- रवादिकारमञ् विद्यानागरं शुष्ट बाद्यानकंटन नारणात्मरणव एकीक्यानंत अन्यानं नीचक व्यावनागरं वचन भाषत बाद्या वक्ती (35) अस्तिकाम कामा करून।
- আপনার একাকার সোনাধী বাহকের একটি শাবা স্থাপনের কথা ব্যবস্থাপদা পরিচাশকের বর্গারর বকটি আরমদলনর নিশ্বন ।
- (15) Read the following passage and answer the questions below Industrial Revolution started and made its biggers strides in England because of her uniquely inclusive economic institutions. These in turn were built on foundations laid by the inclusive political institutions brought about by the Glorious Revolution of 1688. It was the Glorious Revolution that strengthened and rationalized property rights, improved financial markets, undermined state-sanctioned monopolies in foreign trade, and removed the barriers to the expansion of industry. It was the Glorious Revolution that made the political system open and responsive to the economic needs and aspirations of society. These inclusive economic institutions gave men of talent and vision the opportunity and inventive to develop their skills and ideas and influence the system in ways that benefited them and the nation. England developed pluralistic political institutions breaking away from extractive institutions. Political developments leading up to Glorious Revolution were shaped by several interlinked processes. Central was the political conflict between absolutism and its opponents.
 - (a) What, according to this passage, triggered the Industrial Revolution in England?
 - (b) How can political institutions play a role in creating a favorable environment for businesses in a society?
 - (c) What is meant by the terms 'inclusive' and 'extractive' economic institutions?
 - (d) How do you think the conflict between absolutism and its opponents impacted on shaping an enabling environment for industrial growth in England in the wake of Glorious Revolution?
 - (e) Write a suitable title for the passage.
- Translate the following sentences into English:
 - (2) ধন ও মান চির দিনের জন্য নয়।
 - (b) नगरस्त এक रमोड़, अनगरसन मन रमोड़।
 - (c) আমরা সমাজ জীবনের প্রতিটি ক্ষেত্রে অসহিষ্যুতার সংস্কৃতি খেকে বেরিয়ে আসতে চাই।
 - (d) দেশের কৃষির বিকাশে প্রতিভারান শিক্ষিত তঞ্জদদের সংশাহন পরামন্ত ভূমিকা রাখবে।
 - (e) ব্যাংকিং গাত অর্থ সংকটে পঞ্চার অন্যতম কারণ খেলালি খনের ব্যাপকতা।
- Translate the following sentences into Bangla:
 - (a) There is no reyal road to learning.
 - (b) The wearer best knows where the shoc pinches.
 - (c) You speak too fast for others to understand.
 - (d) I never got to see him at close quarters.
 - (e) The anti-socials are still at large.

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Solve the following mathematical problems:	(70)
Amin has 12 pieces of Tk. 10 and Tk. 5 notes in his wallet. If the total value of all the notes is less than Tk. 95, what is the maximum number of Tk. 10 notes that he has?	113.4
26) A, B and C enter into partnership. A invests 3 times as much as B invests and B invests	20
two-third of what C invests. At the end of the year, the profit carned is Tk. 6,600. What is	425
the share of B?	10 X
(c) A and B can complete a work in 15 days and 10 days respectively. They started doing the	30
work together but after 2 days B had to leave and A alone completed the remaining work.	1
How many days did it took to complete the whole work?	
(a) A depositor deposited Tk. 4,000 at x% simple interest and Tk. 5,000 at y% simple interest	300
He received annual interest of Tk. 320 on his deposited amounts at the year end. If he	THE PARTY
could deposit Tk. 5,000 at x% simple interest and Tk. 4,000 at y% simple interest, he would	1000
and y.	100
(a) 20 students are studying physics, mathematics, and chemistry. 40 students study	-
mathematics, 35 students study physics and 30 students study chemistry. 15 students are	B
How many students are studying exactly two of the subjects.	200
(f) Find the value of $x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6}$, if $x + \frac{1}{x} = 3$ (m-1) (u+2) = w	varu -
(f) Find the value of $x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6}$, if $x + \frac{1}{x} = 3$ (g) Solve the equation: $\frac{3}{x+2} + \frac{x-1}{x-5} = 2$ $\frac{3}{(x-1)(x+2)} = \frac{6}{x+2} + \frac{3}{(x-1)(x+2)} = \frac{6}{x+2} + \frac{3}{x+2} = \frac{6}{x+2} + \frac{6}{x+2} = \frac{6}{x+2} + \frac{6}{x+2} = \frac{6}{x+2} + \frac{6}{x+2} = \frac$	m
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