Linear Regression with python Prediction analysis using supervised machine learning In [1]: import warnings warnings simplefilter('ignore') Import number number and pandas
Import numpy and pandas In [2]: import numpy as np import pandas as pd Import data visualization library In [12]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt %matplotlib inline
<pre>/matplotlib inline Import the dataset In [14]: dataset = pd.read_csv('Marathondata.csv') In [15]: dataset</pre>
Out[15]: id Marathon Name Category km4week sp4week CrossTraining Wall21 MarathonTime CATEGORY 0 1 Prague17 Blair MORGAN MAM 132.8 14.434783 NaN 1.16 2.37 A 1 2 Prague17 Robert Heczko MAM 68.6 13.674419 NaN 1.23 2.59 A 2 3 Prague17 Michon Jerome MAM 82.7 13.520436 NaN 1.30 2.66 A 3 4 Prague17 Daniel Or lek M45 137.5 12.258544 NaN 1.32 2.68 A
4 5 Prague17 Luk ? Mr zek MAM 84.6 13.945055 NaN 1.36 2.74 A
85 86 Prague17 Simon Dunn M45 33.2 11.066667 NaN 2.05 3.95 D 86 87 Prague17 Pavel ?imek M40 17.9 10.848485 ciclista 5h 2.05 3.98 D 87 rows × 10 columns Understanding the dataset
In [16]: dataset.shape Out[16]: (87, 10) In [17]: dataset.head() Out[17]: id Marathon Name Category km4week sp4week CrossTraining Wall21 MarathonTime CATEGORY
0 1 Prague17 Blair MORGAN MAM 132.8 14.434783 NaN 1.16 2.37 A 1 2 Prague17 Robert Heczko MAM 68.6 13.674419 NaN 1.23 2.59 A 2 3 Prague17 Michon Jerome MAM 82.7 13.520436 NaN 1.30 2.66 A 3 4 Prague17 Daniel Or lek M45 137.5 12.258544 NaN 1.32 2.68 A 4 5 Prague17 Luk ? Mr zek MAM 84.6 13.945055 NaN 1.36 2.74 A
Slicing the dataset In [44]: dataset =dataset.drop(['id','Marathon','Name','Category','sp4week','CrossTraining','Wall21','CATEGORY'],axis =1) In [45]: dataset
Out [45]: km4week MarathonTime 0 132.8 2.37 1 68.6 2.59 2 82.7 2.66 3 137.5 2.68
4 84.6 2.74 82 50.0 3.93 83 33.6 3.93 84 55.4 3.94
85 33.2 3.95 86 17.9 3.98 87 rows × 2 columns
<pre>In [46]:</pre>
<pre>In [49]: x.shape Out[49]: (87, 1) In [50]: x Out[50]: array([[132.8],</pre>
[68.6], [82.7], [137.5], [84.6], [42.2], [89.], [106.],
<pre>[84.2], [93.5], [65.7], [53.5], [84.4], [76.8], [76.1], [112.3], [49.7],</pre>
<pre>[84.5], [76.7], [94.5], [67.3], [65.4], [66.1], [62.4], [129.6],</pre>
[82.4], [51.6], [104.9], [52.5], [79.4], [65.6], [112.4], [112.2],
<pre>[50.1], [50.1], [52.1], [64.7], [69.2], [61.3], [58.8], [32.7], [32.2],</pre>
[27.7], [68.], [48.6], [39.6], [60.1], [78.2], [50.3], [70.7], [121.7],
[51.1], [70.7], [26.9], [56.2], [36.3], [22.7], [45.2], [43.2],
[54.1], [48.8], [20.7], [54.2], [60.3], [48.5], [34.3], [59.1], [41.6],
[87.], [24.2], [52.3], [53.6], [66.7], [23.9], [40.3], [30.6], [28.],
[53.9], [38.1], [35.6], [50.], [33.6], [55.4], [33.2], [17.9]])
<pre>In [51]: y = dataset.iloc[:,-1].values.reshape(-1,1) In [52]: y.shape Out[52]: (87, 1) In [53]: y</pre>
