

再要你命3000

新GRE核心词汇考法精析

陈琦

《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》(再要你命 3000)

主编:陈琦

副主编:周书林

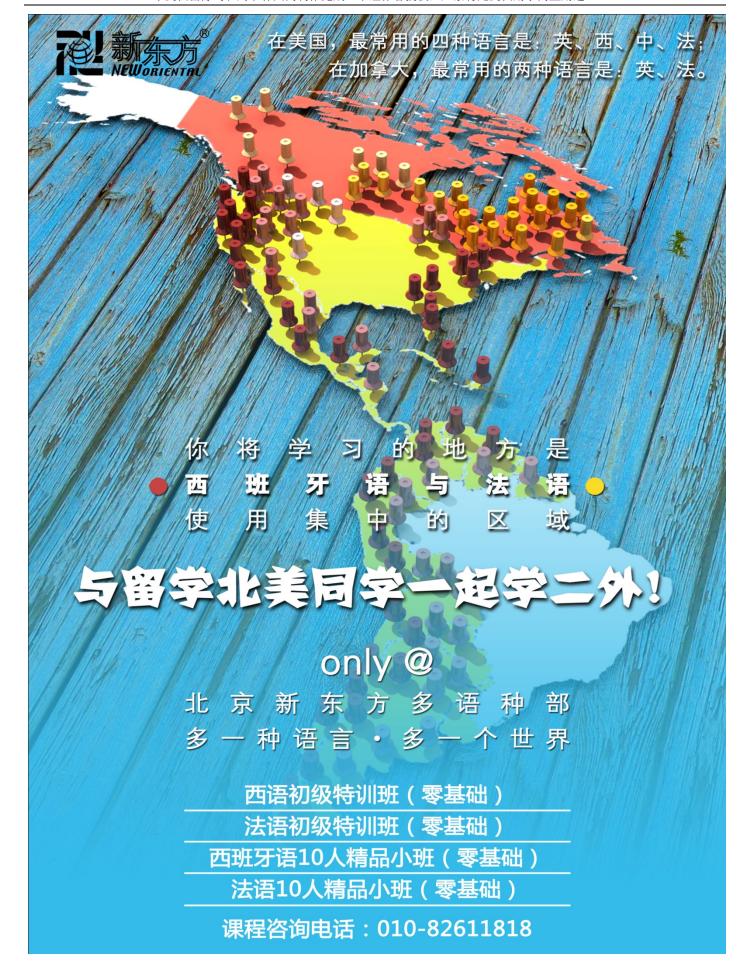
编委:陈琦,周书林,马驰,肖雪,颜余真,杨珺,陶睿,王东东

第1版

2011年6月

关于本书的建议与交流,请将电子邮件发到以下信箱:gre3000words@gmail.com

高端申请咨询: premium.apply@gmail.com





西语在美国

西班牙语被誉为"与上帝对话的语言",是继汉语、英语之后的世界第三大语言。目前,全球约有4亿人使用西班牙语。在美国,以西班牙语为母语的人约有四千万,它广泛通行于纽约、德克萨斯、新墨西哥、亚利桑那和加利福尼亚。在新墨西哥州,西语和英语并列为官方语言。以下是维基百科对西班牙语在美国使用情况的介绍。

Spanish is the second most-common language in the United States after English. There are more Spanish speakers in the U.S. than there are speakers of Chinese, French, Italian, Hawaiian, and the Native American languages combined. According to the 2009 American Community Survey conducted by the United States Census Bureau, Spanish is the primary language spoken at home by over 35.5 million people aged 5 or older. There are 45 million Hispanics who speak Spanish as a first or second language and there are 6 million Spanish students, making it the world's second-largest Spanish-speaking community, only after Mexico and ahead of Spain, Colombia and Argentina.

法语在美国

在美国,法国是继英语、西班牙语、中文之后的第四种语言。在Louisiana,Maine, Vermont 和 New Hampshire州,法语则是仅次于英语的最常用语言。历史上,法语是贵族的语言,是精英的语言,直到现在,在英语世界中,会说法语依然是被看视为有修养的标志。在美国,法语被上层社会看成是高雅与高贵的象征。加之美国与加拿大接壤,法语文化的吸引力等因素,法语是美国学校里大多数学生选择的第二外语。作为一个中国孩子,即能讲一口流利的英文,又能在母语之外流利地使用优雅的法语,将会为其打破语言的类常,进入美国主流社会,进而为将来以世界为其舞台提供最坚实的基础。

多语种部美国留学二外班

班级编码	班级名称	上课时间	上课地点	课次	学费	优惠后学费
ASUS11001	西语初级特训班 (美国留学二外)	2011-5-9至2011-6-16	海淀水清木华校区402教	24	1260	630
		每周一至周四18:30-21:00				
AFUS11001	法语初级特训班 (美国留学二外)	2011-5-14至2011-6-19	海淀水清木华校区402教室	24	1260	630
		每周六日15:30-18:00, 18:30-21:00				
ASUS12001	西语初级特训班 (美国留学二外)	2012-5-7至2012-6-14	海淀水清木华校区402教室	24	1260	630
		每周一至周四18:30-21:00				
AFUS12001	法语初级特训班 (美国留学二外)	2012-5-12至2012-6-17	海淀水清木华校区402教室	24	1260	630
		每周六日15:30-18:00, 18:30-21:00				

★优惠信息★

持2010-2011年內北京新东方学校托福,GRE,GMAT,SAT,ACT听课证报名以下班级,享受5折优惠,课程价格为630元。 优惠截止日期:2011年5月8日

使用说明:

新 GRE 更加关注单词在语境中的考查,取消了以前的类比反义,增加了填空 6 选 2,填空 3 空题。《再要你命 3000》在原书上的改动如下:

- 1. 将原书的类比部分取消,以 Thesaurus 里的同义词进行替换。编者根据单词在以往 GRE 考试中出现的频率进行同义词筛选。
- 2. 将只能在类反中考查的单词删除;补充在填空,阅读中容易涉及到的同义重复、反义重复词条。
- 3. 丰富单词的例句,更好地帮助考生在语境下把握单词的内涵。
- 4. 借助 Collegiate 和 Thesaurus 拓展单词考法的含义,与新 GRE Official Guide 中考查单词的丰富含义,尤其是引申义保持一致。

整书单词依然强调单词的考法,即把握单词的深度。在新 GRE 考试中,记忆单词的深度远比拥有大量单词的广度针对考试有价值的多。本书是各位考生在冲刺阶段必备的复习资料。

电子版更新每周更新 2 个 1 ist。更新请关注我们的微博通告: http://weibo.com/jasonandfranklin 或者琦叔的校内公共主页: http://page.renren.com/600098688

单词示例:

abstract ['æbstrækt]

【考法 1】 vt. 做总结,概括: to make an abstract of, summarize

- 【例】 abstracted the 135-page report in three short paragraphs 将一份 135 页的报告概括为三段话
- 【近】 digest, recapitulate, synopsize, sum up, boil down
- 【反】 elaborate 详细描述

【考法 2】 vt. 使分心: to draw away the attention of

- 【例】 personal problems abstracted him 私人问题让他分心
- 【近】 detract, divert, call off, throw off
- 【派】 abstraction n. 心不在焉
- 【反】 attention 关注

【考法 1】——中文和英文解释

- 【例】——英文例句及中文解释
- 【近】——近义词
- 【反】——反义词及中文解释
- 【派】——派生词及中文解释

"<u>summarize</u>"、"<u>attention</u>"——英文解释中以粗体并下划线标示出的单词短语为该词汇的考法特征

List 10

"背 GRE 单词的过程,让我们铭记的不仅仅是单词,更是周围人的关爱。 我们刷的不是单词,而是关爱。" ——底骞 2009 年 10 月 GRE 考试,Verbal730,Quantitative 800

Unit 1

FALSEHOOD FASCINATE FALTER FAST

FANATIC FASTIDIOUS

FANTASY FATEFUL FARCE FATHOM

falsehood ['fo:lshud]

