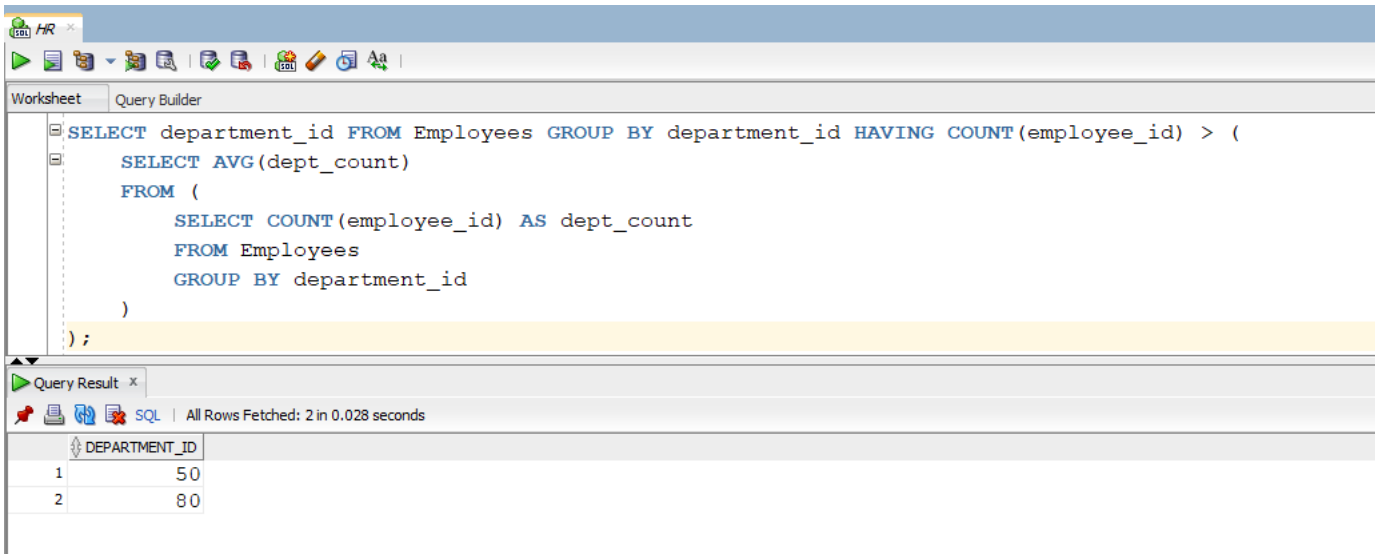


LAB 4 – HOMETASK

23K-0594

Task 1:



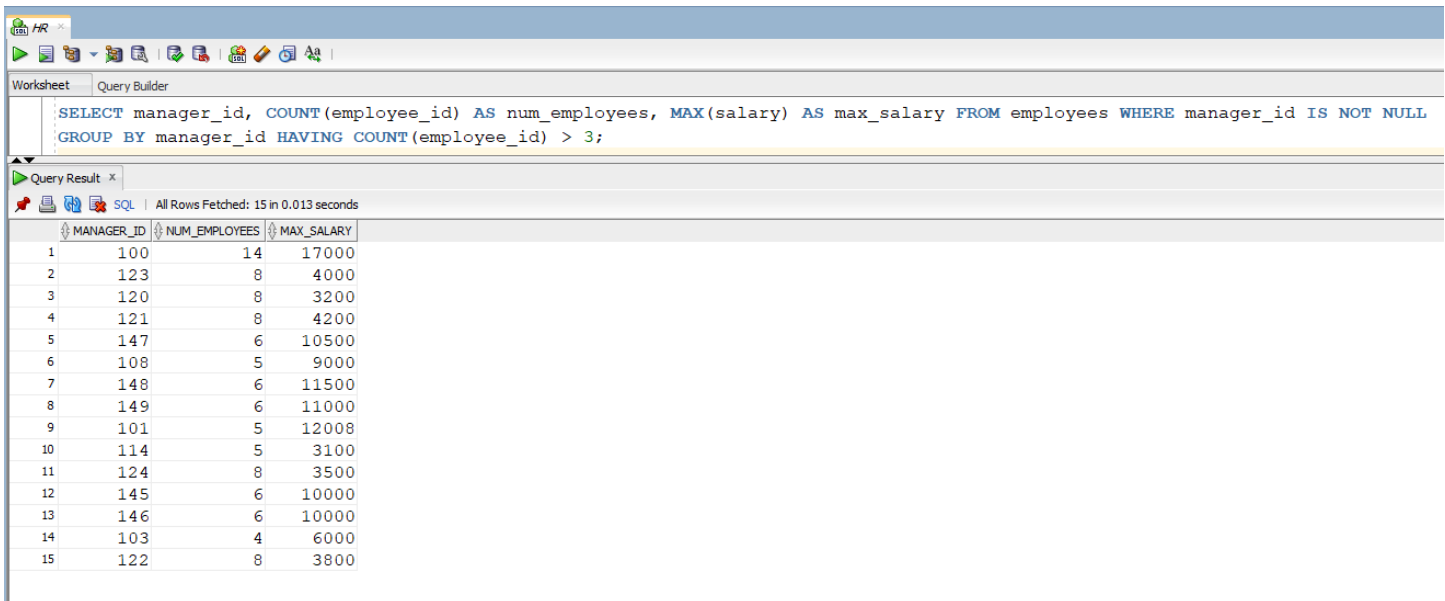
The screenshot shows the SQL Developer interface. The Query Builder window contains the following SQL query:

```
SELECT department_id FROM Employees GROUP BY department_id HAVING COUNT(employee_id) > (  
  SELECT AVG(dept_count)  
  FROM (  
    SELECT COUNT(employee_id) AS dept_count  
    FROM Employees  
    GROUP BY department_id  
  )  
);
```