Out[53]: array([[2.37],
[2.84], [2.83], [2.86], [2.87], [2.87], [2.88], [2.88], [2.88], [2.89], [2.9],
[2.91], [2.91], [2.93], [2.94], [2.99], [3.04], [3.05], [3.05], [3.1], [3.1], [3.1],
[3.14], [3.15], [3.16],
[3.19], [3.21], [3.21], [3.22], [3.22], [3.23], [3.24], [3.24], [3.24], [3.28], [3.28], [3.32], [3.32], [3.32], [3.32], [3.32], [3.33], [3.33], [3.35], [3.36], [3.36], [3.46], [3.46], [3.47], [3.47], [3.55]
[3.32], [3.32], [3.33], [3.33], [3.35], [3.36], [3.39],
[3.4], [3.45], [3.46], [3.47], [3.47], [3.5], [3.5], [3.5],
[3.55], [3.56], [3.56], [3.59], [3.62], [3.64],
[3.64], [3.65], [3.67], [3.68], [3.69], [3.75], [3.75], [3.78],
[3.78], [3.8], [3.87], [3.89], [3.9], [3.9], [3.92], [3.92], [3.93], [3.93],
[3.94], [3.95], [3.98]]) Scatter plot In [54]: plt.scatter(x,y) plt.show()
4.0 - 3.8 - 3.6 - 3.4 - 3.2 - 3.2 - 3.2 - 3.2 - 3.2 - 3.2 - 3.3 - 3.4 - 3.2 - 3.2 - 3.2 - 3.3 - 3.4 - 3.2 - 3.2 - 3.3 -
3.0 2.8 2.6 2.4 20 40 60 80 100 120 140
<pre>Divide the dataset into training and test set In [60]:</pre>
Out[64]: (69, 1) In [65]: x_test.shape Out[65]: (18, 1)
<pre>In [66]: y_test.shape Out[66]: (18, 1) Perform Linear regression In [67]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression</pre>
<pre>In [74]:</pre>
Predict the chance In [77]: y_pred = lm.predict(x_test) In [78]: y_pred
Out[78]: array([[3.1476571],
[3.5154492], [3.70975447], [2.94554492], [2.74083045], [2.89002913], [3.68546631], [3.25782124], [2.89089657], [3.28037453], [3.37752716]])
Check the prediction In [80]: check = pd.DataFrame(x_test,columns =['km4week']) In [81]: check['COA Actual']=y_test
In [82]: check['COA Predicted']= y_pred In [83]: check Out[83]: km4week COA Actual COA Predicted 0 82.7 2.66 3.147657
1 84.4 2.88 3.132911 2 51.1 3.47 3.421766 3 58.8 3.28 3.354974 4 48.5 3.64 3.444320 5 52.5 3.19 3.409622
6 68.0 3.33 3.275170 7 32.2 3.32 3.585711 8 40.3 3.80 3.515449 9 17.9 3.98 3.709754 10 106.0 2.84 2.945545 11 130.6 3.13 3.740820
11 129.6 3.12 2.740830 12 112.4 3.21 2.890029 13 20.7 3.56 3.685466 14 70.0 2.83 3.257821 15 112.3 2.91 2.890897
16 67.4 3.10 3.280375 17 56.2 3.50 3.377527 Visualize the regressor line In [84]: plt.scatter(x,y,color = 'orange') plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color = 'red')
Out[84]: [<matplotlib.lines.line2d 0x11ec0e3a160="" at="">] 4.0 3.8 3.6</matplotlib.lines.line2d>
3.4 - 3.2 - 3.0 - 2.8 - 2.6 - 2.4 - 2.4 - 2.4 - 2.5 - 2.4 - 2.5 -
2.4 - 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 In [86]: plt.scatter(x_test,y_test,color ='blue') plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color ='red') Out[86]: [<matplotlib.lines.line2d 0x11ebe6e36a0="" at="">]</matplotlib.lines.line2d>
4.0 3.8 3.6 3.4
3.2 3.0 2.8 2.6 20 40 60 80 100 120
In []: