

The Flysky **FS-i6X** & **FS-iA6B** Testing

Radio control (RC) is the use of control signals transmitted by a radio to remotely control a device.

FS-i6X Transmitter (Tx) is a 6-channel wireless transmitter at a frequency of 2.4GHz using power less than 20dBm, and uses the protocol *Automatic Frequency Hopping Digital System* (AFHDS) allowing for bidirectional data transmission. The data transmission supports **pulse-width-modulation (PWM)** and pulse-position-modulation (PPM). The packet transmission supports the i-bus and the s-bus.¹

FS-iA6B Receiver (Rx) is compatible with the **FS-i6X** (Tx). The receiver can be battery powered from 4.0 to 8.4 volts.²

The MCU used for testing the RC devices was the Arduino Uno. Its function **pulseIn(pin, value)** can use either the value **HIGH** or the value **LOW** on an Arduino pin. If the value used is **HIGH**, the function **pulseIn()** waits for the pin to go from **LOW** to **HIGH** and then starts timing, then waits for the pin to go **LOW** and then, it stops timing. The function returns the length of the pulse in *microseconds* (μs).³

A *standardizing* method is needed to determine whether it can be viable for measuring the output of the RC devices.

Step (1): Use Arduino Uno to develop a method for testing the RC devices.

Step(2): Setup both the **FS-i6X** Transmitter and the **FS-iA6B** Receiver and then test the right gimbal (joystick) to observe the receivers PWM output and functionality of the right joystick.

1. FCC ID: N4ZFLYSKYI6X (<https://www.flysky-cn.co>) Flysky Website and Google FCC id.

2. FCC ID: N4ZFLYSKYIA10 (<https://www.flysky-cn.co>) Flysky Website and Google FCC id.

3. Arduino Website (<https://www.arduino.cc/reference/en/language/functions/advanced-io/pulsein/>)

The **frequency** - f is the number of cycles required to complete in 1 second.

The **period** - T is the time required for one complete cycle to pass a given point.

The frequency is inversely proportional to the time period:

$$f (Hz) = \frac{1 \text{ cycle}}{T (s)} = \frac{1}{T (s)}$$

Total PWM Period:

$$T_{Total} = T_{HIGH} + T_{LOW}$$

PWM Frequency:

$$f = \frac{1}{T_{Total} (\mu s)} \cdot \frac{1\,000\,000 (\mu s)}{1 (s)} = \frac{1\,000\,000 (\mu s)}{T_{Total} (\mu s)}$$

PWM Duty Cycle:

$$Duty\ Cycle = \frac{T_{HIGH}}{T_{Total}}$$

Review the code at Github by MageMCU.