

Lesson 10 Demo 01

Creating and Executing a Basic GitHub Actions Workflow

Objective: To create and execute a basic GitHub Actions workflow for automated testing and deployment, enhancing the efficiency and reliability of project development processes

Tools required: GitHub

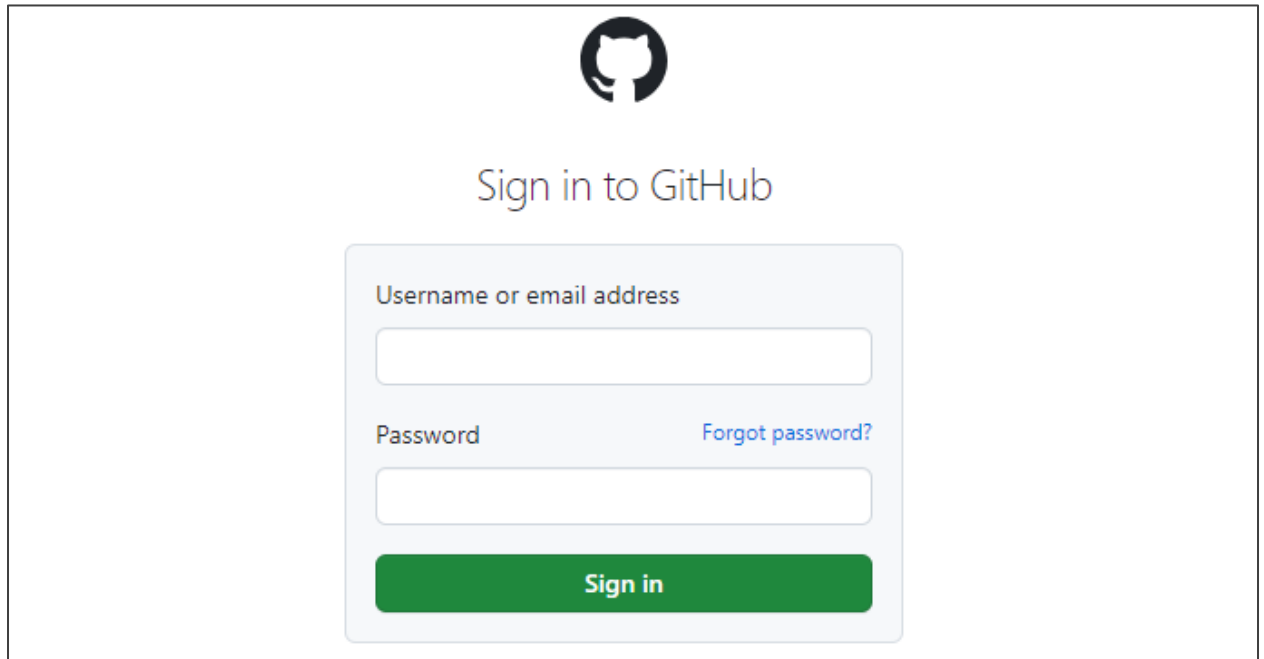
Prerequisites: None

Steps to be followed:

