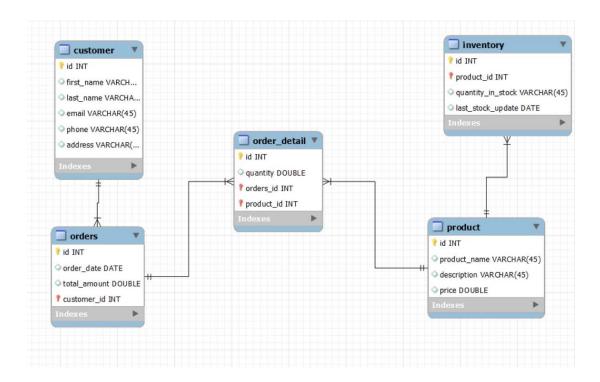
Electronic Gadget



use electronic;

- -- TASK 1
- -- customer TABLE

INSERT INTO customer

VALUES

- (1,'Harry','Potter','harry_potter@hogwarts.com','98547598','Chennai'),
- (2,'Hermione','Granger','hermione_granger@hogwarts.com','48473998','Bangalore'),
- (3,'Ron','Weasley','ron_weasley@hogwarts.com','78647598','New York'),
- (4,'Albus','Dumbledore','albus_dumbledore@hogwarts.com','956647598','London'),
- (5,'Luna','Lovegood','luna_lovegood@hogwarts.com','737347598','Coimbatore'),
- (6,'Ginny','Weasley','ginny_weasley@hogwarts.com','57854598','Kerala'),

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(7,'Neville','Longbottom','neville_longbottom@hogwarts.com','9485744','Chennai'),
(8,'Sirius','Black','sirius_black@hogwarts.com','9218338','Bangalore'),
(9,'Remus','Lupin','remus_lupin@hogwarts.com','69848433','Hyderabad'),
(10, Minerva', McGonagall', minerva_mcgonagall@hogwarts.com', 45787885', Mumbai'),
(11, 'Rubeus', 'Hagrid', 'rubeus_hagrid@hogwarts.com', '45787885', 'Pune');
SELECT*FROM customer;
-- product TABLE
INSERT INTO product
VALUES
(1,'Tablet','Acer','40000'),
(2,'Smartphone','Google','60000'),
(3, Fitness Tracker', Fitbit', 3500'),
(4,'Desktop','Lenovo','55000'),
(5,'Headphones','Sony','1500'),
(6,'Tablet','Asus','35000'),
(7,'Graphics Card','Nvidia','80000'),
(8,'Desktop','Dell','25000'),
(9, 'Fitness Tracker', 'Garmin', '30000'),
(10,'Laptop','Acer','48000'),
(11,'Printer','Canon','12000');
select * from product;
-- ORDERS TABLE
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INSERT INTO orders VALUES

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(1, '2024-02-27', 50000,1),
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select * from orders;

INSERT INTO order_detail

VALUES

```
select * from order_detail;
-- INVENTORY TABLE
INSERT INTO inventory VALUES
(1, 1, 50, '2024-02-27'),
(2, 2, 30, '2024-02-28'),
(3, 3, 70, '2024-02-29'),
(4, 4, 20, '2024-03-01'),
(5, 5, 60, '2024-03-02'),
(6, 6, 10, '2024-03-03'),
(7, 7, 45, '2024-03-04'),
(8, 8, 25, '2024-03-05'),
(9, 9, 80, '2024-03-06');
select * from inventory;
-- Task-2:
-- 1. Write an SQL query to retrieve the names and emails of all customers.
select first_name,email
from customer;
-- 2. Write an SQL query to list all orders with their order dates and corresponding
customer names.
select c.first_name,o.order_date
from customer c,orders o
where c.id=o.customer_id;
```

5. Write all SQL query to insert a new customer record into the Customers table.
Include customer information such as name, email, and address.
insert into customer(first_name,last_name,email,phone,address)
values
('micheal','s','micheal@gmail.com','1234','gujarat');
4. Write an SQL query to update the prices of all electronic gadgets in the "product" table by increasing them by 10%.
update product
set price=price+(price*0.1)
where id=3;
5. Write an SQL query to delete a specific order and its associated order details from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables.
Allow users to input the order ID as a parameter.
delete from order_detail
where orders_id=3;
delete from orders
where id=3;
6. Write an SQL query to insert a new order into the "Orders" table.
Include the customer ID, order date, and any other necessary information.
insert into orders(order_date,total_amount,customer_id)
values
('2024.2.20',2500,4);
7. Write an SQL query to update the contact information (e.g., email and address) of a

specific customer in the "Customers" table.

