CLASSROOM CONTACT PROGRAMME

JEE (Main + Advanced): NURTURE COURSE TARGET: JEE(M+A) 2021

Topic: BASIC MATHS (Wave Curve)

DPP-3

1. Find the value of x satisfying

$$\frac{\left(x-1\right)}{\left(x+2\right)} \ge \frac{\left(x-3\right)}{\left(x+4\right)}$$

- (a) $(-4,-2) \cup \left[-\frac{1}{2}, \infty \right]$ (b) [-4,-2] (c) $[-4,\infty)$ (d) $\left[-2,-\frac{1}{2} \right]$

Find the value of 'x' satisfying $(x-1)(x-3) \le 0$ and $(x-2)(x-4) \ge 0$

- (a) [0,2]

- (b) [1,2] (c) [0,1] (d) $[4,\infty]$

Find the value of 'x' satisfying

$$x(x-1)^2(x-3) \le 0$$

- (a) [-1,1]
- (b) [1,5]
- (c) [0,5]
- (d) [0,3]

Find the value of x satisfying

$$(x-1)^{2}(x-2)^{3}(x-3)^{4} \le 0$$

- (a) $[0,2] \cup \{3\}$
- (b) $[3,\infty)$ (c) [0,5]
- (d) [0,3)

Find the value of x satisfying

$$(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 - x + 1)(x^2 + x - 1) \le 0$$

- (a) $\left[1,\sqrt{5}\right]$ (b) $\left[\frac{-1-\sqrt{5}}{2},\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right]$
- (c) $\left[-\sqrt{5},-1\right]$
- (d) $\left[-\sqrt{5},\sqrt{5}\right]$

Find the value of x satisfying

$$\frac{2x}{x^2 + 4x + 3} \ge 1$$

- (a) $(1,\infty)$
- (c) (-3,-1)
- (d) (0,1)

Find the value of x satisfying

$$x(x^2-1)+x^2(x-1) \le 0$$

- (a) $\left[-\frac{1}{2},0\right]$

- (b) $[1,\infty)$ (c) $[0,\infty)$ (d) $\left(-\infty,-\frac{1}{2}\right] \cup [0,1]$



8. Find the value of x satisfying

$$\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 2} \le 0$$

- (a) (-2,-1]
- (b) $\left(-\infty,-2\right)$
- (c) $\left(-1,\infty\right)$
- (d) $(1,\infty)$

- 9. Solve $\frac{2x}{\left(x^2-4\right)} \le \frac{1}{\left(x+1\right)}$
 - (a) $\left(-1,\infty\right)$
- (b) (-2,-1)
- (c) $(2,\infty)$
- (d) $\left(-\infty,-2\right)\cup\left(-1,2\right)$

10. If $(x^2 + x)^2 - 3(x^2 + x) + 2 \ge 0$

then find the value of x satisfying above inequality

(a) $[1,\infty)$

(b) $\left(-\infty.-2\right]$

(c) [-2,1]

- (d) $\left(-\infty,-2\right] \cup \left[\frac{-1-\sqrt{5}}{2},\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right] \cup \left[1,\infty\right)$
- 11. Find the value of X satisfying the inequality

$$(x+1)^2 - (x^2+1)^2 \ge 0$$

(a) [0,1]

- (b) $[1,\infty]$
- (c) [2,3]
- (d) [0,3]

12. Find the value of X satisfying the inequality,

$$\frac{2x}{\left(x^2+1\right)} \ge \frac{1}{x}$$

- (a) $[-1,0) \cup [1,\infty)$
- (b) [0,1]
- (c) $[0,\infty)$
- (d) $[1,\infty)$

13. Find the value of X satisfying

$$(x^2 - 2x + 1)(x^2 - 2x + 3) \le 0$$

(a) {1}

- (b) $[1,\infty)$
- (c) $(-\infty,\infty)$
- (d) None of these
- 14. Consider a polynomial P(X) of degree 4 with leading coefficient unity such that

$$P(1) = 3$$
; $P(2) = 6$; $P(3) = 9$ and $P(4) = 12$ then find $P(5) = ?$

(a) 36

- (b) 37
- (c) 38
- (d) 39



- 15. Consider $\alpha = 2 + i + i^2 + i^3$ to be a factor of $x^3 + 2x^2 + x a$ then find the value of a?
 - (a) 1

- (b)2
- (c) 3
- (d)4
- 16. Let $(x-1)^2$ is a factor of $x^3 bx^2 ax + 1$ then find the value of (a-b)?
 - (a) 0

- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d)3
- 17. Find the least positive integral value of x satisfying the inequality,

$$(x-4)^5 (x-5)^4 (x-6)^3 \le 0$$

(a) 4

- (b) 5
- (c) 6
- (d)7
- 18. Find the greatest positive integral value of x satisfying the in equality;

$$(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4) \le 0$$

(a) 1

- (b) 2
- (c)3
- (d)4

19. Consider, $a = \sqrt{(6 + 2\sqrt{5})} - \sqrt{(6 - 2\sqrt{5})}$

Let a is a factor of $x^3 + bx^2 - 16$ then find the value of 'b'

(a) 1

- (c) 3
- (d)4

20. Find the value of x satisfying the in equality;

$$\frac{3x}{x^2 + x + 1} \ge 1$$

(a) 1

- (b) 2
- (c) 3