【考法 1】 n. 谎言: a statement known by its maker to be untrue and made in order to deceive

- 【例】 Truth always rise above falsehood, as oil rise above water. 油脂水面浮,真理胜谎言
- 【近】 deception, fable, lie, mendacity, prevarication, untruth
- 【反】 truth, verity 真相,实话

falter ['fo:ltə(r)]

【考法 1】 vi. 蹒跚: to walk unsteadily

【近】 lurch, stagger, stumble, teeter, totter, wobble

【考法 2】 vi. 犹豫,踌躇: to be unsteady in purpose or action, as from loss of courage or confidence

【例】 Mr. Garrison never once faltered in his demand that slavery be unconditionally abolished. 盖瑞森先生从不对他废除奴隶的要求存有任何的犹豫

- 【近】 balance, halt, hesitate, vacillate, waver
- 【派】 faltering adj. 犹豫的

fanatic [fə'nætik]

- 【考法 1】 n. 狂热者: a person marked or motivated by an extreme, unreasoning enthusiasm, as for a cause.
- 【例】 a soccer fanatic 一个足球迷
- 【近】 bigot, devotee, enthusiast, fiend, freak, maniac, partisan, zealot
- 【反】 nonfan 非爱好者
- 【考法 2】 adj. 狂热的; 盲信的: marked by excessive enthusiasm and often intense uncritical devotion
- 【例】 They are fanatic about sadomasochism. 他们对 SM 十分狂热
- 【近】 extreme, rabid, radical, revolutionary, ultra
- 【反】 conservative 保守的: rational 理性的
- 【派】 fanatical adj. 狂热的; 盲信的

fantasy ['fæntəsi]

- 【考法 1】 n. 幻想: imaginative fiction featuring especially strange settings and grotesque characters
- 【例】 indulge in a fantasy 沉迷于幻想
- 【近】 chimera, conceit, daydream, delusion, dream, hallucination, illusion, vision

【反】 actuality, fact, reality, truth 事实,现实

【考法 2】 vt. 产生幻想: to form a mental picture of

- 【例】 He regularly fantasies romantic encounters that he knows will never happen. 他会定期意淫一些永远不可能发生的浪漫邂逅
- 【近】 dream, envisage, envision, fantasize, imagine, picture
- 【派】 fantastic adj. 梦幻般的,极好的

farce [fa:s]

- 【考法 1】n. (带有嘲讽元素的)滑稽戏: a light dramatic composition marked by <u>broadly satirical comedy</u> and improbable plot
- 【近】 burlesque, caricature, parody, sham, travesty
- 【反】 serious play 正剧
- 【考法 2】 n. 闹剧: <u>ridiculous</u> or empty show
- 【例】 The enforcement of this law became a farce. 这条法律的执行过程成了一场闹剧
- 【近】 joke, mockery, nonsense
- 【派】 farcical adj. 荒谬的

fascinate ['fæsineit]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 强列吸引,使入迷: to <u>hold an intense interest</u> or attraction for
- 【例】 toys that fascinate infants 吸引婴儿们的玩具
- 【近】 allure, arrest ,attract, bewitch, captivate, charm, enchant, enthrall, grip
- 【反】 disgust, repel 使厌恶,使反感
- 【派】 fascinating adj. 引人入胜的

fast [fæst]

【考法 1】 n. 绝食; 斋戒: an act of abstaining from food

- 【例】fast to death 绝食而死
- 【近】 hunger strike
- 【考法 2】 adj. 快速的: characterized by **quick** motion, operation, or effect
- 【例】 The fast pace of construction resulted in our new house being done ahead of schedule. 极快的施工使得我们的新房提前竣工
- 【近】 brisk, expeditious, fleeting, hasty, quick, rapid, speedy, swift
- 【反】 slow 慢的
- 【考法 3】 adj. 忠诚的: firm in one's allegiance to someone or something
- 【例】 The two girls soon became fast and inseparable friends. 这两个女孩子很快成为了忠于彼此的形影不离的好伙伴
- 【近】 constant, dedicated, devoted, devout, loyal, pious
- 【反】 disloyal, perfidious 不忠诚的; treacherous 背叛的
- 【考法 4】 adj. 稳固的,难以拆卸的: firmly positioned in place and difficult to dislodge
- 【例】 The rusty, old screws are so fast in the fitting that there's no hope of getting them out. 这颗生锈的老铁钉已经钉得太死了,根本不可能将其取出
- 【近】 firm, frozen, lodged, secure, stable, staunch, strong, stuck
- 【反】 loose, shaky 松动的; insecure 不稳定的
- 【派】 fasten v. 系紧

fastidious [fæ'stɪdɪəs]

【考法 1】adj. 挑剔的, 极仔细的, 追求完美的: possessing or displaying careful, meticulous attention to detail

- 【例】 be fastidious about personal hygiene and appearance 极其注意个人卫生和外表
- 【近】 demanding, exacting, fussy, hypercritical, squeamish
- 【反】 undemanding 不挑剔的; cursory 粗略的,敷衍的; indiscriminate, uncritical 不加区分的

fateful ['feitful]

【考法 1】 adj. 意义重大的: involving momentous consequences

- 【例】 make a fateful decision to declare war 做出了宣战的重大决定
- 【近】 critical, crucial, important, momentous, significant
- 【反】 inconsequential, insignificant, petty, paltry, trivial, unimportant 不重要的

【考法 2】 adj. 带来灾难的,毁灭性的: bringing death or disaster

- 【例】 a fateful journey 一趟致命的旅行
- 【近】 calamitous, cataclysmic, catastrophic, deadly, destructive, disastrous, fatal, ruinous

fathom [ˈfæðəm]

【考法 1】 vt. 测量 (深度): to measure the depth of (as a body of water) typically with a weighted line

【例】 The pilot had to continually fathom the river, which drought conditions had lowered to unprecedented levels. 舵手不得不时刻注意河水深度,因为干旱已经使水深下降到了前所未有的程度

【近】 plumb

【考法 2】 vt. 彻底理解,弄懂: to penetrate and come to understand

- 【例】 unable to fathom the what he was talking about 无法弄懂他在说什么
- 【近】 apprehend, cognize, comprehend, grasp, know, understand
- 【反】 misunderstand 误解
- 【派】 fathomable adj. 可测量的;可知晓的

Unit 2

FATIGUE FATUOUS FAULTFINDER FAVORABLE FAWN FAZE FECKLESS FECUND FEEBLE FEIGN

fatigue [fəˈtiːg]

【考法 1】 n. 疲惫: <u>weariness or exhaustion</u> from labor, exertion, or stress

- 【例】 The day-long battle against the blaze left firefighters in a state of utter fatigue. 与大火一整天的斗争使得消防员们处于极度疲惫的状态
- 【近】 collapse, exhaustion, lassitude, tiredness, weariness
- 【反】 refreshment, rejuvenation, revitalization 恢复活力
- 【考法 2】 n. (让人厌倦的)苦差事: something, such as tiring effort or activity, that causes weariness
- 【例】 Although he had joined the army for action and adventure, much of his day seemed to be devoted to mindless fatigues. 尽管当初参军是为了上战场冒险的,但我生活的大部分时间似乎都耗费在了没意思的苦差上
- 【近】 drudge, drudgery, grind, labor, sweat, toil, travail
- 【反】 fun, play 玩耍; sinecure 美差,闲职

fatuous [ˈfætjʊəs]

【考法 1】 adj. 愚笨的: complacently or inanely foolish

- 【例】 Emperor Yang in the Sui Dynasty is not only a rare fatuous tyrant but also an outstanding poet. 隋 炀 帝 不仅仅是少有的昏暴之君,在文学上还是一位杰出的诗人
- 【近】 asinine, brainless, foolish, obtuse, silly, simple, stupid, unwitty, witless
- 【反】 sagacious, sapient 聪明的,睿智的; judicious, prudent, sensible, wise 谨慎的,明智的

faultfinder ['fo:lt-'faində]

