Assignemnt

Newton's Interpolation

```
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```

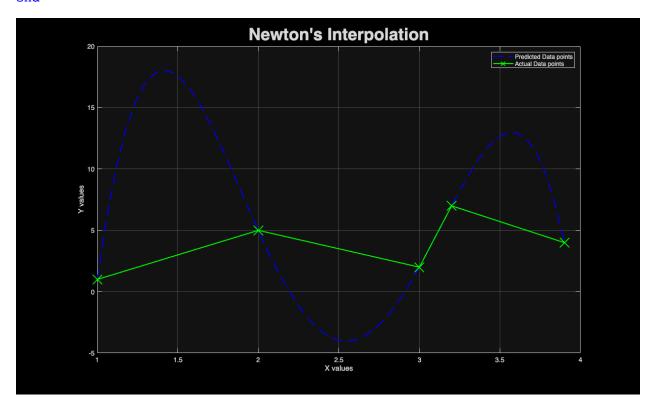
Function that finds slope

```
clc
clear

function [slope] = divided_difference(y2, y1, x2, x1)
        slope = (y2 - y1) / (x2 - x1);
end
```

Newton's Interpolation

```
function [sum] = NI(x, y, number)
    % The idea:
    % Intead of using matrix to store all the data, we use a single vector
    % and overwrite it, since the non diagonol hold no value to us for this
    % problem, I overwrite the y array itself
                     % a's are array of the coefficients
    as = [as, y(1)]; % First coefficient is y's first value itself
    temp_y = y;
                     % temp y is a copy of y, but temp y keeps shrinking its
size, see line 32
                                     % Number of Columns
    for order = 1: length(x)-1
        for i = 1: length(temp y)-1 % Number of Rows
            temp_y(i) = divided_difference(temp_y(i+1), temp_y(i), x(i + i))
order), x(i);
                                    % Finding Slope, tricky part is the x's
where we need to skip ith order of x
        end
        temp_y = temp_y(1: end-1); % Shrinking
        as = [as, temp_y(1)];
                                  % Appending to the as array
    end
    % This is to compute a0 + a1(x-x0) + a2(x-x0)(x-x1) \dots
    sum = 0;
    for i = 1: length(as)
        mul = 1;
```



Using the function

```
x = [1, 2,
               3,
                     3.2,
                             3.91;
y = [1, 5,
               2,
                     7,
                             4];
sample_points = 50;
% Predicting
test_xs = linspace(1, x(end), sample_points);
test_ys = [];
for i = 1: sample_points
    test_ys = [test_ys, NI(x, y, test_xs(i))];
end
% Plotting predicted Data
plot(test_xs, test_ys, '--b', 'LineWidth', 1.5, 'DisplayName', 'Predicted
Data points');
xlabel('X values');
ylabel('Y values');
title("Newton's Interpolation", 'FontSize', 25);
hold on
```

```
% Plotting actual Data
plot(x, y, 'g', 'LineWidth', 1.5, 'DisplayName', 'Actual Data points',
Marker='x', MarkerSize=20);
legend show
grid on;
```

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