B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, BENGALURU

Autonomous Institute, Affiliated to VTU



Lab Record

Computer Networks

Submitted in partial fulfillment for the 5th Semester Laboratory

> Bachelor of Technology in Computer Science and Engineering

> > Submitted by:

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Computer Networks (20CS5PCCON) laboratory has been carried out by Mahantesh Gattina (1BM19CS219) during the 5th Semester October 2021 - January 2022.

Signature of the Faculty Incharge:

Dr. Shyamala G Assistant Professor Department of Computer Science and Engineering B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bangalore

PROGRAM 1: Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16-BITS)

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string.h>
using namespace std;
int crc(char *ip, char *op, char *poly, int mode)
{
 strcpy(op, ip);
 if (mode) {
   for (int i = 1; i < strlen(poly); i++)
     strcat(op, "0");
 for (int i = 0; i < strlen(ip); i++) {
   if (op[i] == '1') {
     for (int j = 0; j < strlen(poly); j++) {
       if (op[i + j] == poly[j])
         op[i + j] = '0';
       else
         op[i + j] = '1';
     }
   }
 for (int i = 0; i < strlen(op); i++)
   if (op[i] == '1')
     return 0;
 return 1;
int main()
 char ip[50], op[50], recv[50];
 char poly[] = "1000100000100001";
 cout << "Enter the input message in
 binary: "<< endl; cin >> ip;
 crc(ip, op, poly, 1);
 cout << "The transmitted message is : " << ip << op + strlen(ip) << endl;</pre>
 cout << "Enter the received message in
 binary: " << endl; cin >> recv;
 if (crc(recv, op, poly, 0))
   cout << "No error in data" << endl;
 else
   cout << "Error in data transmission has occurred" << endl;
 return 0;
}
```

Enter the input message in binary
1011
The transmitted message is: 10111011000101101011
Enter the recevied message in binary
10111011000101101011
No error in data
...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.

PROGRAM 2: Write a program for distance vector algorithm to find suitable path for transmission.

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct node
{
      unsigned dist[20];
      unsigned from[20];
}rt[10];
int main()
{
      int dmat[20][20];
      int n,i,j,k,count=0;
      printf("\nEnter the number of nodes : ");
      scanf("%d",&n);
      printf("\nEnter the cost matrix :\n");
      for(i=0;i< n;i++)
            for(j=0;j< n;j++){
                  scanf("%d",&dmat[i][j]);
                   dmat[i][i]=0;
                   rt[i].dist[j]=dmat[i][j];
                   rt[i].from[j]=j;
            }
      do{
            count=0;
            for(i=0;i< n;i++)
              for(j=0;j< n;j++)
                for(k=0;k< n;k++)
                   if(rt[i].dist[j]>dmat[i][k]+rt[k].dist[j]){
                         rt[i].dist[j]=rt[i].dist[k]+rt[k].dist[j];
                         rt[i].from[j]=k;
                         count++;
                   }
      }while(count!=0);
      for(i=0;i< n;i++)
            printf("\n\nState value for router %d is \n",i+1);
            for(j=0;j< n;j++)
                  printf(" \t\nnode %d via %d
                   Distance: %d",i+1,rt[i].from[i]+1,rt[i].dist[i]);
            }
      }
}
```

```
Enter the number of nodes: 4
Enter the cost matrix :
0 5 99 99
5 0 3 99
99 3 0 1
99 99 1 0
State value for router 1 is
node 1 via 1 Distance : 0
node 2 via 2 Distance : 5
node 3 via 2 Distance : 8
node 4 via 2 Distance : 9
State value for router 2 is
node 1 via 1 Distance : 5
node 2 via 2 Distance : 0
node 3 via 3 Distance : 3
node 4 via 3 Distance : 4
State value for router 3 is
node 1 via 2 Distance : 8
node 2 via 2 Distance : 3
node 3 via 3 Distance : 0
node 4 via 4 Distance : 1
State value for router 4 is
node 1 via 3 Distance : 9
node 2 via 3 Distance : 4
node 3 via 3 Distance : 1
node 4 via 4 Distance : 0
... Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

PROGRAM 3: Implement Dijkstra's algorithm to compute the shortest path for a given topology.

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include <limits.h>
#include <stdio.h>
using namespace std;
#define V 9
int minDistance(int dist[], bool sptSet[])
 int min = INT MAX, min index;
 for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
   if (sptSet[v] == false \&\& dist[v] <= min)
     min = dist[v], min index = v;
 return min index;
void printSolution(int dist[])
 printf("Vertex \t\t Distance from Source\n");
 for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
   printf("%d \t\t %d\n", i, dist[i]);
void dijkstra(int graph[V][V], int src)
 int dist[V];
 bool sptSet[V];
 for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
   dist[i] = INT MAX, sptSet[i] = false;