【考法 1】 n. 吹毛求疵的人: one who is given to **petty criticism** and constant complaint

- 【例】 No sooner had we finished decorating the church than the parish faultfinder decided that she didn't like it. 我们一完成教堂的装修工作,教区里挑剔的人就说她不喜欢
- 【近】 carper, castigator, caviler, censurer, critic, disparager, hypercritic, nitpicker

favorable ['feɪvərəbəl]

【考法 1】 adj. 赞许的: expressing approval

- 【例】 Favorable reviews for the movie were few. 关于电影的正面评价极少
- 【近】 admiring, applauding, commendatory, complimentary, positive
- 【反】 adverse, disapproving, negative 否定的

【考法 2】 adj. 有利的: tending to promote or facilitate

- 【例】 mild climate favorable to his health 有利于他健康的温和气候
- 【近】 advantageous, benefic, beneficial, favoring, good, helpful, salutary
- 【反】 unfavorable, disadvantageous, untoward, unpropitious 不利的

fawn [fo:n]

【考法 1】 vi. 阿谀奉承: to **seek favor** or attention **by flattery** and obsequious behavior

- 【例】 fawn on one's superior 向上司谄媚
- 【近】 cower, cringe, flatter, grovel, toady, truckle
- 【反】 domineer 统治; 专横跋扈
- 【派】 fawning adj. 阿谀奉承的, 讨好的

faze [feiz]

【考法 1】 vt. 打扰, 使尴尬: to disturb the composure of: disconcert, dismay

- 【例】 Nothing can faze her. 没有什么可以使她气馁
- 【近】 abash, annoy, bother, disconcert, dismay, disturb, discomfit, embarrass, fluster, rattle
- 【反】 calm, lull 使平静, 使镇定

feckless ['feklis]

【考法 1】 adj. 无成果的,没有价值的: having no real worth or purpose

- 【例】 years of feckless negotiations 长达数年的毫无成果的谈判
- 【近】 bootless, fruitless, futile, meaningless, purposeless, useless, worthless
- 【反】 effective, effectual, efficacious 有成效的

【考法 2】 adj. 粗心不负责任的: <u>careless</u> and irresponsible

- 【例】 The young man was feckless and irresponsible. 这个年轻人既粗心又没有责任感
- 【近】 careless, heedless, inadvertent, irresponsible, slipshod, sloppy
- 【反】 careful, cautious, circumspect, discreet, wary 谨慎小心的

fecund ['fi:kənd]

【考法 1】 adj. 多产的,肥沃的: <u>fruitful</u> in offspring or vegetation

- 【例】 fecund black soil 肥沃的黑土地
- 【近】 cornucopian, fertile, fruitful, lush, luxuriant, productive, prolific, rich
- 【反】 barren, infertile, sterile 贫瘠的
- 【派】 fecundity n. 多产

feeble ['fi:bəl]

【考法 1】 adj. 衰弱的: markedly lacking in strength

- 【例】 The heartbeat was feeble and irregular. 心跳虚弱而不规则
- 【近】 debilitated, effete, enervated, faint, fragile, frail, infirm, languid, sapped
- 【反】 mighty, powerful, robust, stalwart, stout, strong 强壮的,强健的
- 【派】 enfeeble vt. 使衰弱

feign [fein]

【考法 1】 vt. 制造假象,装出…的样子: to give a false appearance of

- 【例】 I would never feign illness just to postpone a test. 我绝不会为了缓考而装病
- 【近】 affect, assume, counterfeit, dissemble, pretend, profess, sham, simulate
- 【派】 unfeigned adj. 没有伪装的,真诚的

Unit 3

FENDER	FERAL	FERTILIZE	FERVID	FERVOR
FESTER	FETID	FETTER	FIASCO	FICKLE

fender ['fendə]

【考法 1】 n. 缓冲装置: a <u>cushioning device</u>, such as a bundle of rope or a piece of timber, used on the side of a vessel or dock to absorb impact or friction

- 【例】 a fender on the SUV 运动越野车的一个防护板
- 【近】 buffer, bumper, cocoon, cushioning, pad

feral ['fɪərəl]

【考法 1】 adj. 野生的: not domesticated or cultivated

【例】 Animal experts discourage homeowners from trying to adopt feral animals as pets.动物专家们不建议户主们将野生动物收养为宠物

- 【近】 undomesticated, untamed, wild
- 【反】 cultivated 人工培养的; domestic, tame 家养的,被驯化的

【考法 2】 adj. 动物性的: having or showing the nature and appetites of a lower animal

【例】 The movie reveals just how thin the veneer of civilization is and how feral we are at bottom. 这 部 电 影 展示了所谓文明只不过是薄薄的一层纱,而内心深处我们仍然是野兽

- 【近】 animalistic, beastly, brutal
- 【反】 rational 理性的

fertilize ['fs:tɪlaɪz]

【考法 1】 vt. 使肥沃,使多产: to make fertile

- 【例】 Reading will fertilize vocabulary. 阅读丰富词汇
- 【近】 enrich, manure
- 【反】 deplete, drain, exhaust 消耗, 耗尽
- 【派】 fertilizer n. 化肥

fervid ['fɜːvɪd]

【考法 1】 adj. 酷热的: having a notably high temperature

- 【例】 set out when the fervid heat subsides 当酷热消散之后才出发
- 【近】 boiling, hot, scorching, searing, sultry, sweltering, torrid
- 【反】 arctic, chilling, cold, freezing, frigid, frozen, glacial, icy 冰冷的,寒冷的

【考法 2】 adj. 热情的: marked by great passion or zeal

- 【例】 a fervid patriot 热情洋溢的爱国者
- 【近】 ardent, fervent, impassioned, passionate, perfervid
- 【反】 cold, cool, dispassionate, emotionless, impassive, unemotional 淡定的,不为所动的

fervor ['fɜːvə]

【考法 1】 n. 热情,狂热: **great warmth** and intensity of emotion

- 【例】 A blind patriotic fervor is called chauvinism. 盲目的爱国热情就被称为沙文主义
- 【近】 ardor, enthusiasm, passion, zeal, zealotry
- 【反】 apathy, indifference, impassiveness, unconcern 冷漠

fester ['festə]

【考法 1】 v. 感染溃烂,腐烂: to infect, inflame, or corrupt

- 【例】 A dirty wound will probably fester. 伤口弄脏了有可能会化脓
- 【近】 corrupt, decompose, putrefy, rot, spoil
- 【反】 heal. cure 愈合

fetid ['fetid]

【考法 1】 adj. 恶臭的: having a heavy offensive smell

- 【例】 Ammonia has a fetid odor that sickened the people. 氨气有着令人作呕的气味
- 【近】 foul, fusty, malodorous, noisome, reeking, smelly, stinky, strong
- 【反】 ambrosial, aromatic, balmy, fragrant, redolent, scented 芳香的

fetter ['fetə]

【考法 1】 n. 枷锁, 限制: something that limits one's freedom of action or choice

- 【例】 a fetter that prevents us from trying something new 阻碍我们尝试新事物的枷锁
- 【近】 circumscription, constraint, curb, limitation, restraint, stricture

【考法 2】 v. 束缚: to <u>restrain from motion</u>, action, or progress

- 【例】 be fettered by family responsibilities 被家庭责任所束缚
- 【近】 chain, clog, enfetter, hamper, manacle, restrain, shackle, trammel
- 【反】 enfranchise, free, liberate, unbind, unfetter, unshackle 解放; facilitate 促进

【派】 enfetter v. 束缚

fiasco [fɪˈæskəʊ]

【考法 1】 n. 大失败: a complete failure

【例】The Hitler's plot ended in a fiasco. 希特勒的阴谋最终以失败告终

【近】catastrophe, debacle, disaster, failure

【反】blockbuster, éclat, success 成功

fickle ['fikl]

