指出现象：编辑们因为国际新闻页面的减少而被批评。编辑关键是：读者应该为减少担负全责，因为读者对于国际新闻的兴趣减少导致相关报道销量减少（首句黑体）；但是作者认为：编辑仍然应当承担部分责任，理由是：编辑可以通过提高报道频率的方式来增加读者的兴趣。由结构分析可知，第一个高亮句是支持编辑的理由，编辑的立场是作者反对的立场；第二个高亮句是作者支持自己立场的理由，也是批评编辑辩解的理由。A 选项最准确。

Passage 98（短文章 / 新研究介绍评论 / 历史 / 中等）

Scholars have tended to treat the ideas of American social reformer Jane Addams as unique.....

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- A. criticize Addams for not realizing the extent of her debt to other social activists and public intellectuals
 - B. describe how scholars have misunderstood Addams' ideas regarding social reform
 - C. outline a debate within the historical community regarding Addams' approach to social reform

- D. emphasize the importance of placing Addams' work in a larger framework of reform and activism
- E. discuss the impact of Addams' close work with labor union on working conditions in the 1890s

答案：D

解析：

文章首先介绍对 Jane Addams 思想的传统研究观点：她思想独特。作者指出传统研究不足：没有充分将其与他人比较。最近的研究，更充分地将其与同时代思想、事件比较。举例：与工会活动比较有新发现：Jane Addams 贡献更是合作性的，不是独创性的。

该题针对文章主旨，体会文章结构分析可知 D 选项最准确。

2. The author refers to the “**history of trade unionism in Chicago**” primarily as

- A. an issue that has been largely ignored by historians
- B. an issue that has inspired contention among historians
- C. a model for how trade unionists might engage in political action

答案：A

解析：根据关键词定位，结合文章结构，可知 A 选项正确：该问题是传统研究忽略的。BC 选项原文没有依据。

Passage 99 (短文章 / 现象描述 / 生态 / 易)

Because different mammalian species are dependent on plants for organic matter. Plants provide organic matter.....

- 1. According to the passage, plants supply resources to soil communities by which of the following methods?
- A. Some plants supply resources to soil communities by promoting diversity of aboveground flora and fauna.
- B. Some plants supply resources to soil communities by oozing nutrients from their roots.
- C. Some plants supply resources to soil communities by depositing leaf litter.

答案：BC

解析：文章首先强调植物对生态系统尤其是土壤结构的重要性：特定的土壤结构形成于地面特定的植物种类和地表动植物群落构成。由此引入相关话题：非本地植物入侵可能影响到本地地表群落和本地地下土壤结构的联系。

本题考察细节，根据关键词定位到文章二句，可确定 BC 选项。

2. Which of the following statements about the connection between aboveground plants and belowground soil communities can be inferred from the passage?
- A. Because of the nature of the link between above-and belowground communities, many soil communities are deficient in nutrients.
- B. The extent to which soil communities are dependent on aboveground plants is extremely variable from one soil community to another.
- C. Because different plants supply resources to soil communities in different ways, distinctive soil communities form under different plant communities.

答案：C

解析：本题考察细节理解。C 选项可定位到该句：As a result of these diverse methods by which plants supply resources, unique soil communities form under different plant species and under plant communities that differ in composition.

Passage 100（短文章 / 天文 / 新发现意义 / 中等）

This passage is excerpted from material published in 2000.

During a search for massive compact halo objects (MACHOs)—objects the size

1. According to the passage, which of the following is true of the object found by Alcock?
- A. Its mass was probably significantly greater than that of Sun
- B. It was not visible in its own light
- C. It was thought to orbit a nearby star

答案：AB

解析：文章介绍一个意外天文发现的意义：在寻找 MACHOs 过程中，天文学家 Charles Alcock 意外发现可能是 black hole 的天体。意义：由于此种发现的小机率，该类孤立 black holes 应该有很多。

该题需要选项定位。A 选项定位到原文：it implied an object with a mass six times that of the Sun.。B 选项定位到原文：If this had been an ordinary star, it would have been visible in its own light.

