LET'S START WITH DBMS:)

<u>Dependency Preserving decomposition</u>

Dependency preserving decomposition ensures that the functional dependencies are preserved/maintained after decomposing a relation into two or more smaller relations.

Consider a relation R(A, B, C) with FD : A->B, B->C, find if its dependency preserving when divided into R1(AB) and R2(BC)

- $R1(AB): A \rightarrow B$
- $R2(BC): B \rightarrow C$

The decomposition is dependency preserving because the functional dependencies A \rightarrow B and B \rightarrow C are preserved in R1 and R2

LET'S START WITH DBMS:)

<u>Dependency Preserving decomposition</u>

Consider a relation R(A, B, C, D) with FD : A \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow D, find if its dependency preserving when divided into R1(A, B, C) and R2(C,D)

R1(A, B, C): A \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow C(Functional dependency preserved)

R2(C, D): $C \rightarrow D(Functional dependency preserved)$

The decomposition is dependency preserving because the functional dependencies A \rightarrow B and B \rightarrow C are preserved in R1 and R2