【考法 1】 adj. 易变的: <u>likely to change</u> frequently, suddenly, or unexpectedly

【例】 a fickle lover 感情善变的情人

【近】 capricious, fluid, mercurial, mutable, temperamental, volatile

【反】 constant, immutable, invariable, stable, steady 稳定的,不变的

【考法 2】 adj. 不忠诚的: not true in one's allegiance to someone or something

【例】 When the family's fortune disappeared, so did their fickle friends. 当这个家庭的财富消逝殆尽时,他们的那些虚伪的朋友也无影无踪了

【近】 disloyal, perfidious, recreant, traitorous, treacherous, unfaithful

【反】 faithful, loyal 忠诚的

Unit 4

FICTITIOUS	FIDELITY	FIGURATIVE	FIGURINE	FILIBUSTER
FILTER	FINALE	FINESSE	FINICKY	FLACCID

fictitious [fik'ti[əs]

【考法 1】 adj. 虚构的: <u>not real</u> and existing only in the imagination

【例】 His wartime exploits turned out to be entirely fictitious, as he had never even been in the military. 他 吹嘘的战时英勇行为是彻底虚构的,因为他根本就没有参过军

【近】 chimerical, fabricated, fabulous, fictional, imagined, invented

【反】 actual, existing, real 事实的

fidelity [faɪ'delətɪ]

【考法 1】 n. 忠诚: the quality or state of being faithful

【例】 They have never wavered in their fidelity to the cause of liberation. 他们从不动摇对于解放事业的忠诚

【近】 adherence, allegiance, commitment, devotion, faith, loyalty, piety

【反】 disloyalty, infidelity, perfidy 不忠; treachery 背叛

【派】 infidel n. 异教徒

figurative ['figioretiv]

【考法 1】adj. 比喻的: expressing one thing in terms normally <u>denoting another</u> with which it may be regarded as analogous

【例】 The word here is used in its figurative sense. 这个词在这里取它的比喻义

【近】 extended, metaphorical

【反】 literal字面上的,逐字逐句的

figurine [ˌfɪgjəˈriːn]

【考法 1】 n. 小雕塑: a small statue

【例】 His collection of figurines includes toy soldiers from every war that America has fought. 他收藏的小雕塑包括了所有美国参与过的战争中的兵人模型

【近】 figure, statuette

【反】 colossus 巨像

filibuster ['fɪlɪbʌstə]

【考法 1】n./v. 拖延议事: the use of obstructionist tactics, especially prolonged speechmaking, <u>for the purpose</u> <u>of delaying legislative action</u>

【例】 The Senator used a filibuster to stop the bill. 参议员拖延了草案的实施

【近】 delay, hindrance, impediment, obstruction, postponement ,procrastination

filter ['fɪltə]

【考法 1】v. 过滤: to pass through a filter

【例】 steep the tea and then filter it to get rid of the leaves 浸泡茶叶,再将其过滤以去除废渣

【近】 screen

【考法 2】v. 去除杂质: to <u>remove(usually visible)</u> impurities from

【例】 After frying the chicken, we filtered the oil and kept it in the refrigerator to use again. 在炸完鸡肉之后,我们将滤去了杂质的油保存起来以供日后使用

【近】 clear, distill, garble, purify

【反】 adulterate掺杂; contaminate 污染

finale [fi'na:li]

【考法 1】 n. 终场,结局: the **closing part**, scene, or number in a public performance

【例】 Didier Drogba pulled one back for Chelsea in a finale. 德罗巴在终场结束时为切尔西扳回一球。

【近】 close, coda, conclusion, end

【反】 prologue 开场白; overture 序曲

finesse [frines]

【考法 1】 n. 娴熟技巧: mental skill or quickness

【例】 The musician shows wonderful finesse. 那位音乐家展现出了非凡的技艺

【近】 adeptness, adroitness, cleverness, dexterity, proficiency

【反】 awkwardness, ineptitude, gaucherie, ungainliness 笨拙

【考法 2】 v. 精心策划: to <u>plan out</u> usually <u>with subtle skill</u> or care

【例】 finesse the schedule 精心安排日程

【近】 contrive, frame, machinate, maneuver, manipulate

【考法 3】 v. (巧妙地) 躲避: to get or keep away from (as a responsibility) through cleverness or trickery

【例】He tried to finesse the blame for the foreign policy fiasco, even though he was secretary of state at the time. 他竭尽所能躲避因失败的对外政策而可能遭到的指责,尽管他是时任国务卿

【近】 avoid, dodge, eschew, evade, shun

【反】 confront 直面

finicky ['fɪnɪkɪ]

【考法 1】 adj. 过分讲究的,挑剔的: <u>extremely</u> or excessively particular, exacting, or <u>meticulous</u> in taste or standards

- 【例】 have a reputation for being finicky eater 有着挑食的名声
- 【近】 demanding, exacting, fastidious, fussy, nice, particular
- 【反】 undemanding, unfussy 不挑剔的

flaccid ['flæsɪd]

【考法 1】 adj. 不结实的,松弛的: not firm or stiff; lacking normal or youthful firmness

- 【例】 flaccid muscles 松弛的肌肉
- 【近】 droopy, floppy, lank, loose, slack, yielding
- 【反】 stiff, sturdy 结实的,坚硬的; resilient 有弹性的

Unit 5

FLAG FLAMBOYANT FLATTER FLAW FLEDGLING FLEET FLEXIBLE FLINCH FLIPPANCY FLIRT

flag [flæg]

【考法 1】 n. 旗帜,象征: a piece of fabric that is used as a **symbol** (as of a nation) or as a signaling device

- 【例】 We respect the flag of our fathers. 我们尊敬父辈们的旗帜
- 【近】 banner, ensign, pendant, pennant

【考法 2】 v. 变得衰弱: to **become** unsteady, **feeble**, or spiritless

- 【例】 We flagged as we neared the end of the long mountain trail. 当我们终于快到达漫长山路的终点时,已经筋疲力尽
- 【近】 decay, decline, deteriorate, emaciate, fade, fail, languish, sag, waste, wilt, wither
- 【反】 thrive繁荣; revitalize, revive 恢复活力
- 【派】 unflagging adj. 坚持不懈的

flamboyant [flæm'borent]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 艳丽夺目的, 炫耀的, 充满装饰的: marked by or given to <u>strikingly elaborate</u> or colorful display or behavior; ornate
- 【例】 Las Vegas showgirls wearing flamboyant headdresses 打扮花哨的拉斯维加斯舞女
- 【近】 flaring, florid, garish, ornate, ostentatious, showy
- 【反】 natural 自然的; conservative, quiet, understated 低调的
- 【派】 flamboyance n. 炫目, 炫耀

flatter ['flætə]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 拍马屁,奉承,讨好: to **praise excessively** especially from motives of self-interest
- 【例】 Friends who flatter you to your face are not true friends. 当面拍你马屁的朋友都不是真正的朋友
- 【近】 adulate, blandish, compliment, court, massage, overpraise, stroke, wheedle
- 【反】 abuse 辱骂; censure, criticize 批评

【考法 2】 vt. 自我感觉良好: to think highly of (oneself)

【例】 Don't flatter yourself that no one has ever thought of that idea before.不要自欺欺人地认为别人没有考虑过那个想法

【近】 pique, plume

【考法 3】 vt. 使显得更漂亮: to **show** off becomingly or **advantageously**

- 【例】 Orange flatters those with golden skin tones. 橙色让黄肤色的人显得更漂亮
- 【近】 become, enhance, suit
- 【反】 mar, spoil 破坏
- 【派】 flattering adj.令人满足的,令人迷恋的

flaw [flo:]

