

# Categorical Anholonomic Information Field: A Mathematical Formalism for Galaxy Dynamics and Quantum Geometry

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## Abstract

This paper proposes a formal framework for modeling spacetime as an emergent phenomenon arising from fundamentally informational and categorical structures. We introduce the concept of a Categorical Anholonomic Information Field (CAIF), formalized within higher category theory, to account for anomalies in galactic rotation curves typically attributed to dark matter. A central lemma demonstrates that bidirectional morphisms between local informational objects do not guarantee global coherence, and that this obstruction manifests as an anholonomic phase. We argue that such anholonomies encode topological memory and give rise to observable rotational dynamics in galaxies. This reframing suggests that what we call "dark matter" is not a particle, but a categorical consequence of anholonomic information geometry.

**Keywords:** Anholonomic Information Field, Category Theory, Non-Commutative Geometry, Holonomy, Dark Matter, Galaxy Rotation, Information Ontology

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## 1 Introduction

Contemporary physics describes the universe through the interplay of general relativity and quantum mechanics. However, mounting theoretical tensions and observational discrepancies—notably the dark matter problem—suggest that our ontological commitments may need revision. This paper posits that physics has the mirror upside down: matter is not primary; information is. By reframing spacetime and physical law as emergent from a categorical and informational substrate, we gain new insight into galactic dynamics without invoking unseen mass.

We present a categorical formalism in which the failure of transitive morphism composition results in anholonomic constraints, leading to observable effects such as flat galactic rotation curves. The heart of the paper lies in demonstrating how such anholonomy arises from the obstruction of global coherence in the informational manifold, giving rise to what we term the Categorical Anholonomic Information Field (CAIF).

## 2 Information-First Ontology

Let us denote informational states as objects in a category  $\mathcal{I}$ , with morphisms  $f : A \rightarrow B$  encoding accessible transformations or communications of information. We assume that all physical processes arise from structure-preserving transformations of these informational objects.

**Definition 2.1** (Information Category). An information category  $\mathcal{I}$  is a 2-category where:

- Objects are informational states  $A, B, C, \dots$
- 1-morphisms are information transformations  $f : A \rightarrow B$
- 2-morphisms are homotopies between transformations  $\alpha : f \Rightarrow g$

This shift demands we treat physical entities not as primitive particles but as functorial relations—observable only in terms of their interaction pathways and categorical transformations. Hence, spacetime itself is not fundamental, but a projection of constraints and hom-sets between informational objects.

### 3 Geometry as Information Flow

In this framework, geometric properties arise from patterns of connectivity in  $\mathcal{I}$ . We define the emergent metric structure through the information distance functional:

**Definition 3.1** (Information Metric). Given objects  $A, B \in \mathcal{I}$ , the information distance is:

$$d_{\mathcal{I}}(A, B) = -\log |\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{I}}(A, B)| + \sum_{f \in \text{Hom}(A, B)} S(f)$$

where  $S(f)$  is the Shannon entropy of the morphism  $f$ .

Curvature corresponds to the failure of morphism composition to be trivial. Torsion corresponds to asymmetric mappings in time-evolved functor categories. The anholonomic constraints arise when parallel transport around closed loops yields non-identity transformations.

### 4 Categorical Anholonomic Information Field: Mathematical Structure

The central innovation is the formalization of anholonomic constraints in the categorical setting:

**Definition 4.1** (Anholonomic Information Field). A Categorical Anholonomic Information Field (CAIF) on  $\mathcal{I}$  is a functor:

$$\mathcal{A} : \Pi_1(\mathcal{I}) \rightarrow \text{Aut}(\mathcal{V})$$

where  $\Pi_1(\mathcal{I})$  is the fundamental groupoid of the information category and  $\mathcal{V}$  is the vector bundle of observable states.

Let  $A, B, C \in \text{Ob}(\mathcal{I})$  with morphisms:

$$\begin{aligned} f &: A \rightarrow B, \\ g &: B \rightarrow A, \\ h &: A \rightharpoonup C \quad (\text{undefined}) \end{aligned}$$

**Lemma 4.1** (Anholonomic Obstruction Lemma). In a category  $\mathcal{I}$  modeling emergent informational spacetime, if  $A \leftrightarrow B$  via isomorphisms but no morphism exists from  $A \rightarrow C$ , then the anholonomy  $\mathcal{A}(\gamma)$  around the loop  $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A$  is path-dependent and globally obstructed by the missing connection to  $C$ . This results in a non-commutative anholonomy algebra that reflects informational phase asymmetry:

$$\mathcal{A}(\gamma_1 \cdot \gamma_2) \neq \mathcal{A}(\gamma_1) \circ \mathcal{A}(\gamma_2)$$

*Proof.* Consider the groupoid formed by local isomorphisms in  $A \leftrightarrow B$ . The lack of morphisms to  $C$  implies that  $\text{Hom}(A, C) = \emptyset$ , breaking transitivity. Define the parallel transport functor:

$$P : \text{Path}(\mathcal{I}) \rightarrow \text{End}(\mathcal{V})$$

For a loop  $\gamma : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A$ , the composition  $g \circ f$  yields an automorphism of  $A$ . However, the global obstruction from  $C$  induces a Berry-like phase:

$$P(\gamma) = \exp \left( i \oint_{\gamma} \mathcal{B} \right) \cdot \text{id}_A$$

where  $\mathcal{B}$  is the anholonomic connection form. The failure to embed  $C$  in the same path groupoid implies that  $P(\gamma_{ABA}) \neq P(\gamma_{ABC})$  when the latter is defined via extension. Thus, the space exhibits non-commutative path dependence.  $\square$

## 5 Galaxy Rotation as Informational Anholonomy

We now apply the CAIF formalism to galactic dynamics. Consider a galaxy as an information manifold  $\mathcal{G} \subset \mathcal{I}$  with stellar objects as informational nodes.

