

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

Signature

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Table of Contents

Table of Tables	3
1 Preface.....	4
1.1 Conventions Used in This Document.....	5
1.2 Document Version Information.....	6
2 Introduction.....	7
2.1 Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification	8
3 API Signature Definition	9
3.1 Signature Data Model.....	10
3.2 Generating a Signature	11
3.3 Validating Signature.....	12
4 API Signature Examples	13
4.1 Generating a Signature	14
4.2 Validating Signature.....	18

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

Table of Tables

Table 1 – Data model of HTTP header field FSPIOP-Signature	10
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Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

1 Preface

This section contains information about how to use this document.

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

1.1 Conventions Used in This Document

This document uses the notational conventions for BASE64URL(OCTETS), UTF8(STRING), ASCII(STRING), and || defined in RFC 7515¹.

The following conventions are used in this document to identify the specified types of information

Type of Information	Convention	Example
Elements of the API, such as resources	Boldface	/authorization
Variables	Italics within angle brackets	<ID>
Glossary terms	Italics on first occurrence; defined in <i>Glossary</i>	The purpose of the API is to enable interoperable financial transactions between a <i>Payer</i> (a payer of electronic funds in a payment transaction) located in one <i>FSP</i> (an entity that provides a digital financial service to an end user) and a <i>Payee</i> (a recipient of electronic funds in a payment transaction) located in another FSP.
Library documents	Italics	User information should, in general, not be used by API deployments; the security measures detailed in <i>Signature</i> and <i>Encryption</i> should be used instead.

¹ <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7515#section-1.1> – JSON Web Signature (JWS) - Notational Conventions

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

1.2 Document Version Information

Version	Date	Change Description
1.0	2018-03-13	Initial version
1.1	2020-05-09	<p>This version contains the below changes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Sections 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3 have been updated based on "Solution Proposal 12 - Clarify usage of FSPIOP-Destination"- ExtensionList elements in Section 4 have been updated based on the issue "Interpretation of the Data Model for the ExtensionList element", to fix the data model of the extensionList Object.

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

2 Introduction

This document details the security methods to be implemented for Open API for FSP Interoperability (hereafter cited as the API) to ensure *integrity* and *non-repudiation* between the API client and the API server.

In information security, *data integrity* means maintaining and assuring the accuracy and completeness of data over its entire lifecycle. For the API, data integrity means that an API message cannot be modified in an unauthorized or undetected manner by parties involved in the API communication.

In legal terms, *non-repudiation* means that a person intends to fulfill their obligations to a contract. It also means that one party in a transaction cannot deny having received the transaction, nor can the other party deny having sent the transaction. For the API, non-repudiation means that an API client cannot deny having sent an API message to a counterparty. JSON Web Signature (JWS), as defined in RFC 7515², must be applied to the API to provide message integrity and non-repudiation for either component fields of an API payload or the full API payload. Whenever an API client sends an API message to a counterparty, the API client should sign the message using its private key. After the counterparty receives the API message, the counterparty must validate the signature with the API client's public key. Only the HTTP request message of an API message need to be signed, any HTTP response message of the APIs SHALL NOT be signed.

Note: The corresponding public key should either be shared in advance with the counterparty or retrieved by the counterparty (for example, the local scheme Certificate Authority).

Because intermediary fees are not supported in the current version of the API, intermediaries involved in API message-transit may not modify the API message payload. Thus, the signature at full payload level is used to protect the integrity of the full payload of an API message from end-to-end. Regardless of how many intermediaries there are in transit, the original payload cannot be modified by the intermediaries. The final recipient of the API message must validate the signature generated by the original API client based on the message payload received.

Note: Whether the signature needs to be validated by the intermediaries in transit is determined by the internal implementation of each intermediary or the local schema.

Note: In a future version of the API, intermediary fees may be supported; at that time, signature-at-field-level may also be supported. However, both features are out-of-scope for the current version of the API.

² <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7515> - JSON Web Signature (JWS)

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

2.1 Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

The Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification includes the following documents.

2.1.1 General Documents

- *Glossary*

2.1.2 Logical Documents

- *Logical Data Model*
- *Generic Transaction Patterns*
- *Use Cases*

2.1.3 Asynchronous REST Binding Documents

- *API Definition*
- *JSON Binding Rules*
- *Scheme Rules*

2.1.4 Data Integrity, Confidentiality, and Non-Repudiation

- *PKI Best Practices*
- *Signature*
- *Encryption*

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

3 API Signature Definition

This section introduces the technology used by the API signature, including the data exchange format for the signature of an API message and the mechanism used to generate and verify a signature.

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

3.1 Signature Data Model

The API uses a customized HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Signature** to represent the signature that is produced by the initiating API client for the API message. The data model for this parameter is described in Table 1.

The entire message-body is used for the signature, meaning that nothing in the message-body is allowed to be changed by an intermediate system. Any modification of the message-body will result in a signature verification error.

It is the message-initiator that decides which HTTP headers should be protected in addition to the mandatory protected headers detailed in Table 1. Intermediate systems are allowed to add new HTTP headers, but any added HTTP header will not be protected. Similarly, unprotected HTTP headers can also be changed by intermediate systems. A modified protected HTTP header will result in a signature verification error.

Note: Currently the API does not support intermediaries in an API message; only the message-initiator can sign a message. If this is required in the future, there will be new customized HTTP header parameter, but this is out-of-scope for the current version of the API.

Name	Cardinality	Type	Description
protectedHeader	1	String(1..32768)	<p>This element indicates the HTTP header parameters that are protected by the signature. Its value must be BASE64URL(UTF8(JWS Protected Header)).</p> <p>According to JWS specification, the alg header parameter must be present to identify the cryptographic algorithm used to secure the JWS.</p> <p>A customized parameter FSPIOP-URI that represents the URI path and query parameters of HTTP request message of the APIs must be present.</p> <p>A customized parameter FSPIOP-HTTP-Method that holds the HTTP method used in the HTTP message must be present.</p> <p>A customized parameter FSPIOP-Source that represents the system which sent the API request must be present.</p> <p>The customized HTTP header parameter FSPIOP-Destination is mandatory in protectedHeader if the destination FSP is known by the message-initiator. Otherwise this header must not be protected as it can be changed by intermediate systems. See API Definition for more information regarding which services that the header FSPIOP-Destination is optional for.</p>
signature	1	String(1..512)	<p>This element indicates the signature. Its value is part of JWS serialization; that is, BASE64URL(JWS Signature).</p>

Table 1 – Data model of HTTP header field FSPIOP-Signature

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

3.2 Generating a Signature

To create the signature for an API message, the following steps are performed. The order of the steps is not significant in cases where there are no dependencies between the inputs and outputs of the steps.

1. Create the content to be used as the JWS Payload. Because the signature is currently at full payload level, the full HTTP body of the API message is the JWS Payload.
2. Compute the encoded payload value `BASE64URL(JWS Payload)`.
3. Create the JSON object or objects containing the desired JWS Protected Header.
 - A. The **alg** JWS Protected Header parameter must be present. In the API, the available algorithms for the signature are **RS256**, **RS384**, **RS512**. A key of size 2048 bits or larger must be used with these algorithms.
 - B. Other parameters registered in the IANA *JSON Web Signature and Encryption Header Parameters*³ are optional.
 - C. The customized parameter **FSPIOP-URI** must be included in JWS Protected Header to protect the URI path and query parameters of the APIs.
 - D. The customized parameter **FSPIOP-HTTP-Method** must be included in JWS Protected Header to protect the HTTP request operation method.
 - E. The parameter **FSPIOP-Source** must be present, and its value comes from the corresponding HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Source**.
 - F. The parameter **FSPIOP-Destination** must be present if the destination FSP is known by the message-initiator, and its value must then be the same as the HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Destination**.
 - G. Other HTTP Header parameters of the APIs are recommended to be included in JWS Protected Header, but they are optional in this JWS Protected Header. It is not allowed to have multiple parameters in the JWS Protected Header with the same name in different cases. As an example, it is not allowed to have one parameter named **Date** and another one named **dATE**.
4. Compute the encoded header value `BASE64URL(UTF8(JWS Protected Header))`.
5. Compute the JWS Signature according to the JWS specification using the output of Step 2 and Step 4.
6. Compute the encoded signature value `BASE64URL(JWS Signature)`.
7. Compute the value for the HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Signature** as described in Section 3.1. The value for this **FSPIOP-Signature** is a JSON Object Serialization string.

Note: If JSON Web Encryption (JWE) is used to encrypt some fields of the payload (for more information, see *Encryption*), then the API client should first encrypt the desired fields, then replace the plain text of those fields with the encoded cipher text in the payload, and then finally sign the payload.

³ <https://www.iana.org/assignments/jose/jose.xhtml#web-signature-encryption-header-parameters> - JSON Web Signature and Encryption Header Parameters

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

3.3 Validating Signature

When validating the signature of an API request, the following steps are performed. Please note that as stated in *API Definition*, the HTTP header field names are case-insensitive. The order of the steps is not significant in cases where there are no dependencies between the inputs and outputs of the steps. If any of the listed steps fails, then the signature cannot be validated.

1. Parse the HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Signature** to get the components **protectedHeader** and **signature**.
2. Use BASE64URL to decode the encoded representation of the JWS Protected Header. Verify that the resulting octet sequence is a UTF-8-encoded representation of a completely valid JSON object conforming to JSON Data Interchange Format, defined in RFC 7159⁴.
3. Verify the parameters in the JWS Protected Header.
 - a) The parameter **alg** must be present and its value must be one of **RS256**, **RS384**, **RS512**.
 - b) Other parameters registered in the IANA *JSON Web Signature and Encryption Header Parameters* are optional.
 - c) The parameter **FSPIOP-URI** must be present and its value must be the same as the input URL value of the request.
 - d) The parameter **FSPIOP-HTTP-Method** must be present and its value must be same as the operation method of the request.
 - e) The parameter **FSPIOP-Source** must be present, and its value must be the same as the corresponding HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Source**.
 - f) If the parameter **FSPIOP-Destination** is present in the JWS Protected Header, then its value must be same as the corresponding HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Destination**.
 - g) If there are other HTTP header parameters present in JWS Protected Header, then their values must be validated with the corresponding HTTP header values.
4. Compute the encoded payload value BASE64URL(JWS Payload). Because the current signature is at full payload level, the full HTTP body of the API message is the JWS Payload.
5. Validate the JWS Signature against the JWS Signing Input ASCII(BASE64URL(UTF8(JWS Protected Header)) || '.' || BASE64URL(JWS Payload)) in the manner defined for the algorithm being used, which must be accurately represented by the value of the **alg** (algorithm) Header Parameter. As HTTP header field names are case-insensitive and the signature validation of the **protectedHeader** is case-sensitive, the **protectedHeader** must be used exactly as it was received from the other FSP when validating the JWS signature.
6. Record whether the validation succeeded.

⁴ <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7159> - The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

4 API Signature Examples

This section uses a typical quote process to explain how the API signature is implemented using JWS. The FSPs in the API can verify that their internal implementation for API signature is correct using the following case.

The case in this section uses RS256 as the signature algorithm. The RSA key used for the signature example is represented in JSON Web Key (JWK), defined in RFC 7517⁵, format below (with line breaks and indentation within values for display purposes only):

```
{
  "kty": "RSA",
  "n": "ofgWCuLjybRlzo0tZWJjNiuSfb4p4fAkd_wWJcyQoTbji9k0l8W26mPddx
    HmfHQp-Vaw-4qPCJrcS2mJPMEzP1Pt0Bm4d4Q1L-yRT-SFd2lZS-pCgNmS
    D1W_YpRPEwQWvG6b32690r2jZ47soMZo9wGzjb_70Mg0L0L-bSf63kpaSH
    SXndS5z5rexMdbBYUsLA9e-KXBdQ0S-UTo7WTBEMa2R2CapHg665xsmtdV
    MTBQY4uDZlxb3qCo5ZwKh9kG4LT6_I5Ih1JH7aGhyxXFvUK-DWNmoudF8
    NAc09_h9iaGNj8q2ethFkMLs91kzk2PAcDTW9gb54h4FRWyuXpoQ",
  "e": "AQAB",
  "d": "Eq5xpGnNCivDflJsRQBxHx1hdR1k6U1we2JZD50LpXyWPEAeP88vLN097I
    j1A7_GQ5sLKMgvfTeXZx9SE-7YwVol2NX0oAJe46sui395IW_GO-pWJ100
    BkTGoVen2bKVRUCgu-GjBVaYLU6f319kJfFNS3E0QbVdxzubSu3Mkqzjkn
    439X0M_V51gfpRLI9JYanrC4D4qAdGcopV_0ZHHzQ1BjudU2QvXt4ehNYT
    CBr6XCLQUShb1juU01ZdiYoFaFQT5Tw8bGU1_x_jTj3ccPDVZFD9pIuhLh
    B0neufuBiB4cS9812SR_RQyGWSeWjnczT0QU91p1DhOVRu0opznQ",
  "p": "4BzEE0tIpmVdVEZNCqS7baC4crd0pqnRH_5IB3jw3bcxGn6QLvnEtfdUdi
    YrqBdss1158BQ3KhooKeQTa9AB0Hw_Py5PJdTJNPY8cQn7ouZ2KKDcmnPG
    BY5t7yLc1Q1Q5xHdwW1VhvKn-nXqhJTBgIPgtldC-KDV5z-y2XDwGUc",
  "q": "uQPEfgmVtjL0Uyyx88GZFF1fOunH3-7cepKmtH4pxhtCoHqpWmT8YAmZxa
    ewHgHAjLYsp1ZSe7zFYHj7C6u17TjeLQeZD_YwD66t62wDmpe_H1B-TnBA
    -njbglfIsRLtXlnDzQkv5dTltRJ11BKBBypEEF6689rjcJIDEz9RWdc",
  "dp": "BwKfV3Akq5_MFZDFZCnW-wz1-CCo83WoZvnLQwCTeDv8uzluRSnm71I3Q
    CLdhrqE2e9YkxvuxdBfpT_Pi7Yz-F0Knu1R6HsJeDCjn12Sk3vmAktV2zb
    34MCdy7cpdTh_YVr7tss2u6vneTwrA86rZtu5Mbr1C1XsmvKxHQAdYo0",
  "dq": "h_96-mK1R_7glhsum81dZxjTnYynPbZpHzizJeeHcXYsXaaMwk010Dswa
    7I9xXDoRwbKgB719rrmI2oKr6N3Do9U0ajaHF-NKJnwgjMd2w9cjz3_-ky
    NlxAr2v4IKhGNpmM5iIgOS1VZn0Z68m6_pblBSp3nssTdlqvdtIiTHU",
  "qi": "IYd7DH0hrWvxkwPQsRM2tOgrjbcrfvtQJipd-DlcyVuuM9sQLdgjV2k2o
    y26F0EmpScGLq2MowX7fhd_QJQ3ydy5cY7YIBi87w93IKLEdfnbJtoOPLU
    W0ITrJRe0go1cq9SbsxYawBgfp_ghA5603k2-ZQwVK0JKSHuLFkuQ3U"
}
```

⁵ <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7517> - JSON Web Key (JWK)

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

4.1 Generating a Signature

The following message text is an example of **POST /quotes** without a signature sent by Payer FSP to a counterparty (line breaks and indentation within values for display purposes only).

```
POST /quotes HTTP/1.1
Accept: application/vnd.interoperability.quotes+json;version=1.0
FSPIOP-Source:1234
FSPIOP-Destination:5678
Content-Length:975
Date:Tue, 23 May 2017 21:12:31 GMT
Content-Type:application/vnd.interoperability.quotes+json;version=1.0

{
  "amount": { "amount": "150", "currency": "USD" },
  "transactionType": {
    "scenario": "TRANSFER", "initiator": "PAYER",
    "subScenario": "P2P Transfer across MM systems",
    "initiatorType": "CONSUMER"
  },
  "transactionId": "36629a51-393a-4e3c-b347-c2cb57e1e1fc",
  "quoteId": "59e331fa-345f-4554-aac8-fcd8833f7d50",
  "expiration": "2017-05-24T08:40:00.000-04:00",
  "payer": {
    "personalInfo": {
      "dateOfBirth": "1986-02-14",
      "complexName": { "middleName": "Ben",
        "lastName": "Lee", "firstName": "Bill" } },
      "name": "Bill Lee",
      "partyIdInfo": { "fspId": "1234", "partyIdType": "MSISDN",
        "partySubIdOrType": "RegisteredCustomer",
        "partyIdentifier": "16135551212" }
    },
    "payee": {
      "partyIdInfo": { "fspId": "5678",
        "partyIdType": "MSISDN",
        "partyIdentifier": "15295558888" }
    },
    "fees": { "amount": "1.5", "currency": "USD" },
    "extensionList": {
      "extension": [
        { "value": "value1", "key": "key1" },
        { "value": "value2", "key": "key2" },
        { "value": "value3", "key": "key3" } ]
    },
    "note": "this is a sample for POST /quotes",
    "geoCode": {
      "longitude": "125.520001", "latitude": "57.323889" },
    "amountType": "RECEIVE"
  }
}
```

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

4.1.1 Computing Signature Input

According to JWS specification, the signature input is `BASE64URL(UTF8(JWS Protected Header)) || '.' || BASE64URL(JWS Payload)`.

