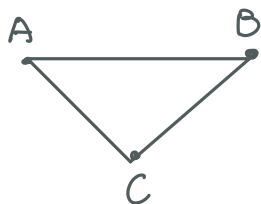


Data Representation :

1. Records (Name, age, balance)
2. Graphs (Nodes connected by edges) \rightarrow Adjacency matrix, adjacency list



$$\begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} A & B & C \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} A \\ B \\ C \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{(if they're connected)} \\ \\ \rightarrow \text{matrix of a triangle} \end{matrix}$$

3. Images (Pixel of 0 or 1)
4. Text
5. Strings (DNA sequence \rightarrow list of words)
6. Time Series (data at specific interval of time)

Types of learning

1. Supervise learning \rightarrow create model and make predictions

- Regression
- classification

2. unsupervised learning
- clustering

Data

- n data points, m features

Feature Space

Distance

- dissimilarity function
- large value from distance \rightarrow dissimilar
- easy to understand and graph

Minkowski Distance

euclidean distance ($p=2$)

$$L_p(x, y) = \left(\sum_{i=1}^d |x_i - y_i|^p \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}$$