The Query Result window shows the results of the query:

DEPARTMENT_ID
1
2

Task 2:



The screenshot shows the SQL Developer interface. The Query Builder window contains the following SQL query:

```
SELECT manager_id, COUNT(employee_id) AS num_employees, MAX(salary) AS max_salary FROM employees WHERE manager_id IS NOT NULL  
GROUP BY manager_id HAVING COUNT(employee_id) > 3;
```

The Query Result window shows the results of the query:

	MANAGER_ID	NUM_EMPLOYEES	MAX_SALARY
1	100	14	17000
2	123	8	4000
3	120	8	3200
4	121	8	4200
5	147	6	10500
6	108	5	9000
7	148	6	11500
8	149	6	11000
9	101	5	12008
10	114	5	3100
11	124	8	3500
12	145	6	10000
13	146	6	10000
14	103	4	6000
15	122	8	3800

Task 3:

The screenshot shows the SQL Developer interface with a query in the Query Builder. The query is designed to find employees whose salary is greater than the salary of all employees in the IT department. The query is as follows:

```
SELECT employee_id, first_name, last_name, salary FROM employees WHERE salary > ALL (
    SELECT salary
    FROM employees
    WHERE department_id = (
        SELECT department_id
        FROM departments
        WHERE department_name = 'IT'
    )
);
```

The Query Result pane shows 23 rows fetched in 0.031 seconds. The results are as follows:

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY
157	Patrick	Sully	9500
163	Danielle	Greene	9500
151	David	Bernstein	9500
170	Taylor	Fox	9600
204	Hermann	Baer	10000
169	Harrison	Bloom	10000
156	Janette	King	10000
150	Peter	Tucker	10000
162	Clara	Vishney	10500
149	Eleni	Zlotkey	10500
148	Gerald	Cambrault	11000
114	Den	Raphaely	11000
174	Ellen	Abel	11000
168	Lisa	Ozer	11500
147	Alberto	Errazuriz	12000
205	Shelley	Higgins	12008
108	Nancy	Greenberg	12008
201	Michael	Hartstein	13000
146	Karen	Partners	13500
145	John	Russell	14000
102	Lex	De Haan	17000
101	Neena	Kochhar	17000
100	Steven	King	24000

Task 4:

The screenshot shows the SQL Developer interface with a query in the Query Builder. The query is designed to find job titles that have at least 2 employees. The query is as follows:

```
SELECT (SELECT job_title FROM jobs j WHERE j.job_id = e.job_id) AS job_title, COUNT(e.employee_id) AS num_employees
FROM employees e GROUP BY e.job_id HAVING COUNT(e.employee_id) >= 2;
```

The Query Result pane shows 9 rows fetched in 0.013 seconds. The results are as follows:

JOB_TITLE	NUM_EMPLOYEES
Administration Vice President	2
Accountant	5
Programmer	5
Purchasing Clerk	5
Sales Manager	5
Sales Representative	30
Shipping Clerk	20
Stock Clerk	20
Stock Manager	5