1. Create a new GitHub repository
2. Create and execute a new workflow file

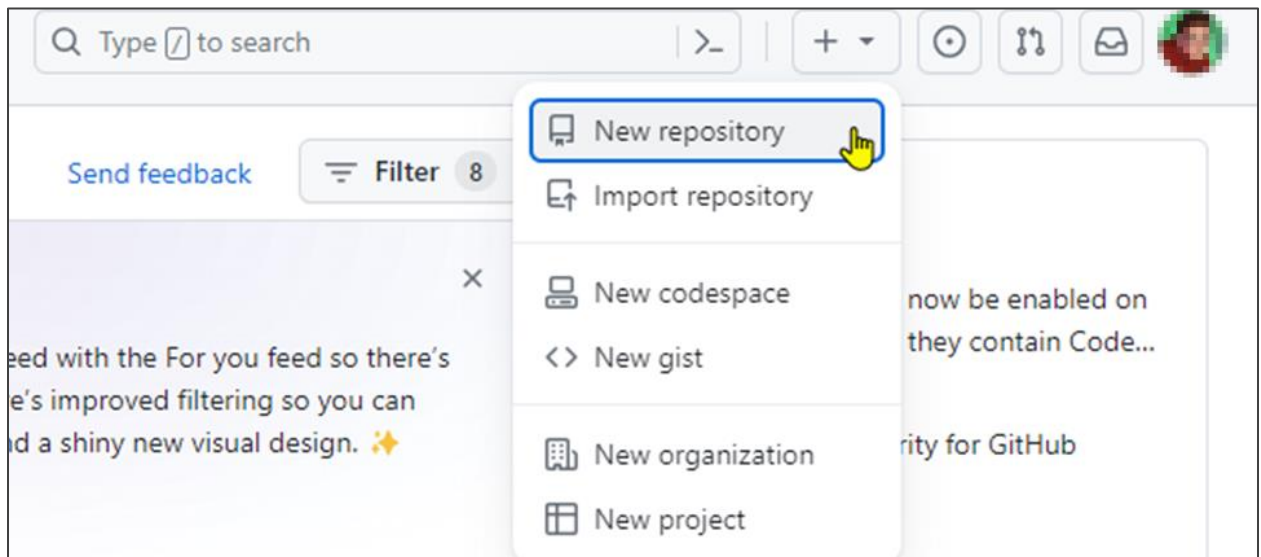
Step 1: Create a new GitHub repository

1.1 Open the browser in your lab, go to **github.com**, and log in to your account

The image shows the GitHub sign-in page. At the top center is the GitHub logo (an octocat). Below it, the text "Sign in to GitHub" is displayed. Underneath is a light blue rounded rectangle containing the login form. The form has two input fields: "Username or email address" and "Password". To the right of the password field is a blue link that says "Forgot password?". At the bottom of the form is a green button with the text "Sign in" in white.

Note: If you do not have a GitHub account, visit the official website at <https://github.com/signup> and create a new account

- 1.2 Click on the + icon from the upper-right corner of the page and select **New repository** from the drop-down menu




- 1.3 Enter the name and description for the GitHub repository

Create a new repository

A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere? [Import a repository.](#)

Required fields are marked with an asterisk ().*

Owner *

 /

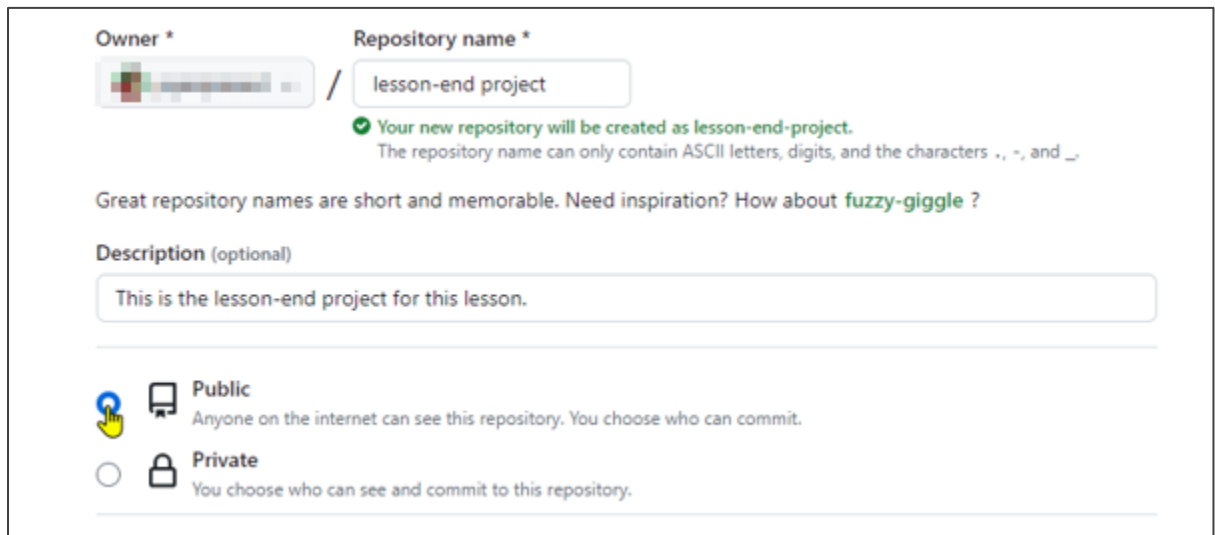
Repository name *

✔ Your new repository will be created as lesson-end-project.
The repository name can only contain ASCII letters, digits, and the characters ., -, and _.

Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about [fuzzy-giggle](#) ?

Description (optional)

1.4 Choose **Public** for the repository type





Owner * / Repository name * lesson-end project

✓ Your new repository will be created as lesson-end-project.
The repository name can only contain ASCII letters, digits, and the characters -, ., and _.

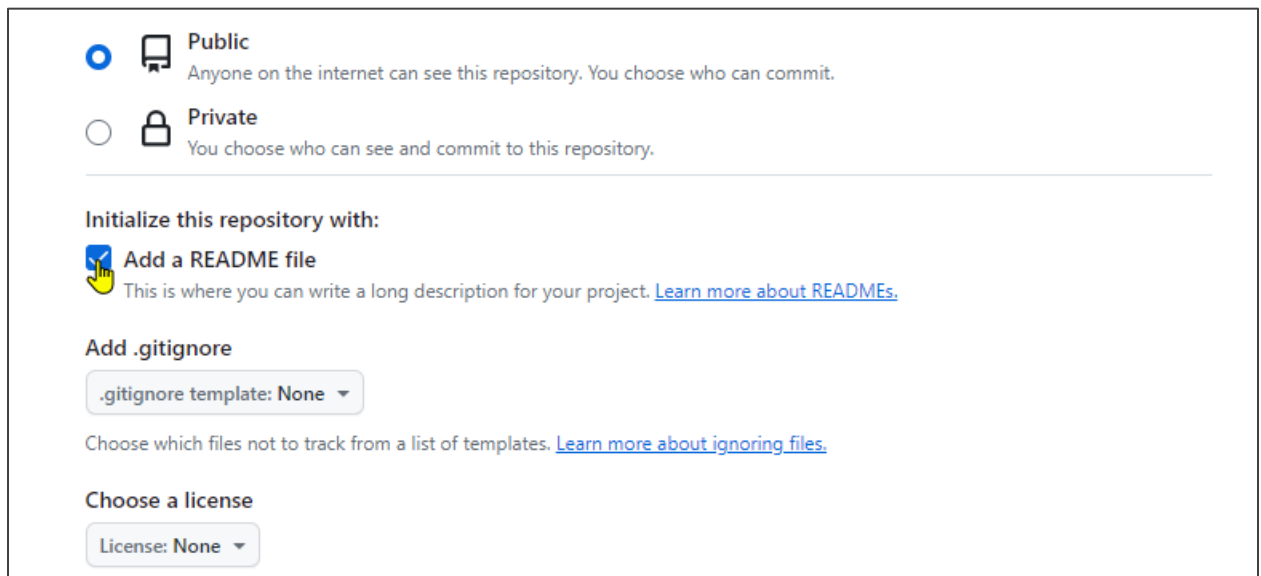
Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about [fuzzy-giggle](#) ?


Description (optional)
This is the lesson-end project for this lesson.


☒  **Public**
Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

☐  **Private**
You choose who can see and commit to this repository.


1.5 Select **Initialize this repository with a README** to include a README file for the repository



☒  **Public**
Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

☐  **Private**
You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

Initialize this repository with:

☒  **Add a README file**
This is where you can write a long description for your project. [Learn more about READMEs.](#)

Add .gitignore
.gitignore template: None ▾

Choose which files not to track from a list of templates. [Learn more about ignoring files.](#)

Choose a license
License: None ▾

1.6 Click on the **Create repository** button


Initialize this repository with:

☒ **Add a README file**
This is where you can write a long description for your project. [Learn more about READMEs.](#)

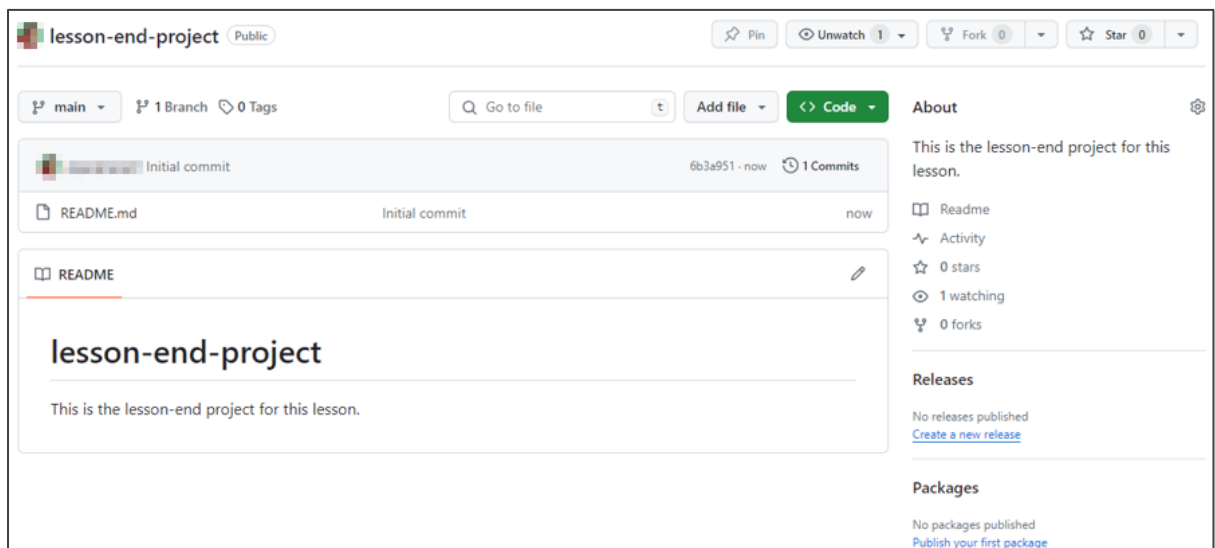
Add .gitignore
.gitignore template: **None** ▾
Choose which files not to track from a list of templates. [Learn more about ignoring files.](#)

Choose a license
License: **None** ▾
A license tells others what they can and can't do with your code. [Learn more about licenses.](#)

This will set **main** as the default branch. Change the default name in your [settings](#).

 You are creating a public repository in your personal account.

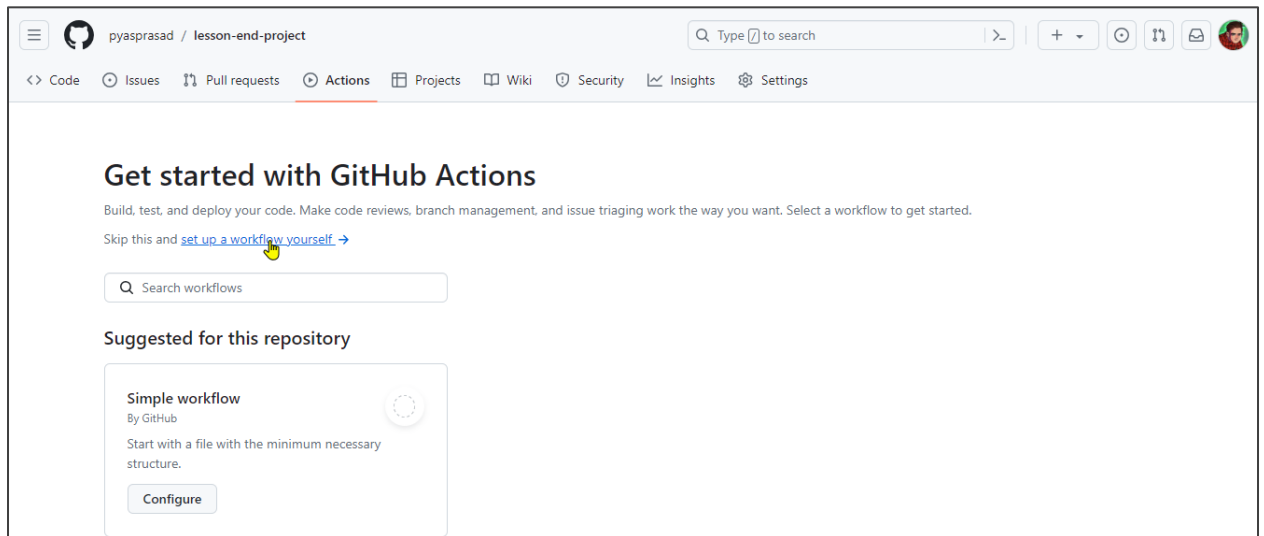
Create repository



The remote GitHub repository is created.

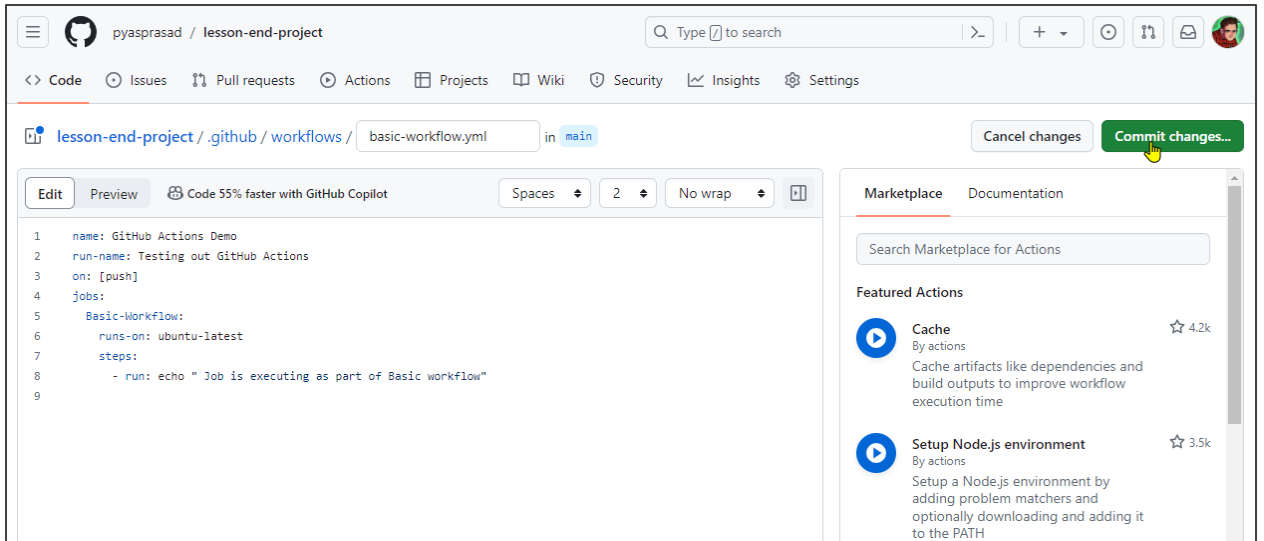
Step 2: Create and execute a new workflow file

2.1 Navigate to the **Actions** tab and click on **set up a workflow yourself** to create a **.github/workflows** directory

