

**Programming for Artificial Intelligence Lab**



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## LAB 1

### HOUSE PRICE PREDICTION

#### Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

#### **Reading training data:**

```
train_data=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Hamza Computer\Desktop\home-data-
for-ml-course\train.csv")
train_data
```

```
In [2]: train_data=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Hamza Computer\Desktop\home-data-for-ml-course\train.csv")
train_data
```

Out[2]:

	Id	MSSubClass	MSZoning	LotFrontage	LotArea	Street	Alley	LotShape	LandContour	Utilities	...	PoolArea	PoolQC	Fence	MiscFeature	MiscVal
0	1	60	RL	65.0	8450	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	0
1	2	20	RL	80.0	9600	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	0
2	3	60	RL	68.0	11250	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	0
3	4	70	RL	60.0	9550	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	0
4	5	60	RL	84.0	14260	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1455	1456	60	RL	62.0	7917	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	0
1456	1457	20	RL	85.0	13175	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	NaN	MnPrv	NaN	0
1457	1458	70	RL	66.0	9042	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	NaN	GdPrv	Shed	2500
1458	1459	20	RL	68.0	9717	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	0
1459	1460	20	RL	75.0	9937	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	0

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### Reading testing data:

```
test_data=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Hamza Computer\Desktop\home-data-for-ml-course\test.csv")
```

test\_data

```
In [3]: test_data=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Hamza Computer\Desktop\home-data-for-ml-course\test.csv")
test_data
```

Out[3]:

	Id	MSSubClass	MSZoning	LotFrontage	LotArea	Street	Alley	LotShape	LandContour	Utilities	...	ScreenPorch	PoolArea	PoolQC	Fence	MiscFe
0	1461	20	RH	80.0	11622	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	120	0	NaN	MnPrv	
1	1462	20	RL	81.0	14267	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	
2	1463	60	RL	74.0	13830	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	MnPrv	
3	1464	60	RL	78.0	9978	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	
4	1465	120	RL	43.0	5005	Pave	NaN	IR1	HLS	AllPub	...	144	0	NaN	NaN	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1454	2915	160	RM	21.0	1936	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	
1455	2916	160	RM	21.0	1894	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	
1456	2917	20	RL	160.0	20000	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	
1457	2918	85	RL	62.0	10441	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	MnPrv	
1458	2919	60	RL	74.0	9627	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	

### Information of training data:

train\_data.info()

```
In [4]: train_data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1460 entries, 0 to 1459
Data columns (total 81 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Id                    1460 non-null   int64
1   MSSubClass            1460 non-null   int64
2   MSZoning              1460 non-null   object
3   LotFrontage          1201 non-null   float64
4   LotArea              1460 non-null   int64
5   Street               1460 non-null   object
6   Alley               91 non-null     object
7   LotShape             1460 non-null   object
8   LandContour          1460 non-null   object
9   Utilities            1460 non-null   object
10  LotConfig            1460 non-null   object
11  LandSlope            1460 non-null   object
12  Neighborhood          1460 non-null   object
13  Condition1           1460 non-null   object
14  Condition2           1460 non-null   object
```

### Selecting the column on which we have to predict:

```
y=train_data.SalePrice
```

### Converting object columns into int of training data:

```
def dataEncoder(cols):
```

```
    for i in cols:
```

```
        dataLabelEncoder = LabelEncoder()
```

```
        train_data[i] = dataLabelEncoder.fit_transform(train_data[i])
```

```
columns = ['HouseStyle']
```

```
dataEncoder(columns)
```

```
In [5]: y=train_data.SalePrice
```

```
In [6]: def dataEncoder(cols):
        for i in cols:
            dataLabelEncoder = LabelEncoder()
            train_data[i] = dataLabelEncoder.fit_transform(train_data[i])

        columns = ['HouseStyle']
        dataEncoder(columns)
```

### Selecting the attributes on which we have to predict:

```
features = ['YearBuilt', 'HouseStyle']
```

```
x = train_data[features]
```

```
x.describe()
```

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```
In [8]: features = ['YearBuilt', 'HouseStyle']
```

```
In [9]: x = train_data[features]
```

```
In [10]: x.describe()
```

Out[10]:

	YearBuilt	HouseStyle
count	1460.000000	1460.000000
mean	1971.267808	3.038356
std	30.202904	1.911305
min	1872.000000	0.000000
25%	1954.000000	2.000000
50%	1973.000000	2.000000
75%	2000.000000	5.000000
max	2010.000000	7.000000

### Training the model:

