Question #1:

Goods Services D.B.
3 January
Services.

. And Ps are the total annual amounts

Pa = ·2pa + ·7ps

Ps = ·2pa + ·3ps

Shifting all its the left side

·8pa - ·7ps =0 - ·8pa + ·7ps =0

The augmented matrix becomes,

[.8 -.7 o] [-.8 .7 o]

Applying row reduction,

$$\begin{bmatrix} .8 & -.7 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} R_2 + R_1$$

So, The general solution is $p_q = .875 p_s$ while p_s is few.

Question#2:

No, the rotios of the prices remain same for whalever currency you want. The only thing that changes is the equilibrium prices as they are being multiplied by a constant value.

Question #3:(a)

Columns describe where the output goes and rows describe where the imput comes from.

Chemicals	Luels	Machinery	D.B
٠ ٦	.8	. 4	Chemicals
• 3	. 1	. 4	Luels
• • 5	- 1	. 9	Machinery

(4)

Pc, PF and Pm are the total annual ordpid. Now, developing a system of equations

Shifting all to the left side,

(L)

The reduced echelon form is,

$$\begin{bmatrix} .8 & -.8 & -.4 & 0 \\ -.3 & .9 & -.4 & 0 \\ -.5 & -.1 & .8 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -.5 & 0 \\ -.3 & .9 & -.4 & 0 \\ -.5 & -.1 & .8 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -.5 & 0 \\ -.5 & -.1 & .8 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -.5 & 0 \\ 0 & .6 & -5.5 & 0 \\ 0 & -.6 & 5.5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.3R_1 + R_2 \\ 0.5R_1 + R_3 \\ 0.5R_1 + R_3 \\ 0.5R_1 + R_2 \\ 0.5R_1 + R_3 \\ 0.5$$

The general solution is $P_{c} = -1.111P_{m}$, $P_{F} = -917P_{m}$ while P_{m} is free

Question # 41-

(a)

A	E	M	τ	p.B
.65	.30	•30	.20	A
.70	.70	.15	.10	E
. 22	.35	-15	. 30	11
0	-25	.40	· Uo	T

(A)

PA, PE, Pm, PT are the total annual amounts.

$$P_{A} = .65P_{A} + .30P_{E} + .30P_{M} + .20P_{T}$$
 $P_{E} = .20P_{A} + .20P_{E} + .15P_{M} + .10P_{T}$
 $P_{M} = .25P_{A} + .35P_{E} + .15P_{M} + .30P_{T}$
 $P_{T} = .25P_{E} + .40P_{M} + .40P_{T}$

Shifting all to the deft side.

Augmented matin becomes

(C)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -6/7 & -6/7 & -4/7 & 0 \\ -1/10 & 9/10 & -3/20 & -1/10 & 0 \\ -1/14 & -7/20 & 17/20 & -3/10 & 0 \\ 0 & -1/4 & 2/5 & 3/5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -6/1 & -6/1 & -4/1 & 0 \\ 0 & 57/10 & -33/100 & -11/10 & 0 \\ -1/4 & -7/20 & 17/20 & -3/10 & 0 \\ 0 & -1/4 & 2/5 & 315 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -6/7 & -6/7 & -4/7 & 0 \\ 0 & 57/70 & -33/140 & -11/70 & 0 \\ 0 & -79/140 & 89/140 & -31/70 & 0 \\ 0 & -1/4 & 215 & 315 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -47 & -6/7 & -4/7 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -11/38 & -11/57 & 0 \\ 0 & -79/140 & 89/140 & -31/70 & 0 \\ 0 & -1/4 & 2/5 & 3/5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -21/19 & -14/19 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -11/38 & -11/57 & 0 \\ 0 & -79/140 & 89/140 & -31/70 & 0 \\ 0 & -1/4 & 215 & 315 & 0 \end{bmatrix} R_1 + \frac{6}{7}R_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -21/19 & -14/19 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -11/38 & -11/57 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 359/760 & -629/1140 & 0 \\ 0 & -1/4 & 215 & 315 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{T40}} + R_3$$

So, the general solution is
$$O_{A} = \frac{788}{359} \text{ OT}$$

$$O_{E} = \frac{578}{359} \text{ OT}$$

$$O_{M} = \frac{1258}{1077} OT$$

Question #5:

Istal compounds = 4

For each compound the vector is

· The augmented matrix becomes

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3/2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -36 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1/2} \frac{3R_1 - R_2}{2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3/2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 book R_2 and R_3

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3/2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3/2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3/2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3/2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3/2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} R_{1} + R_{2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3/2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} R_{1} + R_{3}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3/2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} R_{1} + R_{3}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3/2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{3}{\underset{2}{\sim}} k_3 + k_4$$

$$\mathcal{R}_1 = \frac{1}{3} \mathcal{R}_4$$
, $\mathcal{R}_2 = \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{R}_4}$, $\mathcal{R}_3 = \frac{2}{3} \mathcal{R}_4$, \mathcal{R}_4 is feel When $\mathcal{R}_4 = 3$, $\mathcal{R}_1 = 1$, $\mathcal{R}_2 = 6$, $\mathcal{R}_3 = 2$
So the Joalanced eq. will be
$$\mathcal{B}_2 \mathcal{S}_3 + 6 \mathcal{H}_2 \mathcal{O} \longrightarrow 2 \mathcal{H}_3 \mathcal{B} \mathcal{O}_3 + 3 \mathcal{H}_2 \mathcal{S}$$