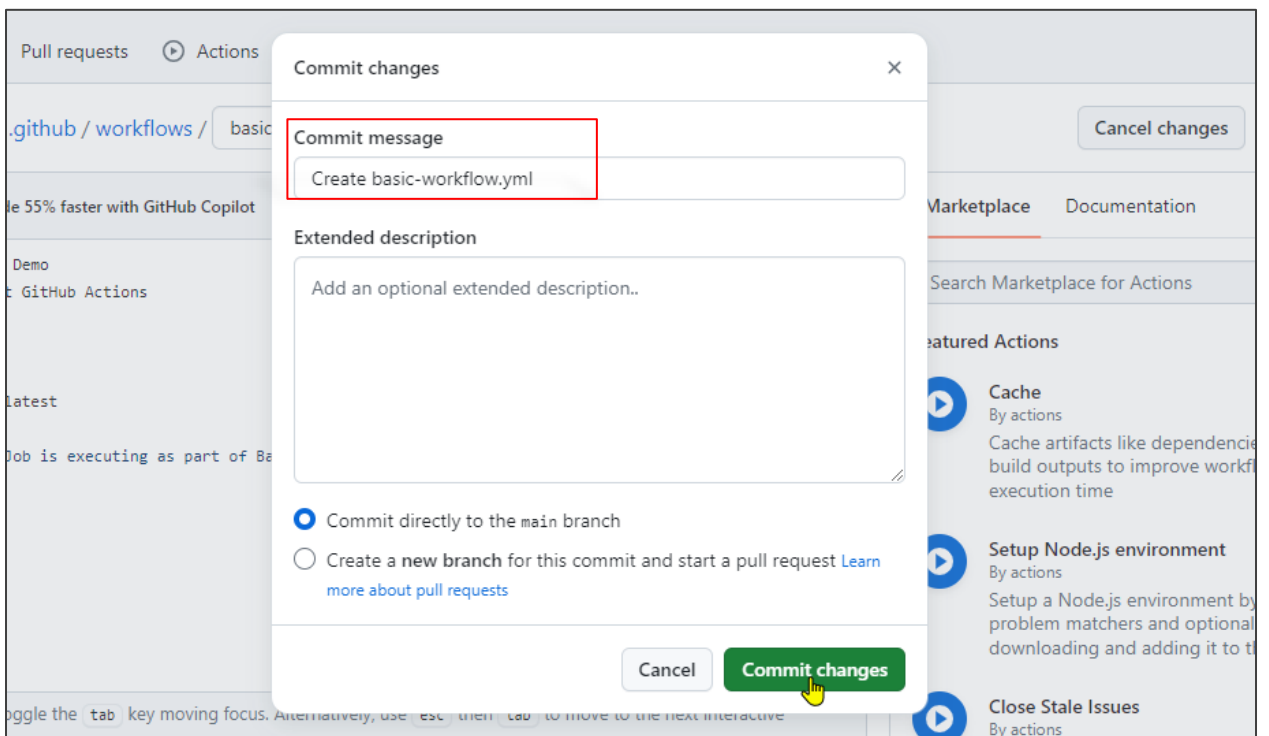


2.2 Create a new workflow file **basic-workflow.yml** with the below code, then click on **Commit changes**:

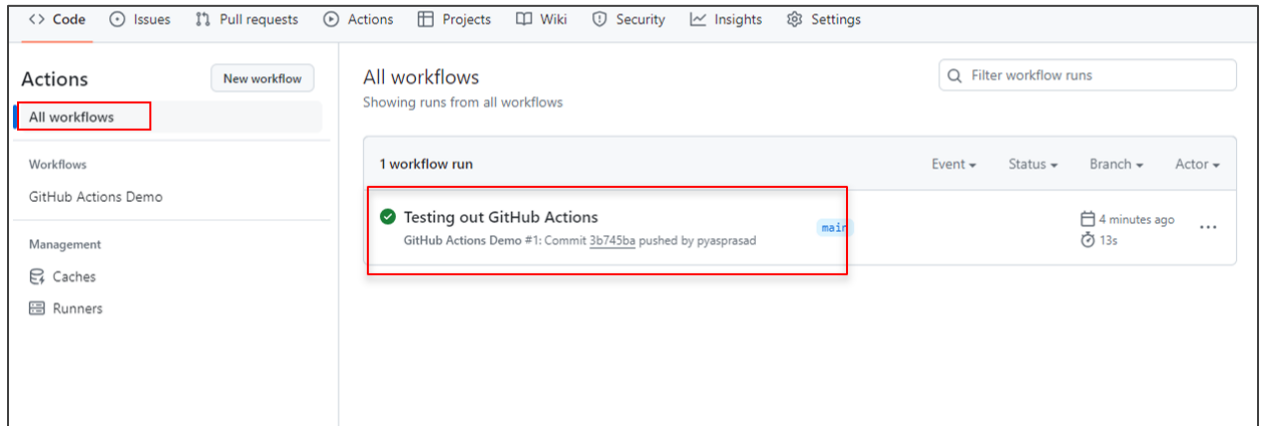
```
name: GitHub Actions Demo
run-name: Testing out GitHub Actions
on: [push]
jobs:
  Basic-Workflow:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      - run: echo " Job is executing as part of Basic workflow"
```



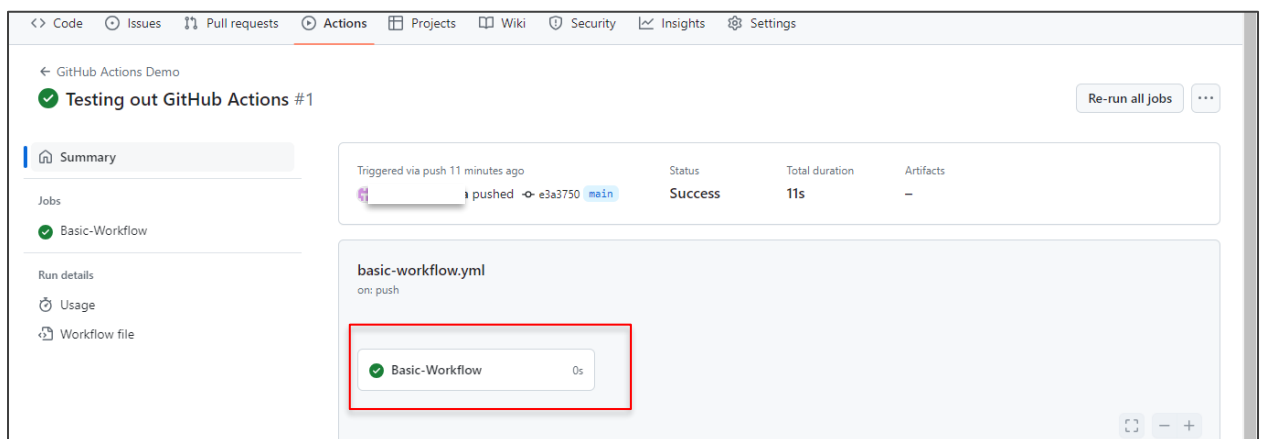
2.3 Add the **Commit message** as **Create basic-workflow.yml** and then click on **Commit changes** to save the workflow file in the code repository