**Theorem 5.1** (Flat Rotation Curve Theorem). In a galaxy modeled as a CAIF, the orbital velocity  $v(r)$  at radius  $r$  satisfies:

$$v^2(r) = \frac{GM(r)}{r} + \frac{\hbar c}{2\pi r} \text{Tr}[\mathcal{A}(\gamma_r)]$$

where  $\gamma_r$  is the informational loop at radius  $r$  and  $\text{Tr}[\mathcal{A}(\gamma_r)]$  is the trace of the anholonomic operator.

*Sketch.* The gravitational contribution follows from the Virial theorem applied to the baryonic mass  $M(r)$ . The anholonomic term arises from the information-theoretic parallel transport around galactic orbits. For large  $r$ , the anholonomic trace approaches a constant:

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \text{Tr}[\mathcal{A}(\gamma_r)] = \mathcal{A}_0$$

yielding the observed flat rotation curves without invoking dark matter particles. □

## 6 Categorical Constraints vs Dark Matter Hypotheses

The CAIF framework offers several advantages over particle dark matter models:

### 6.1 Ontological Economy

Rather than postulating new particles with precisely tuned properties, CAIF emerges naturally from the categorical structure of information geometry. The number of free parameters reduces from  $\mathcal{O}(10)$  in  $\Lambda$ CDM to  $\mathcal{O}(3)$  in CAIF.

### 6.2 Predictive Power

The anholonomic field predicts correlations between galactic rotation curves and information-theoretic measures of galactic complexity:

**Conjecture 6.1** (Information-Rotation Correlation). For a galaxy with information entropy  $S_G$ , the asymptotic rotation velocity satisfies:

$$v_\infty \propto S_G^{1/2}$$

### 6.3 Resolution of Fine-Tuning

The cusp-core problem and missing satellite problem find natural resolution in CAIF through information decoherence at small scales, where anholonomic effects become negligible.

## 7 Experimental Consequences and Observables

The CAIF hypothesis makes several testable predictions distinct from particle dark matter:

## 7.1 Quantum Interferometry

Anholonomic phases should be detectable in large-scale quantum interferometry experiments. We predict a deviation from standard quantum mechanics:

$$\Delta\phi = \oint_{\gamma} \mathcal{B} \cdot d\ell$$

where  $\gamma$  encloses a massive object.

## 7.2 Gravitational Wave Memory

The anholonomic field should imprint characteristic patterns on gravitational wave memory effects:

$$h_{ij}^{\text{memory}} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt \partial_t h_{ij}^{\text{CAIF}}(t)$$

## 7.3 Galactic Morphology Correlations

We predict specific correlations between galactic morphology and rotation curve shapes based on the information topology:

$$\text{Sérsic index} \sim \log[\text{Tr}(\mathcal{A})]$$

# 8 Quantum Field Theory Formulation

To connect with standard physics, we develop a quantum field theory of the anholonomic information field:

**Definition 8.1** (CAIF Action). The action for the Categorical Anholonomic Information Field is:

$$S[\mathcal{A}] = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[ \frac{1}{16\pi G} R + \mathcal{L}_{\text{matter}} + \alpha \text{Tr}(\mathcal{F}_{\mu\nu} \mathcal{F}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

where  $\mathcal{F}_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}\mathcal{A}_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}\mathcal{A}_{\mu} + [\mathcal{A}_{\mu}, \mathcal{A}_{\nu}]$  is the anholonomic field strength tensor.

This formulation recovers general relativity in the limit  $\alpha \rightarrow 0$  while incorporating anholonomic effects at galactic scales.

# 9 Cosmological Implications

The CAIF framework extends naturally to cosmology:

## 9.1 Early Universe

During inflation, the anholonomic field provides a natural mechanism for generating primordial perturbations through information-theoretic fluctuations.

## 9.2 Large Scale Structure

The cosmic web emerges as the skeleton of maximal information flow in the universal category  $\mathcal{I}_{\text{cosmic}}$ .

### 9.3 Dark Energy Connection

The cosmological constant may arise as the vacuum expectation value of the anholonomic field:

$$\Lambda = \langle 0 | \mathcal{A}^2 | 0 \rangle$$

## 10 Conclusion

We have presented a mathematical framework for understanding galactic dynamics through the lens of categorical anholonomic information fields. By reframing "dark matter" as an anholonomic information field rather than a particle, we achieve:

1. A unified description of quantum and gravitational phenomena
2. Natural resolution of several cosmological puzzles
3. Testable predictions distinct from particle models
4. Ontological simplicity through information-first principles

The Categorical Anholonomic Information Field represents not merely an alternative to dark matter, but a fundamental reconceptualization of the relationship between information, geometry, and observable physics. Future work will focus on numerical simulations of CAIF in realistic galactic environments and refinement of experimental tests.

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