【考法 1】 n. 瑕疵,缺点: an <u>imperfection</u>, often concealed, that impairs soundness

- 【例】 The absence of flaw in beauty is itself a flaw. 完美无瑕本身就是瑕疵
- 【近】 blight, blotch, defect, fault, imperfection, mar, scar, spot
- 【考法 2】 v. 降低,破坏,使不完美: to <u>reduce</u> the soundness, effectiveness, or <u>perfection</u> of
- 【例】 That crack has flawed the vase to the extent that its value in the antiques market is greatly reduced. 那道裂缝让这个花瓶在古董市场上大大地掉价
- 【近】 blemish, break, compromise, cripple, harm, hurt, impair, injure, spoil, vitiate
- 【反】 fix, mend, repair, revamp 修复, 改造
- 【派】 flawed adj. 有瑕疵的; flawless adj. 完美无瑕的

fledgling ['fledʒlɪŋ]

【考法 1】 n. 新手: a person who is just **starting out in a field** of activity

- 【例】 At hockey he's still a fledgling and needs to work on his basic skating skills. 在冰球场上他还是一个菜鸟,还需要在基本的滑冰技术上加强练习
- 【近】 apprentice, beginner, freshman, neophyte, novice, tyro, recruit, rookie
- 【反】 veteran 老兵,身经百战的人
- 【派】 fledge v. 鸟类长羽毛

fleet [fliːt]

【考法 1】 n. 舰队,车队: a group of vehicles traveling together or under one management

- 【例】 fleet of the Royal Navy 皇家海军的舰队
- 【近】 armada, caravan, cavalcade, motorcade

【考法 2】 adj. 迅速的: moving, proceeding, or acting with great speed

- 【例】 He was fleet as a deer. 他如小鹿般敏捷
- 【近】 brisk, expeditious, fast, hasty, nimble, quick, rapid, rattling, speedy, swift
- 【反】 slow 缓慢的

【考法 3】 vi. 快速通过: to move or pass swiftly

- 【近】 dart, flit, hurry, hustle
- 【反】 plod 沉重而缓慢地走
- 【派】 fleeting adj. 稍纵即逝的

flexible ['fleksibl]

【考法 1】 adj. 灵活的,可变的: capable of being readily changed

- 【例】 Our schedules are highly flexible. 我们的计划是非常灵活的
- 【近】 adaptable, adjustable, alterable, changeable, elastic, fluid, malleable, modifiable, pliable, variable

【反】 fixed, immutable, inflexible, invariable 确定的,不可变的; stiff, rigid 僵化的

【考法 2】 adj. 易受影响的: susceptible to influence or persuasion

- 【例】 Their boss was flexible and lenient. 他们的老板既好说话,又很仁慈
- 【近】 docile, manageable, tractable
- 【派】 flexibility n. 灵活性

flinch [flint[]

【考法 1】 vi. 畏缩; 退缩: to <u>draw back</u> in fear, pain, or disgust

- 【例】 He met my gaze without flinching. 他毫不畏缩地与我对视
- 【近】 cringe, quail, recoil, shrink, wince
- 【反】 face, meet 面对; confront 直面

flippancy ['flipensi]

【考法 1】 n. 轻率, 无礼: <u>unbecoming levity</u> or pertness especially in respect to grave or sacred matters

- 【例】 The flippancy of your answer annoyed me. 你轻率的回答让我很恼火
- 【近】 facetiousness, flightiness, frivolousness, frothiness, levity, silliness
- 【反】 earnestness, gravity, seriousness, soberness, solemnity, solemnness 严肃,认真

flirt [fla:t]

【考法 1】 vi. 调情: to behave amorously without serious intent

- 【例】 The waitress at that restaurant flirts with all single male customers. 这家餐厅的女服务员对所有的男性单身顾客都暗送秋波
- 【近】 coquet, dally, frivol, toy, trifle

【考法 2】 vi. 无规则地快速运动: to make an irregular series of quick, sudden movements

- 【例】 lazily watched the butterflies flirting among the wildflowers 储懒地看着蝴蝶在野花丛中乱舞
- 【近】 dance, dart, fleet, flick, flit, flutter, hurry, rush, zip

Unit 6

FLIT FLOCK FLORID FLOUNDER FLOURISH FLOUT FLUCTUATE FLUENT FLUKY FLUSH

flit [flit]

【考法 1】 vi. 快速或突然地经过: to **pass quickly** or abruptly from one place or condition to another

- 【例】 Memories of the evening flitted through her mind. 关于那一晚的记忆在她脑海中一掠而过。
- 【近】 dance, dart, fleet, flick, flirt, flutter, hurry, rush, zip
- 【反】 plod 沉重缓慢地走

flock [flok]

【考法 1】 n. 人群,兽群: a great number of persons or creatures massed together

- 【例】 a flock of ill-disposed reporters at the press conference 新闻发布会上一群不怀好意的记者
- 【近】 army, drove, herd, legion
- 【考法 2】 vi. 聚集, 集体行动: to congregate or travel in a flock or crowd
- 【例】 Vacationers flocked to the towns along the shore in order to escape the August heat. 度假的人们一起 涌向海岸,以躲避八月里的热浪
- 【近】 mob, swarm, throng

florid ['florid]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 辞藻华丽的, 花哨的: full of fine words and fancy expressions
- 【例】 gave a florid speech to attract attention 做了个辞藻华丽的演说以吸引眼球
- 【近】 bombastic, flowery, grandiloquent, magniloquent, rhetorical
- 【考法 2】 adj. 装饰华丽的: <u>elaborately</u> and often excessively <u>decorated</u>
- 【例】 a florid architectural style 华丽的建筑风格
- 【近】 baroque, bedizened, flamboyant, fussy, luscious, ornate
- 【反】 austere, plain, severe, stark, unadorned 朴素的,简单的

flounder ['flaunde]

- 【考法 1】 vi. 笨拙地行动,挣扎: to proceed or act clumsily or ineffectually
- 【例】 flounder through the desert 步履蹒跚地穿越沙漠
- 【近】 blunder, fumble, lumber, plod, struggle, trudge
- 【反】 glide, slide 滑行: breeze, waltz 轻松地行动

flourish ['flari[]

- 【考法 1】 vi. 茂盛; 繁荣: to grow luxuriantly; to achieve success
- 【例】 The program will flourish once it receives adequate funding. 这个项目只要有足够的资金就能大获成功
- 【近】 bloom, burgeon, prosper, thrive
- 【反】 languish, wane 变得衰弱,衰败: fail 失败
- 【考法 2】 n. 装饰: an embellishment or ornamentation
- 【例】 a bedroom with cute little flourishes 一间带有可爱小装饰的卧室 || Her writing style is simple and clear, without unnecessary flourishes.她的文风很简单清新,没有那些不必要的修饰
- 【近】 adornment, decoration, embellishment, ornamentation

flout [flaut]

- 【考法 1】 n./v. 嘲弄性不理会,蔑视: to <u>treat with</u> contemptuous <u>disregard</u>
- 【例】 flout the academic norm by plagiarizing 通过抄袭来蔑视学术规范
- 【近】 despise, disregard, gibe, sneer, taunt
- 【反】 respect, revere, venerate 尊敬

fluctuate ['flnktjuert]

- 【考法 1】 vi. 波动,无规则地变动: to **shift back and forth** uncertainly
- 【例】Stock prices fluctuate wildly.股票价格大幅波动 || Samples of ice cores collected from Antarctica suggested that the atmospheric concentration of carbon dioxide has been fluctuating periodically. 南极冰芯样本表明,大气中的二氧化碳浓度存在周期性的涨落
- 【近】 mutate, shift, swing, oscillate, vacillate, vary, waver
- 【反】 stabilize 保持稳定; plateau 到达稳定状态
- 【派】 fluctuation n. 涨落,波动

fluent['flu:ent]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 表达流利的: able to express oneself clearly and well
- 【例】 a very fluent speaker who always communicates his points well 一个总能明确指出要点的流利演说家
- 【近】 eloquent, silver-tongued, well-spoken
- 【反】 inarticulate, ineloquent, unvocal 说话不清的
- 【考法 2】 adj. 不费力的: involving minimal difficulty or effort
- 【例】 a fluent performance of one of the oldest magic tricks in the book 一场毫不费力的魔术,表演的是书本上最老的魔术之一
- 【近】 effortless, facile, fluid, painless, ready, simple, smooth
- 【反】 arduous, demanding, exacting, formidable, grueling, hard, laborious, murderous, rough, toilsome, tough
- 【派】 fluency n. 流畅,流利

fluky [flu:ki]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 侥幸的: coming or happening by good luck especially unexpectedly
- 【例】 a fluky coincidence that kept me safely at home when the blizzard hit一个偶然的巧合让我在暴风雪来袭时安全地待在家里
- 【近】 fortuitous, lucky, providential
- 【反】 hapless, unfortunate, unlucky, ill-fated 不幸的
- 【考法 2】 adj. 偶然的: happening by or depending on chance
- 【近】 casual, chance, inadvertent, incidental, unintended, unintentional
- 【反】 calculated, deliberate, intended, intentional, planned, premeditated 蓄意的,有预谋的
- 【派】 fluke n. 侥幸, 偶然

flush [fl∧∫]