2. According to the passage, which of the following statements about the results of Alcock's search is true?

- A. Alcock's inability to find many MACHOs suggests that MACHOs are much less massive than previously thought
- B. Alcock's finding of a lone black hole suggests that such objects are found near ordinary stars
- C. Alcock's finding of a lone black hole suggests that there may be many such lone black holes in the universe

答案：C

解析：C 选项定位到原文末句：the tiny chance a black hole has of being discovered this way makes it plausible that such lone black holes are common.

Passage 101 (长文章 / 研究介绍 / 生态 / 中等)

This passage is adapted from material published in 1993

The recent recognition of a link between increasing rates of deforestation and increasing global climatic warming.....

1. The passage is primarily concerned with discussing the
- A. Importance of forests for protection the land and atmosphere
 - B. Role of forests in the tropics versus that in the higher latitudes.
 - C. Process of deforestation in the tropics
 - D. Need for forests to ensure the preservation of biodiversity
 - E. Negative effects of recent global climatic changes in forests.

答案：A

解析：

文章首段介绍对森林角色的新认识：森林砍伐增加二氧化碳释放，加速全球变暖。

二段二氧化碳释放来源的角度讨论森林在全球变暖问题中的重要性。三个二氧化碳释放的主要来源（1 石油燃料燃烧，2 树木腐败或燃烧，3 中高纬度森林突然有机物的腐败）之中，有两个和森林相关。

三段重点纠正对森林重要性认识的误区：过于关注热带森林生物多样性。作者指出，中高纬度森林很重要，森林本身支持生命的能力很重要，应该认识到森林对土壤与大气的重要性。

四段总结强调森林的重要性：对于陆地生命，对于稳定大气构成都很重要。

该题针对文章主旨，根据文章结构尤其是四段总结，可确定 A 选项。

2. According to the passage, the emphasis on preserving biodiversity in forests has had which of the following effects?
- A. Diverted attention from the importance of the land's ability to support life.
 - B. Led to recognition of the causes complexity of terrestrial communities.
 - C. Led to an understanding of the causes of accelerated rates of global warming.
 - D. Resulted in the formulation of the concept of biotic resources.
 - E. Shifted attention away from the role of forests in stopping the accumulation of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.

答案：A

解析：根据关键词 biodiversity 定位到第三段。A 选项可定位到该句：Forests are far more than simple collections of species, however, it is unfortunate that the discussion of biotic or living resources has been focused on biodiversity rather than on the actual ability of the land itself to support life.

3. The passage suggests that the emphasis on a forests biodiversity has had which of the following unfortunate consequences?
- A. It has fostered the view that forests have a similar role in every climate.
 - B. It has fostered the view that deforestation almost invariably speeds erosion
 - C. It has fostered resistance to preserving any forests but tropical ones.
 - D. It has led to an increase in the rate at which the land is becoming impoverished
 - E. It has led to an underestimation of the importance of some forests

答案：E

解析：同上题一样定位到第三段。E 选项定位到该句：But forests, it should be emphasized, have a similar role in every latitude they contain the largest numbers of different kinds of plants and animals of any community on land and might be considered the most highly developed of the terrestrial communities from the standpoint of complexity of structure and diversity of life and life forms.

4. The primary purpose of the third paragraph of the passage is to
- A. Explain how the land supports life
 - B. Explain what happens when soil becomes infertile

- C. Explain why a certain development in the discussion of forests is regrettable
- D. Show that forests are far more than simple collections species
- E. Argue that forests with a small number of species are more important to the support of than forests with many species

答案: C

解析: 题目针对三段主旨, 根据三段结构分析可知 C 选项最准确。D 选项原文有依据:

Forests are far more than simple collections of species。该内容是支持段落主旨的理由。