



School of Advanced Sciences  
Department of Mathematics  
M.Sc. Data Science  
PMDS508P - Python Programming Lab  
Slot: L41+L42+L53+L54  
Lab Assignment #02

## Assignment #02 - Control Structures and Data Collections

Due-date to Upload of the Assignment Records to VTOP is **07-Sep-2024**<sup>1</sup>

1. Write a list comprehension version to generate prime numbers up to a given number.
2. Write a Python program (without list comprehension and with list comprehension) to transpose a given matrix as a list of lists.  
For example, if  $A = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]]$  then the output should be  $AT = [[1, 4], [2, 5], [3, 6]]$ .
3. Write a dictionary comprehension version to accept a list of numbers (with repetitions) and then create a dictionary where the key is the number, and the value is the number of times that value is present in the given list.  
For example if  $L = [1, 2, 2, 1, 4, 2, 3, 3]$  then output should be  $D = \{1 : 2, 2 : 3, 3 : 2, 4 : 1\}$ .
4. A triplet  $(a, b, c)$  is said to be a Pythagorean triplet if  $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$ . For example,  $(3, 4, 5)$  is a Pythagorean triplet as  $5^2 = 3^2 + 4^2$ .

Write a Python program to generate Pythagorean triplets for a given limit on  $c$ , say  $c = 100$ .

First, write the version without list comprehension and then convert it to a list comprehension version.

5. Write a Python program to generate a list of cumulative sums and the product of a given list of numbers without and with list comprehension.

For example, if the list of numbers is:  $L = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]$ , then the output should be:

Cumulative sum is:  $CSL = [1, 3, 6, 10, 15, 21, 28, 36, 45]$

Cumulative product is:  $CPL = [1, 2, 6, 24, 120, 720, 5040, 40320, 362880]$ .

Hint: To find the sum, you can use the `sum` function; to find the product, you can use the `math.prod()` function from the `math` package.

6. Write a Python program with the help of list comprehension to verify whether a given number is an Armstrong number or not.
7. Write a Python program using list comprehension to find the digital root of a given number.
8. Write a Python program using the list comprehension technique to verify whether a given number is an Abundant number (or) a Deficient number (or) a Perfect number.
9. Write a Python program (without list comprehension and with list comprehension) to find the product of two matrices. The inputs to the program should be matrices in the form of a list of lists. The program should take care of the restriction that the matrix product of  $A_{m \times p_1}$  and  $B_{p_2 \times n}$  is possible only when  $P_1 = P_2$ .

For example if  $A = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]]$  and  $B = [[1, 2], [3, 4], [5, 6]]$  then  $AB = [[22, 28], [49, 64]]$ .

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<sup>1</sup>Upload the Assignments in PDF format only