Assuming the HTTP header parameters **Date** and **FSPIOP-Destination** are protected by the signature, and the algorithm RS256 is used to sign the message, the JWS Protected Header in this case is as follows (line breaks and indentation within values for display purposes only):

```
{
  "alg":"RS256",
  "FSPIOP-Destination":"5678",
  "FSPIOP-URI":"/quotes",
  "FSPIOP-HTTP-Method":"POST",
  "Date":"Tue, 23 May 2017 21:12:31 GMT",
  "FSPIOP-Source":"1234"
}
```

Encoding this JWS Protected Header as `BASE64URL(UTF8(JWS Protected Header))` gives this value:

eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsIkZTUElPUC1EZXN0aw5hdGlvbiI6IjU2NzgiLCJGU1BJT1AtVWVJJIjo
iL3F1b3RlcycIsIkZTUElPUC1IVFRQLU1ldGhvZCI6IlBPU1QiLCJEYXRlIjoiaVHVlLCAYMyBNYX
kgMjAxNyAyMT0xMj0zMSBHTVQiLCJGU1BJT1AtU291cmNlIjoiaMTIzNCJ9

In this case, JWS Payload is the HTTP Body described in Section 4.1. Encoding this JWS Payload as BASE64URL(JWS Payload) gives this value:

eyJwYXl1ZSI6eyJwYXJ0eUlkSW5mbyI6eyJwYXJ0eUlkSVHlWZSI6Ik1TSVNETiIsInBhcnR5SWRlbnRpZmllciI6IjE1Mjk1NTU0ODg4IiwiZnNwSWQiOiI1Njc4In19LCJhbW91bnRUeXB1IjoiUkVDRULWRSIsInRyYW5zYWwN0aw9uVHlwZSI6eyJzY2VuYXJpbyI6I1RSQU5TRkVSIiwiaw5pdG1hdG9yIjoiUEFZRVIiLCJzdWJTY2VuYXJpbyI6I1AyUCBUcmFuc2ZlciBhY3Jvc3MgTU0gc3lzdGVtcyIsImluaXRpYXRvc1R5cGUiOiJDT05TVU1FUj9LCJub3RlIjoidGhpcyBpcyBhIHhnbXBsZSBmb3IgeUE9TVCAvcXVvdGVzIiwiYW1vdW50Ij9p7ImFtb3VudCI6IjE1MCIsImN1cnJlbnN5IjoiVWNEIn0sImZlZXMiOnsiYW1vdW50IjoiMS41IiwiY3VycmVuY3kiOiJVVU0QifSwiZXh0ZW5zaW9uTGldzCI6W3sidmFsdWUiOiJ2YXxzTEiLCJrZXkiOiJrZXkxIn0seyJ2YXxzI2SI6InZhbHVlMiIsImtleSI6ImtleTIifSx7InZhbHVlIjoidmFsdWUzIiwiaw2V5Ijoia2V5MyJ9XSwiZ2VvQ29kZSI6eyJsYXRpdHVkZSI6IjU3LjMyMzg4OSIsImxvbmdpdHVkZSI6IjEyNS41MjAwMDEifSwiZXhwaXJhdGlvbiI6IjIwMTctMDUtMjRUMDg6NDA6MDAuMDAwLTA0OjAwIiwiicGF5ZXIiOnsicGVyc29uYXJbmZvIj9p7ImNvbXBsZXh0YW11Ij9p7ImZpcnN0TmFtZSI6Ik1JpbGwiLCJtaWRkbGV0YVw1IjoiQmVuIiwiTGFGZdE5hbWUiOiJmZWUifSwiZGF0ZU9mQmlydGgiOiIxOTg2LTAYLTE0In0sInBhcnR5SWRlbnRpZmllciI6IjE1Mjk1NTU0ODg4IiwiZnNwSWQiOiI1Njc4In19LCJhbW91bnRUeXB1IjoiUkVDRULWRSIsInRyYW5zYWwN0aw9uVHlwZSI6eyJzY2VuYXJpbyI6I1RSQU5TRkVSIiwiaw5pdG1hdG9yIjoiUEFZRVIiLCJzdWJTY2VuYXJpbyI6I1AyUCBUcmFuc2ZlciBhY3Jvc3MgTU0gc3lzdGVtcyIsImluaXRpYXRvc1R5cGUiOiJDT05TVU1FUj9LCJub3RlIjoidGhpcyBpcyBhIHhnbXBsZSBmb3IgeUE9TVCAvcXVvdGVzIiwiYW1vdW50Ij9p7ImFtb3VudCI6IjE1MCIsImN1cnJlbnN5IjoiVWNEIn0sImZlZXMiOnsiYW1vdW50IjoiMS41IiwiY3VycmVuY3kiOiJVVU0QifSwiZXh0ZW5zaW9uTGldzCI6W3sidmFsdWUiOiJ2YXxzTEiLCJrZXkiOiJrZXkxIn0seyJ2YXxzI2SI6InZhbHVlMiIsImtleSI6ImtleTIifSx7InZhbHVlIjoidmFsdWUzIiwiaw2V5Ijoia2V5MyJ9XSwiZ2VvQ29kZSI6eyJsYXRpdHVkZSI6IjU3LjMyMzg4OSIsImxvbmdpdHVkZSI6IjEyNS41MjAwMDEifSwiZXhwaXJhdGlvbiI6IjIwMTctMDUtMjRUMDg6NDA6MDAuMDAwLTA0OjAwIiwiicGF5ZXIiOnsicGVyc29uYXJbmZvIj9p7ImNvbXBsZXh0YW11Ij9p7ImZpcnN0TmFtZSI6Ik1JpbGwiLCJtaWRkbGV0YVw1IjoiQmVuIiwiTGFGZdE5hbWUiOiJmZWUifSwiZGF0ZU9mQmlydGgiOiIxOTg2LTAYLTE0In0sInBhcnR5SWRlbnRpZmllciI6IjE1Mjk1NTU0ODg4IiwiZnNwSWQiOiI1Njc4In19LCJhbW91bnRUeXB1IjoiUkVDRULWRSIsInRyYW5zYWwN0aw9uVHlwZSI6eyJzY2VuYXJpbyI6I1RSQU5TRkVSIiwiaw5pdG1hdG9yIjoiUEFZRVIiLCJzdWJTY2VuYXJpbyI6I1AyUCBUcmFuc2ZlciBhY3Jvc3MgTU0gc3lzdGVtcyIsImluaXRpYXRvc1R5cGUiOiJDT05TVU1FUj9LCJub3RlIjoidGhpcyBpcyBhIHhnbXBsZSBmb3IgeUE9TVCAvcXVvdGVzIiwiYW1vdW50Ij9p7ImFtb3VudCI6IjE1MCIsImN1cnJlbnN5IjoiVWNEIn0sImZlZXMiOnsiYW1vdW50IjoiMS41IiwiY3VycmVuY3kiOiJVVU0QifSwiZXh0ZW5zaW9uTGldzCI6W3sidmFsdWUiOiJ2YXxzTEiLCJrZXkiOiJrZXkxIn0seyJ2YXxzI2SI6InZhbHVlMiIsImtleSI6ImtleTIifSx7InZhbHVlIjoidmFsdWUzIiwiaw2V5Ijoia2V5MyJ9XSwiZ2VvQ29kZSI6eyJsYXRpdHVkZSI6IjU3LjMyMzg4OSIsImxvbmdpdHVkZSI6IjEyNS41MjAwMDEifSwiZXhwaXJhdGlvbiI6IjIwMTctMDUtMjRUMDg6NDA6MDAuMDAwLTA0OjAwIiwiicGF5ZXIiOnsicGVyc29uYXJbmZvIj9p7ImNvbXBsZXh0YW11Ij9p7ImZpcnN0TmFtZSI6Ik1JpbGwiLCJtaWRkbGV0YVw1IjoiQmVuIiwiTGFGZdE5hbWUiOiJmZWUifSwiZGF0ZU9mQmlydGgiOiIxOTg2LTAYLTE0In0sInBhcnR5SWRlbnRpZmllciI6IjE1Mjk1NTU0ODg4IiwiZnNwSWQiOiI1Njc4In19LCJhbW91bnRUeXB1IjoiUkVDRULWRSIsInRyYW5zYWwN0aw9uVHlwZSI6eyJzY2VuYXJpbyI6I1RSQU5TRkVSIiwiaw5pdG1hdG9yIjoiUEFZRVIiLCJzdWJTY2VuYXJpbyI6I1AyUCBUcmFuc2ZlciBhY3Jvc3MgTU0gc3lzdGVtcyIsImluaXRpYXRvc1R5cGUiOiJDT05TVU1FUj9LCJub3RlIjoidGhpcyBpcyBhIHhnbXBsZSBmb3IgeUE9TVCAvcXVvdGVzIiwiYW1vdW50Ij9p7ImFtb3VudCI6IjE1MCIsImN1cnJlbnN5IjoiVWNEIn0sImZlZXMiOnsiYW1vdW50IjoiMS41IiwiY3VycmVuY3kiOiJVVU0QifSwiZXh0ZW5zaW9uTGldzCI6W3sidmFsdWUiOiJ2YXxzTEiLCJrZXkiOiJrZXkxIn0seyJ2YXxzI2SI6InZhbHVlMiIsImtleSI6ImtleTIifSx7InZhbHVlIjoidmFsdWUzIiwiaw2V5Ijoia2V5MyJ9XSwiZ2VvQ29kZSI6eyJsYXRpdHVkZSI6IjU3LjMyMzg4OSIsImxvbmdpdHVkZSI6IjEyNS41MjAwMDEifSwiZXhwaXJhdGlvbiI6IjIwMTctMDUtMjRUMDg6NDA6MDAuMDAwLTA0OjAwIiwiicGF5ZXIiOnsicGVyc29uYXJbmZvIj9p7ImNvbXBsZXh0YW11Ij9p7ImZpcnN0TmFtZSI6Ik1JpbGwiLCJtaWRkbGV0YVw1IjoiQmVuIiwiTGFGZdE5hbWUiOiJmZWUifSwiZGF0ZU9mQmlydGgiOiIxOTg2LTAYLTE0In0sInBhcnR5SWRlbnRpZmllciI6IjE1Mjk1NTU0ODg4IiwiZnNwSWQiOiI1Njc4In19LCJhbW91bnRUeXB1IjoiUkVDRULWRSIsInRyYW5zYWwN0aw9uVHlwZSI6eyJzY2VuYXJpbyI6I1RSQU5TRkVSIiwiaw5pdG1hdG9yIjoiUEFZRVIiLCJzdWJTY2VuYXJpbyI6I1AyUCBUcmFuc2ZlciBhY3Jvc3MgTU0gc3lzdGVtcyIsImluaXRpYXRvc1R5cGUiOiJDT05TVU1FUj9LCJub3RlIjoidGhpcyBpcyBhIHhnbXBsZSBmb3IgeUE9TVCAvcXVvdGVzIiwiYW1vdW50Ij9p7ImFtb3VudCI6IjE1MCIsImN1cnJlbnN5IjoiVWNEIn0sImZlZXMiOnsiYW1vdW50IjoiMS41IiwiY3VycmVuY3kiOiJVVU0QifSwiZXh0ZW5zaW9uTGldzCI6W3sidmFsdWUiOiJ2YXxzTEiLCJrZXkiOiJrZXkxIn0seyJ2YXxzI2SI6InZhbHVlMiIsImtleSI6ImtleTIifSx7InZhbHVlIjoidmFsdWUzIiwiaw2V5Ijoia2V5MyJ9XSwiZ2VvQ29kZSI6eyJsYXRpdHVkZSI6IjU3LjMyMzg4OSIsImxvbmdpdHVkZSI6IjEyNS41MjAwMDEifSwiZXhwaXJhdGlvbiI6IjIwMTctMDUtMjRUMDg6NDA6MDAuMDAwLTA0OjAwIiwiicGF5ZXIiOnsicGVyc29uYXJbmZvIj9p7ImNvbXBsZXh0YW11Ij9p7ImZpcnN0TmFtZSI6Ik1JpbGwiLCJtaWRkbGV0YVw1IjoiQmVuIiwiTGFGZdE5hbWUiOiJmZWUifSwiZGF0ZU9mQmlydGgiOiIxOTg2LTAYLTE0In0sInBhcnR5SWRlbnRpZmllciI6IjE1Mjk1NTU0ODg4IiwiZnNwSWQiOiI1Njc4In19LCJhbW91bnRUeXB1IjoiUkVDRULWRSIsInRyYW5zYWwN0aw9uVHlwZSI6eyJzY2VuYXJpbyI6I1RSQU5TRkVSIiwiaw5pdG1hdG9yIjoiUEFZRVIiLCJzdWJTY2VuYXJpbyI6I1AyUCBUcmFuc2ZlciBhY3Jvc3MgTU0gc3lzdGVtcyIsImluaXRpYXRvc1R5cGUiOiJDT05TVU1FUj9LCJub3RlIjoidGhpcyBpcyBhIHhnbXBsZSBmb3IgeUE9TVCAvcXVvdGVzIiwiYW1vdW50Ij9p7ImFtb3VudCI6IjE1MCIsImN1cnJlbnN5IjoiVWNEIn0sImZlZXMiOnsiYW1vdW50IjoiMS41IiwiY3VycmVuY3kiOiJVVU0QifSwiZXh0ZW5zaW9uTGldzCI6W3sidmFsdWUiOiJ2YXxzTEiLCJrZXkiOiJrZXkxIn0seyJ2YXxzI2SI6InZhbHVlMiIsImtleSI6ImtleTIifSx7InZhbHVlIjoidmFsdWUzIiwiaw2V5Ijoia2V5MyJ9XSwiZ2VvQ29kZSI6eyJsYXRpdHVkZSI6IjU3LjMyMzg4OSIsImxvbmdpdHVkZSI6IjEyNS41MjAwMDEifSwiZXhwaXJhdGlvbiI6IjIwMTctMDUtMjRUMDg6NDA6MDAuMDAwLTA0OjAwIiwiicGF5ZXIiOnsicGVyc29uYXJbmZvIj9p7ImNvbXBsZXh0YW11Ij9p7ImZpcnN0TmFtZSI6Ik1JpbGwiLCJtaWRkbGV0YVw1IjoiQmVuIiwiTGFGZdE5hbWUiOiJmZWUifSwiZGF0ZU9mQmlydGgiOiIxOTg2LTAYLTE0In0sInBhcnR5SWRlbnRpZmllciI6IjE1Mjk1NTU0ODg4IiwiZnNwSWQiOiI1Njc4In19LCJhbW91bnRUeXB1IjoiUkVDRULWRSIsInRyYW5zYWwN0aw9uVHlwZSI6eyJzY2VuYXJpbyI6I1RSQU5TRkVSIiwiaw5pdG1hdG9yIjoiUEFZRVIiLCJzdWJTY2VuYXJpbyI

