Laboratory Activity #04

Distributed Systems Programming

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WebSocket Features



- The WebSocket API is an advanced technology that allows to open a two-way interactive communication session between the user's browser and a server.
- The main features of WebSockets are:
 - 1) reliable low-latency general-purpose bidirectional channels;
 - 2) reuse of the Web infrastructure;
 - 3) framing and messaging mechanism with no message length limit;
 - 4) in-band additional closing mechanism.

2 Laboratory Activity #04

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 - 2) reuse of the Web infrastructure;
 - 3) framing and messaging mechanism with no message length limit;
 - 4) in-band additional closing mechanism.

WebSockets are suitable for continuous, highly interactive communications.

Topics of the Laboratory Activity



Laboratory Activity #04 covers the following activities:



Integration of a **WebSocket client** functionality in the implementation of a React client





Integration of a **WebSocket server** functionality in the implementation of the Film Manager service

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Integration of a WebSocket client functionality in the implementation of a React client



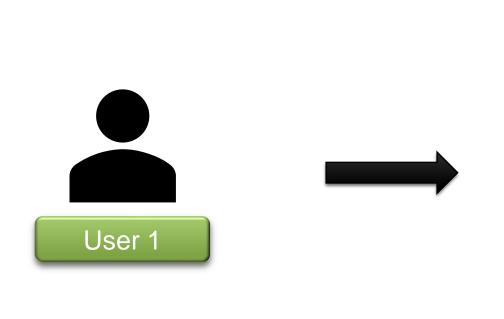


Integration of a **WebSocket server** functionality in the implementation of the Film Manager service



Definition of a new **REST API** exposed by the Film Manager service for the management of **film selection**



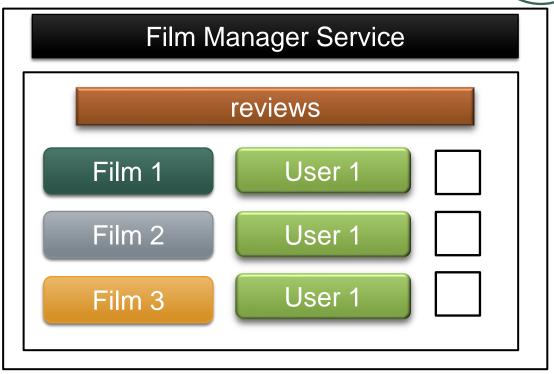




- A user can select a public film as their active film.
- The active film of a user must be a film for which a review request has been previously issued to that user.
- There must exist at most one active film for each user.







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Status (logged-in users and active films)

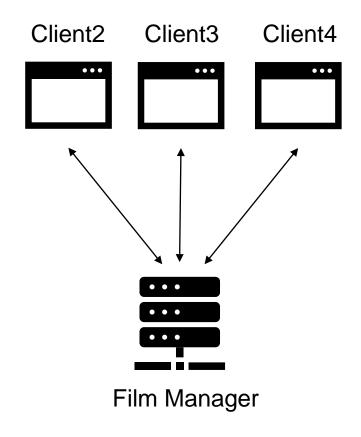


- Both the Film Manager service and the React client are extended with the functionality to communicate by using WebSockets channels:
 - > Server: Film Manager;
 - > Client: an instance of the React client.
- These channels are used by the server to inform all the clients about:
 - 1) the current status of the **logged-in users**;
 - 2) the status of their active films.

How is the **WebSocket** communication organized?

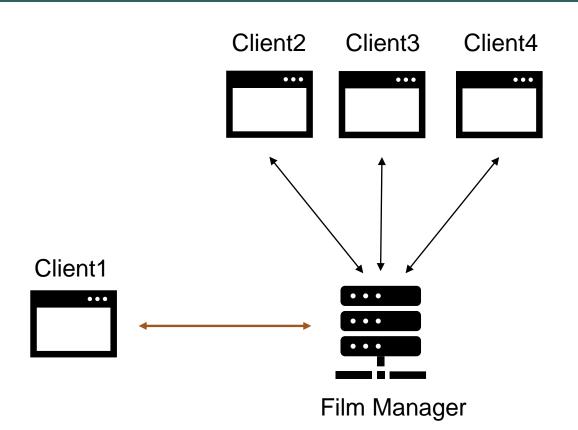
WebSocket communication (initial situation)





