

# NSFW Frame by Frame detection

```
In [1]: 1 import numpy as np
        2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        3 import seaborn as sns
        4 %matplotlib inline
        5 from keras.models import load_model
        6 from datetime import datetime
        7 import warnings
        8 warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
        9 import matplotlib.image as mpimg
       10 import cv2
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

```
In [*]: 1 model = load_model("Final_weights.h5")
```

```

In [3]: 1 # https://stackoverflow.com/a/53403805/7437264
2 from PIL import Image
3 import numpy as np
4 from skimage import transform
5 def load(filename):
6     np_image = Image.open(filename)
7     np_image = np.array(np_image).astype('float32')/255
8     np_image = transform.resize(np_image, (224, 224, 3))
9     np_image = np.expand_dims(np_image, axis=0)
10    img=mpimg.imread(filename)
11    plt.imshow(img)
12    return np_image
13
14    image = load("final.png")
15    ans = model.predict(image)
16    mapping = {0 : "Neutral", 1 : "Porn", 2 : "Sexy"}
17    new_ans = np.argmax(ans[0])
18
19    print(mapping[new_ans], np.round(ans,2))
20    print("With {} probability".format(ans[0][new_ans]))

```

Porn [[0.16 0.79 0.05]]

With 0.7928863167762756 probability



```
In [4]: 1 print("Overall the pic is identified as : ", (mapping[new_ans]))
```

Overall the pic is identified as : Porn

```
In [5]: 1 im = Image.open('final.png')
2 width, height = im.size
3 print(width, height)
```

1080 720

```
In [6]: 1 import imutils
2
3 def pyramid(image, scale=1.5, minSize=(30, 30)):
4     # yield the original image
5     yield image
6
7     # keep looping over the pyramid
8     while True:
9         # compute the new dimensions of the image and resize it
10        w = int(image.shape[1] / scale)
11        image = imutils.resize(image, width=w)
12
13        # if the resized image does not meet the supplied minimum
14        # size, then stop constructing the pyramid
15        if image.shape[0] < minSize[1] or image.shape[1] < minSize[0]:
16            break
17
18        # yield the next image in the pyramid
19        yield image
20
21 def sliding_window(image, stepSize, windowSize):
22     # slide a window across the image
23     for y in range(0, image.shape[0], stepSize):
24         for x in range(0, image.shape[1], stepSize):
25             # yield the current window
26             yield (x, y, image[y:y + windowSize[1], x:x + windowSize[0]])
```

```
In [7]: 1
```

```

In [31]: 1 # https://www.pyimagesearch.com/2015/03/23/sliding-windows-for-object-detection-with-python-and-opencv/
2 import time
3 def check(unsave = 0):
4     image = cv2.imread("final.png")
5     (winW, winH) = (224, 224)
6     mapping = {0 : "Neutral", 1 : "Porn", 2 : "Sexy"}
7     writer = None
8     for resized in pyramid(image, scale=5):
9         # loop over the sliding window for each layer of the pyramid
10        for (x, y, window) in sliding_window(resized, stepSize=48, windowSize=(winW, winH)):
11            # if the window does not meet our desired window size, ignore it
12
13            if window.shape[0] != winH or window.shape[1] != winW:
14                continue
15
16            # THIS IS WHERE YOU WOULD PROCESS YOUR WINDOW, SUCH AS APPLYING A
17            # MACHINE LEARNING CLASSIFIER TO CLASSIFY THE CONTENTS OF THE
18            # WINDOW
19            output = resized.copy()
20            frame = cv2.cvtColor(window, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
21            frame = frame/255.0
22            preds = model.predict(np.expand_dims(frame, axis=0))[0]
23            i = np.argmax(preds)
24            label = mapping[i]
25            print(preds, label)
26
27            if unsave:
28                if i == 1:
29                    return "Porn Found"
30
31
32            if not unsave:
33                clone = resized.copy()
34                image = cv2.rectangle(clone, (x, y), (x + winW, y + winH), (0, 255, 0), 2)
35                cv2.putText(image, label, (x, y+50), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1.25, (0, 255, 0), 5)
36
37                cv2.imshow("Window", clone)
38                cv2.waitKey(1)
39                time.sleep(0.09)
40
41            if writer is None:

```

```
42         # initialize our video writer
43         fourcc = cv2.VideoWriter_fourcc(*"MJPG")
44         writer = cv2.VideoWriter("1.avi", fourcc, 8, (1080, 720), True)
45
46
47         # write the output frame to disk
48         writer.write(clone)
49     return "Save to View"
50
```

```
In [ ]: 1 check()
```

```
In [27]: 1 def isUnsave():
2         ans = check(1)
3         print(ans)
4
```

```
In [33]: 1 isUnsave()
```

```
[0.884288  0.03733872 0.07837324] Neutral
[0.92466986 0.04686474 0.02846538] Neutral
[0.9695858  0.01382466 0.01658955] Neutral
[0.9639047  0.0226059  0.01348948] Neutral
[0.9736614  0.01573283 0.01060573] Neutral
[0.9493291  0.03261146 0.01805944] Neutral
[0.23068254 0.43162733 0.33769011] Porn
Porn Found
```

## Summary

Similar to this isUnsave function we can check in image or video if it is save for children to view or not.