4.1.2 Producing Signature

Use the given RSA Private Key, the JWS Protected Header and the JWS Payload to generate the signature, then encoding the signature as BASE64URL(JWS Signature) produces this value:

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

```
dz2ntyS0_rDyA0pLeWluG--tBcYYr1vG99ffkXcEB-dz2ntyS0_rDyA0pLeWluG--tBcYYr1vG9
9ffkXcEB-uve5Qzvzyn0ZUi82J7h17RsdfHPuTnbEGvCeU9Y4Bg0nIZHGL4icswaa009T5hPPY-
KBTzVQeHkokLmL4dXpHdr1ggSEpu3WEU3nfg0FGGAdOq355i1iGuDbhqm_1SfVHaqdVCEhkJ2Y_
r2gl02QpdZrcbvsBV39derj_PlfISBBGjdh0dIPxnFIVcZuPHiq9Ha2Ms1rBHfqwFfNeU_xhErE
d2PywkDQJbK01fqdkmFC9bS80fx006Mg7qdFGw-QkseJTfp0HMbH1d9e6H0cocY8xfuDNGaZp0J
hxiYtiPLg
```

4.1.3 Re-produce API Request with Signature

As described in Section 3.1, the API signature is represented by a customized HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Signature**; thus the API request with the signature in this case is the following message text (line breaks and indentation within values for display purposes only).