 dist[src] = 0;
 for (int count = 0; count < V - 1; count ++) {
   int u = minDistance(dist, sptSet);
   sptSet[u] = true;
   for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
     if (!sptSet[v] \&\& graph[u][v] \&\& dist[u] != INT MAX \&\& dist[u] +
       graph[u][v] < dist[v]) dist[v] = dist[u] + graph[u][v];
 printSolution(dist);
int main()
{
 int graph[V][V];
 cout << "Enter the graph " << endl;
 for(int i = 0; i < V; i++)
for(int j = 0; j < V; j + +)
     cin>>graph[i][i];
 dijkstra(graph, 0);
 return 0;
}
```

```
Enter the graph
0 4 0 0 0 0 0 8 0
4 0 8 0 0 0 0 11 0
080704002
0 0 7 0 9 14 0 0 0
0 0 0 9 0 10 0 0 0
0 0 4 14 10 0 2 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 6
8 11 0 0 0 0 1 0 7
0 0 2 0 0 0 6 7 0
Vertex
                 Distance from Source
0
                 0
1
                 4
2
                 12
3
                 19
4 5
                 21
                 11
6
                 9
7
                 8
8
                 14
... Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

PROGRAM 4: Write a program for congestion control using leaky bucket algorithm.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#define NOF PACKETS 10
int rando(int a)
 int rn = (random() \% 10) \% a;
 return rn == 0 ? 1 : rn;
int main()
{
 int packet sz[NOF PACKETS], i, clk, b size, o_rate, p_sz_rm=0,
 p sz, p time, op; for(i = 0; i < NOF PACKETS; ++i)
   packet sz[i] = rando(6) * 10;
 for(i = 0; i < NOF PACKETS; ++i)
   printf("\npacket[%d]:%d bytes\t", i,
 packet_sz[i]); printf("\nEnter the Output
rate:"); scanf("%d", &o_rate);
 printf("Enter the Bucket Size:");
 scanf("%d", &b size);
 for(i = 0; i < NOF PACKETS; ++i)
   if( (packet sz[i] + p sz rm) > b size)
     if(packet_sz[i] > b size)
       printf("\n\nIncoming packet size (%dbytes) is Greater than
bucket capacity (%dbytes)-PACKET REJECTED", packet sz[i],
b size);
     else
       printf("\n\nBucket capacity exceeded-PACKETS REJECTED!!");
   else
    {
     p sz rm += packet sz[i];
     printf("\n\nIncoming Packet size: %d",
     packet sz[i]); printf("\nBytes remaining to
     Transmit: %d", p sz rm); p time = rando(4)
     * 10:
     printf("\nTime left for transmission: %d
     units", p time); for(clk = 10; clk <= p time;
     clk += 10) {
       sleep(1);
       if(p sz rm)
         if(p sz rm \leq o rate)
           op = p sz rm, p sz rm = 0;
           op = o rate, p sz rm -= o rate;
         printf("\nPacket of size %d Transmitted", op);
         printf("----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: %d", p sz rm);
       }
       else
       {
```

```
printf("\nTime left for transmission: %d units",
          p_time-clk); printf("\nNo packets to transmit!!");
} }
packet[0]:30 bytes
packet[1]:10 bytes
packet[2]:10 bytes
packet[3]:50 bytes
packet[4]:30 bytes
packet[5]:50 bytes
packet[6]:10 bytes
packet[7]:20 bytes
packet[8]:30 bytes
packet[9]:10 bytes
Enter the Output rate:10
Enter the Bucket Size:25
Incoming packet size (30bytes) is Greater than bucket capacity (25bytes)-PACKET REJECTED
Incoming Packet size: 10
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 10
Time left for transmission: 20 units
Packet of size 10 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
Time left for transmission: 0 units
No packets to transmit!!
Incoming Packet size: 10
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 10
Time left for transmission: 30 units
Packet of size 10 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
Time left for transmission: 10 units
No packets to transmit!!
Time left for transmission: 0 units
No packets to transmit!!
Incoming packet size (50bytes) is Greater than bucket capacity (25bytes)-PACKET REJECTED
Incoming packet size (30bytes) is Greater than bucket capacity (25bytes)-PACKET REJECTED
Incoming packet size (50bytes) is Greater than bucket capacity (25bytes)-PACKET REJECTED
Incoming Packet size: 10
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 10
Time left for transmission: 10 units
Packet of size 10 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
Incoming Packet size: 20
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 20
Time left for transmission: 10 units
Packet of size 10 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 10
Incoming packet size (30bytes) is Greater than bucket capacity (25bytes)-PACKET REJECTED
Incoming Packet size: 10
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 20
Time left for transmission: 30 units
Packet of size 10 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 10
Packet of size 10 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
Time left for transmission: 0 units
No packets to transmit!!
```