Task 5:

Worksheet Query Builder

```
SELECT department_id, MIN(salary) AS min_salary FROM employees
GROUP BY department_id HAVING MIN(salary) >= 3000;
```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 10 in 0.007 seconds

	DEPARTMENT_ID	MIN_SALARY
1	100	6900
2	(null)	7000
3	90	17000
4	20	6000
5	70	10000
6	110	8300
7	80	6800
8	40	6500
9	60	4200
10	10	4400

Task 6:

Worksheet Query Builder

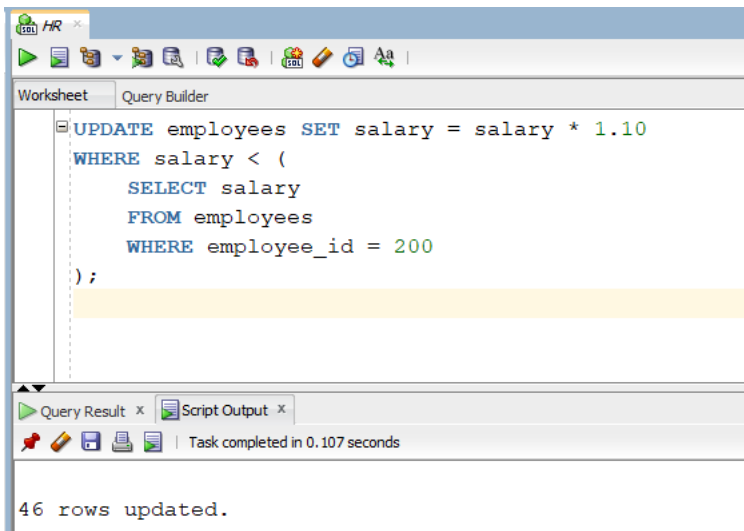
```
SELECT employee_id,
       first_name,
       last_name,
       department_id,
       hire_date
FROM (
    SELECT e.*,
           ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY department_id ORDER BY hire_date ASC) AS rn
    FROM employees e
)
WHERE rn <= 2
ORDER BY department_id, hire_date;
```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 20 in 0.02 seconds

	EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	HIRE_DATE
1	200	Jennifer	Whalen	10	17-SEP-03
2	201	Michael	Hartstein	20	17-FEB-04
3	202	Pat	Fay	20	17-AUG-05
4	114	Den	Raphaely	30	07-DEC-02
5	115	Alexander	Khoo	30	18-MAY-03
6	203	Susan	Mavris	40	07-JUN-02
7	122	Payam	Kaufling	50	01-MAY-03
8	137	Renske	Ladwig	50	14-JUL-03
9	105	David	Austin	60	25-JUN-05
10	103	Alexander	Humold	60	03-JAN-06
11	204	Hermann	Baer	70	07-JUN-02
12	156	Janette	King	80	30-JAN-04
13	157	Patrick	Sully	80	04-MAR-04
14	102	Lex	De Haan	90	13-JAN-01
15	100	Steven	King	90	17-JUN-03
16	109	Daniel	Faviet	100	16-AUG-02
17	108	Nancy	Greenberg	100	17-AUG-02
18	205	Shelley	Higgins	110	07-JUN-02
19	206	William	Gietz	110	07-JUN-02
20	178	Kimberely	Grant	(null)	24-MAY-07

Task 7:



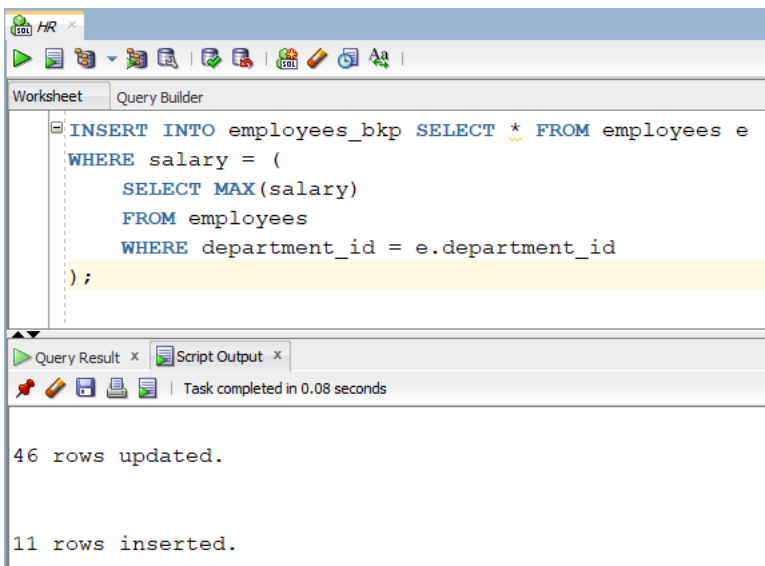
The screenshot shows the SQL Developer interface with the 'Query Builder' tab active. The query editor contains the following SQL statement:

```
UPDATE employees SET salary = salary * 1.10
WHERE salary < (
    SELECT salary
    FROM employees
    WHERE employee_id = 200
);
```

