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### **Assignment**

Gauss Seidel Iterator with rounding

```
: Mohamed Mafaz
% Name
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% Department : Applied Mechanics
clc;
clear;
A = \lceil 1/1 \rceil
           1/2 1/3 1/4;
                                        % A Matrix
     1/2
           1/3 1/4 1/5;
     1/3
           1/4 1/5 1/6;
     1/4
           1/5 1/6 1/7];
B = [25/12; 77/60; 57/60; 319/420]; % B Matrix
                                      % Initial Guess
X = zeros(1, length(B));
tolerance = 1e-12;
```

## Part 1 (Preprocessing)

```
function [] = Diag_dom(A)
    diag_dom = 0;
    for j = 1:length(A)
        sum = 0;
        for i = 1:length(A)
            if i ~= j
                sum = sum + abs(A(j, i)); % abs value of sum of non diagonal
elements
            end
        end
        if sum > abs(A(j, j))
            diag_dom = diag_dom + 1;
        end
    end
    if diag_dom > 0
        fprintf('Matrix is NOT Diagonally dominant :(\n\n')
    else
        fprintf('Matrix is Diagonally dominant :)\n\n')
    end
```

```
end
Diag_dom(A)

Matrix is NOT Diagonally dominant :(
```

#### Part 2 (Gauss-Seidel Function with rounding)

```
function [loops_taken, relative_error, X] = Gauss_Sadel(A, B, X, tolerance,
sig)
   relative error = Inf;
    loops_taken = 0;
    while (relative_error > tolerance)
       X_old = X;
        for j = 1:length(A)
            sum = 0;
            for i = 1:length(A)
                if i ~= j
                    % multiply then round
                    sum = sum + A(j,i) * X(i);
                    % temp = A(j,i) * X(i);
                    % temp = round(temp, sig, 'significant');
                    % sum = round(sum + temp, sig, 'significant'); %
Rounding of significant digits
                end
            end
            % numerator and division with rounding
            % num = round(B(j) - sum, sig, 'significant');
            % X(j) = round((B(j) - sum) / A(j,j), sig, 'significant');
           X(j) = vpa((B(j) - sum) / A(j,j), sig);
        end
        % relative error (use rounding too)
        relative_error = max(abs(X - X_old) ./ (X + 1e-9));
        loops_taken = loops_taken + 1;
    end
    if relative_error < tolerance</pre>
        fprintf("Loop: %d
                          ", loops_taken)
        for i = 1:length(X)
            fprintf(" X_%d: %.6f | ", i, X(i))
        end
    end
end
                 X 1: 1.000000
                                         X 2: 1.000000 |
Loop: 15905
                 X_4: 1.000000
                                      Relative error: 0.000000e+00
=== Gauss-Seidel with 6 significant digits ===
                 X 1: 1.000000
                                         X 2: 1.000000 |
Loop: 19194 |
1.000000 |
                                     Relative error: 9.947598e-13
                  X_4: 1.000000
```

# Part 3 (Post Processing)

```
% 3 sig
fprintf("\n=== Gauss-Seidel with 3 significant digits ===\n")
[loops3, rel3, X3] = Gauss_Sadel(A, B, X, tolerance, 3);
fprintf("Relative error: %e\n", rel3)
% 6 sig
fprintf("\n=== Gauss-Seidel with 6 significant digits ===\n")
[loops6, rel6, X6] = Gauss_Sadel(A, B, X, tolerance, 6);
fprintf("Relative error: %e\n", rel6)
=== Gauss-Seidel with 3 significant digits ===
```

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