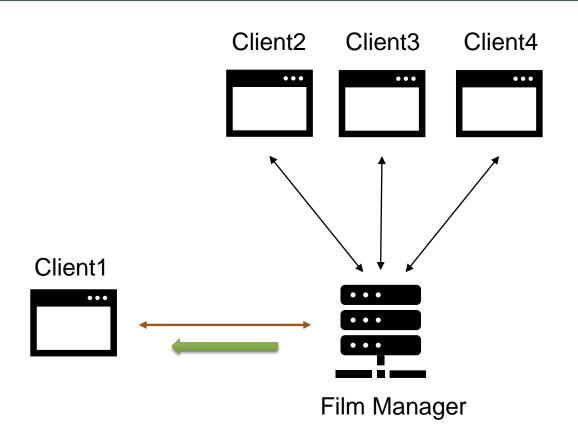
Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7





Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7

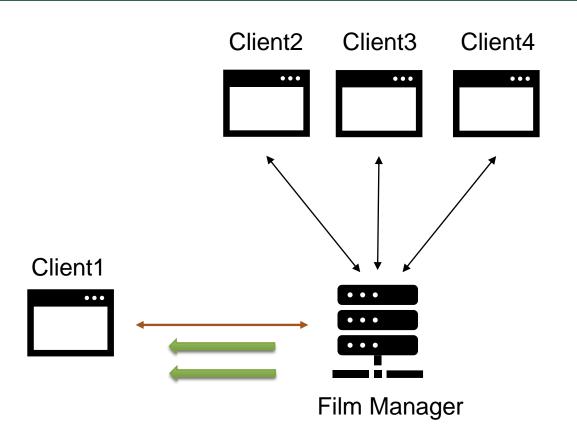




Status			
userId	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7

```
{
    "typeMessage": "login",
    "userId: "2",
    "userName": "Frank",
    "filmId": "5",
    "filmTitle": "Title5"
}
```

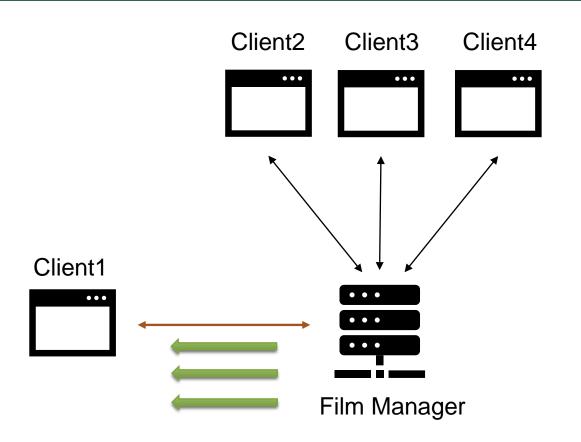




Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7

```
{
    "typeMessage": "login",
    "userId: "3",
    "userName": "Karen"
}
```

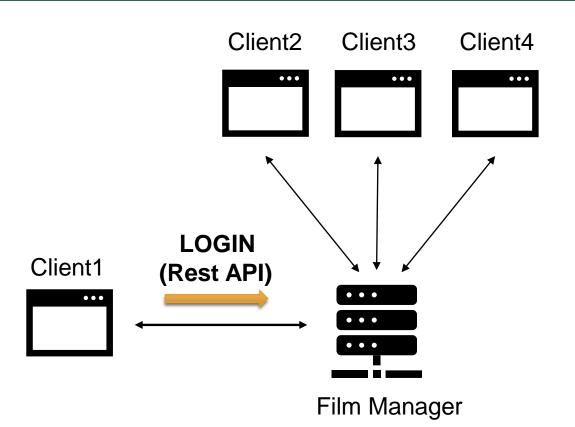




Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7

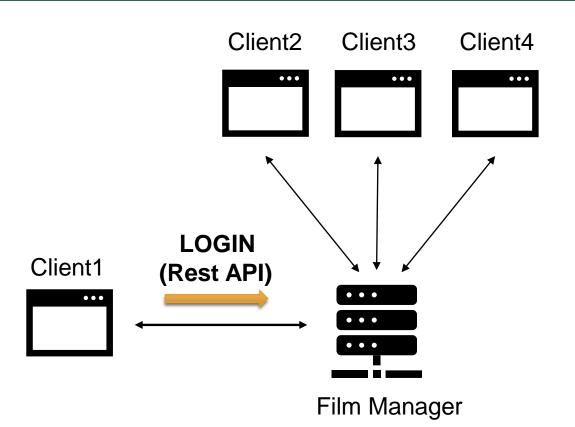
```
{
    "typeMessage": "login",
    "userId: "4",
    "userName": "Rene",
    "filmId": "7",
    "filmTitle": "Title7"
}
```





