

On-Line Analytical Processing (OLAP)

Introduction

Two broad types of database activity

- OLTP Online Transaction Processing
 - Short transactions
 - Simple queries
 - Touch small portions of data
 - Frequent updates
- OLAP Online Analytical Processing
 - Long transactions
 - Complex queries
 - Touch large portions of the data
 - Infrequent updates

More terminology

Data warehousing

Bring data from operational (OLTP) sources into a single "warehouse" for (OLAP) analysis

Decision support system (DSS)

Infrastructure for data analysis E.g., data warehouse tuned for OLAP

"Star Schema"

Fact table
 Updated frequently, often append-only, very large

Dimension tablesUpdated infrequently, not as large

Star Schema – fact table references dimension tables

```
Sales(storeID, itemID, custID, qty, price)
Store(storeID, city, state)
Item(itemID, category, brand, color, size)
Customer(custID, name, address)
```

OLAP queries

```
Sales(storeID, itemID, custID, qty, price)
Store(storeID, city, state)
Item(itemID, category, brand, color, size)
Customer(custID, name, address)
```

Join \rightarrow Filter \rightarrow Group \rightarrow Aggregate

Performance

- Inherently very slow:
 special indexes, query processing techniques
- Extensive use of materialized views

Data Cube (a.k.a. multidimensional OLAP)

- Dimension data forms axes of "cube"
- Fact (dependent) data in cells
- Aggregated data on sides, edges, corner

OLAP: Intro

Fact table uniqueness for data cube

Sales(storeID, itemID, custID, qty, price)

- If dimension attributes not key, must aggregate
- Date can be used to create key Dimension or dependent?

Drill-down and Roll-up

OLAP: Intro

Drill-down and Roll-up

Examining summary data, break out by dimension attribute

```
Select state, brand, Sum(qty*price)
From Sales F, Store S, Item I
Where F.storeID = S.storeID And F.itemID = I.itemID
Group By state, brand
```

Drill-down and Roll-up

Examining data, summarize by dimension attribute

```
Select state, Sum(qty*price)
From Sales F, Store S
Where F.storeID = S.storeID And F.itemID = I.itemID
Group By state
```

SQL Constructs

With Cube and With Rollup

```
Select dimension-attrs, aggregates
From tables
Where conditions
Group By dimension-attrs With Cube
```

Add to result: faces, edges, and corner of cube using NULL values

SQL Constructs

With Cube and With Rollup

```
Select dimension-attrs, aggregates
From tables
Where conditions
Group By dimension-attrs With Rollup
```

For hierarchical dimensions, portion of With Cube

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 - Star schemas
 - Data cubes
 - With Cube and With Rollup
 - Special indexes and query processing techniques