Day 4 - Dynamic Frontend Components - COMFORTY

1. Introduction

Day 4 of the hackathon focused on building dynamic frontend components to display and interact with the data imported into Sanity CMS on Day 3. The aim was to create a scalable, responsive, and user-friendly interface for the furniture marketplace.

2. Key Components Implemented

Product Page

• Purpose: To display a dynamic list of products fetched from Sanity CMS.

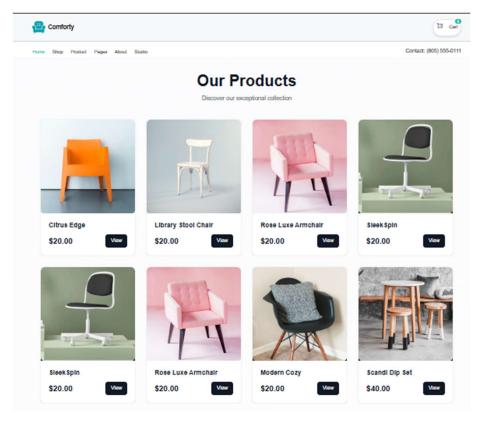
Implementation:

- Fetched product data using Sanity's GROQ queries and displayed it in a grid layout.
- Rendered product cards showing the name, price, image, and availability status.
- Utilized reusable components for consistency and scalability.

Features:

- Responsive design for optimal viewing across devices.
- Lazy loading for improved performance.

Snippets of Product Listing Page and its Code:



Product Detail Page

• Purpose: To provide detailed information about a specific product.

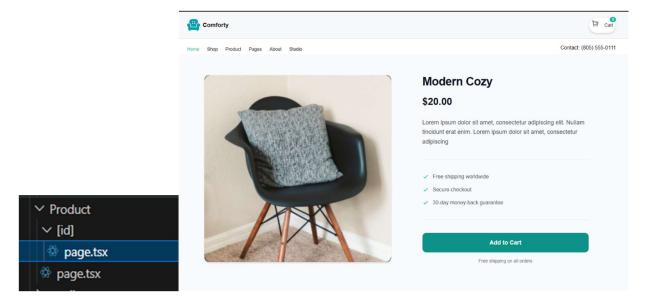
• Implementation:

- Used Next.js dynamic routing (pages/product/[id].tsx) to create individual product pages.
- Fetched and displayed detailed product data, including:
 - Name, price, description, images, and stock availability.
- o Integrated user-friendly navigation to return to the product listing.

• Features:

- Dynamic URL-based navigation.
- o Clean and informative UI for an enhanced user experience.

Snippets of Product Detailed Page and Dynamic Routing:



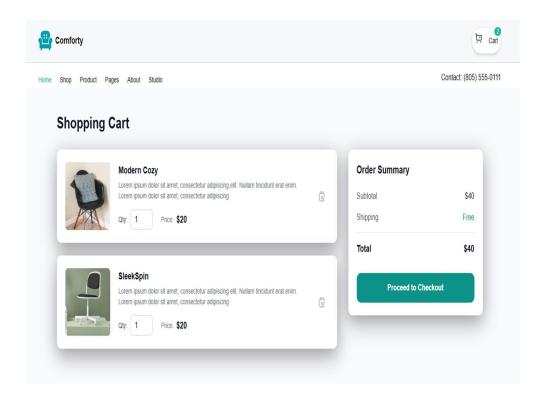
Cart Functionality

• **Purpose**: To allow users to add products to their cart and view selected items.

• Implementation:

- Created a CartContext using React Context API for global state management.
- o Implemented "Add to Cart" functionality on the product detail page.
- o Cart features included:
 - Dynamic item count in the header.
 - View, update, and remove items from the cart.
- o Persisted cart state to local storage to retain data between sessions.

Snippets of Cart Page:



Checkout Page

• Purpose: To finalize the purchase process.

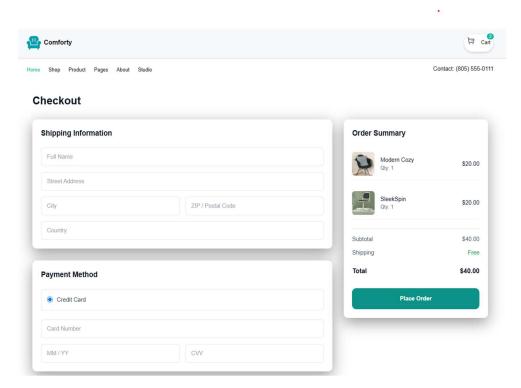
• Implementation:

- Designed a multi-step checkout form to collect:
 - Billing and shipping details.
 - Payment information (mock implementation).
- Displayed a summary of the cart with the total price.

Features:

- Clean and intuitive UI for user convenience.
- Error handling for incomplete or invalid inputs.

Snippets of CheckOut Page:



3. Challenges and Solutions

API Integration with Sanity CMS:

- Challenge: Ensuring accurate data fetching and rendering for the product pages.
- Solution: Verified the GROQ queries and implemented error handling to manage API response issues.

State Management:

- Challenge: Managing global cart state efficiently.
- Solution: Utilized Context API for simplicity and local storage for persistence.

Dynamic Routing:

- Challenge: Dynamically generating pages for each product using Next.js.
- Solution: Leveraged the getStaticPaths and getStaticProps functions to pre-render pages at build time.

4. Best Practices Followed

- Modular and reusable component design for scalability.
- Responsive design using Tailwind CSS to ensure compatibility across devices.
- Optimized data fetching with Sanity GROQ and React query hooks.
- Proper error handling for robust user interactions.

6. Project Link

https://giaic-market-place-e-commerce-hackathon.vercel.app/

7. Conclusion

Day 4 was focused on transforming static data into an interactive and functional user interface. By completing the product pages, cart functionality, and checkout flow, the project demonstrates a scalable approach to building an eCommerce platform.