<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Experiments based on Variables, Datatypes in Python.</u> / <u>Week1 Quiz</u>

Started on	Thursday, 14 March 2024, 1:56 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Thursday, 14 March 2024, 1:58 PM
Time taken	2 mins 15 secs
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100 %)
Question 1	

Question **1**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following declarations is incorrect in python language?

○ a. xyzp = 5000 6000 7000 8000

b. x,y,z,p = 5000, 6000, 7000, 8000 ✓

 \circ c. xyzp = 5,000,000

O d. $x_y_z_p = 5,000,000$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

x,y,z,p = 5000, 6000, 7000, 8000

Question 2
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What will be the output of the following code snippet?
print(type(5 / 2))
○ b. obj
c. int
O d. str
Your answer is correct.
The correct answer is:
float
Question 3
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What do we use to define a block of code in Python language?
■ a. Indentation ✓
○ b. Key
○ c. Parenthesis
O d. Curly brace
Your answer is correct.
The correct answer is: Indentation
muentation

Question 4 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What will be the output of the following python Codemystring="India is my country" print(type(mystring)) a. class str b. str c. <class 'str'=""> ✓ d. 'str'</class>
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is: <class 'str'=""></class>
Question 5 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What will be the output of the following code snippet? a = 3 b = 1 print(a, b) a, b = b, a print(a, b) a. 31 ✓ 13 b. 13 31 c. No output d. 31 31
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is: 3 1 1 3

Question 6 Correct				
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00				
Type the code to get float input from the keyboard. (No need to assign to a variable)				
Answer: float(input())				
The correct answer is: float(input())				
Question 7 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00				
Who developed the Python language?				
 a. Bill Gates b. Dennis Ritchie c. Guido Van Rossum ✓ d. Von Neumann 				
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is: Guido Van Rossum				
Question 8 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00				
Which of the following <u>functions</u> is a built-in function in python language?				
a. scanf()				
 b. printf() c. val() d. print() ✓ 				
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is: print()				

Question 9	
Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
Which one of the following is the correct extension of the Python file?	
apython	
○ ccpp	
○ dp	
Your answer is correct.	
The correct answer is:	
.ру	
Question 10	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
What will be the detains of the way in the below and animate	
What will be the datatype of the var in the below code snippet? var = 10	
print(type(var))	
var = "Hello"	
print(type(var))	
a. No output	
b. int and str ✓	
○ c. float and str	
O d. int and int	
G. Int and int	
Your answer is correct.	
The correct answer is: int and str	
Paris (Puller)	
→ Basics of Python	
Jump to	*
	Week1_Coding ►

<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Experiments based on Variables, Datatypes in Python.</u> / <u>Week1 Coding.</u>

Started on	Thursday, 14 March 2024, 2:02 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Thursday, 28 March 2024, 2:49 PM
Time taken	14 days
Marks	6.00/6.00
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a program to convert strings to an integer and float and display its type.

Sample Input:

10

10.9

Sample Output:

10,<class 'int'>

10.9, < class 'float' >

For example:

Input	Result
10	10, <class 'int'=""></class>
10.9	10.9, <class 'float'=""></class>

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	10 10.9	10, <class 'int'=""> 10.9,<class 'float'=""></class></class>	10, <class 'int'=""> 10.9,<class 'float'=""></class></class>	~
~	12 12.5	12, <class 'int'=""> 12.5,<class 'float'=""></class></class>	12, <class 'int'=""> 12.5,<class 'float'=""></class></class>	~
~	89 7.56	89, <class 'int'=""> 7.6,<class 'float'=""></class></class>	89, <class 'int'=""> 7.6,<class 'float'=""></class></class>	~
~	55000 56.2	55000, <class 'int'=""> 56.2,<class 'float'=""></class></class>	55000, <class 'int'=""> 56.2,<class 'float'=""></class></class>	~
~	2541 2541.679	2541, <class 'int'=""> 2541.7,<class 'float'=""></class></class>	2541, <class 'int'=""> 2541.7,<class 'float'=""></class></class>	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question 2
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Ramesh's basic salary is input through the keyboard. His dearness allowance is 40% of his basic salary, and his house rent allowance is 20% of his basic salary. Write a program to calculate his gross salary.

Sample Input:

10000

Sample Output:

16000

For example:

Input		Result	
100	900	16000	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 | a=int(input())

2 | b=(a*(40/100))

3 | c=(a*(20/100))

4 | d=(a+b+c)

5 | print(d)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	10000	16000	16000.0	~
~	20000	32000	32000.0	~
~	28000	44800	44800.0	~
~	5000	8000	8000.0	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question **3**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a simple python program to find the square root of a given floating point number. The output should be displayed with 3 decimal places.

Sample Input:

8.00

Sample Output:

2.828

For example:

Input	Result	
14.00	3.742	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 | a=float(input())
2 | b=(a**(1/2))
3 | print(round(b,3))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	8.00	2.828	2.828	~
~	14.00	3.742	3.742	~
~	4.00	2.000	2.0	~
~	487	22.068	22.068	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Alfred buys an old scooter for Rs. X and spends Rs. Y on its repairs. If he sells the scooter for Rs. Z (Z>X+Y). Write a program to help Alfred to find his gain percent. Get all the above-mentioned values through the keyboard and find the gain percent.

Input Format:

The first line contains the Rs X

The second line contains Rs Y

The third line contains Rs Z

Sample Input:

10000

250

15000

Sample Output:

46.34 is the gain percent.

For example:

Input					
45500	30.43	is	the	gain	percent.
500					
60000					

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	10000 250 15000	46.34 is the gain percent.	46.34 is the gain percent.	~
~	45500 500 60000	30.43 is the gain percent.	30.43 is the gain percent.	~
~	5000 0 7000	40.00 is the gain percent.	40.00 is the gain percent.	~

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	12500 5000 18000	2.86 is the gain percent.	2.86 is the gain percent.	~
'asse	d all test	ts! 🗸		
Correct Marks fo	•	bmission: 1.00/1.00.		

Question **5**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In many jurisdictions, a small deposit is added to drink containers to encourage people to recycle them. In one particular jurisdiction, drink containers holding one liter or less have a \$0.10 deposit and drink containers holding more than one liter have a \$0.25 deposit. Write a program that reads the number of containers of each size(less and more) from the user. Your program should continue by computing and displaying the refund that will be received for returning those containers. Format the output so that it includes a dollar sign and always displays exactly two decimal places.

Sample Input

10

20

Sample Output

Your total refund will be \$6.00.

For example:

Input	Result						
20	Your total refund will be \$7.00.						
20							

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	20 20	Your total refund will be \$7.00.	Your total refund will be \$7.00.	~
~	11 22	Your total refund will be \$6.60.	Your total refund will be \$6.60.	~
~	123 200	Your total refund will be \$62.30.	Your total refund will be \$62.30.	~
~	76 38	Your total refund will be \$17.10.	Your total refund will be \$17.10.	~

Passed all tests! <

Correct

Question 6
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Justin is a carpenter who works on an hourly basis. He works in a company where he is paid Rs 50 for an hour on weekdays and Rs 80 for an hour on weekends. He works 10 hrs more on weekdays than weekends. If the salary paid for him is given, write a program to find the number of hours he has worked on weekdays and weekends.

Hint:

If the final result(hrs) are in -ve convert that to +ve using abs() function

The abs() function returns the absolute value of the given number.

```
number = -20
absolute_number = abs(number)
print(absolute_number)
# Output: 20
```

Sample Input:

450

Sample Output:

weekdays 10.38

weekend 0.38

For example:

Input	Result
450	weekdays 10.38 weekend 0.38

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	450	weekdays 10.38 weekend 0.38	weekdays 10.38 weekend 0.38	~
~	500	weekdays 10.00 weekend 0.00	weekdays 10.00 weekend 0.00	~
~	10000	weekdays 83.08 weekend 73.08	weekdays 83.08 weekend 73.08	~

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	6789	weekdays 58.38 weekend 48.38	weekdays 58.38 weekend 48.38	~
Passed	d all tes	ts! 🗸		
Correct Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.				

■ Week1_Quiz

Jump to... \$

Operators -

<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Operators and Formatting Output.</u> / <u>Week2 Coding</u>

Started on	Thursday, 4 April 2024, 1:22 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Sunday, 14 April 2024, 11:23 PM
Time taken	10 days 10 hours
Overdue	8 days 10 hours
Marks	14.00/19.00
Grade	73.68 out of 100.00

Question **1**Not answered
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

The program that you create for this exercise will begin by reading the cost of a meal ordered at a restaurant from the user. Then your program will compute the tax and tip for the meal. Use your local tax rate (5 percent) when computing the amount of tax owing. Compute the tip as 18 percent of the meal amount (without the tax). The output from your program should include the tax amount, the tip amount, and the grand total for the meal including both the tax and the tip. Format the output so that all of the values are displayed using two decimal places.