```
model_svc = SVC()
```

```
model_svc.fit(x, y)
```

```
print(model_svc)
```

```
In [11]: model_svc = SVC()
          model_svc.fit(x, y)

          print(model_svc)

          SVC()
```

### Convert object columns into int of testing data:

```
def dataEncoder(cols):  
    for i in cols:  
        dataLabelEncoder = LabelEncoder()  
        test_data[i] = dataLabelEncoder.fit_transform(test_data[i])  
  
columns = ['HouseStyle']  
dataEncoder(columns)
```

### Selecting the features on which we have to test:

```
features_test = ['YearBuilt', 'HouseStyle']  
o= test_data[features_test]
```

```
In [12]: def dataEncoder(cols):  
         for i in cols:  
             dataLabelEncoder = LabelEncoder()  
             test_data[i] = dataLabelEncoder.fit_transform(test_data[i])  
  
         columns = ['HouseStyle']  
         dataEncoder(columns)
```

```
In [13]: features_test = ['YearBuilt', 'HouseStyle']
```

```
In [14]: o= test_data[features_test]
```

### Converting testing features into a new CSV file

```
df = pd.DataFrame(o)  
# Save the DataFrame as a new CSV file
```

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```
df.to_csv(r'test88.csv', index=False, header=True)
print("New CSV file created successfully!")
```

```
In [15]: df = pd.DataFrame(o)

# Save the DataFrame as a new CSV file
df.to_csv(r'test88.csv', index=False, header=True)

print("New CSV file created successfully!")

New CSV file created successfully!
```

**Now we are predicting on new CSV that we made from testing features:**

```
test10_data=pd.read_csv('test88.csv')
model_predictions = model_svc.predict(test10_data)
```

```
In [16]: test10_data=pd.read_csv('test88.csv')
```

```
In [17]: model_predictions = model_svc.predict(test10_data)
```

**Again we are reading testing data CSV file because the format of submission file is ID and price so from this we will extract the Id column:**

```
x=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Hamza Computer\Desktop\home-data-for-ml-
course\test.csv")
```

x

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Out[18]:

	Id	MSSubClass	MSZoning	LotFrontage	LotArea	Street	Alley	LotShape	LandContour	Utilities	...	ScreenPorch	PoolArea	PoolQC	Fence	MiscFe
0	1461	20	RH	80.0	11622	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	120	0	NaN	MnPrv	
1	1462	20	RL	81.0	14267	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	
2	1463	60	RL	74.0	13830	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	MnPrv	
3	1464	60	RL	78.0	9978	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	
4	1465	120	RL	43.0	5005	Pave	NaN	IR1	HLS	AllPub	...	144	0	NaN	NaN	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1454	2915	160	RM	21.0	1936	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	
1455	2916	160	RM	21.0	1894	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	
1456	2917	20	RL	160.0	20000	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	
1457	2918	85	RL	62.0	10441	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	MnPrv	
1458	2919	60	RL	74.0	9627	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	...	0	0	NaN	NaN	

1459 rows × 80 columns

### Submission file:

```
submission10=pd.DataFrame({'ID':x['Id'],'SalePrice':model_predictions})
```

```
submission10.to_csv('submission10.csv',index=False)
```

```
print("submission successfully")
```

```
In [19]: submission10=pd.DataFrame({'ID':x['Id'],'SalePrice':model_predictions})
         submission10.to_csv('submission10.csv',index=False)
         print("submission successfully")
```

```
submission successfully
```



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### Accuracy:

The screenshot shows the Kaggle website interface. The browser tabs include 'NameError Troubleshooting' and 'Housing Prices Competition for...'. The address bar shows 'kaggle.com/competitions/home-data-for-ml-course/submissions'. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Home, Competitions, Datasets, Models, Code, Discussions, Learn, More, Your Work, VIEWED, and View Active Events. The main content area is titled 'Submissions' and includes a search bar and a navigation bar with links: Overview, Data, Code, Models, Discussion, Leaderboard, Rules, Team, and Submissions. Below the navigation bar, there are filter buttons: 'All', 'Successful', and 'Errors', and a 'Recent' dropdown. The submission table has two columns: 'Submission and Description' and 'Public Score'. A single submission is listed: 'submission.csv' with a status of 'Complete · 23d ago' and a public score of '60446.92866'. The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows various application icons and the system clock indicating 7:50 PM on 2/7/2025.

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