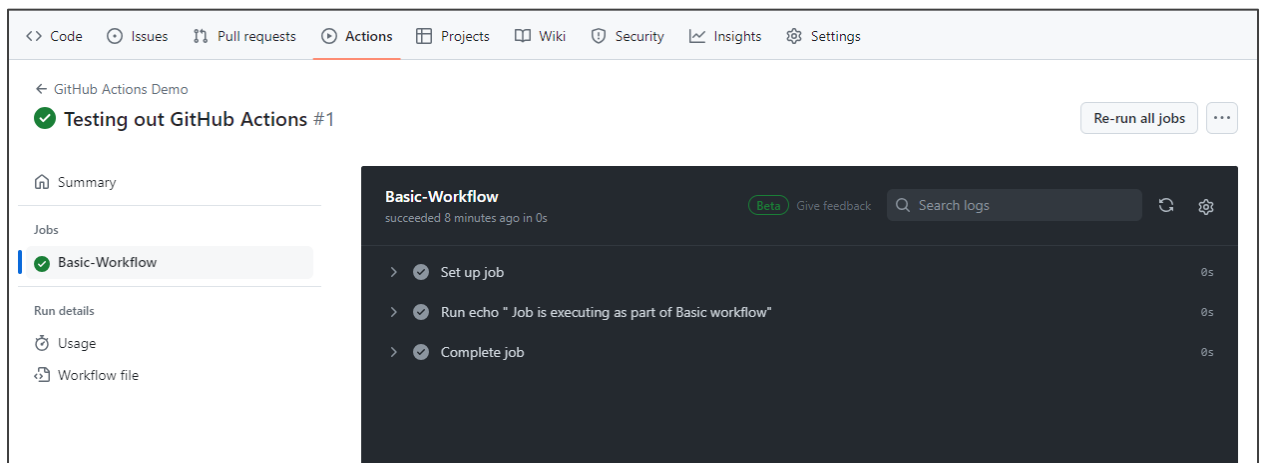
2.4 Navigate to the **Actions** tab to access the workflow execution, and under **All workflows**, click on the **Testing out GitHub Actions**



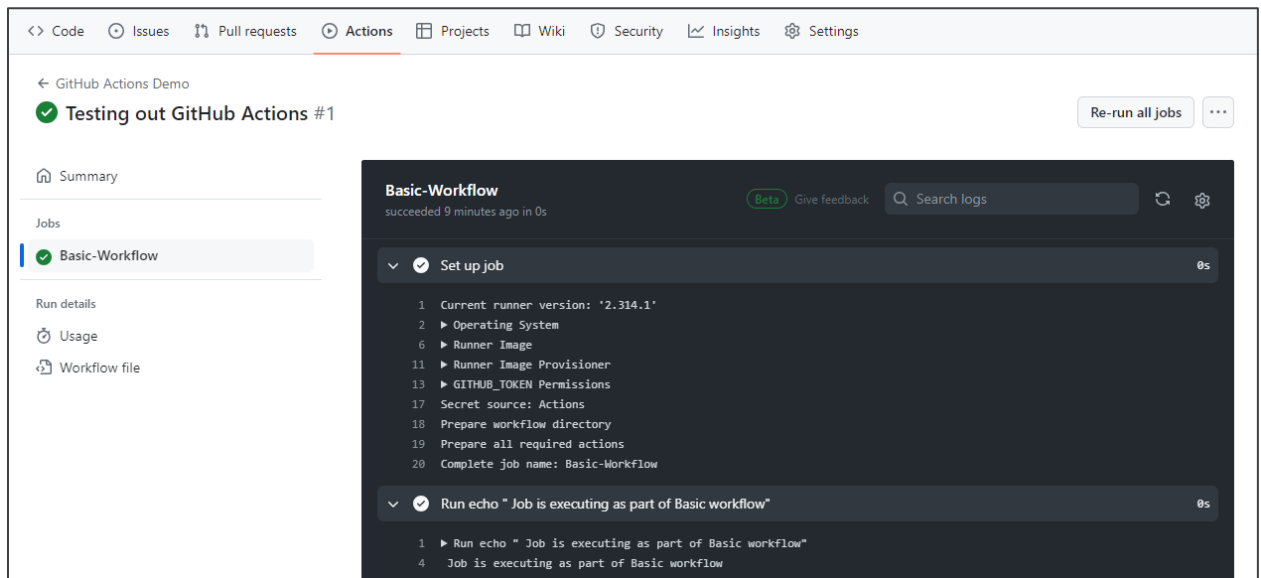
2.5 Click on the **Basic-Workflow** to view the job execution details



The **Basic-Workflow** screen will appear as shown below:



2.6 Expand the output under the **Basic-Workflow**



By following these steps, you have successfully created and executed a basic GitHub Actions workflow for automated testing and deployment, enhancing the efficiency and reliability of project development processes.