Sample Input

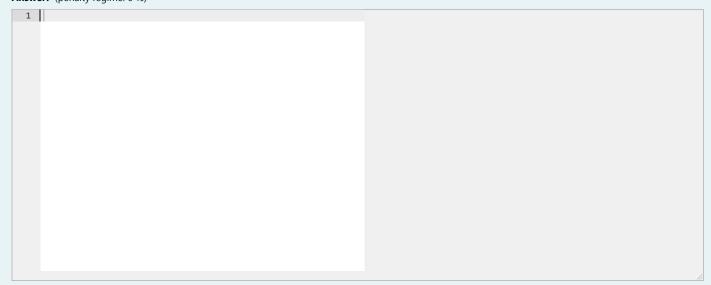
100

Sample Output

The tax is 5.00 and the tip is 18.00, making the total 123.00

For example:

	Input	Result
	100	The tax is 5.00 and the tip is 18.00, making the total 123.00 $$



```
Question 2
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Mr. X's birthday is in next month. This time he is planning to invite N of his friends. He wants to distribute some chocolates to all of his friends after the party. He went to a shop to buy a packet of chocolates. At the chocolate shop, 4 packets are there with different numbers of chocolates. He wants to buy such a packet which contains a number of chocolates, which can be distributed equally among all of his friends. Help Mr. X to buy such a packet.

Input Given:

N-No of friends

P1,P2,P3 AND P4-No of chocolates

OUTPUT:

"True" if he can buy that packet and "False" if he can't buy that packet.

SAMPLE INPUT AND OUTPUT:

5

25

12

10 9

OUTPUT

True False True False

For example:

Input	Resu	lt		
5	True	False	True	True
25				
23				
20				
10				

```
1 h=int(input())
2 p1=int(input())
3 p2=int(input())
4 p3=int(input())
5 p4=int(input())
6 print(p1%n=0,end=" ")
7 print(p2%n=0,end=" ")
8 print(p2%n=0,end=' ')
9 print(p4%n=0,end=' ')
10
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5	True False True True	True False True True	~
	25			
	23			
	20			
	10			
~	4	False True False True	False True False True	~
	23			
	24			
	21			
	12			
~	8	True True True True	True True True True	~
	64			
	8			
	16			
	32			

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Question 3	
lot answered	
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00	

In London, every year during Dasara there will be a very grand doll show. People try to invent new dolls of different varieties. The best-sold doll's creator will be awarded with a cash prize. So people broke their heads to create dolls innovatively. Knowing this competition, Mr.Lokpaul tried to create a doll that sings only when an even number is pressed and the number should not be zero and greater than 100.

IF Lokpaul wins print true, otherwise false.

Sample Input

10

Sample Output

True

Explanation:

Since 10 is an even number and a number between 0 and 100, True is printed

For example:

Input	Result
101	False

1	

```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Mr.Ram has been given a problem kindly help him to solve it. The input of the program is either 0 or 1. IF 0 is the input he should display "C" if 1 is the input it should display "D". There is a constraint that Mr. Ram should use either logical <u>operators</u> or arithmetic <u>operators</u> to solve the problem, not anything else.

Hint:

Use ASCII values of C and D.

Input Format:

An integer x, 0 < = x < = 1.

Output Format:

output a single character "C" or "D" depending on the value of ${\bf x}$.

```
Input 1:
0
Output 1:
C
```

```
Input 2:

1
Output 1:
D
```

For example:

Input	Result
0	С

```
1 h=int(input())
2 print(n and 'D' or 'C')
```

	Input Expected		Got	
~	0	С	С	~
~	1	D	D	~

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5
Correct
Mark 10.00 out of 10.00

An online retailer sells two products: widgets and gizmos. Each widget weighs 75 grams. Each gizmo weighs 112 grams. Write a program that reads the number of widgets and the number of gizmos from the user. Then your program should compute and display the total weight of the parts.

Sample Input:

10

20

Sample Output:

The total weight of all these widgets and gizmos is 2990 grams.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	10 20	The total weight of all these widgets and gizmos is 2990 grams.	The total weight of all these widgets and gizmos is 2990 grams.	~

Correct

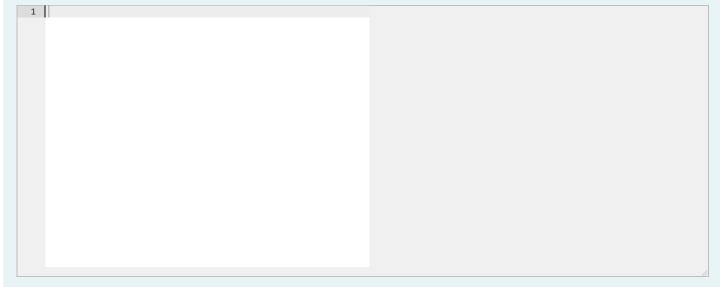
Question **6**Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Pretend that you have just opened a new savings account that earns 4 percent interest per year. The interest that you earn is paid at the end of the year, and is added to the balance of the savings account. Write a program that begins by reading the amount of money deposited into the account from the user. Then your program should compute and display the amount in the savings account after 1, 2, and 3 years. Display each amount so that it is rounded to 2 decimal places. Sample Input: 10000 Sample Output: Balance as of end of Year 1: \$10400.00. Balance as of end of Year 2: \$10816.00. Balance as of end of Year 3: \$11248.64.

For example:

Input	Result							
10000								\$10400.00. \$10816.00.
	Balance	as	of	end	of	Year	3:	\$11248.64.



Question **7**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a python program that takes a integer between 0 and 15 as input and displays the number of '1' s in its binary form.(Hint:use python bitwise operator.

Sample Input

3

Sample Output:

2

Explanation:

The binary representation of 3 is 011, hence there are 2 ones in it. so the output is 2.

For example:

Input	Result		
3	2		

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	2	2	~
~	5	2	2	~
~	15	4	4	~

Passed all tests! <

Correct

Question 8	
Not answered	
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00	

Write a program that returns the last digit of the given number. Last digit is being referred to the least significant digit i.e. the digit in the ones (units) place in the given number.

The last digit should be returned as a positive number.

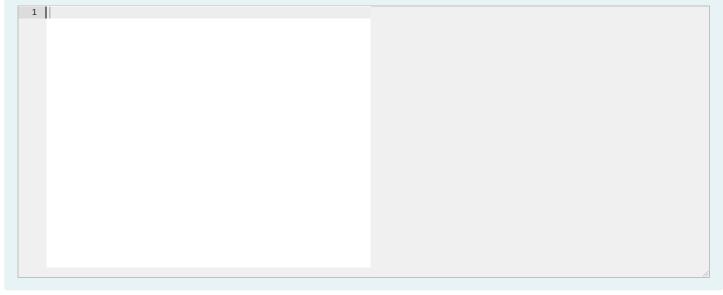
For example,

if the given number is 197, the last digit is 7

if the given number is -197, the last digit is 7

For example:

Input	Result
197	7
-197	7



Question 9	
Not answered	
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00	

Note:

Dont use if-else. Operators alone must be used .

A team from the Rotract club had planned to conduct a rally to create awareness among the Coimbatore people to donate blood. They conducted the rally successfully. Many of the Coimbatore people realized it and came forward to donate their blood to nearby blood banks. The eligibility criteria for donating blood are people should be above or equal to 18 and his/ her weight should be above 40. There was a huge crowd and staff in the blood bank found it difficult to manage the crowd. So they decided to keep a system and ask the people to enter their age and weight in the system. If a person is eligible he/she will be allowed inside.

Write a program and feed it to the system to find whether a person is eligible or not.

Input Format:

Input consists of two integers that correspond to the age and weight of a person respectively.

Output Format:

Display True(IF ELIGIBLE)

Display False (if not eligible)

Sample Input

19

45

Sample Output

True

For example:

Input	Result
18	False
40	

1	

Question **10**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In the 1800s, the battle of Troy was led by Hercules. He was a superstitious person. He believed that his crew can win the battle only if the total count of the weapons in hand is in multiple of 3 and the soldiers are in an even number of count. Given the total number of weapons and the soldier's count, Find whether the battle can be won or not according to Hercules's belief. If the battle can be won print True otherwise print False.

Input format:

Line 1 has the total number of weapons

Line 2 has the total number of Soldiers.

Output Format:

If the battle can be won print True otherwise print False.

Sample Input:

32

43

Sample Output:'

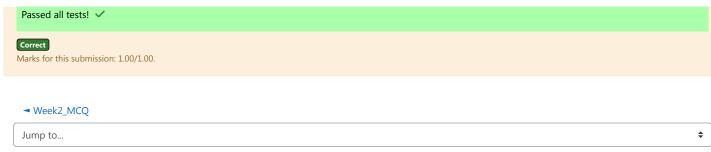
False

For example:

Input	Result
32	False
43	

```
1 | x=int(input())
2 | y=int(input())
3 | a=x%3
4 | b=y%2
5 | print(a==0 and b==0)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	32 43	False	False	~
~	273 7890	True	True	~
~	800 4590	False	False	~
~	6789 32996	True	True	~



Selection control structures ►

<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Algorithmic Approach: Selection control structures</u> / <u>Week3 mcq</u>

Started on	Tuesday, 16 April 2024, 9:33 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Tuesday, 16 April 2024, 9:40 PM
Time taken	6 mins 55 secs
Grade	8.00 out of 15.00 (53.33 %)
Question 1 Incorrect	
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00	
Given the nested if	F-else below, what will be the value x when the code executed successfully
x = 0	
a = 5	
b = 5	
if a > 0:	
if b < 0:	
x = x + 5	
elif a > 5:	
x = x + 4	
else:	
x = x + 3	
else:	
x = x + 2	
print(x)	
pi Int(x)	
○ a. 2	
b. 4 X	
O c. 0	
O d. 3	
Your answer is inco	rrect
The correct answer	
3	13.

Question 2 Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
What is the output of the following code x=3 if x>2 or x<5 and x==6: print("ok") else: print("no output")
 a. no output X b. ok c. None of the given option d. error
Your answer is incorrect. The correct answer is: ok
Question 3 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What is the output of the given below program? if 1 + 3 == 7: print("Hello") else: print("REC") □ a. Hello □ b. REC ✓ □ c. Compiled Successfully, No Output.
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is: REC

Question 4	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	

What is the output of the following code :	
x=True	
y=False	
z=False	
if x or y and z:	
print("YES")	
elif x and y or z:	
print("yes")	
else:	
print("no")	
o a. no	
O b. Error	
○ c. yes	

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

YES

Question 5
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
<pre>if true: print("Hello World") a. Hello World X b. No output c. Name Error</pre>
Your answer is incorrect. The correct answer is: Name Error
Question 6 Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
Ahaana wants to make a fun program , if user enters any number a "Good" or "funny" message will appear . She is confused that which is the most suitable control to be used to make such program. Help her to choose correct option.
○ b. if elif
○ c. if else
O d. If
Your answer is incorrect.
The correct answer is: if else

Question 7	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
Mark 1.00 Out of 1.00	
if(x=-1):	
print("present")	
else:	
print("absent")	
○ b. Runtime Error	
c. absent	
od. compilation error	
Your answer is correct.	
The correct answer is:	
present	
present	
Question 8	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
With what autonaian are the mathematics sound?	
With what extension are the python <u>files</u> saved?	
apyn	
bpy ✓	
○ cp	
Odpython	
apython	
Very engine in any or	
Your answer is correct.	
The correct answer is:	
.py	

Question 9
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What will be the output?
a=11
b=5
if $(a\%b==0)$:
print ("hello")
if $(a//b==0)$:
print ("hi")
else:
print ("python")
○ a. hi
○ c. hello
Your answer is correct.
The correct answer is:
python
Question 10
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Which of the following options correctly prints the phrase "Hurry Up!!"?
a. printf("Hurry Up!!")
○ b. print_sentence(Hurry Up!!!)
○ c. print("Hurry Up!!") ✓
od. print(Hurry Up!!!)
Your answer is correct.
The correct answer is: print("Hurry Up!!")
print(riarry op.:)

```
Question 11
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

choose a valid Python if statement :

✓ a. if a>=2: ✓

□ b. if (a >= 2)

□ c. if (a => 22)

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

if a>=2:

Question 12
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

What is the output of the following code.

```
a=90
if a>100:
    if(a<=90 and a==90):
        print("REC")
    else:
        print("OPEN-ELECTIVE")</pre>
```

a. OPEN-ELECTIVE X

O b. REC

C. REC

OPEN-ELECTIVE

od. No output

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is:

No output

Question 13
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

What is the output of the following code.

a="REC"
if a in ("rec"):
 print(a)

print(a)

a. REC
 REC
 REC

O b. REC

o c. false ×
 REC

Your answer is incorrect.

Od. No output

The correct answer is:

REC

Question 14	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
what will be the output for the following question?	
a, b = 12, 5	
if a + b:	
print('True')	
else:	
print('False')	
⊚ a. True ✓	
○ b. Error	
○ c. False	
C. raise	
Your answer is correct.	
The correct answer is:	
True True	
Question 15	
Incorrect	
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00	
if(x=-1):	
print("present")	
else:	
print("absent")	
a. Runtime Error	
● b. compilation error ×	
○ c. absent	
O d. present	
Your answer is incorrect.	
The correct answer is: present	
present	
→ Selection control structures	
Jump to	\$

Week3_coding ►

<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Algorithmic Approach: Selection control structures</u> / <u>Week3 coding</u>

Started on	Tuesday, 16 April 2024, 7:23 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Wednesday, 17 April 2024, 9:33 PM
Time taken	1 day 2 hours
Marks	9.00/10.00
Grade	90.00 out of 100.00

Question **1**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program that returns the second last digit of the given number. Second last digit is being referred 10the digit in the tens place in the given number. For example, if the given number is 197, the second last digit is 9.

Note1 - The second last digit should be returned as a positive number i.e. if the given number is -197, the second last digit is 9.

Note2 - If the given number is a single digit number, then the second last digit does not exist. In such cases, the program should return -1. i.e. if the given number is 5, the second last digit should be returned as -1

For example:

Input	Result
197	9
5	-1

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1    h = int(input())
2    if n < 0:
3          n = -n
4    if n < 10:
        print(-1)
6    else:
7     second_last_digit = n % 100 // 10
    print(abs(second_last_digit))</pre>
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	197	9	9	~
~	-197	9	9	~
~	5	-1	-1	~
~	123456	5	5	~
~	8	-1	-1	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question **2**Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Most years have 365 days. However, the time required for the Earth to orbit the Sun is actually slightly more than that. As a result, an extra day, February 29, is

included in some years to correct for this difference. Such years are referred to as leap years. The rules for determining whether or not a year is a leap year follow:

- Any year that is divisible by 400 is a leap year.
- Of the remaining years, any year that is divisible by 100 is not a leap year.
- Of the remaining years, any year that is divisible by 4 is a leap year.
- All other years are not leap years.

Write a program that reads a year from the user and displays a message indicating whether or not it is a leap year.

Sample Input 1

1900

Sample Output 1

1900 is not a leap year.

Sample Input 2

2000

Sample Output 2

2000 is a leap year.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
| y = int(input())
| if y%400=0 and y%4==0:
| print(y, 'is a leap year.')
| 4 | elif y%100|=0:
| print(y, "is not a leap year.")
| else:
| print(y, "is not a leap year.")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1900	1900 is not a leap year.	1900 is not a leap year.	~
~	2000	2000 is a leap year.	2000 is a leap year.	~
~	2100	2100 is not a leap year.	2100 is not a leap year.	~
×	2020	2020 is a leap year.	2020 is not a leap year.	×

Your code must pass all tests to earn any marks. Try again.

Show differences

Incorrect

```
Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

The Chinese zodiac assigns animals to years in a 12 year cycle. One 12 year cycle is shown in the table below. The pattern repeats from there, with 2012 being another year of the dragon, and 1999 being another year of the hare.

Year Animal

2000 Dragon

2001 Snake

2002 Horse

2003 Sheep

2004 Monkey

2004 Monkey

2005 Rooster

2006 Dog

2007 Pig

2008 Rat

2009 Ox

2010 Tiger

2011 Hare

Write a program that reads a year from the user and displays the animal associated with that year. Your program should work correctly for any year greater than or equal to zero, not just the ones listed in the table.

Sample Input 1

2010

Sample Output 1

2010 is the year of the Tiger.

Sample Input 2

2020

Sample Output 2

2020 is the year of the Rat.

```
a=int(input())
    if a>=0 and a%12==8:
        print(a,"is the year of the Dragon.")
 3
 4 ,
    elif a>=0 and a%12==9:
        print(a,"is the year of the Snake.")
 5
    elif a>=0 and a%12==10:
 6
 7
        print(a,"is the year of the Horse.")
 8
    elif a>=0 and a%12==11:
        print(a,"is the year of the Sheep.")
10
   elif a>=0 and a%12==0:
11
        print(a,"is the year of the Monkey.")
12
    elif a>=0 and a%12==1:
13
        print(a,"is the year of the Rooster.")
    elif a>=0 and a%12==2:
14
15
        print(a,"is the year of the Dog.")
    elif a>=0 and a%12==3:
16
17
        print(a,"is the year of the Pig.")
18
    elif a>=0 and a%12==4:
        print(a,"is the year of the Rat.")
19
20
    elif a>=0 and a%12==5:
21
        print(a,"is the year of the Ox.")
    elif a>=0 and a%12==6:
22
23
        print(a,"is the year of the Tiger.")
24
    else:
25
        print(a,"is the year of the Hare.")
```

	ı				
	Input	Expected	Got		
~	2010	2010 is the year of the Tiger.	2010 is the year of the Tiger.	~	
~	2020	2020 is the year of the Rat.	2020 is the year of the Rat.	~	
Passe	Passed all tests! ✓				
	Correct Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.				

Question **4**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

A triangle can be classified based on the lengths of its sides as equilateral, isosceles or scalene. All three sides of an equilateral triangle have the same length. An isosceles triangle has two sides that are the same length, and a third side that is a different length. If all of the sides have different lengths then the triangle is scalene.

Write a program that reads the lengths of the three sides of a triangle from the user. Then display a message that states the triangle's type.