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

```

POST /quotes HTTP/1.1
FSPIOP-Destination:5678
Accept:application/vnd.interoperability.quotes+json;version=1.0
Content-Length:975
Date:Tue, 23 May 2017 21:12:31 GMT
FSPIOP-Source:1234
Content-Type:application/vnd.interoperability.quotes+json;version=1.0
FSPIOP-Signature: {"signature":
    "dz2ntyS0_rDyA0pLeWluG--tBcYYrlvG99ffkXcEB-
    uve5Qzvzyn0ZUi82J7h17RsdFHpuTnbEGvCeU9Y4Bg0nIZHGL4icswaa009T5hPPY-
    KBTzVQeHkokLmL4dXpHdr1ggSEpu3WEU3nfgOFGGAd0q3551iGuDbhqm_lsFvHaqdVCEh
    kJ2Y_r2gl02QpdZrcbvsvBV39derj_PlfISBBGjdH0dIPxnFIVcZuPhiq9Ha2MslrBHfqwF
    fNeU_xhErBd2PywkDQJbK0lfqdkmFC9bS80fx006Mg7qdFGw-
    QkseJTfp0HMBH1d9e6H0cocY8xfuDNgaZp0JhxiYtiPLg", "protectedHeader":
    "eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsIkZTUElPUC1EZXN0aw5hdGlvbiI6IjU2Nzg1CjGU1BJT1AtV
    VJJiIjo1L3F1b3RlcyIsIkZTUElPUC1IVFRQLU1ldGhvZCI6I1BPU1QiLCJFYXR1IjoiVHV
    lLCAYMyBNYXkgMjAxNyAyMT0xMj0zMSBHTVQ1CjGU1BJT1AtU291cmN1Ijo1MTIzNCJ9"
}

{
  "amount": { "amount": "150", "currency": "USD" },
  "transactionType": {
    "scenario": "TRANSFER", "initiator": "PAYER",
    "subScenario": "P2P Transfer across MM systems",
    "initiatorType": "CONSUMER" },
  "transactionId": "36629a51-393a-4e3c-b347-c2cb57e1e1fc",
  "quoteId": "59e331fa-345f-4554-aac8-fcd8833f7d50",
  "expiration": "2017-05-24T08:40:00.000-04:00",
  "payer": {
    "personalInfo": { "dateOfBirth": "1986-02-14",
      "complexName": { "middleName": "Ben",
        "lastName": "Lee", "firstName": "Bill" } },
    "name": "Bill Lee",
    "partyIdInfo": { "fspId": "1234", "partyIdType": "MSISDN",
      "partySubIdOrType": "RegisteredCustomer",
      "partyIdentifier": "16135551212" } },
  "payee": { "partyIdInfo": { "fspId": "5678",
    "partyIdType": "MSISDN",
    "partyIdentifier": "15295558888" } },
  "fees": { "amount": "1.5", "currency": "USD" },
  "extensionList": {
    "extension": [
      { "value": "value1", "key": "key1" },
      { "value": "value2", "key": "key2" },
      { "value": "value3", "key": "key3" } ]
  },
  "note": "this is a sample for POST /quotes",
  "geoCode": { "longitude": "125.520001", "latitude": "57.323889" },
  "amountType": "RECEIVE"
}

```

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

4.2 Validating Signature

After the Payee FSP receives the **POST /quotes** API message from Payer FSP, the Payee FSP must validate the signature signed by the Payer FSP.

4.2.1 Parse FSPIOP-Signature

1. Parse the HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Signature** to get the components **protectedHeader** and signature. In this case, the value of **protectedHeader** is:

eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsIkZTUElPUC1EZXN0aW5hdGlvbIi6IjU2NzgiLCJGU1BJT1A0tVWJJiJo
iL3F1b3RlcycIsIkZTUElPUC1IVFRQLU1ldGhvZCI6IlBPU1QiLCJFYXRlIjoiVHV1LCAyMyBNYX
kgMjAxNyAyMT0xMj0zMSBHTVQlLCJGU1BJT1A0tU291cmNlIjoiMTIzNCJ9

2. Use BASE64URL to decode the encoded representation of the JWS Protected Header. Verify that the resulting octet sequence is a UTF-8-encoded representation of a completely valid JSON object conforming to JSON Data Interchange Format, defined in RFC7159. In this case, the decoded JSON object is:

```
{
  "alg":"RS256",
  "FSPIOP-Destination":"5678",
  "FSPIOP-URI":"/quotes",
  "FSPIOP-HTTP-Method":"POST",
  "Date":"Tue, 23 May 2017 21:12:31 GMT",
  "FSPIOP-Source":"1234"
}
```

3. Verify that the **alg** parameter is valid for the API. That means it must be in the list of **RS256**, **RS384**, **RS512**. In this case, the value of **alg** is **RS256**, which is valid.
4. Verify that the value of the parameter **FSPIOP-URI** is same as the input URL of this API message.
5. Verify that the value of the parameter **FSPIOP-HTTP-Method** is same as the HTTP method of this API message.
6. Verify that the value of the HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Source** is the same as the corresponding value listed in this JWS Protected Header.
7. Verify that the values for the HTTP header parameter **FSPIOP-Destination** are the same as the corresponding values stated in this JWS Protected Header.
8. Verify the other protected HTTP header parameters. In this case, the **Date** parameter is protected by JWS Protected Header. If the parameters **Date** in the HTTP header of this API message and **Date** in the JWS Protected Header are equal, then the validation is successful. Both **Date** parameters in the example should be the following value:

"Tue, 23 May 2017 21:12:31 GMT"

The validation is passed.