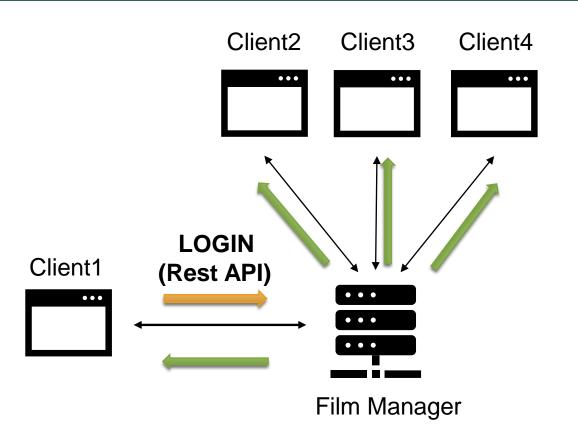
Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7





Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7
5	Beatrice	-	-



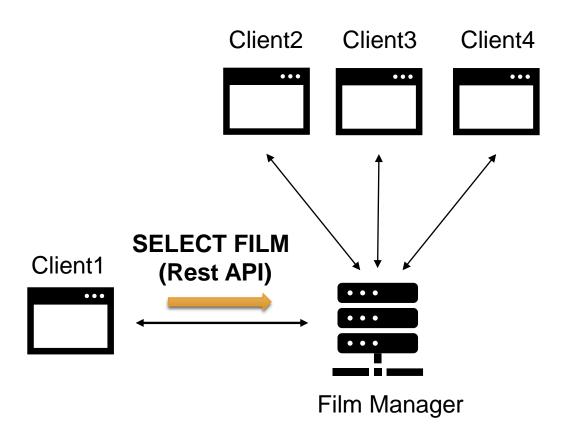


Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7
5	Beatrice	-	-

```
{
    "typeMessage" : "login",
    "userId: "5",
    "userName": "Beatrice"
}
```

WebSocket communication (film selection)

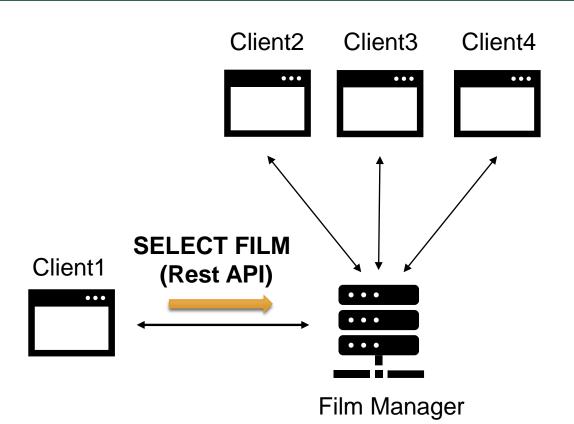




Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7
5	Beatrice	-	-

WebSocket communication (film selection)

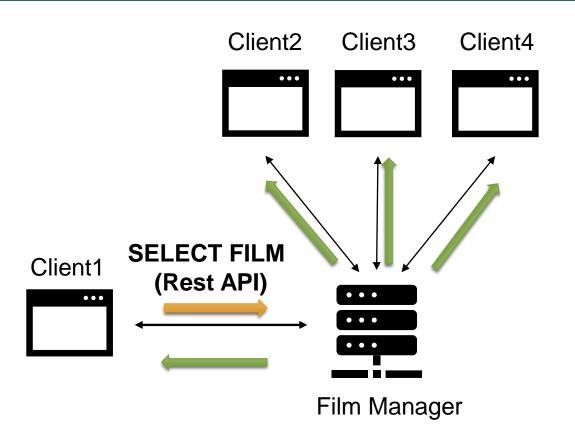




Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7
5	Beatrice	9	Title9

WebSocket communication (film selection)