- 【考法 1】 adj. (肤色)健康红润的: having a <u>healthy reddish</u> skin tone
- 【近】 blooming, florid, glowing, red, rosy, rubicund, sanguine
- 【反】 ashen, doughy, livid, pale, pallid, wan 苍白的,病态的
- 【考法 2】 adj. 富有的: having goods, property, or money in abundance
- 【例】 She's very flush now that she has her inheritance. 自从继承了那份遗产,她变得十分富有
- 【近】 affluent, loaded, opulent, wealthy
- 【反】 destitute, impoverished, indigent, needy, impecunious 贫穷的
- 【考法 3】 adj. 大量的: marked by abundance
- 【例】 a field flush with flowers 充满了鲜花的原野
- 【近】 abounding, abundant, awash, fraught, lousy, replete, swarming, teeming, thronging
- 【反】 inadequate, insufficient, scant, scarce, short 匮乏的,不足的
- 【考法 4】 vi. 冲洗: to **pour liquid** over or through in order to cleanse
- 【例】 flush a wound with iodine 用碘酒冲洗伤口
- 【近】 irrigate, rinse, sluice, wash

FLUSTER FOOTLOOSE FOIBLE FORBEARANCE

FOIL FOREBEAR

FOMENT FORESTALL FOOLPROOF FOREWORD

fluster ['flʌstə]

【考法 1】 v. 使慌乱: to put into a state of agitated confusion

- 【例】 A GPA of 1.0 flusters him. 1.0 的绩点让他很慌乱
- 【近】 abash, confound, confuse, discomfit, disconcert, discountenance, faze, mortify, nonplus, rattle
- 【反】 calm, quiet, settle, soothe, tranquilize安抚, 使情绪镇定

[ledicf'] **aldio**

【考法 1】 n. 小缺点: a minor flaw or shortcoming in character or behavior

- 【例】 admired their teacher despite his foibles 尽管有些小缺点,但还是很敬佩他们的老师
- 【近】 demerit, dereliction, failing, fault, frailty, shortcoming, sin, vice, want, weakness
- 【反】 merit, virtue 优点,美德

[lɪcf] lioì

【考法 1】 v. 挫败: to prevent from being successful; defeat

- 【例】 foil her enemy by pulling some strings 通过一些关系和手段挫败了她的对手
- 【近】 baffle, balk, beat, checkmate, discomfit, frustrate, thwart
- 【反】 forward, foster, further, promote 帮助, 促进

foment [fəʊ'ment]

【考法 1】 vt. 助长,煽动: to promote the growth or development of

- 【例】 He was accused of fomenting violence. 他被指控煽动暴力行为
- 【近】 abet, brew, ferment, incite, instigate, provoke, raise, stir
- 【反】 quash, quell, quench, squash 平息,镇压

foolproof ['fu:lpru:f]

【考法 1】 adj. 十分简单以至于不会失败的: so simple, plain, or reliable as to <u>leave no opportunity for error</u>, misuse, or failure

- 【例】 Anything foolproof is impossible and what truly counts is probability. 没有万无一失的事情,真正的问题在于概率
- 【近】 guaranteed, infallible, safe, unfailing, fail-safe
- 【反】 fallible 容易出错的

footloose ['fotlu:s]

【考法 1】 adj. 无拘无束的,自由的: <u>having no attachments</u> or ties; free to do as one pleases

- 【例】 After having been chained for so long, the suddenly footloose dog ran about the yard tirelessly. 这只长期被锁链束缚的小狗因为突然之间获得了自由,在院子里不知疲倦地奔跑
- 【近】 loose, unbound, unconfined, unfettered, unrestrained, untrammeled
- 【反】 bound, confined, restrained, tied 有束缚的

forbearance [fo:'bearans]

【考法 1】 n. 克制; 忍耐: tolerance and restraint in the face of provocation; patience

- 【例】 reach the end of my forbearance到了让我忍无可忍的地步
- 【近】 patience, temperance, tolerance, toleration
- 【反】 impatience 不耐烦
- 【考法 2】 n. 友好仁慈的态度: <u>kind, gentle, or compassionate treatment</u> especially towards someone who is undeserving of it
- 【例】 The judge showed forbearance, and gave the teenaged first offender a suspended sentence. 法 官 网 开一面,给了初犯的少年犯一个缓刑
- 【近】 charity, clemency, leniency, mercifulness, quarter
- 【反】 vindictiveness 恶意

forebear ['fo:beə]

- 【考法 1】 n. 祖先: a person from whom one is descended; an ancestor
- 【例】 The son of Abrahamis traditionally considered to be the forebear of the Arabs.亚伯拉罕之子传统上被认为是阿拉伯人的祖先
- 【近】 ancestor, antecedent, asendant,father, grandfather, primogenitor, progenitor
- 【反】 descendant, offspring 后代

forestall [foːˈstoːl]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 预先阻止: to delay, hinder, or prevent by taking precautionary measures beforehand
- 【例】 You can often forestall skidding on the ice simply by driving more slowly. 通常你只需慢点开车就可以防止车辆在冰面上失控打滑
- 【近】 avert, deter, obviate, preclude, prevent
- 【反】 abet, assist, facilitate, further, precipitate, promote 帮助, 促进

foreword['fo:wa:d]

- 【考法 1】n. 前言: a <u>preface</u> or an introductory note, as for a book, especially by a person other than the author
- 【例】 The foreword of this book is co-written by Jason and Franklin. 这本书的序由 Jason 和 Franklin 共同写成
- 【近】 beginning, introduction, overture, preamble, preface, prelude, prologue
- 【反】 epilogue, coda 尾声; finale 终场

Unit 8

FORGE FORMIDABLE FORTHRIGHT FORTIFY FOSTER FOUNDER FRACAS FRACTURE FRAGILE FRAIL

forge [fo:d3]

- 【考法 1】 v. 伪造: to make or **imitate falsely** especially with intent to defraud
- 【例】 The boy forged his father's signature on his transcript. 小男孩在他的成绩单上伪造了父亲的签名
- 【近】 coin, counterfeit, fabricate, fake
- 【考法 2】 v. 锻造,铸就: to form (as metal) by or as if by heating and hammering
- 【例】a real man forged by adversity 一个经磨难考验而成的纯爷们 || They agreed to forge closer economic

and political ties. 他们就打造双边的紧密政治经济联系达成了共识

- 【近】build, construct, form, make, manufacture, mold, shape
- 【派】 forger n. 打铁匠

formidable ['fo:midəbəl]

【考法 1】 adj. 令人害怕的: causing fear, dread, or apprehension

- 【例】 a nation that possesses formidable nuclear deterrence 一个拥有可怕核威慑力量的国家
- 【近】 direful, dreadful, fearsome, forbidding, ghastly, horrible, intimidating, redoubtable, terrifying
- 【反】 comforting 给人安慰的
- 【考法 2】 adj. 艰难的: requiring considerable physical or mental effort
- 【例】 running a marathon is a formidable undertaking 跑马拉松是个困难的任务 || They have recently made a formidable decision. 他们最近做出了一个艰难的决定
- 【近】 arduous, challenging, demanding, exacting, grueling, heavy, laborious, sweaty, toilsome, tough, strenuous
- 【反】 easy, effortless, facile, mindless, simple 轻松的, 简单的

forthright ['fɔ:θraɪt]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 直率的,说话率真的: free in expressing one's true feelings and opinions
- 【例】 her forthright way of dealing with people 她率真的为人处事方式
- 【近】 candid, forthcoming, frank, honest, open, outspoken, straightforward
- 【反】 dissembling 虚伪的
- 【考法 2】 adj. 直接的,不绕弯子的: free from ambiguity or evasiveness: going straight to the point
- 【例】 was forthright in appraising the problem 直截了当地评价这个问题
- 【近】 direct, plain, straight
- 【反】 circuitous, indirect, roundabout 不直接的,绕弯子的

fortify ['fo:tɪfaɪ]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 加固,鼓励: to give physical strength, courage, or endurance to
- 【例】 This country will fortify the coastal areas. 这个国家要加强沿海地区的防御
- 【近】 energize, harden, invigorate, reinforce, strengthen, toughen
- 【反】 debilitate, enervate, enfeeble, vitiate, weaken 使衰弱, 削弱
- 【考法 2】 vt. 做好心理准备: to <u>prepare</u> (oneself) <u>mentally</u> or emotionally
- 【例】 She fortified herself for the incoming tennis tournament with a series of confidence-boosting exercises. 她通过一系列练习赛来找自信,为即将到来的网球锦标赛做好心理准备
- 【近】 brace, forearm, gird, nerve, poise, ready, steel

foster ['fo:rstər]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 促进,鼓励: to <u>help the growth</u> or development of
- 【例】 detect and foster artistic talent 发现并培养艺术天分
- 【近】 advance, encourage, forward, further, incubate, promote
- 【反】 discourage, frustrate, inhibit 阻碍,妨碍
- 【考法 2】 vt. 培养: to bring to maturity through care and education
- 【例】 a greathearted couple fostering two adopted children as well as their own 对两个养子像自己的孩子一样培养的好心夫妇
- 【近】 breed, cultivate, nourish, nurse, nurture, raise, rear

founder ['faundə]

【考法 1】 n. 建立者: one that founds or establishes

- 【例】 founders of the nation 国父们
- 【近】 architect, author, creator, father, generator, initiator, originator, sire
- 【反】 terminator 终结者

【考法 2】 vi. 完败: to fail utterly

- 【例】 The theater company foundered after its corporate funding dried up. 在其基金告罄之后,这个戏剧公司彻底失败了
- 【近】 collapse, flunk, miss, strike out, wash out
- 【反】 succeed, work out 成功

【考法 3】 vi. 沉没: to become submerged

- 【例】The ship struck a reef and foundered. 船因触礁而沉没
- 【近】sink, submerge, submerse, go down
- 【反】float 漂浮

fracas ['fræka:]

【考法 1】 n. 争吵, 吵闹: a <u>physical dispute</u> between opposing individuals or groups; a rough and often <u>noisy</u> fight usually involving several people

- 【例】 The police were called in to break up the fracas.警察奉命去制止骚乱
- 【近】 battle, clash, combat, conflict, contest, hassle, skirmish, struggle, tussle

fracture ['frækt[ə]

【考法 1】 n. 破裂: the act or process of **breaking**

- 【例】 a sudden fracture of the established order 已建立起的秩序被突然打破
- 【近】 breach, break, rupture, schism, split
- 【反】 unity 统一

【考法 2】 v. 打碎,破坏: to cause to <u>separate into pieces</u> usually suddenly or forcibly

- 【例】 Their happiness was fractured by an unforeseen tragedy. 他们的幸福生活被突如其来的悲剧打破了
- 【近】 disrupt, fragment, rive
- 【反】 cement 接合

fragile ['frædʒl]

【考法 1】 adj. 易碎的: easily broken or destroyed

- 【例】 a fragile piece of glass 一块易碎的玻璃
- 【近】 breakable, feeble, frail, friable, frangible, infirm, unsound, weak
- 【反】 tough, durable 抗打击的

【考法 2】 adj. 易受伤的,脆弱的: <u>easily injured</u> without careful handling

- 【例】 Babies are extremely fragile, so remember to care for them gently. 小孩子特别容易受伤,所以要记得温柔地对待他们
- 【近】 delicate, sensitive
- 【派】 fragility n. 脆弱

frail [freil]

【考法 1】 adj. 虚弱的: physically weak

- 【例】 Working for three days without any sleep made him extremely frail. 连续三天的彻夜工作使他极为虚弱
- 【近】 weak, effete, enervated, feeble, fragile, infirm, languid, unsubstantial
- 【反】 robust 充满活力的

hale, sturdy 健壮的

【考法 2】 adj. (意志) 薄弱的: easily led astray; morally weak

- 【例】 frail and pathetic humanity 容易误入歧途的可悲人性
- 【近】 characterless, invertebrate, nerveless, spineless
- 【反】 faithful, resolute 意志坚定的,有坚定信念的

【考法 3】 adj. (希望)渺茫的: slight, unsubstantial

- 【例】 a frail hope of success 成功的机会渺茫
- 【近】 fragile, negligible, slight, small
- 【反】 good 很有希望的
- 【派】 frailty n. 虚弱,(意志) 脆弱

Unit 9

FRAUDULENT FRAUGHT FRENZY FREQUENT FRETFUL FRIABLE FRICTION FRIGID FRINGE FRIVOLOUS

fraudulent ['frodjolent]

【考法 1】adj. 欺诈的: characterized by, based on, or done by fraud

- 【例】 a fraudulent interpretation of experimental data 对实验数据的欺骗性解释
- 【近】 deceitful, deceptive, dishonest, duplicitous, guileful, underhanded
- 【反】 reliable, trustworthy 可信的; authentic 真实的; honest, straight 诚实的
- 【派】 fraudulence n. 欺骗

fraught [fro:t]

【考法 1】 adj. 充满的: full of or accompanied by something

- 【例】 an experience fraught with peril 充满危险的经历
- 【近】 abounding, abundant, awash, flush, replete, thronging
- 【反】 scarce 稀缺的

【考法 2】 adj. 令人忧虑的: causing or characterized by <u>emotional distress</u> or tension

- 【例】 a fraught relationship between the two neighboring countries 两邻国间令人担忧的关系
- 【近】 uneasy, agitating, anxious, distressful, disturbing, restless, tense, unsettling, nail-biting
- 【反】 calming, relaxing 使人镇静的,使人放松的

frenzy ['frenzi]

【考法 1】 n. 疯狂, 狂怒: a violent mental or emotional agitation

- 【例】 She is subject to these frenzies several times a year. 她每年都要暴怒几次
- 【近】 delirium, fever, furor, fury, hysteria, insanity, rage, rampage, uproar
- 【反】 sanity 理智
- 【派】 frenetic adj. 疯狂的

frequent ['fri:kwent]

【考法 1】 v. 时常拜访: to pay frequent visits to; be in or at often

- 【例】 to frequent opera houses 时常造访歌剧院
- 【近】 haunt, resort, visit
- 【反】 avoid, shun 躲避

【考法 2】 adj.时常发生的,重复再现的: happening at short intervals; often repeated or occurring

- 【近】 common, constant, everyday, habitual, periodical, repeated
- 【反】 rare 稀有的,少见的
- 【派】 frequency n. 频率;频繁

fretful [fretfl]

【考法 1】 adj. 易怒的, 烦躁的: inclined to be <u>vexed</u> or troubled

- 【例】 Adolescence is the most fretful stages of human development. 青春期是人类发展过程中最恼人的阶段
- 【近】 irritable, fractious, peevish, pettish, petulant
- 【反】 easygoing 随和的
- 【派】 fret v. 使烦躁

friable ['fraɪəbəl]

