## 403 Project

## April 14, 2021

```
[2]: !pip install cjklib3
    Requirement already satisfied: cjklib3 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.8/site-packages
    (0.0.3)
    Requirement already satisfied: SQLAlchemy<2.0,>=0.9.4 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from cjklib3) (1.3.20)
[3]: #import sys
    #!{sys.executable} -m pip install cjklib
    import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import cjklib
    from cjklib import characterlookup
[4]: df = pd.read_csv('Chinese Lexicon Project Sze et al.csv')
[5]: # df
[6]: # Import the xinhua Chinese dictionary
    xinhua = pd.read_csv("xinhua.csv")
[7]: char = list(df.Character)
    rt = list(df.RT)
    xinhua_char = list(xinhua.character)
    radical = list(xinhua.radical)
# check stroke counts
    charlookup = characterlookup.CharacterLookup('T')
    stroke_count = []
    for i in char:
        stroke_count.append(charlookup.getStrokeCount(i))
    # Uncomment to check the stroke count
    #stroke count
```

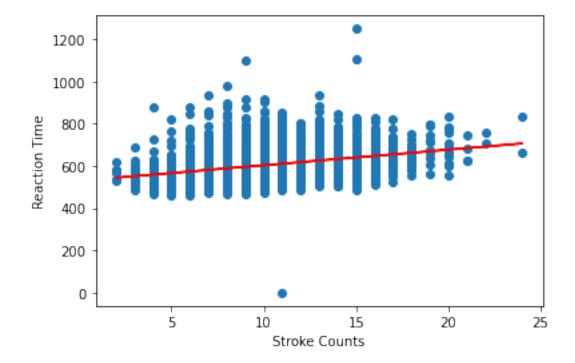
```
# get the radical for each character
     new_char = []
     radical_list = []
     for i in range(len(char)):
        for j in range (len(xinhua_char)):
            if char[i] == xinhua_char[j]:
                radical_list.append(radical[j])
                new_char.append(char[i])
     # print(radical list)
     # print(new_char)
[10]: # get the stroke count for each charcter in the new list
     new_stroke_count = []
     for i in new_char:
        new_stroke_count.append(charlookup.getStrokeCount(i))
     # get the radical count for each charcter
     radical count = []
     for j in radical_list:
        radical_count.append(charlookup.getStrokeCount(j))
     #print(radical_count)
[11]: # check radical removed stroke counts
     radical removed = []
     for i in range(len(new_stroke_count)):
        x = new_stroke_count[i] - radical_count[i]
        radical removed.append(x)
     #print(radical_removed)
[12]: # get the reaction time list for radical removed characters
     new rt = []
     for i in range(len(char)):
        for j in range(len(new_char)):
            if char[i] == new_char[j]:
                new_rt.append(rt[i])
     # new rt
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from scipy import stats
```

```
[15]: # Study 1 linear regression results
slope1, intercept1 = np.poly t(stroke_count, rt, 1)
result_1 = stats.linregress(stroke_count, rt)
print(result_1)
```

LinregressResult(slope=7.369933790047458, intercept=529.7896487616249, rvalue=0.3098711047884425, pvalue=8.96616586439971e-57, stderr=0.4524448772607573)

```
[16]: # Study 1 result graph
    plt.scatter(stroke_count, rt)
    plt.plot(stroke_count, np.multiply(slope1, stroke_count) + intercept1, 'r-')
    plt.xlabel("Stroke Counts")
    plt.ylabel("Reaction Time")
```

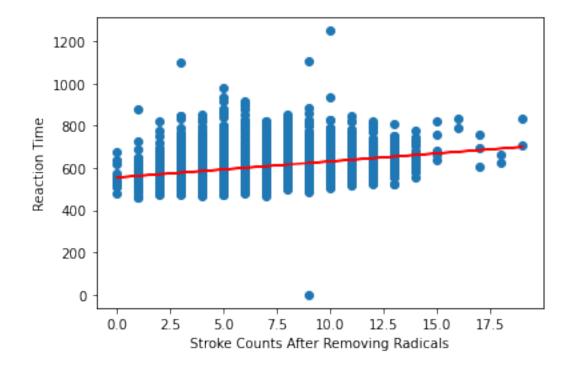
## [16]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Reaction Time')



```
[17]: # Study 2 linear regression results
slope2, intercept2 = np.polyt(radical_removed, new_rt, 1)
result_2 = stats.linregress(radical_removed, new_rt)
print(result_2)
```

LinregressResult(slope=7.619099272309819, intercept=555.0624164800901, rvalue=0.2790367734354089, pvalue=7.186914042240392e-46, stderr=0.5250395735895467)

## [18]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Reaction Time')



```
[19]: # correlation analysis
  from scipy.stats import pearsonr
  stroke_cor = pearsonr(stroke_count, rt)
  radical_cor = pearsonr(radical_removed, new_rt)

# study 1 correlation
  print("Correlation for study 1 is: ", stroke_cor)

# study 2 correlation
  print("Correlation for study 2 is: ", radical_cor)
```

Correlation for study 1 is: (0.3098711047884415, 8.966165864431881e-57) Correlation for study 2 is: (0.2790367734354088, 7.186914042211598e-46)

```
[20]: # Check characters with more than 20 strokes
for i in char:
    if charlookup.getStrokeCount(i) >20:
        print(i)
```

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