4.2.2 Verify JWS Signature

1. In this case, the JWS Payload is the full HTTP body of the API message, that is (line breaks and indentation within values for display purposes only):

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

```
{
  "amount": { "amount": "150", "currency": "USD" },
  "transactionType": { "scenario": "TRANSFER", "initiator": "PAYER",
    "subScenario": "P2P Transfer across MM systems",
    "initiatorType": "CONSUMER"
  },
  "transactionId": "36629a51-393a-4e3c-b347-c2cb57e1e1fc",
  "quoteId": "59e331fa-345f-4554-aac8-fcd8833f7d50",
  "expiration": "2017-05-24T08:40:00.000-04:00",
  "payer": {
    "personalInfo": { "dateOfBirth": "1986-02-14",
      "complexName": { "middleName": "Ben",
        "lastName": "Lee", "firstName": "Bill" } },
    "name": "Bill Lee",
    "partyIdInfo": { "fspId": "1234",
      "partyIdType": "MSISDN",
      "partySubIdOrType": "RegisteredCustomer",
      "partyIdentifier": "16135551212" } },
  "payee": {
    "partyIdInfo": { "fspId": "5678",
      "partyIdType": "MSISDN",
      "partyIdentifier": "15295558888" } },
  "fees": { "amount": "1.5", "currency": "USD" },
  "extensionList": {
    "extension": [
      { "value": "value1", "key": "key1" },
      { "value": "value2", "key": "key2" },
      { "value": "value3", "key": "key3" } ]
  },
  "note": "this is a sample for POST /quotes",
  "geoCode": { "longitude": "125.520001", "latitude": "57.323889" },
  "amountType": "RECEIVE"
}
```

2. Compute the encoded payload value BASE64URL(JWS Payload). Get the encoded value as:

Signature

Open API for FSP Interoperability Specification

eYjWxYl1ZSI6eyJwYXJ0eUlkSW5mbYI6eyJwYXJ0eUlkVHlwZSI6Ik1TSVNNETiIsInBhc nR5S WR
lbnRpZmllciI6IjE1Mjk1NTU0dG4IiwiZnNwSwQioiI1Njc4In19LCJhbW91bnRUeXB lIjoiUk
VDRULWRSlSInRyYW5zZWNoaw9uVHlwZSI6eyJzY2VuYXJpbYI6IlRSQU5TRkVSiiwiaW5pdGlhd
G9yIjoiUEFZRVIiLCJzdWJTY2VuYXJpbYI6IlAyUCBUcmFuc2ZlciBhY3Jvc3MgTU0gc3lzdGVt
cyIsImluaXRpYXRvclR5cGUoIiJDT05TVU1FU iJ9LCJub3RlIjoidGhp cyBpcyBH IHnhbXBs ZSB
mb3IgUE9TVCavCvXdVdGVziIiw iYW1vdW50Ijp7ImFtb3VudCI6IjE1MCIsImN1cnJlbmN5IjoiVV
NEIn0sImZlZXMiO nsiYW1vdW50IjoiMS41IiwiY3VycmVuY3kiOiJVU0QifSwiZXh0ZW5zaW9uT
GlzdCI6W3sidmFsdWUiOiJ2YWxzTEiLCJrZXkiOiJrZXkxIn0seyJ2YWxz1ZSI6InZh bHVlMiIs
ImtleSI6ImtleTIifsx7InZh bHVlIjoidmFsdWUZiIwia2V5Ijoia2V5MyJ9XS wiZ2VvQ29kZSI6
eyJsYXRpdHVkZSI6IjU3L jMyMzg4OSIsImxbmdpdHVkZSI6IjEyNS41MjAwMDE ifSwiZXhwaX
JhdGlvbiI6IjIwMTctMDUtMjRUMDg6ND A6MDAuMDAwLT A00jAwIiwicGF5Z XZIiOnsicGVyc29uY
WxJbmZvIj p7ImNvbXBsZXh0YW1lIj p7ImZpcnN0TmFtZSI6Ik JpbGwiLCJtaWRkbGV0YW1lIjoi
QmVuIiwiTG FzdE5hbWUiOiJMZWUifSwiZGF0ZU9mQmlydGgiOiIxOTg2LT AyLTE0In0sInBhc nR
5SWRJbmZvIj p7InBhc nR5SWRUeXB lIjoiTVNJU0RO IiwicGFydHlTdWJJZE9yVHlwZSI6IlJlZ2
lzdGVyZWRDdXN0b21lc iIsInBhc nR5SWRlbnRpZmllciI6IjE2MTM1NTUxMjEyIiwiZnNwSwQio
iIxMjM0In0sIm5hbWUiOiJCawxsIExlZSJ9LCJxdW90ZUl kIjoiNTl1MzMxZmEtMz Q1Zi00NTU0
LWFhYzgtZmNkODgzM2Y3ZDUWiIwidHJhbnNhY3Rpb25JZCI6IjM2NjI5YTUXlTM5M2EtNGUzYy1
iMzQ3LWM yY2I1N2UxZTFmYyJ9

3. Validate the JWS Signature against the JWS Signing Input (that is, the JWS Protected Header, JWS Payload) with the specified algorithm **RS256** (specified in the JWS Protected Header), and the public key. Record whether the validation succeeded or not.