

Manarat International University (MIU)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Mid-term Examination (Fall 2019)


Computer Vision and Robotics (CSE-437)

Full Marks: 30

Time: 1.5 Hour

Answer any 6 (Six) questions. All questions are of equal value.

- 1 a. Write the challenges of image recognition in Computer Vision. 2 + 3
b. Mention four limitations of using **K-Nearest Neighbors** in image recognition.
- 2 a. Why do we need **Regularization**? 3 + 2
b. Write an equation for loss function for a linear classifier with **softmax loss** and **L2 regularization**.
- 3 a. Why do we need negative gradient for optimizing loss function. 2 + 3
b. Write a function using any programming language to implement **Stochastic Gradient Descent**.
- 4 a. Explain **1x1 convolution** in a CNN network. 2 + 3
b. Why do we use **padding**? What is the role of pooling layers in a CNN.
- 5 a. How does weight regularization prefer simpler models in machine learning. 3 + 2
b. Write down the vectorized implementation of **Multiclass SVM Loss**.
- 6 Aminul Islam develops a linear classifier to classify 4 image categories. Calculate the **Multinomial Logistic Regression loss** of this network for the input image shown below. 5

Input Image	Score	Class Label
	-3.44	Dog
	0.16	Cat
	1.81	Boat
	1.91	Airplane

- 7 Consider the convolutional network defined by the layers in the left column below. Fill in the size of the activation volumes at each layer, and the number of parameters at each layer. 5

You can write your answer as a multiplication (e.g. 100x100x3).

- CONV5-N denotes a convolutional layer with N neurons, each having 5x5xD filters, where D is the depth of the activation volume at the previous layer. Padding is 2, and stride is 1.
- POOL2 denotes a 2x2 max-pooling layer with stride 2 (pad 0)
- FC-N denotes a fully-connected layer with N neurons.

Layer	Activation Volume Dimensions (memory)	Number of parameters
INPUT	64x64x1	0
CONV5-10		
POOL2		
CONV5-10		
POOL2		
FC-10		