-- Allow users to input the customer ID and new contact information. update customer set email='jason@gmail.com', address='delhi' where id=6; -- 9. Write an SQL query to delete all orders and their associated order details for a specific customer from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. -- Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter. delete from order detail where orders_id in (select id from orders where customer_id =7); delete from orders where customer_id=3; -- 10. Write an SQL query to insert a new electronic gadget product into the "product" table, including product name, category, price, and any other relevant details. insert into product(product_name,description,price) values ('Acer','desktop',50000); -- Task-3: using joins -- 1. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of all orders along with customer information (e.g., customer name) for each order. select c.first_name,o.order_date,o.total_amount from customer c join orders o on c.id=o.customer_id; -- 2. Write an SQL query to find the total revenue generated by each electronic gadget

product. Include the product name and the total revenue.

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select p.product_name,sum(o.total_amount) as Total_revenue
from orders o join order_detail od on o.id=od.order_id join product p on
p.id=od.product_id
group by p.id;
-- 3. Write an SQL query to list all customers who have made at least one purchase.
-- Include their names and contact information.
select distinct c.first_name,c.email
from customer c join orders o on c.id=o.customer_id;
-- 4. Write an SQL query to find the most popular electronic gadget, which is the one
with the highest total quantity ordered.
-- Include the product name and the total quantity ordered.
select p.product_name,od.quantity
from product p join order_detail od on p.id=od.product_id
order by quantity desc
limit 1;
-- 5. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of electronic gadgets along with their
corresponding categories.
select product_name, description
from product;
-- 6. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value for each customer.
-- Include the customer's name and their average order value.
select c.first_name,avg(total_amount)
from customer c
join orders o on c.id=o.customer_id
```

group by o.customer_id;

- -- 7. Write an SQL query to find the order with the highest total revenue.
- -- Include the order ID, customer information, and the total revenue.

select od.order_id,sum(total_amount) as total_revenue

from customer c join orders o on c.id=o.customer_id join order_detail od on

od.order_id=o.id

group by od.order_id

order by total_revenue desc

limit 1;

-- 8. Write an SQL query to list electronic gadgets and the number of times each product has been ordered.

select p.product_name,count(od.id) as Order_count

from order_detail od join product p on od.product_id=p.id

group by od.product_id;

- -- 9. Write an SQL query to find customers who have purchased a specific electronic gadget product.
- -- Allow users to input the product name as a parameter.

select c.first_name ,c.email

from customer c join orders o on c.id=o.customer_id join order_detail od on od.order_id=o.id join product p on od.product_id=p.id where p.id=2;

- -- 10. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by all orders placed within a specific time period.
- -- Allow users to input the start and end dates as parameters.

select od.order_id,sum(total_amount) as total_revenue

from customer c join orders o on c.id=o.customer_id join order_detail od on

od.order_id=o.id where o.order_date between '2023-12-31' and '2024-1-31' group by od.order_id; -- Task-4: using sub-queries -- 1. Write an SQL query to find out which customers have not placed any orders. select * from customer where id not in (select customer_id from orders); -- 2. Write an SQL query to find the total number of product available for sale. select * from product where id in (select product_id from inventory where quantity_in_stock is not null); -- 3. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by TechShop. select sum(total_amount) as total_revenue

- from orders;
- -- 4. Write an SQL query to calculate the average quantity ordered for product in a specific category Allow users to input the category name as a parameter. select (sum(quantity)/(select count(id)

from product

where description="Smartphone")) as Average_quantity_mobile

from order_detail
where product_id in (select id from product p where description="Smartphone");
select *
from product;
select *
from order_detail;
5. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by a specific customer.
Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.
select sum(total_amount) as Revenue_From_1 from orders
where customer_id in (select id
from customer
where id=8);
7. Write an SQL query to find the customer who has spent the most money (highest total revenue) on electronic gadgets.
List their name and total spending.
select c.first_name
from customer c
where id in (select customer_id
from orders
where total_amount=(select max(total_amount)
from orders));
8. Write an SQL query to find the total number of orders placed by each customer and list their names along with the order count.
select first_name,t.*
from customer c join(select o.customer_id ,count(o.id)

from orders o group by o.customer_id)

as t on t.customer_id=c.id;