Concurrent Programming Engineering Project report

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1 Task analysis

1.1 Problem being solved

We have a sequence of images, it could be images from a movie in production. We want to have the average color of that image sequence.

It can be useful to know what color leads the image and then apply colorimetry correction on it. In movie production, we might need with high resolution images, and a lot of images. So we need to get these calculations to be quick. However, computers have limited performences.

Thus, we can use cluster of computers to divide the work among several computers.

1.2 How concurrency is used

This is where our data concurrency is used. We give to each core of the processor of each computer on the network a list of images to process in order to get their average color.

1.3 Language/tools used

The language used is C++ in order to get the best performences. The data concurrency is done using MPI.

The MPI tools used are **Scatter** to distribute the work to all computers and **Gather** to get the average values back.

2 Testing the program

2.1 Installation

You can download the full project with all the datasets here: https://github.com/MagicTINTIN/MPIFarm.

2.1.1 Dependencies

You will need to install the following dependencies:

bash \$ sudo apt install g++ cmake openssh-server libopenmpi-dev openmpi-bin libopency-dev

2.1.2 Compile

To compile the program, execute:

bash \$./cmakecompile -release

2.1.3 Configure cluster (optionnal)

To configure the cluster you might need to configure a passwordless ssh. To do so, execute these commands between all worker-manager node:

```
bash $ ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096
bash $ ssh-copy-id username@remote-machine
```

Then, modify on each computer, modify the ssh deamon config:

```
bash $ sudo nvim /etc/ssh/sshd_config
```

You can also use nano, or whatever text editor:

PubkeyAuthentication yes PasswordAuthentication no ChallengeResponseAuthentication no

Finally, you can restart the daemon.

bash \$ sudo systemctl restart ssh

2.2 Test the program

2.2.1 Calculated value

To test the program, I created images with Krita for the specific images (in the folder otherImages/), and for the rainbow/ image sequence I used Blender (these two software are open source).

To test that the average color is the true one, I created other Images/check 1.jpg with only one solid color #ee 7700.

Then, we just need to execute the program:

```
bash $ ./start.sh single imageSets/P170B328_ServieresV_L3_check.json 1
Global average color: #ee7700, R:238 G:119 B: 0
```

3 Performance analysis

Time elapsed: 151.636s Time elapsed: 74.8672s Time elapsed: 23.531s

4 Conclusion