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In [4]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from scipy import stats
from scipy.stats import norm
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In [5]: # Mean Profit from the two divisions:profit1 +profit(2) = mean1 +me
mean = 5+7
print('Mean Profit is Rs',mean*45,'Million')
```

Mean Profit is Rs 540 Million

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In [8]: # Standard Deviation from two divisions = Sd1^2 +Sd2^2
sd = np.sqrt(9+16)
print('Standard deviation is Rs',sd*45,'Million')
```

Standard deviation is Rs 225.0 Million

A. Specify a Rupee range (centered on the mean) such that it contains 95% probability for the annual profit of the company.

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In [9]: print('Range is Rs',(stats.norm.interval(0.95,540,225)), 'in Million')
```

Range is Rs (99.00810347848784, 980.9918965215122) in Millions

B. Specify the 5th percentile of profit (in Rupees) for the company

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In [12]: # To specify 5th percentile , we have formula  $X=\mu + Z\sigma$ 
X = 540 + (-1.645 *225) # From Z _table 5 percentile = -1.645
print('5th percentile of profit (in Rupees) for the company is',np.
```

5th percentile of profit (in Rupees) for the company is 170.0

C. Which of the two divisions has a larger probability of making a loss in a given year?

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In [13]: # Probability of making Division1 loss =  $P(X<0)$ 
stats.norm.cdf(0,5,3)
```

Out[13]: 0.0477903522728147

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In [14]: # Probability of making Division2 loss =  $P(X < 0)$ 
stats.norm.cdf(0,7,4)
```

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Out[14]: 0.040059156863817086
```

Inference :

Probability of Division 1 making a loss in given year than Division 2

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In [ ]:
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