Sample Input 1

60

60

60

Sample Output 1

That's a equilateral triangle

Sample Input 2

40

40

80

Sample Output 2

That's a isosceles triangle

Sample Input 3

50

60

70

Sample Output 3

That's a scalene triangle

For example:

Input	Result
60 60 60	That's a equilateral triangle
40 40 80	That's a isosceles triangle

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	60 60 60	That's a equilateral triangle	That's a equilateral triangle	~
~	40 40 80	That's a isosceles triangle	That's a isosceles triangle	~
~	50 60 70	That's a scalene triangle	That's a scalene triangle	~
~	50 50 80	That's a isosceles triangle	That's a isosceles triangle	~
~	10 10 10	That's a equilateral triangle	That's a equilateral triangle	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

```
Question 5
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a program to calculate and print the Electricity bill where the unit consumed by the user is given from test case. It prints the total amount the customer has to pay. The charge are as follows:

Unit Charge / Unit
Upto 199 @1.20
200 and above but less than 400 @1.50
400 and above but less than 600 @1.80
600 and above @2.00

If bill exceeds Rs.400 then a surcharge of 15% will be charged and the minimum bill should be of Rs.100/-

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input

50

Output

100.00

Test Case 2

Input

300

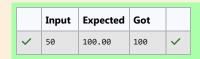
Output

517.50

For example:

Input	Result
100.00	120.00
500	1035.00

```
a=float(input())
 2
    b=0
    if a<=199:
 3
       b=1.20
 5
    elif a<=399 :
         b=1.50
 7
    elif a<=599:
 8
         b=1.80
9
    else:
         b=2.00
10
11
12
    total=a*b
    if total>400:
13
         total= total* 0.15+total
14
15
16
     if total <100:</pre>
17
        total=100
18
    print(total)
19
```



	Input	Expected	Got	
~	100.00	120.00	120.0	~
~	500	1035.00	1035.0	~
~	700	1610.00	1610.0	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question 6	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	

IN / OUT

Ms. Sita, the faculty handling programming lab for you is very strict. Your seniors have told you that she will not allow you to enter the week's lab if you have not completed atleast half the number of problems given last week. Many of you didn't understand this statement and so they requested the good programmers from your batch to write a program to find whether a student will be allowed into a week's lab given the number of problems given last week and the number of problems solved by the student in that week.

Input Format:

Input consists of 2 integers.

The first integer corresponds to the number of problems given and the second integer corresponds to the number of problems solved.

Output Format:

Output consists of the string "IN" or "OUT".

Sample Input and Output:

Input

8

3

Output

OUT

For example:

Input	Result
8	OUT
3	

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	8	OUT	OUT	~
~	8	IN	IN	~
~	20 9	OUT	OUT	~
~	50 31	IN	IN	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

```
Question 7
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Three numbers form a Pythagorean triple if the sum of squares of two numbers is equal to the square of the third.

For example, 3, 5 and 4 form a Pythagorean triple, since 3*3 + 4*4 = 25 = 5*5

You are given three integers, a, b, and c. They need not be given in increasing order. If they form a Pythagorean triple, then print "yes", otherwise, print "no". Please note that the output message is in small letters.

Sample Input

3

5

4

Sample Output

yes

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input

3

5

4

Output

yes

Test Case 2

Input

5

8

Output

no

Question **8**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The length of a month varies from 28 to 31 days. In this exercise you will create a program that reads the name of a month from the user as a string. Then your program should display the number of days in that month. Display "28 or 29 days" for February so that leap years are addressed.

Sample Input 1

February

Sample Output 1

February has 28 or 29 days in it.

Sample Input 2

March

Sample Output 2

March has 31 days in it.

Sample Input 3

April

Sample Output 3

April has 30 days in it.

For example:

Input	Result				
February	February has 28 or 29 days in it.				

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
m=input()
if m=='January' or m=='March' or m=='May' or m=='July' or m=='A
    print (m, "has 31 days in it.")
4    elif m=='February':
    print(m, "has 28 or 29 days in it.")
else:
    print(m, "has 30 days in it.")
```

Ì			_		
		Input	Expected	Got	
	~	February	February has 28 or 29 days in it.	February has 28 or 29 days in it.	~
	~	March	March has 31 days in it.	March has 31 days in it.	~
	~	April	April has 30 days in it.	April has 30 days in it.	~
	~	May	May has 31 days in it.	May has 31 days in it.	~

Passed all tests! ✓



```
Question 9
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

In this exercise you will create a program that reads a letter of the alphabet from the user. If the user enters a, e, i, o or u then your program should display a message indicating that the entered letter is a vowel. If the user enters y then your program should display a message indicating that sometimes y is a vowel, and sometimes y is a consonant. Otherwise your program should display a message indicating that the letter is a consonant.

Sample Input 1

i

Sample Output 1

It's a vowel.

Sample Input 2

у

Sample Output 2

Sometimes it's a vowel... Sometimes it's a consonant.

Sample Input3

C

Sample Output 3

It's a consonant.

For example:

Input	Result
у	Sometimes it's a vowel Sometimes it's a consonant.
С	It's a consonant.

```
1    h=input ()
2    if n=="a" or n=="e" or n=="i" or n=="o" or n=="u":
        print("It's a vowel.")
4    elif n=="y":
        print("Sometimes it's a vowel... Sometimes it's a consonant else:
        print("It's a consonant.")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	i	It's a vowel.	It's a vowel.	~
~	у	Sometimes it's a vowel Sometimes it's a consonant.	Sometimes it's a vowel Sometimes it's a consonant.	~
~	С	It's a consonant.	It's a consonant.	~
~	е	It's a vowel.	It's a vowel.	~
~	r	It's a consonant.	It's a consonant.	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

```
Write a program to find the eligibility of admission for a professional course based on the following criteria:
Marks in Maths >= 65
Marks in Physics >= 55
Marks in Chemistry >= 50
Total in all three subjects >= 180
Sample Test Cases
Test Case 1
Input
70
60
80
Output
The candidate is eligible
Test Case 2
Input
50
80
80
Output
The candidate is eligible
Test Case 3
Input
50
60
40
Output
The candidate is not eligible
```

For example:

Input	Result				
70	The candidate is eligible				
60					
80					

```
Maths=int(input())
Physics=int(input())
Chemistry=int(input())
Total=Maths+Physics+Chemistry
if Maths>=65 and Physics>=55 and Chemistry>=50 or Total>=180:
    print("The candidate is eligible ")
else:
    print("The candidate is not eligible ")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	70 60 80	The candidate is eligible	The candidate is eligible	~
~	50 80 80	The candidate is eligible	The candidate is eligible	~
~	50 60 40	The candidate is not eligible	The candidate is not eligible	~
~	20 10 25	The candidate is not eligible	The candidate is not eligible	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

■ Week3_mcq

Iteration control structures ►

Dashboard / My courses / PSPP/PUP / Algorithmic Approach: Iteration control structures. / Week4 Coding

```
Started on Monday, 15 April 2024, 10:06 AM

State Finished

Completed on Saturday, 27 April 2024, 6:09 PM

Time taken 12 days 8 hours

Overdue 10 days 8 hours

Marks 10.00/10.00

Grade 100.00 out of 100.00
```

Question 1
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given a number N, find the next perfect square greater than N.

Input Format:

Integer input from stdin.

Output Format:

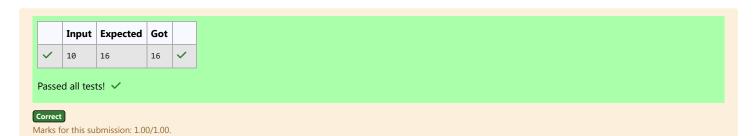
Perfect square greater than N.

Example Input:

10

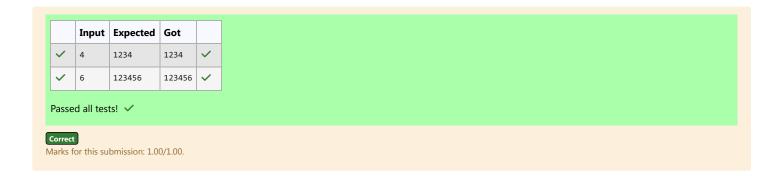
Output:

16



```
Question 2
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

```
Write a program to find the sum of the series 1 +11 + 111 + 1111 + . . . + n terms (n will be given as input from the user and sum will be the output)
Sample Test Cases
Test Case 1
Input
4
Output
1234
Test Case 2
Input
6
Output
123456
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
      a=int(input())
   2
      n=0
   3
      s=0
   4
      count=0
   5 v for i in range (1,a+1):
          s=s*10+1
   6
          n+=s
   8 print(n)
```



Question **3**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program to find the count of non-repeated digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number >= 1 and <= 25000.

Some examples are as below.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 1 because there is only 1 non-repeated digit '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 2 because there are 2 non-repeated digits in this number, '0', and '5'.

If the given number is 108, the program should return 3 because there are 3 non-repeated digits in this number, '1', '0', and '8'.

If the given number is 22, the function should return 0 because there are NO non-repeated digits in this number.

For example:

Input	Result
292	1
1015	2
108	3
22	0

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	292	1	1	~
~	1015	2	2	~
~	108	3	3	~
~	22	0	0	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
Given a positive integer N, check whether it can be represented as a product of single digit numbers.
```

Input Format:

Single Integer input.

Output Format:

Output displays Yes if condition satisfies else prints No.

Example Input:

14

Output:

Yes

Example Input:

13

Output:

No

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
n=int(input())
    flag=0
 3
    for i in range (1,10,1):
4
        for j in range (1,10,1):
 5
            if i*j==n:
 6
               flag=1
 8
    if flag==1:
9
       print("Yes")
10
        print("No")
11
12
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	14	Yes	Yes	~
~	13	No	No	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question **5**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program to find the count of unique digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number >= 1 and <= 25000.

For e.g.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 2 because there are only 2 unique digits '2' and '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 3 because there are 3 unique digits in this number, '1', '0', and '5'.

For example:

Input	Result
292	2
1015	3

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 | a=int(input()) |
2 | b=set(str(a)) |
3 | c=0 |
4 | for i in b: |
c+=1 |
print(c) |
7 |
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	292	2	2	~
~	1015	3	3	~
~	123	3	3	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question 6
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program that finds whether the given number N is Prime or not.

If the number is prime, the program should return 2 else it must return 1.

Assumption: $2 \le N \le 5000$, where N is the given number.

Example 1: if the given number N is 7, the method must return 2

Example2: if the given number N is 10, the method must return 1

For example:

Input	Result
7	2
10	1

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	7	2	2	~
~	10	1	1	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question **7**Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In mathematics, the factorial of a non-negative integer n, denoted by n!, is the product of all positive integers less than or equal to n. For example,

```
5! = 5 x 4 x 3 x 2 x 1 = 120
```

$$4! = 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 24$$

$$9! = 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 362880$$

Write a program to find the factorial of a given number.

The given number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

The program is expected to calculate the factorial of the given number and return it as an int type.

Assumptions for this program:

The given input number will always be greater than or equal to 1.

Due to the range supported by int. the input numbers will range from 1 to 12.

For example:

Input	Result
5	120
4	24
9	362880

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1    h=int(input())
    i=1
    fact=1
    while i<=n:
        fact=fact*i
        i=i+1
    print(fact)</pre>
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5	120	120	~
~	4	24	24	~
~	9	362880	362880	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question 8
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Given an integer N, check whether N the given number can be made a perfect square after adding to it.

Input Format:

Single integer input.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

24

Output:

Yes

Example Input:

26

Output:

No

For example:

	Input	Result	
ı	24	Yes	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  | h=int(input())
2  | N=n+1
3  | a=int(N**0.5)
4 * if(a*a=N):
        print("Yes")
6 * else:
7  | print("No")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	24	Yes	Yes	~
~	26	No	No	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a program to return the nth number in the fibonacci series.

The value of N will be passed to the program as input.

NOTE: Fibonacci series looks like -

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, . . . and so on.

i.e. Fibonacci series starts with 0 and 1, and continues generating the next number as the sum of the previous two numbers.

- first Fibonacci number is 0,
- second Fibonacci number is 1,
- third Fibonacci number is 1,
- fourth Fibonacci number is 2,
- fifth Fibonacci number is 3,
- sixth Fibonacci number is 5,
- seventh Fibonacci number is 8, and so on.

For example:

Input	Result
1	0
4	2
7	8

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1	0	0	~
~	4	2	2	~
~	7	8	8	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question 10
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

A Number is said to be Disarium number when the sum of its digit raised to the power of their respective positions becomes equal to the number itself. Write a program to print number is Disarium or not.

Input Format:

Single Integer Input from stdin.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

175

Output:

Yes

Explanation

1^1 + 7^2 +5^3 = 175

Example Input:

123

Output:

No

For example:

Input	Result
175	Yes
123	No

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
n=int(input())
    temp=n
    d=<mark>0</mark>
 4 while n!=0:
 5
        n=n//10
 6
        d=d+1
 7
    n=temp
 8
    sum=0
    while n!=0:
9
10
        rem=n%10
        sum=sum+(rem**d)
11
        n=n//10
12
13
        d=d-1
    if sum==temp:
14 ₹
15
        print('Yes')
16
        print('No')
17
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	175	Yes	Yes	~
~	123	No	No	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

■ Week4_mcq

Strings -

<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Experiments based on Strings and its operations.</u> / <u>Week5 MCQ</u>

Started on	Saturday, 4 May 2024, 3:25 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Saturday, 4 May 2024, 3:34 PM
Time taken	9 mins 45 secs
Grade	7.00 out of 15.00 (46.67 %)
Question $oldsymbol{1}$	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
What is the output	of the following code?
i = "i" while i in my_stri print(i, end = a. iiiiii b. arvjayakum c. None ✓ d. arvjaya	nar 'i' is not present in string 'arvjayakumar'
Your answer is corre	ect.
The correct answer	is:
None	

Question 2 Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What is the output of the following code?
print('*', "abcde".center(7), '*', sep='')
○ a. *abcde*
○ b. *abcde *
○ c. *abcde*
Your answer is correct.
The correct answer is:
* abcde *
Question 3 Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What is the output of the following?
i = 0
while i < 3:
<pre>print(i) i += 1</pre>
else:
print(0)
○ b. 012
O c. 01230
Od. Error
Your answer is correct.
The correct answer is:
0120

Question 4 Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
Walk 6.50 Oct of 1.50
What is the output of the following? my_string = 'arvijayakumar'
for i in range(len(my_string)): my_string[i].upper() print (my_string)
pr 2.1c (y_5c. 2.1g)
O a. Error
b. Nonec. arvijayakumar
⊚ d. ARVIJAYAKUMAR ×
Your answer is incorrect. The correct answer is: arvijayakumar
Question 5
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
What will be the output of below Python code?
str1="Information" print(str1[2:8])
Answer: fi ×
The correct answer is: format

Question 6
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Mark 2.00 dat of 2.00
What will be the output of below Python code?
<pre>str1="poWer" str1.upper()</pre>
print(str1)
Answer: POWER ✓
str1.upper() returns the uppercase of whole string str1. However, it does not change the string str1. So, output will be the original str1.
The correct answer is: poWer
Question 7
Incorrect
Incorrect
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
Incorrect
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00 What will be the output of the following code? a = '2'
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00 What will be the output of the following code? a = '2' b = '1'
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00 What will be the output of the following code? a = '2'
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00 What will be the output of the following code? a = '2' b = '1'
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00 What will be the output of the following code? a = '2' b = '1' print(a+b)
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00 What will be the output of the following code? a = '2' b = '1'
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00 What will be the output of the following code? a = '2' b = '1' print(a+b)
Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00 What will be the output of the following code? a = '2' b = '1' print(a+b)

Question 8					
Incorrect					
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00					
What is the output of the following code?					
line = "I'll come by then."					
eline = "" for i in line:					
eline += chr(ord(i)+3)					
print(eline)					
oa. I*oo@frph@e \$wkhq1					
○ b. O*oo#Frph#E #wKhq1					
c. L*oo#frph#e #wkhq1					
Your answer is incorrect.					
The correct answer is:					
L*oo#frph#e #wkhq1					
Question 9 Correct					
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00					
Which of the following is False?					
○ a. String is immutable.					
○ b. None of the mentioned					
c. lower() function in string is used to return a string by converting the whole given string into lowercase.					
 d. capitalize() function in string is used to capitalize() function in string gives the output by converting only the first charact 	er of				
return a string by converting the the string into uppercase and rest characters into lowercase.However, upper() fun					
whole given string into uppercase. is used to return the whole string into uppercase.					
Your answer is correct.					
The correct answer is:					
capitalize() function in string is used to return a string by converting the whole given string into uppercase.					

Question 10			
Incorrect 14.000 to 64.000			
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00			
What is the output of the following code?			
str1="vijay"			
for i in range(len(str1),6):			
print(i)			
O а. у			
O b. 5			
⊚ c. vijay ×			
d. None of the above			
G. None of the above			
Your answer is incorrect.			
The correct answer is:			
5			
Question 11			
Correct			
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00			
What is the output of the following code.			
Line1 = "And Then There Were None"			
Line2 = "Famous In Love" Line3 = "Famous Were The Kol And Klaus"			
Line4 = Line1 + Line2 + Line3			
print("And" in Line4)			
o a. False			
○ b. True 2			
○ c. False 2			
 ■ d. True ✓ The "in" operator returns True if the <u>strings</u> contains the substring (ie, And), else returns False. 			
Your answer is correct.			
The correct answer is:			
True			

Question 12 Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00	
What is the output of the following Code? str1="123456789" print(str1[2:6:2]) Answer: 3 7 3	×
The correct answer is: 35	
Question 13 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
What is the output of the following code? print('Ab!2'.swapcase()) a. AB!@ b. aB1@ c. ab12 d. aB!2 ✓	
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is: aB!2	

Incorrect	
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00	
What will following Python code return?	
<pre>str1="Stack of books" print(len(str1))</pre>	
○ a. 13	
O b. 16	
⊚ c. 15 ×	
O d. 14	
Your answer is incorrect.	
The correct answer is: 14	
Question 15	
Incorrect	
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00	
What is the output of the following code?	
print('raining'. find('z'))	
print('raining'. find('z'))	
print('raining'. find('z'))	
print('raining'. find('z')) a. "	
○ a. "	
a. "b. <u>Type error</u>	
a. "b. <u>Type error</u>c1	
a. "b. <u>Type error</u>	
a. "b. <u>Type error</u>c1	
 a. " b. <u>Type error</u> c1 d. Not Found × 	
 a. " b. Type error c1 d. Not Found X Your answer is incorrect.	
 a. " b. Type error c1 d. Not Found X Your answer is incorrect. The correct answer is:	
 a. " b. Type error c1 d. Not Found X Your answer is incorrect.	
 a. " b. Type error c1 d. Not Found × Your answer is incorrect. The correct answer is:	
 a. " b. Type error c1 d. Not Found × Your answer is incorrect. The correct answer is: -1	
 a. " b. Type error c1 d. Not Found × Your answer is incorrect. The correct answer is: -1	
 a. " b. Type error c1 d. Not Found × Your answer is incorrect. The correct answer is: -1	•

<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Experiments based on Strings and its operations.</u> / <u>Week5 Coding</u>

Started on	Monday, 20 May 2024, 12:18 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Monday, 20 May 2024, 7:14 PM
Time taken	6 hours 56 mins
Marks	10.00/10.00
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00

Question **1**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program that takes as input a string (sentence), and returns its second word in uppercase.

For example:

If input is "Wipro Technologies Bangalore" the function should return "TECHNOLOGIES"

If input is "Hello World" the function should return "WORLD"

If input is "Hello" the program should return "LESS"

NOTE 1: If input is a sentence with less than 2 words, the program should return the word "LESS".

NOTE 2: The result should have no leading or trailing spaces.

For example:

Input	Result
Wipro Technologies Bangalore	TECHNOLOGIES
Hello World	WORLD
Hello	LESS

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	Wipro Technologies Bangalore	TECHNOLOGIES	TECHNOLOGIES	~
~	Hello World	WORLD	WORLD	~
~	Hello	LESS	LESS	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question 2
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a python program to count all letters, digits, and special symbols respectively from a given string

For example:

Input	Result
rec@123	3
	3
	1

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 | s=input()
    c=<mark>0</mark>
 2
    for i in s:
 3 🔻
        if i.isalpha():
 4 ,
 5
            c=c+1
    print(c)
 6
    a=<mark>0</mark>
    for i in s:
9
        if i.isdigit():
10
             a=a+1
    print(a)
11
12
    x=c+a
13
    y=len(s)-x
14 print(y)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	rec@123	3	3	~
		3	3	
		1	1	
~	P@#yn26at^&i5ve	8	8	~
		3	3	
		4	4	
~	abc@12&	3	3	~
		2	2	
		2	2	

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

In this exercise, you will create a program that reads words from the user until the user enters a blank line. After the user enters a blank line your program should display each word entered by the user exactly once. The words should be displayed in the same order that they were first entered. For example, if the user enters:

first

second

first

third

second

then your program should display:

first

second

third

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
ws=set()
 2
    order=[]
 3
    try:
 4
        while True:
 5
            w=input()
 6
            if not w:
                break
 8
            if w not in ws:
 9
                ws.add(w)
10
                order.append (w)
    except EOFError:
11 *
12
    for w in order:
13
14
        print(w)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	first second first third second	first second third	first second third	~
~	rec cse it rec cse	rec cse it	rec cse it	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

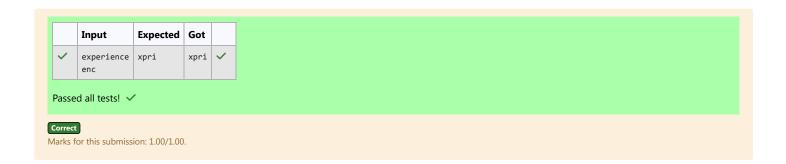
```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

```
Assume that the given string has enough memory.
Don't use any extra space(IN-PLACE)
Sample Input 1
a2b4c6
Sample Output 1
aabbbbcccccc
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
       s=input ()
       temp=0
x=""
    2
    3
    4
       for i in s:
    5
           if i.isalpha():
    6
               print(x*temp,end="")
               temp=0
   9
           else:
       temp=temp*10+int(i)
print(x*temp,end="")
   10
   11
   12
```

	Input	Expected	Got		
~	a2b4c6	aabbbbccccc	aabbbbccccc	~	
~	a12b3d4	aaaaaaaaaabbbdddd	aaaaaaaaaabbbdddd	~	
Pass	Passed all tests! ✓				
Canna	Correct larks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.				

```
Question 5
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

```
Given two <u>Strings</u> s1 and s2, remove all the characters from s1 which is present in s2.
Constraints
1<= string length <= 200
Sample Input 1
experience
enc
Sample Output 1
xpri
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
       s1=input()
       s2=input()
   3 ,
       for i in s1:
            s3=s1.replace(s2[0],'')
s4=s3.replace(s2[1],'')
s5=s4.replace(s2[2],'')
   4
   5
   6
       print(s5)
```



Question **6**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given a string S which is of the format USERNAME@DOMAIN.EXTENSION, the program must print the EXTENSION, DOMAIN, USERNAME in the reverse order.

Input Format:

The first line contains S.

Output Format:

The first line contains EXTENSION.

The second line contains DOMAIN.

The third line contains USERNAME.

Boundary Condition:

1 <= Length of S <= 100

Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

abcd@gmail.com

Output:

com

gmail

abcd

For example:

Input	Result
arvijayakumar@rajalakshmi.edu.in	edu.in rajalakshmi arvijayakumar

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	abcd@gmail.com	com gmail abcd	com gmail abcd	~

```
Question 7
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Two string values S1, S2 are passed as the input. The program must print first N characters present in S1 which are also present in S2.

Input Format:

The first line contains S1.

The second line contains S2.

The third line contains N.

Output Format:

The first line contains the N characters present in S1 which are also present in S2.

Boundary Conditions:

```
2 <= N <= 10
```

2 <= Length of S1, S2 <= 1000

Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

abcbde

cdefghbb

3

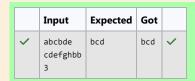
Output:

bcd

Note:

b occurs twice in common but must be printed only once.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)



Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question **8**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Reverse a string without affecting special characters

Given a string S, containing special characters and all the alphabets, reverse the string without affecting the positions of the special characters.

Input:

A&B

Output:

B&A

Explanation: As we ignore '&' and

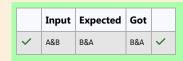
As we ignore '&' and then reverse, so answer is "B&A".

For example:

Input	Result
A&x#	x&A#

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 s=input()
 2
 3 ₹
    for i in s:
        if i.isalpha():
 4
           a+=i
 6
    a=a[::-1]
 7
    k=<mark>0</mark>
 8
    for i in s:
9
        if i.isalpha():
            print(a[k],end="")
10
            k+=1
11
12 🔻
        else:
13
        print(i,end="")
```



Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question **9** Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

String should contain only the words are not palindrome.

Sample Input 1

Malayalam is my mother tongue

Sample Output 1

is my mother tongue

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 s=input()
2 s1=s.lower()
3 s2=s1.split()
4 v for i in s2:
5 🔻
       if i!=i[::-1]:
            print(i,end=" ")
```

✓ Malayalam is my mother tongue is my mother tongue is my mother tongue ✓		Input	Expected	Got	
	~	Malayalam is my mother tongue	is my mother tongue	is my mother tongue	~
Passed all tests! ✓					

Question 10
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program to check if two <u>strings</u> are balanced. For example, <u>strings</u> s1 and s2 are balanced if all the characters in the s1 are present in s2. The character's position doesn't matter. If balanced display as "true" ,otherwise "false".

For example:

Input	Result
Yn	True
PYnative	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	Yn PYnative	True	True	~
~	Ynf PYnative	False	False	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

■ Week5_MCQ

Jump to... \$

List ►

<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Experiments based on Lists and its operations.</u> / <u>Week6 MCQ</u>

Started on	Thursday, 30 May 2024, 1:32 PM	
State	Finished	
Completed on	Thursday, 30 May 2024, 1:58 PM	
Time taken	26 mins 43 secs	
Grade	10.00 out of 15.00 (66.67 %)	
Question 1		
Incorrect		
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00		
Find the output?		
list1 = <u>list('REC_CSE</u>	_ECE')	
print(list1.index('_'))		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
a. AttributeEr	ror: ' <u>list</u> ' object has no attribute 'find'	
○ b4		
O c. 4		
● u. 3 ∧		
Your answer is income	rect.	
The correct answer		
AttributeError: ' <u>list'</u> object has no attribute 'find'		
Additional management and additional managem		

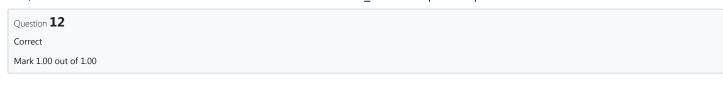
Question 2 Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
What will be the output after the following statements? m = [25, 34, 70, 63] n = str(m[1]) + str(m[2]) print(n)
⊚ a. 104 ×
O b. 95
○ c. 3470
Od. 2534
Your answer is incorrect.
The correct answer is:
3470
Question 3 Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What will be the output of the following Python code?
1. >>>list1 = [11, 2, 23]
2. >>>list2 = [11, 2, 2]
3. >>>list1 < list2
a. Errorb. False ✓
○ c. True
C. Tide
Your appuar is sowest
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is:
False

Question 4		
Correct		
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00		
Given a <u>list</u> L = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70], what would L[2: -2] return?		
○ a. [20, 30, 40]		
○ b. [20, 30, 40, 50]		
o. [10, 20, 30, 40]		
Your answer is correct.		
The correct answer is:		
[30, 40, 50]		
Question 5		
Correct		
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00		
Military of the fallection and add and analysis to a lint?		
Which of the following can add only one value to a <u>list</u> ?		
a append(). /		
■ a. append() ✓		
○ b. add()		
oc. extend()		
Old nuch0		
Od. push()		
Your answer is correct.		
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is:		

Question 6 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Choose a correct representation of <u>list</u> a. 10,20,30,REC b. (10,20,30,'REC') c. {10,20,30,'REC'}
⊕ U. [10,20,30, REC] ♥
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is: [10,20,30,'REC']
Question 7 Incorrect Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
Write the output of the following : def listchange(L): L.append(45) return L1 = [1, 2, 3, 4] listchange(L1) print(L1)
Answer: [1,2,3,4,45] ×
The correct answer is: [1, 2, 3, 4, 45]

Question 8 Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
Write the output of the following	
<pre>list1=[3,2,5,7,3,6] list1.insert(6,3) print(list1)</pre>	
print(115t1)	
a. [3, 2, 5, 6, 7, 3, 6]	
b. [3, 2, 5, 7, 3, 6, 3] ✓	
○ c. [3, 2, 5, 6, 3, 6]	
Your answer is correct.	
The correct answer is:	
[3, 2, 5, 7, 3, 6, 3]	
Question 9	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
What is the output when we execute <u>list</u> ("welcome")	
a. a) ['w', 'e', 'l', 'c', 'o', 'm', 'e'] ✓	
○ b. c)['emoclew']	
c. b) ['welcome']	
Your answer is correct.	
The correct answer is:	
a) ['w', 'e', 'l', 'c', 'o', 'm', 'e']	

Question 10 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What will be the output after the following statements? m = ['Games', 'in', 'Python'] n = 'Play' + m[0] + m[1] + m[2] print a. Games in Python b. PlayGamesinPython c. GamesinPython d. Play Games in Python
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is: PlayGamesinPython
Question 11 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
What will be the output after the following statements? m = [15, 65, 105] n = 5 in m print o a. True o b. False ✓ c. 15 o d. [15, 65, 105]
Your answer is correct. The correct answer is: False



Suppose listExample is ['h','e','l','l','o'], what is len(listExample)?

- a. 4
- ob. Error
- c. 5 ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Question $\bf 13$

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