【考法 1】 adj. 易碎的: <u>easily crumbled</u> or pulverized

- 【例】 friable mineral rock 易碎的矿石
- 【近】 crumbly, delicate, feeble, fragile, frail, infirm, weak
- 【反】 sturdy, substantial 坚固的

friction ['frɪk∫ən]

【考法 1】 n. 摩擦: the **rubbing** of one object or surface against another

- 【例】 lubricant that significantly reduces friction 能显著减少摩擦的润滑剂
- 【近】 abrasion

【考法 2】 n. 冲突,不和: the clashing between two persons or parties of opposed views

- 【例】 There is a friction between the professor and students. 教授和学生之间存在不和
- 【近】 disagreement, conflict, contention, dissidence, schism, war
- 【反】 accord, harmony, peace, concord 和谐
- 【派】 frictional adj. 产生摩擦的

frigid ['fridʒid]

【考法 1】 adj. 严寒的: extremely <u>cold</u>

- 【例】 an unusually frigid winter of Wuhan 武汉一个反常的寒冬
- 【近】 cold, arctic, chilling, freezing, frosty, glacial
- 【反】 roasting, scalding, scorching, searing, seething, sizzling, sultry, sweltering, torrid 炎热的

【考法 2】 adj. 冷漠的: <u>lacking warmth</u> or ardor

- 【例】 a formal but frigid welcome 一个正式但冷漠的招呼
- 【近】 indifferent, cold, emotionless, passionless, unresponsive
- 【反】 ardent, amorous, cordial 饱含感情的
- 【派】 frigidity n. 严寒; 冷漠

fringe [frind3]

【考法 1】 n. 边缘: something that resembles such a **border** or edging

- 【例】 "Don't act on the fringes of the law," warns the customs officer. 海关人员警告说: "不要打法律的擦边球"
- 【近】 border, boundary, circumference, edge, margin, perimeter, periphery, skirt
- 【反】 center, core 中心,核心

【考法 2】 v. 接壤: to be adjacent to

【近】 abut, border, neighbor, skirt, verge

frivolous ['frivələs]

【考法 1】 adj. 轻浮的: marked by <u>unbecoming levity</u>

- 【例】 a frivolous young woman 一个举止轻浮的年轻女子
- 【近】 giddy, shallow, superficial
- 【反】 earnest, sober, serious 严肃的

【考法 2】 adj. 不重要的: of <u>little</u> weight or <u>importance</u>

- 【例】 The frivolous comment was soon forgotten. 那个不值一提的评论很快就被遗忘了
- 【近】 trivial, flimsy, light, petty, trifling
- 【反】 consequential, eventful, meaningful, momentous, weighty 重要的
- 【派】 frivolity n. 轻浮, 轻佻

Unit 10

FROTHY	FROWSY	FRUGAL	FRUSTRATE	FULL-BODIED
FULMINATE	FUMBLE	FUROR	FURTIVE	FURY

frothy [froθi]

【考法 1】adj. 用轻薄材料制作的: made of <u>light</u> thin material

- 【例】 a frothy laptop made of carbon fiber and alloys 碳纤维以及合金制造的轻薄型笔记本电脑
- 【近】 delicate, gossamer, light
- 【反】 weighty 重的; sturdy 结实的
- 【考法 2】 adj. (内容等)欢乐轻佻、不严肃的: **gaily frivolous** or light in content or treatment
- 【例】 a frothy movie 一部有喜感的电影
- 【近】 flighty, frivolous, puerile
- 【反】 earnest, serious, sober 严肃的

frowsy ['frauzi]

【考法 1】 adj. 邋遢的: having a **slovenly** or uncared-for appearance

- 【例】 frowsy hair 邋遢的头发
- 【近】 slovenly, unkempt, untidy
- 【反】 dapper, neat, tidy, spruce 整洁的

【考法 2】 adj. 味道难闻的: having an <u>unpleasant smell</u>

- 【例】 The abandoned house was dank and frowsy and barely fit for human habitation. 这座废房子光线又暗,气味又难闻,几乎无法供人居住
- 【近】 fetid, noisome, smelly, stinky

【反】 ambrosial, aromatic, fragrant, redolent 芳香的

frugal ['fru:gəl]

【考法 1】 adj. 节约的: characterized by or reflecting **economy** in the use of resources

- 【例】 be frugal in her expenditures 节约她的开销
- 【近】 sparing, economical, provident, stingy
- 【反】 extravagant, prodigal, sumptuous 奢侈浪费的
- 【派】 frugality n. 节俭

frustrate ['frnstret]

【考法 1】 vt. 挫败,阻挠: to **prevent** from accomplishing a purpose or fulfilling a desire

- 【例】frustrated their scheme in time 及时挫败了他们的阴谋
- 【近】ruin, baffle, balk, circumvent, foil, thwart
- 【反】abet 帮助,鼓舞,教唆accomplish, fulfill 实现

【考法 2】 vt. 使沮丧: to lessen the courage or confidence of

- 【例】 frustrated by his failure 为他的失败感到沮丧
- 【近】 chill, daunt, dishearten, dismay, dispirit
- 【反】 embolden, encourage, nerve, steel 鼓舞
- 【派】 frustration n. 沮丧; 阻挠; frustrated adj. 沮丧的

full-bodied [ful-bodid]

【考法 1】 adj. 重要的: having importance, significance, or meaningfulness

- 【例】 a full-bodied study of genetic engineering 一项基因工程的重要研究
- 【近】 important, consequential, momentous, significant, weighty
- 【反】 trivial 不重要的

【考法 2】 adj. 味道浓烈的: having <u>richness</u> and intensity of <u>flavor</u> or aroma

- 【例】 full-bodied perfume in the cabin 车厢内浓郁的香水味
- 【近】 strong, concentrated
- 【反】 insipid 平淡无奇的

fulminate ['fulmenet]

【考法 1】 v. 大声斥责: to issue a thunderous verbal attack or denunciation

- 【例】 fulminate the so-called curricular reform 痛斥所谓的课程改革
- 【近】 criticize, blame, censure, condemn, denounce, denunciate, lambaste, reprehend, reprobate
- 【反】 applaud, compliment, praise 赞美
- 【派】 fulmination n. 训斥

fumble ['fnmbl]

【考法 1】 vt. 笨拙地做: to make awkward attempts to do or find something

- 【例】 fumbled in his pocket for a coin 从口袋里笨拙地摸出一枚硬币
- 【近】 botch, flounder, mess, stumble

【考法 2】 n. (无意识的)失误: an unintentional <u>departure from truth</u> or accuracy

- 【例】 played the entire piano piece without a single fumble 完美地演绎了整首钢琴曲
- 【近】 blunder, fault, gaffe, lapse, misstep, mistake

furor [fjʊərɔ:]

【考法 1】 n. 喧闹,激动,狂热: a state of <u>intense excitement</u> or ecstasy

【例】 The decision to raise tax has caused a great furor among the working class. 提高税收的决定引起了工人阶级的强烈反响

- 【近】 delirium, frenzy, fever, fury, hysteria, outrage, rage, uproar, wrath
- 【反】 serenity, tranquility 平静, 宁静
- 【反】 delight, pleasure 愉悦

furtive ['fɜːtɪv]

【考法 1】 adj. 鬼鬼祟祟的;秘密的: done by <u>stealth</u>

- 【例】 a furtive glance at her 朝她投去的隐秘一瞥
- 【近】 secret, clandestine, covert, stealthy, surreptitious
- 【反】 aboveboard 光明正大的; candid, forthright 坦率的
- 【派】 furtively adv. 秘密地

fury [ˈfjʊərɪ]

【考法 1】 n. 暴怒: intense, disordered, and often destructive rage

- 【例】 The gods unleashed their fury on the offending mortal. 诸神将怒火降在了对那些对神明不敬的凡人身上
- 【近】 anger, indignation, ire, mad, rage, wrath
- 【反】 forbearance 容忍; delight, pleasure 快乐,愉悦
- 【派】 furious adj. 狂暴的, 暴怒的