

Lesson 02 Demo 02

Pushing a File to the GitHub Repository

Objective: To demonstrate the process of pushing a file to a GitHub repository using Git commands for version control and collaboration

Tools required: Git and GitHub

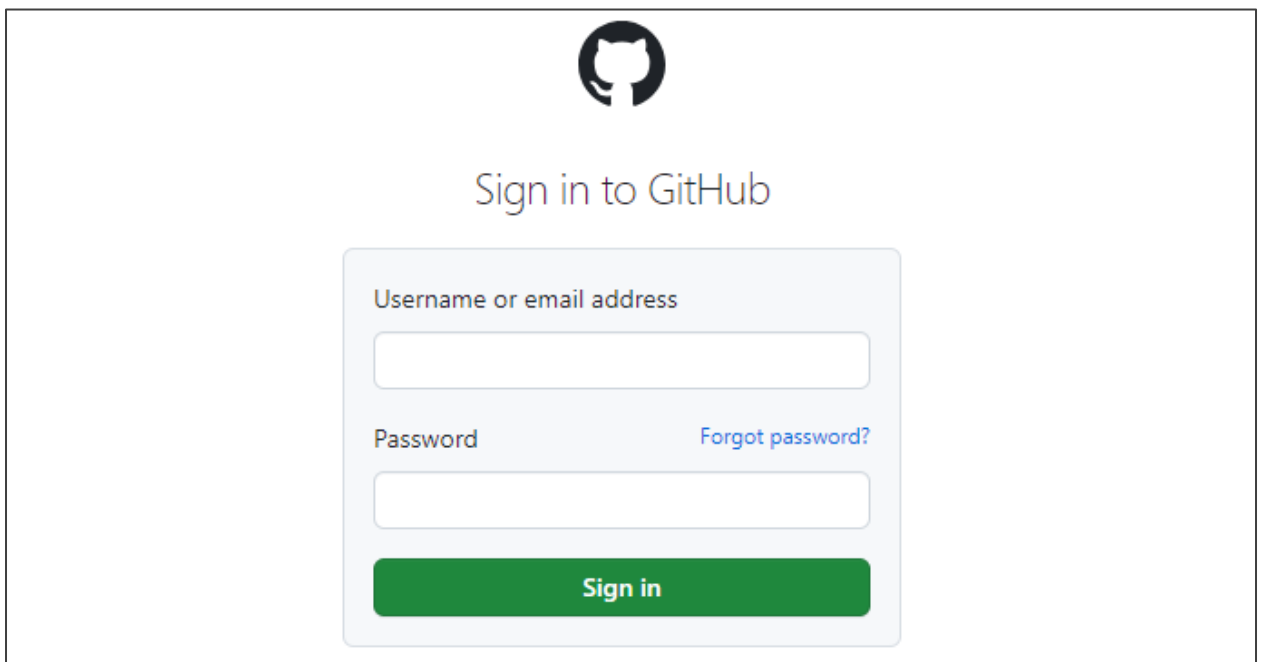
Prerequisites: You need to have Git installed to proceed with this demo.

Steps to be followed:

1. Create a GitHub repository
2. Create a repository on the local machine
3. Push the changes in the local repository to GitHub
4. Check the status of the local and remote repository

Step 1: Create a GitHub repository

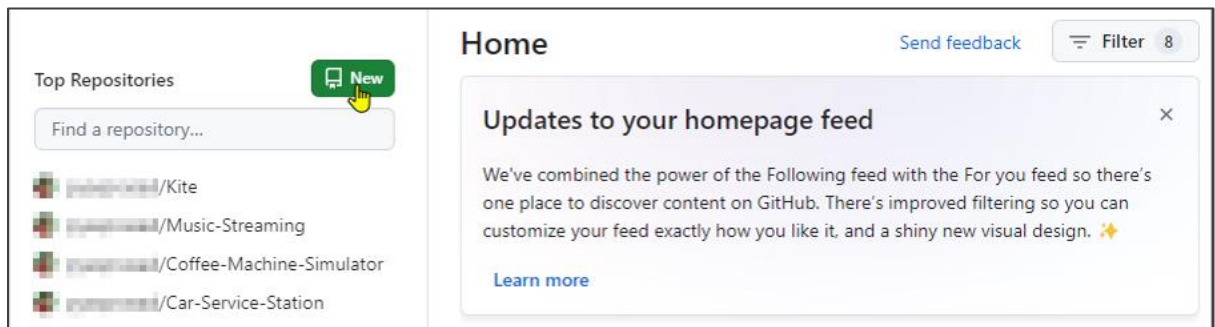
- 1.1 Open the browser in your lab, go to **github.com**, and log in to your account



The image shows the GitHub sign-in page. At the top center is the GitHub logo (an octocat). Below it, the text "Sign in to GitHub" is displayed. Underneath is a light blue rounded rectangle containing the login form. The form has two input fields: "Username or email address" and "Password". To the right of the password field is a link that says "Forgot password?". At the bottom of the form is a green button with the text "Sign in".

Note: If you do not have a GitHub account, visit the official website at <https://github.com/signup> and create a new account

1.2 Click on the **New** button to create a new GitHub repository



1.3 Enter the repository name and description, then click the **Create repository** button

A screenshot of the 'Create a new repository' form on GitHub. The form has a title 'Create a new repository' and a subtitle 'A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere? [Import a repository.](#)'. Below this is a note: 'Required fields are marked with an asterisk (*)'. The 'Owner' field is a dropdown menu showing a user profile. The 'Repository name' field is a text input containing 'lesson-end project', which is highlighted with a red box. Below this field is a green checkmark and the text: 'Your new repository will be created as lesson-end-project. The repository name can only contain ASCII letters, digits, and the characters ., -, and _'. Below this is a suggestion: 'Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about fuzzy-giggle?'. The 'Description (optional)' field is a text input containing 'This is the lesson-end project for this lesson.', which is also highlighted with a red box. At the bottom right, there is a green 'Create repository' button with a yellow cursor icon pointing to it. Above the button, there is a note: 'This will set main as the default branch. Change the default name in your settings.' and an information icon (i) with the text: 'You are creating a public repository in your personal account.'