.Program finished with exit code 0

PROGRAM 5: USING TCP/IP sockets, write a client-server program to make client sending the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present. ClientTCP.py

```
from socket import *
serverName = '127.0.0.1'
serverPort = 12000
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
clientSocket.connect((serverName,serverPort))
sentence = input("\nEnter file name: ")

clientSocket.send(sentence.encode())
filecontents = clientSocket.recv(1024).decode()
print ('\nFrom Server:\n')
print(filecontents)
clientSocket.close()

ServerTCP.py
from socket import *
serverName="127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM)
```

```
ServerTCP.py
from socket import *
serverName="127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF INET,SOCK STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName,serverPort))
serverSocket.listen(1)
while 1:
  print ("The server is ready to receive")
 connectionSocket, addr = serverSocket.accept()
 sentence = connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()
 file=open(sentence,"r")
 l=file.read(1024)
 connectionSocket.send(l.encode())
 print ('\nSent contents of ' + sentence)
 file.close()
 connectionSocket.close()
```

```
** nor_ove=n tot tubotime
  ot_896@LAPTOP-PKDJU4TM:~$ python3 tcpc.py
                                                                                                                                                            rot_896@LAPTOP-PKDJU4TM:~$ python3 tcps.py
                                                                                                                                                         The server is ready to receive
Enter file name: tcps.py
                                                                                                                                                         Sent contents of tcps.py
The server is ready to receive
rom Server:
From socket import *
serverName="127.0.0.1"
serverNome= 127.0.1
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName,serverPort))
serverSocket.listen(1)
while 1:
         print ("The server is ready to receive")
connectionSocket, addr = serverSocket.accept()
sentence = connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()
          file=open(sentence,"r")
l=file.read(1024)
         connectionSocket.send(1.encode())
print ('\nSent contents of ' + sentence)
file.close()
          connectionSocket.close()
 rot_896@LAPTOP-PKDJU4TM:~$ _
```

PROGRAM 6: USING UDP sockets, write a client-server program to make client sending the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present. ClientUDP.py

```
from socket import *
serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)

sentence = input("\nEnter file name: ")
clientSocket.sendto(bytes(sentence,"utf-8"),(serverName, serverPort))
filecontents,serverAddress = clientSocket.recvfrom(2048)
print ('\nReply from Server:\n')
print (filecontents.decode("utf-8"))
clientSocket.close()
clientSocket.close()

ServerUDP.py
from socket import *
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1", serverPort))
```

serverSocket = Socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1", serverPort))
print ("The server is ready to receive")
while 1:
 sentence, clientAddress = serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)
 sentence = sentence.decode("utf-8")
 file=open(sentence,"r")
 l=file.read(2048)

serverSocket.sendto(bytes(I,"utf-8"),clientAddress)

print ('\nSent contents of ', end = ' ')
print (sentence)
file.close()