Below the query editor, the 'Query Result' and 'Script Output' tabs are visible. The 'Script Output' tab shows the message: 'Task completed in 0.107 seconds'.

46 rows updated.

Task 8:



The screenshot shows the SQL Developer interface with the 'Query Builder' tab active. The query editor contains the following SQL statement:

```
INSERT INTO employees_bkp SELECT * FROM employees e
WHERE salary = (
    SELECT MAX(salary)
    FROM employees
    WHERE department_id = e.department_id
);
```

Below the query editor, the 'Query Result' and 'Script Output' tabs are visible. The 'Script Output' tab shows the message: 'Task completed in 0.08 seconds'.

46 rows updated.

11 rows inserted.

Task 9:

The screenshot shows the SQL Developer interface with a query in the Query Builder tab. The query is as follows:

```
SELECT e.employee_id,
       e.first_name,
       e.last_name,
       e.department_id,
       e.salary FROM employees e
WHERE EXISTS (
  SELECT 1
  FROM employees x
  WHERE x.salary = e.salary
        AND x.department_id <> e.department_id
);
```

Below the query, the 'Query Result' tab shows the output of the query. It displays a table with 5 columns: EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DEPARTMENT_ID, and SALARY. There are 23 rows of data.

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	SALARY
158	Allan	McEwen	80	9000
152	Peter	Hall	80	9000
109	Daniel	Faviet	100	9000
202	Pat	Fay	20	6000
184	Nandita	Sarchand	50	4620
205	Shelley	Higgins	110	12008
103	Alexander	Hunold	60	9000
121	Adam	Fripp	50	8200
174	Ellen	Abel	80	11000
148	Gerald	Cambrault	80	11000
196	Alana	Walsh	50	3410
181	Jean	Fleaur	50	3410
142	Curtis	Davies	50	3410
190	Timothy	Gates	50	3190
134	Michael	Rogers	50	3190
195	Vance	Jones	50	3080
183	Girard	Geoni	50	3080
130	Mozhe	Atkinson	50	3080
199	Douglas	Grant	50	2860
198	Donald	OConnell	50	2860
143	Randall	Matos	50	2860
191	Randall	Perkins	50	2750
182	Martha	Sullivan	50	2750

Task 10:

The screenshot shows the SQL Developer interface with a query in the Query Builder tab. The query is as follows:

```
SELECT
  (SELECT department_name
   FROM departments d
   WHERE d.department_id = e.department_id) AS department_name,
  (SELECT first_name || ' ' || last_name
   FROM employees m
   WHERE m.employee_id = (
     SELECT manager_id
     FROM departments d
     WHERE d.department_id = e.department_id
   )) AS manager_name, COUNT(e.employee_id) AS total_employees FROM employees e GROUP BY e.department_id;
```

Below the query, the 'Query Result' tab shows the output of the query. It displays a table with 3 columns: DEPARTMENT_NAME, MANAGER_NAME, and TOTAL_EMPLOYEES. There are 12 rows of data.

DEPARTMENT_NAME	MANAGER_NAME	TOTAL_EMPLOYEES
1 Finance	Nancy Greenberg	6
2 Purchasing	Den Raphaely	6
3 (null)	(null)	1
4 Executive	Steven King	3
5 Marketing	Michael Hartstein	2
6 Public Relations	Hermann Baer	1
7 Accounting	Shelley Higgins	2
8 Shipping	Adam Fripp	45
9 Sales	John Russell	34
10 Human Resources	Susan Mavris	1
11 IT	Alexander Hunold	5
12 Administration	Jennifer Whalen	1