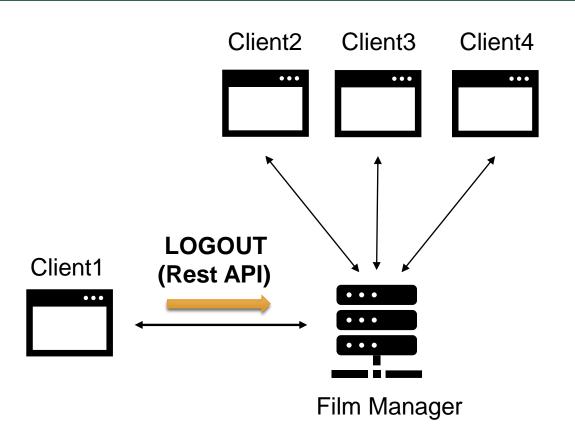




Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7
5	Beatrice	9	Title9

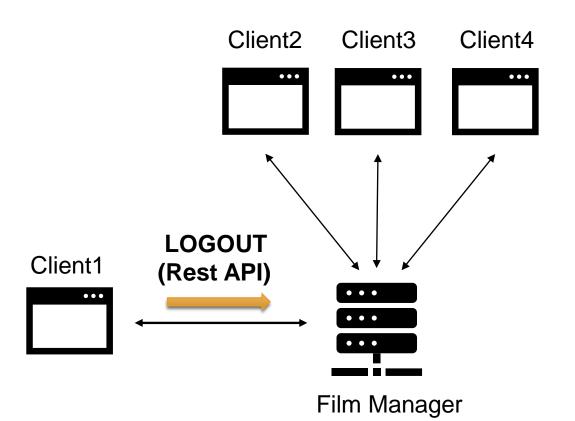
```
{
    "typeMessage":"update",
    "userId: "5",
    "userName": "Beatrice",
    "filmId": "9",
    "filmTitle": "Title9"
}
```





Status			
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle
2	Frank	5	Title5
3	Karen	-	-
4	Rene	7	Title7
5	Beatrice	9	Title9

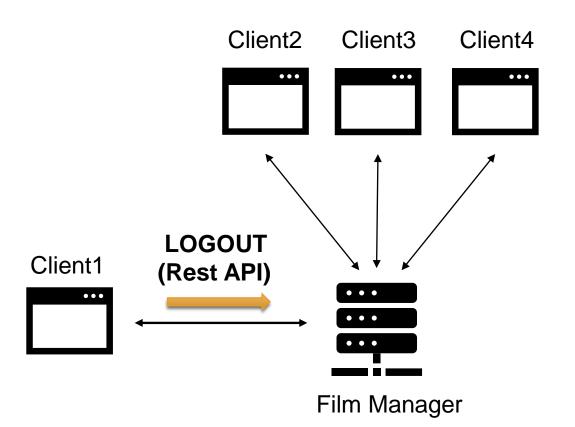




Status				
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle	
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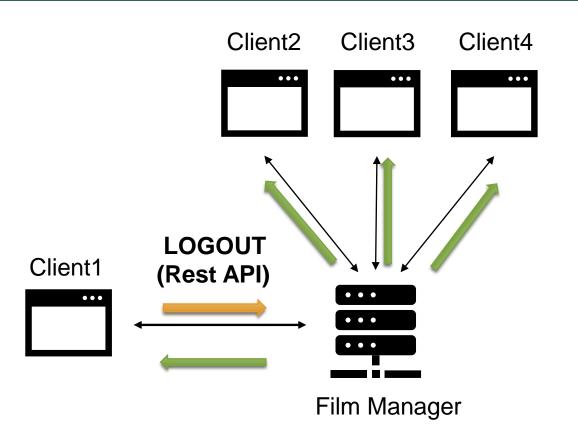
Remember that there is NOT an **explicit** logout operation in the *Film Manager* service, the server needs to keep the session time locally and eventually perform the needed operation (i.e., notify the other clients)





Status				
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle	
2	Frank	5	Title5	
3	Karen	-	-	
4	Rene	7	Title7	





Status				
userld	userName	filmld	filmTitle	
2	Frank	5	Title5	
3	Karen	-	-	
4	Rene	7	Title7	

```
{
    "typeMessage" :"logout",
    "userId: "5"
}
```

How does the React client *react*?



- The **Online** page displays:
 - the list of users that are currently logged-in the Film Manager service;
 - for each listed user, the user name and the user id;
 - for each listed user, the film title and film id of the active film (if any).
- All the pages of the GUI display:
 - a list of the logged-in users in the left column;
 - for each entry of this list, the user name.
- ➤ Both the content of the Online page and the left column are **updated** as soon as the client **receives** a message in the WebSocket communication.

How does the React client *react*?



New Login

Welcome, User!

Film Manager	
Private	Online Users
Public	
Public to review	User Name: Rene
Online	UsedID: 4
	Film Selected: 9 The Garden of Words
Online Users	User Name: User
User: Rene	Oser Name: Oser
User: User	UsedID: 1
	Film Selected: 3 You Can (Not) Redo

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How should you make the React client react?



- In this activity, you must mainly focus on the WebSocket communication:
 - generation and sending of the messages server side;
 - > receiving the messages client-side (in App.jsx file, Main function).
- For the reaction of the *React* client, you only need to:
 - > update the *onlineList* array, with the latest message related to each logged-in user.

 L_{2}^{2}



Thanks for your attention!

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