```
list1 = [1, 2, 3, 4,1,2,3,1]
list2 = list1.copy()
list1.clear()
print(list2)
```

Find the output?

- a. [] X
- O b. [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4,]
- o. [1, 2, 3, 4]
- Od. [1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 1]

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is:

[1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 1]

Question 14 Incorrect	
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00	
L=[1,5,9]	
print(sum(L),max(L),min(L))	
p(201.(2))(2))	
Answer: 15,9,1	×
The correct answer is: 15 9 1	
Question 15	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
Find the output?	
$list1 = \underline{list}('REC_CSE_ECE')$	
print(list1.index('_'))	
 a. 3 ✓	
○ b. 4	
○ c4	
Od. AttributeError: ' <u>list'</u> object has no attribute 'index'	
Your answer is correct.	
The correct answer is:	
3	
✓ List	
Jump to	\$
	Week6 Coding ►

Week6_Coding ►

<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Experiments based on Lists and its operations.</u> / <u>Week6 Coding</u>

Started on	Thursday, 30 May 2024, 2:11 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Saturday, 1 June 2024, 2:11 PM
Time taken	2 days
Marks	9.00/10.00
Grade	90.00 out of 100.00

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

```
Output is a merged array without duplicates.
Input Format
N1 - no of elements in array 1
Array elements for array 1
N2 - no of elements in array 2
Array elements for array2
Output Format
Display the merged array
Sample Input 1
5
1
2
3
6
4
2
4
5
10
Sample Output 1
1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
       n=int(input())
       for i in range(n):
    3 ,
    4
           temp=int(input())
    5 ,
           if temp not in a :
    6
                a.append(temp)
    7
       b=[]
    8
       n1=int(input())
   9
       for i in range(n1):
           temp=int(input())
   10
   11 ,
           if temp not in b:
               b.append (temp)
   12
   13
       c=a+b
   14
       c.sort()
   15
       d=[]
   16
       for i in c:
           if c.count(i)==1:
   17
   18
               d.append(i)
   19
           if c.count(i)>1:
                \quad \text{if i not in d}: \\
   20
   21
                    d.append(i)
       for i in d:
   22 🔻
           print(i,end=" ")
   23
```

	Input	Expected Got	
~	5	1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10 1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10	~
	1		
	2		
	3		
	6		
	9		
	4		
	2		
	4		
	5		
	10		
<u> </u>	7	1 3 4 5 7 8 10 11 12 13 22 30 35 1 3 4 5 7 8 10 11 12 13 22 30 35	~
	4		
	7		
	8		
	10		
	12		
	30		
	35		
	9		
	1		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	7		
	8		
	11		
	13		
	22		

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Question **2**Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[i] - A[j] = k, i!=j.

Input Format

- 1. First line is number of test cases T. Following T lines contain:
- 2. N, followed by N integers of the array
- 3. The non-negative integer k

Output format

Print 1 if such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn't.

Example

Input

1

3

1

3

5

4

Output:

1

Input

1

3

1

5

99

Output

0

For example:

Input	Result
1	1
3	
1	
3	
5	
4	
1	0
3	
1	
3	
5	
99	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

1

/19/24, 8:53 PM Week6_Coding: Attempt review REC-PS			

Question **3**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number) and then return the p^{th} element of the <u>list</u>, sorted ascending. If there is no p^{th} element, return 0.

Example

n = 20

p = 3

The factors of 20 in ascending order are {1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20}. Using 1-based indexing, if p = 3, then 4 is returned. If p > 6, 0 would be returned.

Constraints

 $1 \le n \le 10^{15}$

 $1 \le p \le 10^9$

The first line contains an integer n, the number to factor.

The second line contains an integer p, the 1-based index of the factor to return.

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

10

3

Sample Output 0

5

Explanation 0

Factoring n = 10 results in $\{1, 2, 5, 10\}$. Return the $p = 3^{rd}$ factor, 5, as the answer.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

10

5

Sample Output 1

0

Explanation 1

Factoring n = 10 results in $\{1, 2, 5, 10\}$. There are only 4 factors and p = 5, therefore 0 is returned as the answer.

Sample Case 2

Sample Input 2

1

1

Sample Output 2

1

Explanation 2

Factoring n = 1 results in {1}. The p = 1st factor of 1 is returned as the answer.

For example:

Input	Result
10 3	5
10 5	0
1	1

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	10	5	5	~
~	10 5	0	0	~
~	1	1	1	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Program to print all the distinct elements in an array. Distinct elements are nothing but the unique (non-duplicate) elements present in the given array.

Input Format:

First line take an Integer input from stdin which is array length n.

Second line take n Integers which is inputs of array.

Output Format:

Print the Distinct Elements in Array in single line which is space Separated

Example Input:

5

1

2

2

-

4

Output:

1234

Example Input:

6

1

1

2

3

3

Output:

123

For example:

Input	Result				
5	1	2	3	4	
1					
2					
2					
3					
4					
6	1	2	3		
1					
1					
2					
2					
3					
3					

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
10 v for i in u:
    print(i,end=" ")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	~
	1			
	2			
	2			
	3			
	4			
~	6	1 2 3	1 2 3	~
	1			
	1			
	2			
	2			
	3			
	3			

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Question **5**Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given an array of numbers, find the index of the smallest array element (the pivot), for which the sums of all elements to the left and to the right are equal. The array may not be reordered.

Example

arr=[1,2,3,4,6]

- the sum of the first three elements, 1+2+3=6. The value of the last element is 6.
- · Using zero based indexing, arr[3]=4 is the pivot between the two subarrays.
- · The index of the pivot is 3.

Constraints

- $\cdot \qquad 3 \le n \le 10^5$
- \cdot 1 \leq arr[i] \leq 2 \times 10⁴, where 0 \leq i < n
- · It is guaranteed that a solution always exists.

The first line contains an integer n, the size of the array arr.

Each of the next n lines contains an integer, arr[i], where $0 \le i < n$.

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

4

1

2

3

3

Sample Output 0

2

Explanation 0

- \cdot The sum of the first two elements, 1+2=3. The value of the last element is 3.
- Using zero based indexing, arr[2]=3 is the pivot between the two subarrays.
- · The index of the pivot is 2.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

3

1

2

1

Sample Output 1

1

Explanation 1

- · The first and last elements are equal to 1.
- · Using zero based indexing, arr[1]=2 is the pivot between the two subarrays.
- The index of the pivot is 1.

For example:

Input	Result
4	2
1	
2	
3	
3	
3	1
1	
2	
1	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 | n=int(input())
a=[]
for i in range(n):
    a.append(int(input()))
 5
    total=sum(a)
    left=0
 6
    for i in range(n):
8
9
         total-=a[i]
         if left==total:
    print(i)
10 🔻
11
12
              break
13
         left+=a[i]
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4	2	2	~
	1			
	2			
	3			
	3			
~	3	1	1	~
	1			
	2			
	1			

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question 6
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a program to print all the locations at which a particular element (taken as input) is found in a <u>list</u> and also print the total number of times it occurs in the <u>list</u>. The location starts from 1.

For example, if there are 4 elements in the array:

5

6 5

7

If the element to search is 5 then the output will be:

5 is present at location 1

5 is present at location 3

5 is present 2 times in the array.

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input

4 5

6

5 7

5

Output

5 is present at location 1.

5 is present at location 3.

5 is present 2 times in the array.

Test Case 2

Input

5

67

80

45

97

100 50

Output

50 is not present in the array.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
n=int(input())
    a=[]
    for i in range(n):
        temp=int(input())
4
        a.append(temp)
 6
    s=int(input())
    for i in range(0,len(a)):
7
 8
        if a[i]==s:
            print (s,"is present at location",i+1,end=".""\n")
10
    if s in a:
11 .
        print(s,"is present",a.count(s),"times in the array.")
```

```
13 v else:
14 print(s,"is not present in the array.")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4 5 6 5 7 5	5 is present at location 1. 5 is present at location 3. 5 is present 2 times in the array.	5 is present at location 1. 5 is present at location 3. 5 is present 2 times in the array.	~
~	5 67 80 45 97 100 50	50 is not present in the array.	50 is not present in the array.	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Question **7** Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Consider a program to insert an element / item in the sorted array. Complete the logic by filling up required code in editable section. Consider an array of size 10. The eleventh item is the data is to be inserted. Sample Test Cases Test Case 1 Input Output ITEM to be inserted:2 After insertion array is: Test Case 2 Input

Output

ITEM to be inserted:44

After insertion array is:

```
66
77
88
99
110
120
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
        a=[]
        for i in range(10):
    t=int(input())
    4
             a.append(t)
     5
         n=int(input())
    6
        a.append(n)
    7
        a.sort()
    8 print('ITEM to be inserted:',n,sep='')
9 print('After insertion array is:')
   10 v for i in a:
   11
           print(i)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1	ITEM to be inserted:2	ITEM to be inserted:2	,
	3	After insertion array is:	After insertion array is:	
	4	1	1	
	5	2	2	
	6	3	3	
	7	4	4	
	8	5	5	
	9	6	6	
	10	7	7	
	11	8	8	
	2	9	9	
		10	10	
		11	11	
~	11	ITEM to be inserted:44	ITEM to be inserted:44	,
	22	After insertion array is:	After insertion array is:	
	33	11	11	
	55	22	22	
	66	33	33	
	77	44	44	
	88	55	55	
	99	66	66	
	110	77	77	
	120	88	88	
	44	99	99	
		110	110	
		120	120	

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question {\bf 8}
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

```
Complete the program to count frequency of each element of an array. Frequency of a particular element will be printed once.
Sample Test Cases
Test Case 1
Input
23
45
23
56
45
23
40
Output
23 occurs 3 times
45 occurs 2 times
56 occurs 1 times
40 occurs 1 times
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
    1 n=int(input())
       a=[]
    3
       for i in range(n):
           t=int(input())
    5
           a.append(t)
    6
       u=[]
       for i in a:
    7
    8
           if i not in u:
    9
               u.append(i)
       for i in u:
   10
           print(i,"occurs",a.count(i),'times')
   11
   12
```

```
Input Expected
                               Got
             23 occurs 3 times 23 occurs 3 times
     23
             45 occurs 2 times | 45 occurs 2 times
            56 occurs 1 times | 56 occurs 1 times
     45
     23
            40 occurs 1 times 40 occurs 1 times
     56
     45
     23
     40
Passed all tests! <
```

```
Question 9
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

```
Write a Python program to Zip two given lists of lists.
Input:
m: row size
n: column size
list1 and <u>list</u> 2: Two lists
Output
Zipped List: List which combined both list1 and list2
Sample test case
Sample input
2
2
1
3
5
2
4
6
8
Sample Output
[[1, 3, 2, 4], [5, 7, 6, 8]]
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
       m=int(input())
       n=int(input())
    3
       a=[]
    4
       b=[]
    5
       m1=m
       for i in range(m):
    7
           r=[]
    8
            for j in range(n):
               r.append(int(input()))
            if(m==m1):
   10
   11
                a.append(r)
   12
            else:
   13
                a=a+r
   14
        for i in range (m):
   15
            r=[]
   16
            for i in range(n):
                r.append(int(input()))
   17
   18
            if m==m1:
   19
                b.append(r)
   20
            else:
   21
                b+br
        for i in range(n):
   22
   23
             a[i]. extend (b[i])
   24
       print(list(a))
```

	Input	Expected	Got			
~		[[1, 2, 5, 6], [3, 4, 7, 8]]	[[1, 2, 5, 6], [3, 4, 7, 8]]	~		
	2					
	2					
	3					
	4					
	5					
	7					
	8					
Danne	-l -ll +					
Passed all tests! Passed all tests!						
Correct						

```
Question 10
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a Python program to check if a given <u>list</u> is strictly increasing or not. Moreover, If removing only one element from the <u>list</u> results in a strictly increasing <u>list</u>, we still consider the <u>list</u> true

Input

n: Number of elements

List1: List of values

Output

Print "True" if <u>list</u> is strictly increasing or decreasing else print "False"

Sample Test Case

Input

7

1

2

3

0

4

5

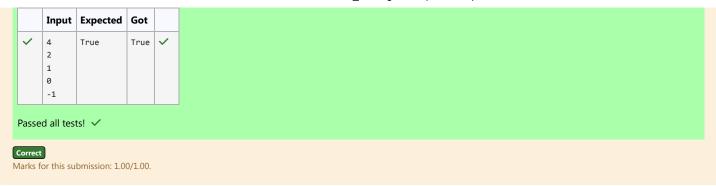
6

Output

True

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	7	True	True	~
	1			
	2			
	3			
	0			
	4			
	5			
	6			



■ Week6_MCQ

Jump to... \$

Tuples ►

<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Experiments based on Tuples, Sets and its operations</u> / <u>Week7 Coding</u>

Started on	Thursday, 6 June 2024, 1:15 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Saturday, 8 June 2024, 1:15 PM
Time taken	2 days
Marks	4.00/5.00
Grade	80.00 out of 100.00

```
Question 1
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a program to eliminate the common elements in the given 2 arrays and print only the non-repeating elements and the total number of such non-repeating elements.

Input Format:

The first line contains space-separated values, denoting the size of the two arrays in integer format respectively.

The next two lines contain the space-separated integer arrays to be compared.

Sample Input:

5 4

12865

26810

Sample Output:

1510

_

Sample Input:

5 5

12345

12345

Sample Output:

NO SUCH ELEMENTS

For example:

Inpu	t	Result
5 4		1 5 10
1 2	8 6 5	3
2 6	8 10	
5 5		NO SUCH ELEMENTS
1 2	3 4 5	
1 2	3 4 5	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
size1, size2 = map(int, input().split())
arr1 = set(map(int, input().split()))
arr2 = set(map(int, input().split()))

non_repeating_elements = arr1.symmetric_difference(arr2)
count = len(non_repeating_elements)

print(*non_repeating_elements)

print(count)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5 4 1 2 8 6 5 2 6 8 10		1 5 10 3	~
~	3 3 10 10 10 10 11 12	11 12 2	11 12 2	~

Your code failed one or more hidden tests.

Your code must pass all tests to earn any marks. Try again.

Incorrect

```
Question 2
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Coders here is a simple task for you, Given string str. Your task is to check whether it is a binary string or not by using python set.

Examples:

Input: str = "01010101010"

Output: Yes

Input: str = "REC101"

Output: No

For example:

Input	Result
01010101010	Yes
010101 10101	No

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 S=input()
    flag=<mark>0</mark>
    for i in S:
 3 ₹
        if i=="0" or i=="1":
 4
            continue
        else:
 6
            flag=1
 8
            break
 9 v if flag==0:
10
        print("Yes")
11 *
    else:
        print("No")
12
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	01010101010	Yes	Yes	~
~	REC123	No	No	~
~	010101 10101	No	No	~

Passed all tests! <

Correct

```
Question 3

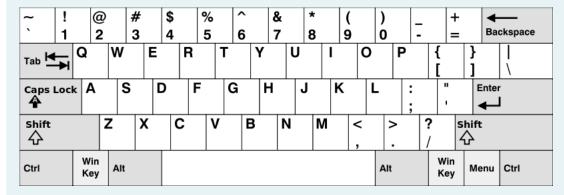
Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Given an array of strings words, return the words that can be typed using letters of the alphabet on only one row of American keyboard like the image below.

In the American keyboard:

- the first row consists of the characters "qwertyuiop",
- the second row consists of the characters "asdfghjkl", and
- the third row consists of the characters "zxcvbnm".



Example 1:

```
Input: words = ["Hello","Alaska","Dad","Peace"]
Output: ["Alaska","Dad"]
```

Example 2:

```
Input: words = ["omk"]
Output: []
```

Example 3:

```
Input: words = ["adsdf","sfd"]
Output: ["adsdf","sfd"]
```

For example:

Input	Result
4	Alaska
Hello	Dad
Alaska	
Dad	
Peace	
2	adsfd
adsfd	afd
afd	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
n=int(input())
 2
     b=[]
     for i in range(n):
 3
         a=input()
 5
         b.append(a)
     row1=set("q,w,e,r,t,y,u,i,o,p")
     row2=set("a,s,d,f,g,h,j,k,l")
     row3=set("z,x,c,v,b,n,m")
 8
 9
     flag=0
10
     for i in b:
11
          it=set(i.lower())
         if it<=row1 or it<=row2 or it<=row3:</pre>
12
13
              print(i)
14
              \texttt{flag=}\textcolor{red}{\textbf{1}}
15 ,
     if flag==0:
```

16 | print("No words")

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4 Hello Alaska Dad Peace	Alaska Dad	Alaska Dad	~
~	1 omk	No words	No words	~
~	2 adsfd afd	adsfd afd	adsfd afd	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

There is a malfunctioning keyboard where some letter keys do not work. All other keys on the keyboard work properly.

Given a string text of words separated by a single space (no leading or trailing spaces) and a string brokenLetters of all distinct letter keys that are broken, return the number of words in text you can fully type using this keyboard.

Example 1:

Input: text = "hello world", brokenLetters = "ad"

Output:

1

Explanation: We cannot type "world" because the 'd' key is broken.

For example:

Input	Result
hello world ad	1
Faculty Upskilling in Python Programming ak	2

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 | s1=list(input())
 2
    s2=list(input())
 3
    b=[]
    count=0
 4
 5
    for i in range(len(s1)):
 6 ,
         for j in range(len(s2)):
            if s2[j] in s1[i]:
 7
                if s2[j] not in b:
                    b.append(s2[j])
9
10 🔻
    for i in range(len(b)):
        count+=1
11
12 print(count)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	hello world ad	1	1	~
~	Welcome to REC e	1	1	~
~	Faculty Upskilling in Python Programming ak	2	2	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

```
Question 5
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Given an array of integers nums containing n + 1 integers where each integer is in the range [1, n] inclusive. There is only **one repeated number** in nums, return this repeated number. Solve the problem using \underline{set} .

Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [1,3,4,2,2]
```

Output: 2

Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [3,1,3,4,2]
```

Output: 3

For example:

Input	Result		
1 3 4 4 2	4		

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

		Input								Expected	Got	
,	/	1	3	4	4	2				4	4	~
,	/	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	2	2	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

■ Week7_MCQ

Dictionary ►