Step 2: Create a repository on the local machine

- 2.1 Open the terminal tab in your lab, and execute the following command to create a new project directory:

mkdir createnewproject

```
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu$ mkdir createnewproject
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu$
```

- 2.2 Run the following command to change the directory:

cd createnewproject

```
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu$ cd createnewproject
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$
```

- 2.3 Create a README file using the following command:

echo "# create new file for my project" >> README.md

```
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$ echo "# create new file for my project" >> README.md
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$
```

- 2.4 Initialize the Git repository using the following command:

git init

```
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$ git init
hint: Using 'master' as the name for the initial branch. This default branch name
hint: is subject to change. To configure the initial branch name to use in all
hint: of your new repositories, which will suppress this warning, call:
hint:
hint:   git config --global init.defaultBranch <name>
hint:
hint: Names commonly chosen instead of 'master' are 'main', 'trunk' and
hint: 'development'. The just-created branch can be renamed via this command:
hint:
hint:   git branch -m <name>
Initialized empty Git repository in /home/priyanshurajsim/Priyanshu/createnewproject/.git/
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$
```

- 2.5 Add the README file using the command given below:

git add .

```
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$ git add .
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$
```

2.6 Use the following command to commit the changes:

git commit -m "Added README file"

```
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$ git commit -m "Added README file"
[master (root-commit) c5f0069] Added README file
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
create mode 100644 README.md
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$
```

Step 3: Push the changes in the local repository to GitHub

3.1 Open the **Terminal** and add a remote repository using the following command:

git remote add origin <URL>

```
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$ git remote add origin https://github.com/pyasprasad/lesson-end-project.git
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$
```

Note: While creating the remote repository, copy the HTTPS URL

3.2 Push the changes to the remote repository using the following command:

git push -u origin master

```
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$ git push -u origin master
Username for 'https://github.com': pyasprasad
Password for 'https://pyasprasad@github.com':
Enumerating objects: 3, done.
Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 261 bytes | 261.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
remote:
remote: Create a pull request for 'master' on GitHub by visiting:
remote:   https://github.com/pyasprasad/lesson-end-project/pull/new/master
remote:
To https://github.com/pyasprasad/lesson-end-project.git
 * [new branch]      master -> master
% branch 'master' set up to track 'origin/master'.
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$
```

Note: After executing the Git push command, you will be asked to enter the username and password for your GitHub account.

Step 4: Check the status of the local and remote repository

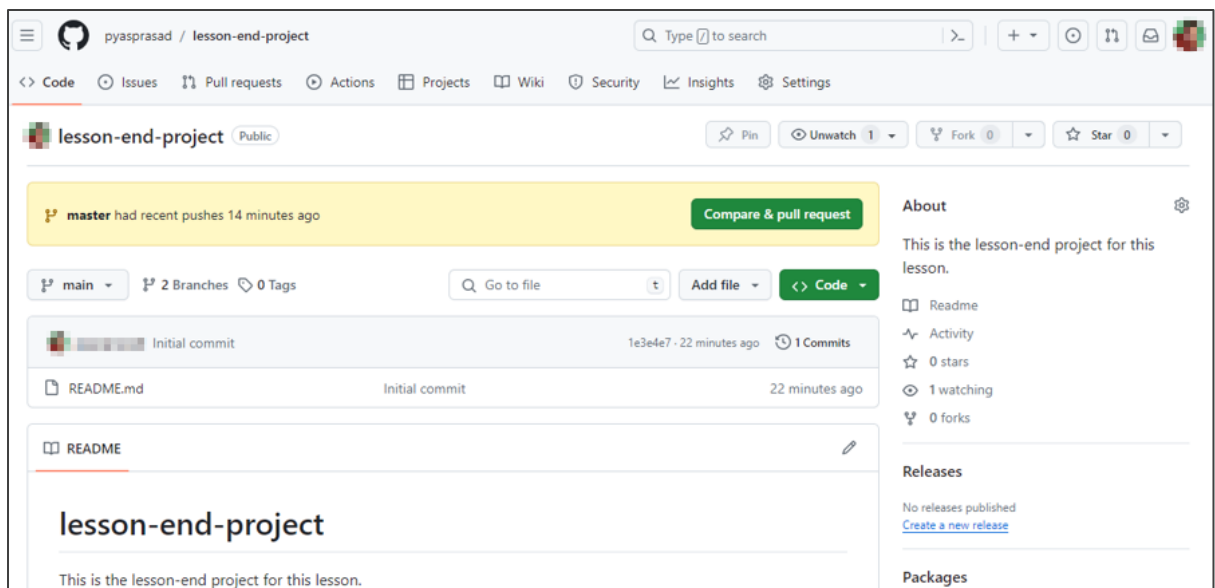
4.1 Run the following command to check the status of the local repository:

git status

```
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$ git status
On branch master
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/master'.

nothing to commit, working tree clean
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-28-201:~/Priyanshu/createnewproject$
```

4.2 Visit **github.com** to inspect the remote repository



By following these steps, you've effectively demonstrated the process of pushing a file to a GitHub repository using Git commands for version control and collaboration.